

NAIL DOWN ..

# WHO'S RESPONSIBLE FOR



about 'responsibility. the Army, he has a big frown on his face and mutters around the shop Whenever Sergeant Half-Mast gets back from a trip to outfits around

way because they can't pin down full responsibility for every piece of tenance of Army equipment is lousy and the people in charge say it's that He's all fussed-up about the scene at so many places where main

That's a crock of beans!

done, then he'll know exactly who was responsible. ment, how long, where and when he turns it in. If maintenance didn't get dispatch record. It tells the man in charge who has a piece of equip-There are many ways to do it. One is by using the DA Form 2401, the

top shape at all times. So, he has to know where it is and its condition and he has to keep it in signs this form is responsible for the item of equipment per AR 735-35 Another way is to use DA Form 2062, the hand receipt. The guy who

Good record keeping tied in with close and direct supervision by



their units do their jobs. they can make sure every guy in course, the leaders have to get the of gear is done and done right. Of know-how of maintenance before help make sure that maintenance (both officers and non-coms), will platoon, section and squad leaders

and keep an eye on it (supervise closely). So, nail it down (keep a record)

keep your outfit combat ready. mander. Do it right, and it'll help the newest recruit to the top comlot of headwork by everybody, from portant job in the Army. It takes a Maintenance is a big and im-



saue No. 221 1971 Series THE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE MONTHLY IN THIS ISSUE

M203 Grenade Launcher 2-9 .45 Call Pistol FIREPOWER 2-9



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OH-58A AIR MOBILITY 37-40 37-38, 40 Ear Plugs



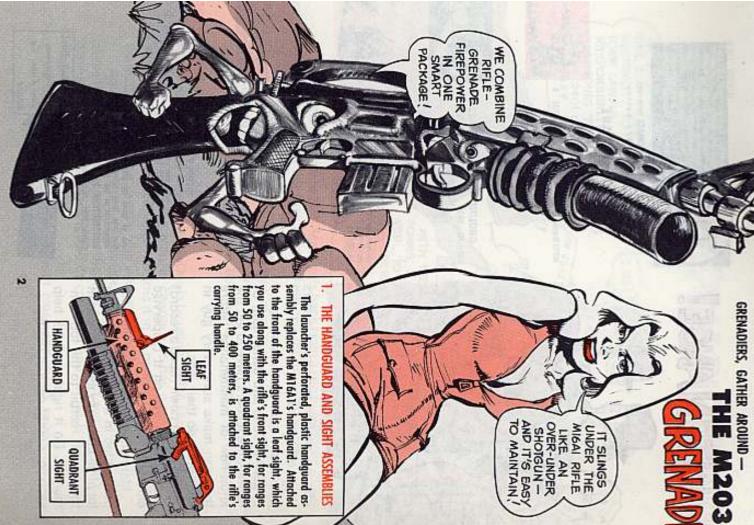
Now It's MAIT 28 PLL Know How 42-84 Supply 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 72, 23, 24, 26, 38 & 40 SUPPLY New Publications



Use of funds for printing of this publica-tion has been approved by Headquarters, Department of the Army, 72 January 1871. DISTRIBUTION: In accordance with re-quirements submitted on DA Form 12-4.

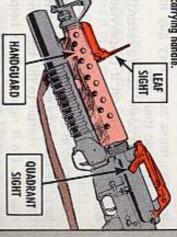


PS Magazine, God Knoz, Ky Soft Half-Mash,



# THE HANDGUARD AND SIGHT ASSEMBLIES

The launcher's perforated, plastic handguard as-sembly replaces the M16A1's handguard. Attached to the front of the handguard is a leaf sight, which from 50 to 400 meters, is attached to the rifle's you use along with the rifle's front sight, for ranges from 50 to 250 meters. A quadrant sight, for ranges



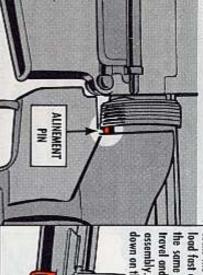
## FIRES RIGHT OF



HERE ARE ITS MAIN COMPONENTS

## RECEIVER ASSEMBLY

is secured by a metal bracket which fits over the the rifle's barrel nut. The front end of the launcher rifle barrel. rifle, and its alinement pin seats into the notch of The aluminum receiver assembly slips over the

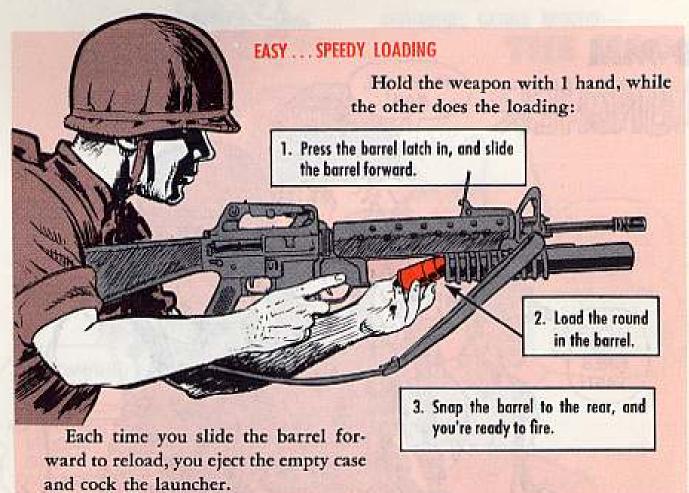


## BARREL ASSEMBLY

cocks the M203. The automatic ejector lets you redown on the barrel stop. assembly. To separate the assemblies you just press travel and locks the barrel assembly to the receiver the same time. The barrel stop limits the barrel's forward (to load) you start the pump action that carrugated, plastic grip, which you use to open the barrel and cack the launcher. As you slide the barrel load fast enough to put several rounds in the air at The 12-in, pump-action barrel assembly has a





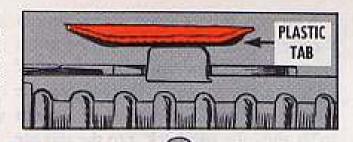




You can't put the safety on until you've cocked the launcher. And when you don't want it on, check it often, because it can be slipped on accidentally. It's twice as wide as the trigger guard, and it sticks out far enough to hit the ground when you lay the weapon down. It can also catch on vines or brush as you mosey along.

Make sure no vines, leaves, brush, etc., are caught between the barrel and the receiver. The stuff'll bind the barrel . . . you'll not be able to pump quick-like for fast reloading . . . and it'll damage the barrel track or barrel extension.

The plastic tab on the left side of the handguard protects the barrel latch from accidental bumps when you put the weapon down.



#### PM NEEDS

The launcher's covered by TM 9-1010-221-14 (Apr 70), and its PM needs are few and simple, but they count big.

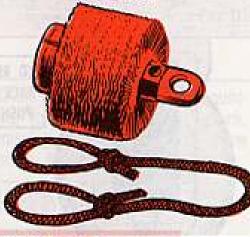
NUMBERS



- Use a cloth with rifle bore cleaner (RBC) to clean the launcher real good outside. Dry all surfaces with a dean cloth.
- Use a cloth soaked in rifle bore cleaner to clean inside the barrel.
- You'll need the bore brush to clean out powder deposits in the barrel, and a clean cloth to wipe the barrel dry.

The stuff you need for cleaning and servicing is listed in the TM's App C, Sections III and V.





It's LSA all the way for lubing. Use it on the barrel assembly track, and on all exposed metal parts.

There's a spring-loaded detent in front of the safety that gets thirsty. To lube it, push the safety to ON, and turn the weapon upside down. Squirt some LSA on the forward part of the safety, and move the safety back and forth several times. Wipe off excess oil,





LUBING

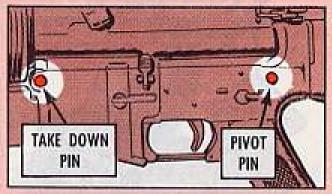
You can lube the receiver's insides through the firing pin hole. Just point the weapon up and put a light squirt of LSA into the firing pin hole. Keep the weapon pointing up for 10-15 seconds to let the lube run back into the trigger housing. Then pump the barrel several times, and each time pull the trigger. The firing pin will spread the lube around so there won't be any excess left in the firing pin well. If excess lube stays in the firing pin well it may cause a firing failure.



You're not allowed to go inside the receiver assembly - that's the armorer's responsibility. But, when he's looking over your shoulder, you can remove the back plate and the follower assembly and flush the receiver with rifle bore cleaner.

Then wipe it dry and lube it with LSA.

To flush the receiver you have to separate the rifle's upper and lower receiver groups. With the point of a 5.56-MM dummy round just push in on the takedown and pivot pins, and the groups will part.

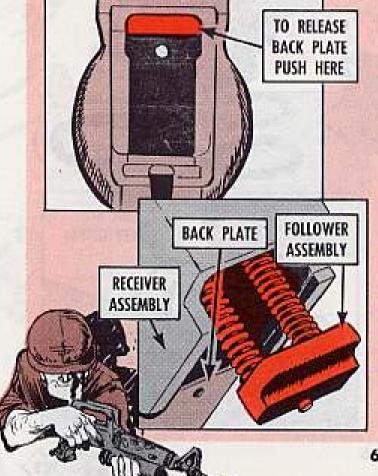


Move the barrel forward slightly to release some of the tension from the follower assembly. Then with the dummy round, push in on the follower assembly tab - just above the back plate - to release the plate. Slip the back plate down and out, and remove the follower assembly from the receiver. CE LIVE

When you're allowed to do this job, try not to move the barrel forward more'n 1/2 inch. If you do, the launcher will jam when you replace the follower assembly and the back plate-you'll not be able to close the barrel.

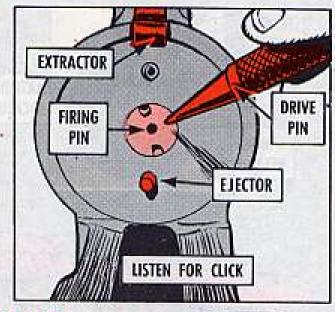
If you do end up with a jam, your armorer can clear it like this:

With the follower assembly and the



back plate in place, insert a 3/32-in drive pin into the firing pin hole and push lightly on the firing pin till there's a sharp click. Then snap the barrel home. If a drive pin's not handy, use the



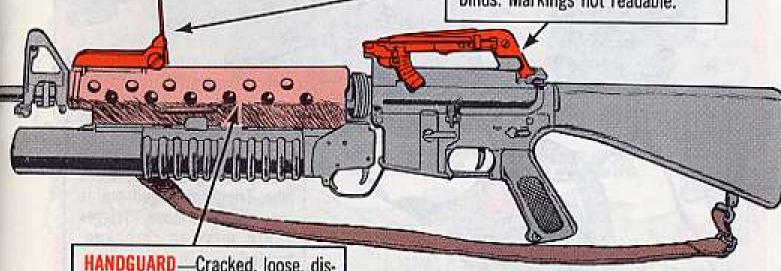


You clean and lube the launcher after firing—and weekly. Monthly, or as needed, the armorer gives it a going over like it says in the TM's Table 3-3. But, in hot, dusty, humid places, and where the air's salty, you have to clean and lube the launcher more often. These conditions are hard on lube, and the salt, grime, dampness, etc., can shorten your launcher's life.

#### INSPECTION

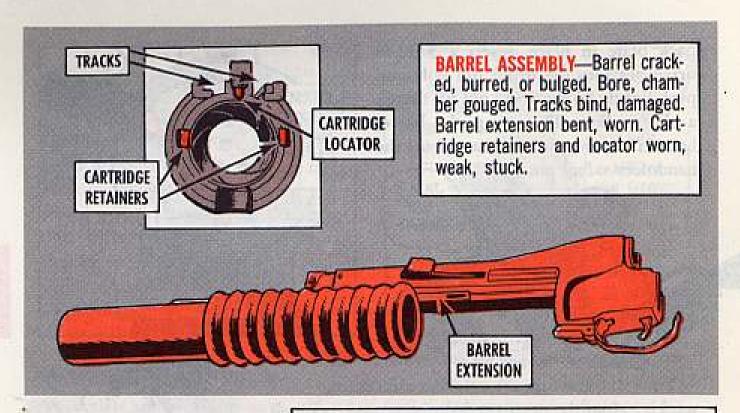
Here's a quick check-list to help you eyeball the launcher for problems that can get you gigged, or stop you cold in a hot spot.

sight Assemblies—Sight mounting loose. Parts broken, stuck, missing, rusty. Adjustment screw binds. Markings not readable.



HANDGUARD—Cracked, loose, distorted, Barrel-latch tab broken.







RECEIVER-ASSEMBLY—Dented, nicked, burred. Extractor, ejector worn, burred. Barrel-stop spring, pin, or stop broken or missing. Barrel-latch loose, binds; its pin or spring broken. Slides damaged. Back plate missing, cracked. Launcher mounting bracket loose, bracket cracked, screws not safety wired. Firing pin worn, deformed, or broken. (Your support outfit does all repairs on the receiver assembly.)





#### SAFETY/TRIGGER/GUARD -

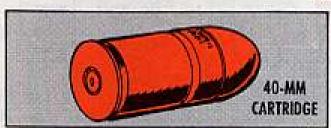
Safety damaged, stuck, needs lube. Trigger damaged, pull is too stiff or loose. Trigger guard missing, cracked, twisted.

#### MAINTENANCE

PM checks and services are called out in the TM's Table 3-2, Table 3-3 and the MAC. Table 3-4 covers troubleshooting scoop and tells you when to take the launcher to DS.



**AMMO** 



The M203 fires 40-MM HE, practice, flare, smoke, and MP (multipurpose) ammo. The ammo's use, care, description, identification, etc., are called out in the TM's Chap 7.

#### RIFLE PUBS

To take care of the M16A1 rifle you use TM 9-1005-249-12 (Aug 68) with 4 changes and DA Pam 750-30 (Jul 69).



## M551 SHERIDAN TEST

Got an M551 Sheridan with the missile set up? When you make the tracker alignment test like it says on pages 2-48.2 and 2-49 of Ch 3 to TM 9-2350-230-12 (Jun 66) be sure and include Step 18. This reads: "Look into the telescope and using the missile azimuth and elevation knobs, center the missile reticle circle over the checksight spot of light." If you leave out that step your tracker will be lined up wrong.



When testing your trusty .45 automatic for a worn disconnector, move the slide group back only ¼ inch. The measurement called for on page 3-2, TM 9-1005-211-12 (Sep 68) is corrected in Ch 2 (Sep 70).



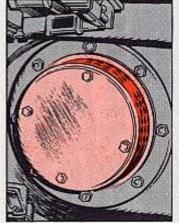
The filters, screens and breathers on your tank vehicles can't do it all alone. They need maintenance follow-through from you.

So here's a handy, by-the-numbers guide to help you take care of the air, fuel and oil filters on these vehicles. All checks and services are done by the crew unless otherwise noted.

## AIR CLEANERS

 Make sure the covers for the air intake screens — both left and right — are installed and the passageways open.

Reason: Dirt and debris can get into the air intake system if the covers are off. It takes less than half a pound of dirt to completely ruin a tank engine.

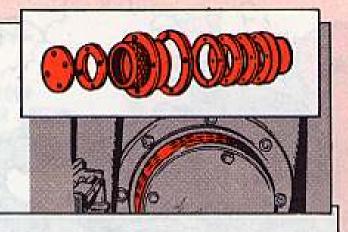


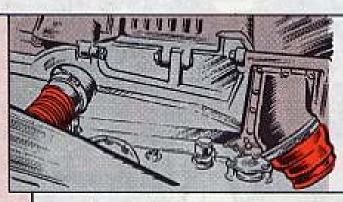


Ground-hopping is one of the biggest causes of dirt in the engine. Since the engine is without air cleaners to filter the air during ground-hopping, you should do as little of it as possible and even that little in as dust-free an area as you can find. It just takes 15 minutes of ground-hopping in a dusty area to draw that half pound of dirt into the engine.



2. Gaskets seated right? Air intake openings must be set to draw air from crew compartment except in cold weather. Doing it this way you have a settling chamber that lets the air cleaners run about 50 times longer before clogging up. Clean any leaves or dirt from around the intake screen.



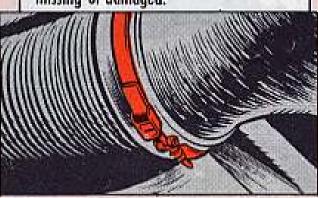


 If any of the 4 hoses (2 air cleaner-to-air intake; 2 air cleaner-to-turbosupercharger) is cut, torn or deteriorated, replace it. If you're not sure, have your mechanic check it out.

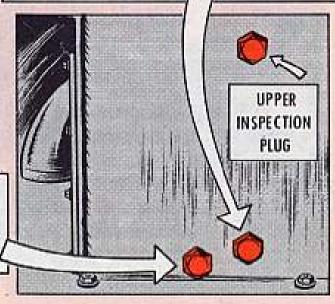
4. Packing on both ends of each hose must make air-tight contact. Replace if it's defective.

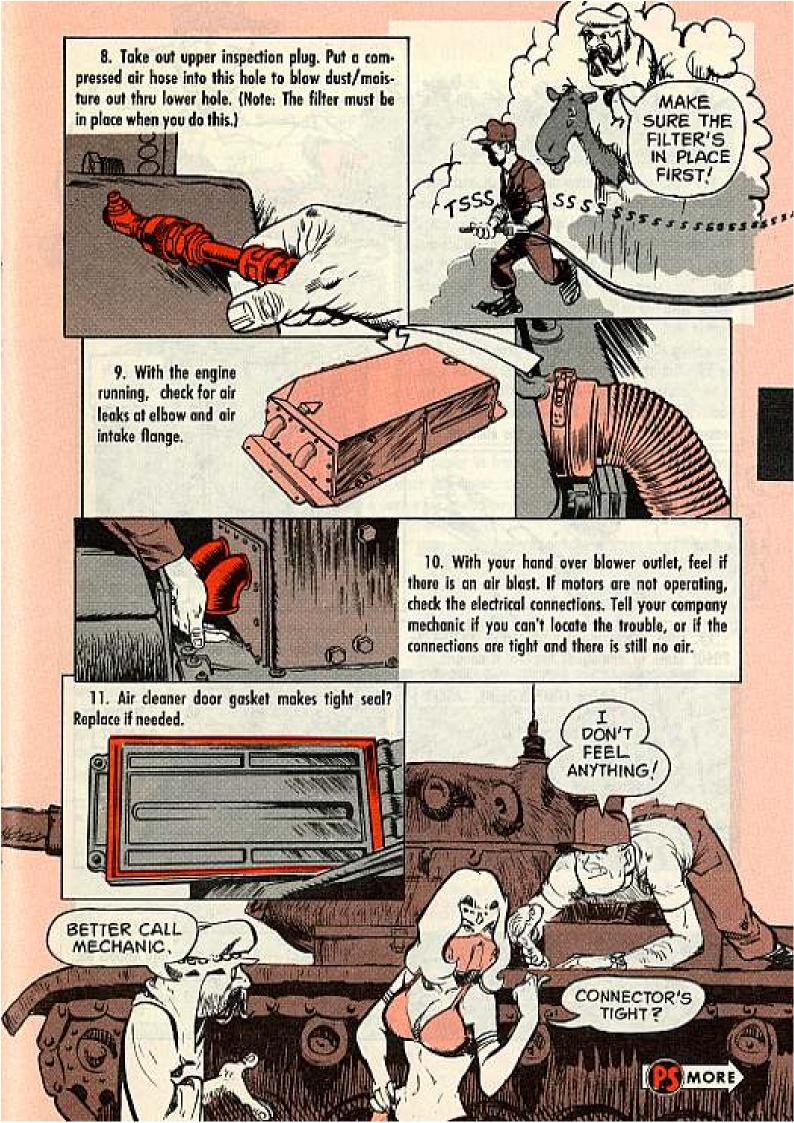


Hose clamps tight? Replace if any's missing or damaged.



 Remove drain plug and check for moisture.
 (Note: On this and the next 2 plugs be careful not to strip the threads, and lightly lube threads with GAA before putting plug back.) 7. Screw out lower dust inspection plug, shine light into hole and check for dust or water. (If there is none, skip next step.)

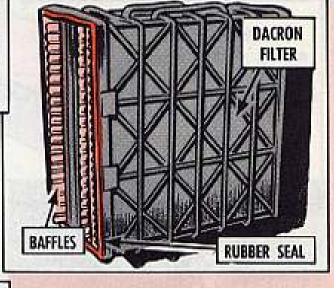


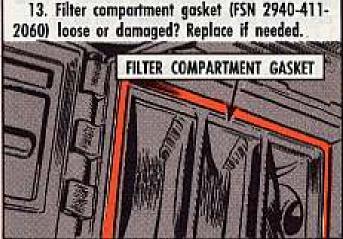




sure both the dacron filter part and the rubber seal surface are clean and in good shape. Replace if damaged. Order a new one as Element, air cleaner filter, FSN 2940-678-4701. Before taking out the baffles, examine the element carefully for small holes. With the baffles out, hold the element by the gasket end and shake out the dust. Remove the remaining dust either with a low-pressure air hose or by washing. Warm or cold water can be used, either alone or mixed with a non-sudsing detergent. Be sure element is completely dry before reassembling. Never steam clean the element.









#### TRAVERSING GEAR BOX

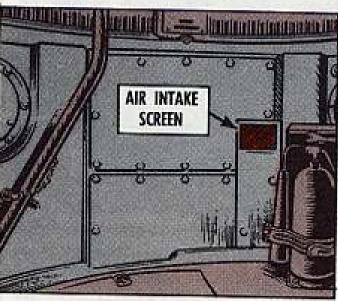


Breather vent — Remove, clean and inspect the breather on your traversing gear box quarterly. It is FSN 4730-591-3405. See your LO for the way to do this.

#### **GENERATOR AIR INTAKE**

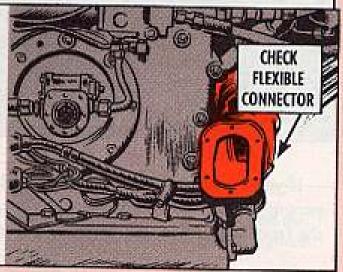


Check your generator blower every time you start your engine.

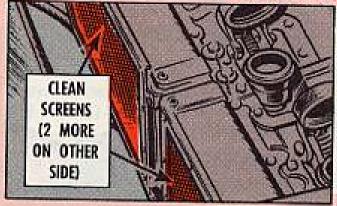


Hold a piece of cloth or paper in front of the air intake screen. If the
material is not sucked against the screen, stop the engine and call your mechanic. That way you'll save your generator from overheating and burning out
when the generator blower has quit on you.

2. If the mechanic should forget to reconnect the flexible connector of the generator duct after a power pack has been replaced, the blower motor could be running, drawing in dirt and dust even though there'd be no suction on the air intake screen. The blower would overheat and fail, and the generator would burn up, too. So, even in that case, the fact that there was no suction at the generator air-intake screen would tell you something was wrong . . . so, call the mechanic and save your generator.



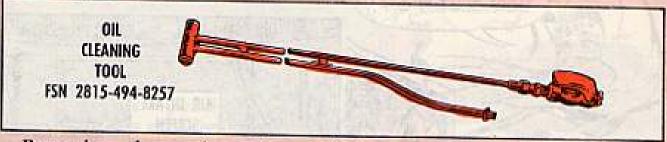
#### RADIATORS AND SCREENS



Clean the 4 oil cooler radiators and screens as often as you need to. In dusty conditions this may be weekly or even daily if you are operating where there are tall weeds with lots of seed pods. Quarterly (Q) service cleaning is just not often enough to hack it.



Use steam or water under pressure the way it says on page 2-213 of TM 9-2350-215-20 (Feb 65) making sure no water or crud gets in the oil cooler openings. Better yet, use oil cleaning tool, FSN 2815-494-8257.

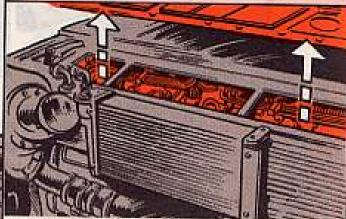


Remember, these coolers take care of all the heat from the transmission and half of the heat from the engine so they need plenty of tender lovin' care.

Here's how to give 'em the TLC they need:

Take off the radiator (cooler) screen by unscrewing the 4 cap screws and clean it with a paint brush and drycleaning solvent, or soapy water.
 (Note: If you let the screen get clogged, then dust and dirt pass through the space between the screen and the cooler, and the cleaning job is tougher.)





2. To clean the radiator (cooler) fins take out the access plates — one behind each cooler — in the cooling shroud. Using steam or high pressure water, hose down the cooler from the engine side. The best time to do this is when you have the power pack out for the quarterly PM services.

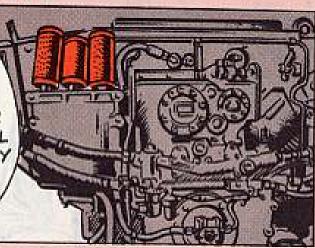
If you're doing it with the pack in place, you need to take off the engine compartment floor plate and run the front roadwheels up on a ramp. This will raise the front end and let the water from the washing drain out the floor plate hole.



#### FUEL FILTERS



PROPER
SERVICING OF
DIESEL FILTERS
IS IMPORTANT
BECAUSE WATER
AND DIESEL FUEL
FORM ESPECIALLY
CORROSIVE
SUBSTANCES!





In addition to the primary fuel filter, your AVDS 1790 engine will have either a 2-element secondary fuel filter or the newer 3-element fuel/water separator filter. It will also have a manifold heater fuel filter and a fuel injector pump filter.

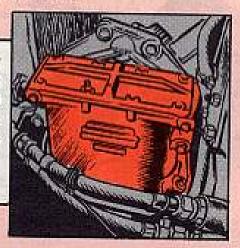
Daily draining of fuel filters can prevent fuel system damage. (If you drain before operation, all the droplets of water will have a chance to settle out of the fuel, but if you drain right after operation some of the water will still be suspended in the fuel.)



Primary Fuel Filter — Drain daily, drawing the water and dirt into a
container until the fuel runs clean. Use the drain cock on early models and
spring-loaded valve on late models. If MWO 9-2300-382-20 (Jan 68) has not
already been applied, get your friendly tracked vehicle mechanic to do it for
you. This gives drain lines for both primary and secondary fuel filters.

He will also help with quarterly (Q-service) or 750 mile filter deaning and reassemble brass disk filters with a new gasket. After the initial issue brass disk element becomes damaged, it's replaced with the disposable element that comes in filter parts kit, FSN 2815-808-2407.

2. Secondary Fuel Filter — Service like primary. The filter parts kit is FSN 2910-967-9870.... Fuel/Water Separator Filters — Drain daily thru the drain tube. Replace 2 outer elements quarterly (Q-service) or 750 miles. Parts kit is FSN 2910-801-1152. Replace center element annually . . . FSN 2815-808-2421 . . . organizational service.





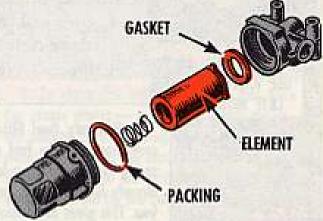




When all elements of the fuel/water separator have been removed for replacement, remove fuel line and clean the inside of the filter housing with drycleaning solvent or mineral spirits paint thinner and a brush. If any sludge or gum has accumulated, scrape it off.

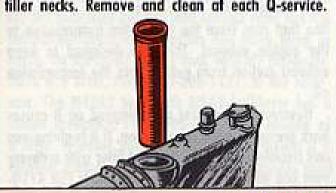
Manifold heater fuel filter — Service quarterly. Clean bowl, element and spring with mineral spirits paint thinner or drycleaning solvent. Blow dirt out of element with compressed air. Replace element if damaged.

Element is FSN 2910-203-3322. If a new element is used or the old element is cleaned and replaced, you'll need a new preformed packing, FSN 5330-265-1089. The gasket is issued with a new element and has no FSN of its own. So, if you re-use an old element, save its gasket.



4. Fuel primer filter — If you have an M48A3 tank with serial number from 601w to 726w you'll have a filter on the fuel primer line that will be identical with the manifold heater fuel filter. Service it the same way. This applies only to the M48A3. The other vehicles don't have this extra filter.

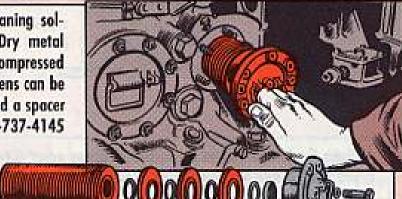
Fuel tank strainers — Metal screen strainers, FSN 2910-886-5854, in left and right fuel tank filler necks. Remove and clean at each Q-service.





#### ENGINE OIL

1. Main oil filter — Wash in drycleaning solvent or mineral spirits paint thinner. Dry metal screens (elements) with low-pressure compressed air at the O-service. Individual metal screens can be ordered as FSN 2940-939-7123. You need a spacer between each metal screen. FSN 5340-737-4145 gets you one.





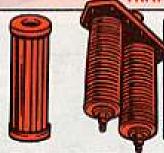
2. Auxiliary oil filter - When you take this COTTER PIN apart for replacing the element and clean-up of the other parts be real careful because the spring

is up tight and the bushing will shoot out when you pull the cotter pin. Change the oil filter element quarterly. FSN 2940-884-4801 gets you the parts kit for the job.



#### TRANSMISSION OIL FILTERS

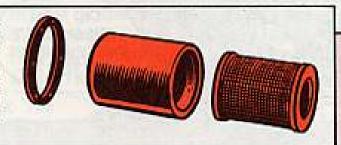
REUSABLE REPLACEMENT TYPE FSN 4330-770-7862



METAL MESH TYPE FSN 2520-761-1983

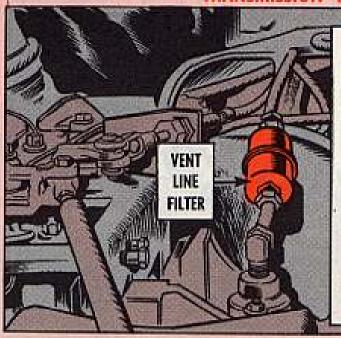
1. Main oil filter - Remove and clean quarterly. You may have the metal mesh type FSN 4330-770-7862 issued with the vehicle or the new reusable replacement filter FSN 2520-761-1983. Only the new type can now be ordered for the CD 850series transmissions.

2. Side Oil Screen — Clean and inspect this whenever the power pack is removed and the transmission drained. If you need a new one ask for FSN 2520-679-4499. This includes most of the necessary gaskets, but not gasket FSN 2520-102-3651 of which you'll need 2.





#### TRANSMISSION VENT FILTER



 Some M60A1 tanks have a filter on the vent line that runs from the top of the transmission to the engine exhaust. This was designed to keep exhaust carbon from getting into the transmission oil.

However, if the filter gets plugged up it causes back pressure on the transmission. If it is giving you any trouble, replace the line and filter with ordinary vent line without filter. Bulk vent line is FSN 4710-200-0277.

The filter is neither required nor stocked in the supply system. If it is doing good work for you . . . Fine! If not, replace it with ordinary vent line.

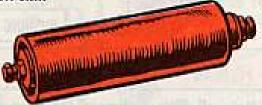
#### FINAL DRIVE BREATHERS

Clean the breather valve on both final drives every Q-service. If you need a new one, it's FSN 4820-537-8931.

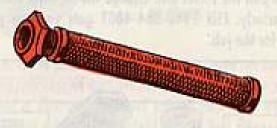


#### HYDRAULIC POWER PACK

 Filter — Reservoir oil filter assembly, FSN 2520-566-3841, is cleaned when the power pack is disassembled for repair or overhaul by your support unit.



 Strainer — You clean the metal mesh hydraulic power pack strainer, FSN 2590-566-3816, when it needs it.

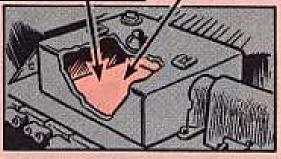




#### BULLDOZER KIT?

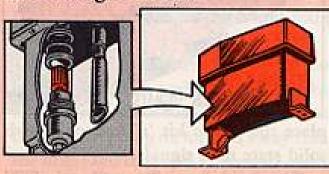
If your M60/M60A1 tank is equipped with the M9 bulldozer kit, (or your M48A3 tank has the M48A3 bulldozer kit) it means one more thing to check. On the M60/M60A1 tank with M9 bulldozer, there is a filter, FSN 2590-806-1127, in the reservoir. The M48A3 tank with M8A3 bulldozer has a screen assembly, FSN 2590-656-3615, instead of a filter. Whether you have a filter or a screen it is deaned annually or whenever the hydraulic fluid reservoir is drained.





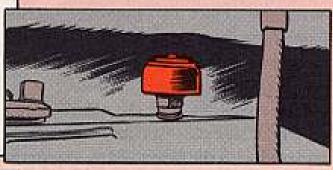
#### M728 COMBAT ENGINEER VEHICLE

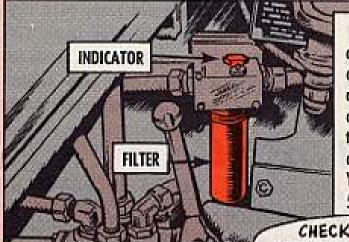
If you've got an M728, everything you've read so far applies, plus you have these extra goodies . . .



 Equilibrator manifold filter — Change this disposable filter annually. FSN 1650-554-7430 gets you a new one. See Note 14 in LO 9-2350-222-12 and Page 2-597, (fig 2-322), in TM 9-2350-222-20.

Hydraulic reservoir breather — There's nothing in your TM 9-2350-222-20 about this breather and no service interval is listed anywhere. However, the breather should be cleaned annually or coordinated with the seasonal reservoir oil change. See note 15 in LO 9-2350-222-12 (June 69) for services on the reservoir.





3. Hydraulic line filters — These are 2 disposable filters, one for forward hydraulic lines and one for rear hydraulic lines. You check the red indicator at top of each filter daily. (If the indicators are up, reset. Operate the system and if the indicator won't go down, service the filter.) At time of annual hydraulic reservoir drain, replace the filters. You'll need parts kit, filter element, FSN 2590-229-5723 (P/N 5703567).

CHECK THE



#### STRAIGHT DOPE ON TURN SIGNALS



Are you wasting your time and Uncle's dough because you don't dig the new deal on turn signals for tactical trucks?

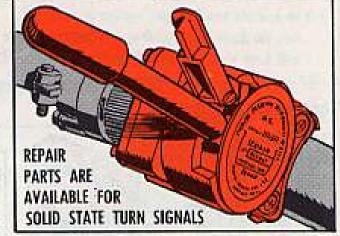
Well, let's blow away the fog.

Newer vehicles come equipped with the solid state turn signal system.

Some guys are replacing the whole thing when all they need is a new component. So maybe the parts manual for your vehicle hasn't yet picked up the repair parts. No sweat—just go to TM 9-2320-218-20P w/Ch 1 & 2 (Jan 70). Sure, this TM's for the M151-series 1/4-ton trucks, but those repair parts are the same for solid state turn signals on all tactical trucks.

Older vehicles have the old vibratortype turn signals—unless they've been replaced with the new solid state system.

Some guys missed the word — they're trying to repair that old setup. No go! There's no more repair for those old turn signals. When any part of that vibrator-type system poops out, you re-



place the whole kit 'n' kaboodle with solid state turn signals:

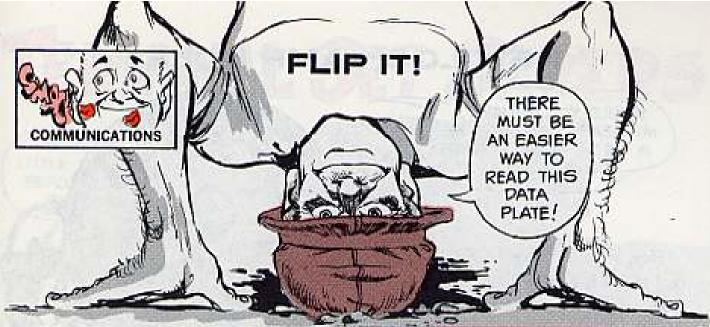
Kit, Solid State Turn Signal, FSN 2590-050-8821.

Here again, if the kit's not in your truck's parts manual, you can find it in the -20P for the 1/4-tonner.

And, no matter what vehicle you've got, you can go to TM 9-2320-218-20 w/Ch 1 (Jan 70) for the dope on installing your new solid state turn signals. Check para 2-96. This same TM also gives you the rundown on trouble-shooting your solid state turn signal system—see pages 2-72 through 2-79.

#### M113A1 DECAL

A new decal for your M113A1 APC's dry air cleaner comes under FSN 7690-014-0541—if your APC's serial number is SJ10500 or under. For APC's over that serial number, the decal carries FSN 7690-401-4366. The decal tells about servicing the air cleaner.

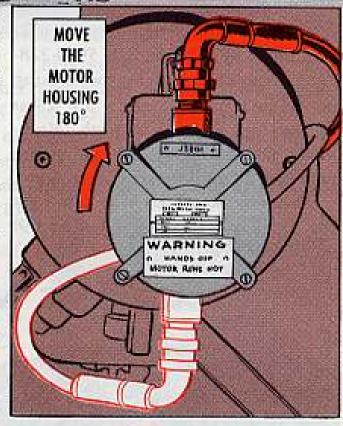


Next time you're waiting for an outer oil seal (FSN 5330-551-4785) for your AN/MPQ-4A scanner gear motor, and the oil is drip, dripping all over the J-3201 and P-3201 jack and plug, flip it!

By removing the 4 screws of the motor housing cover and turning the cover 180 degrees clockwise, you put the cable, jack and plug on top and away from the drip (and damage) of the oil.

Then, all you have to do is unscrew the identification and warning plates, reverse them (put the downside up), put the screws back in . . . and operate until you get a new seal.

The motor works fine either way.

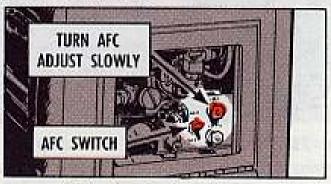


#### AFC RESTRAINT

Control yourself next time you have to feed some extra voltage to the klystron in your AN/TPS-33 frequency converter-transmitter.

Like, resist the urge to twist the AFC adjust pot to maximum in one swoop. To prevent burning out the pot, other circuitry—or even the klystron—turn it slow.

And remember: use the AFC adjust only for tests—or for emergency, if



your AFC circuits fail. Normally, the AFC-MANUAL selector, in AFC position, supplies the varying voltage you need, automatically.

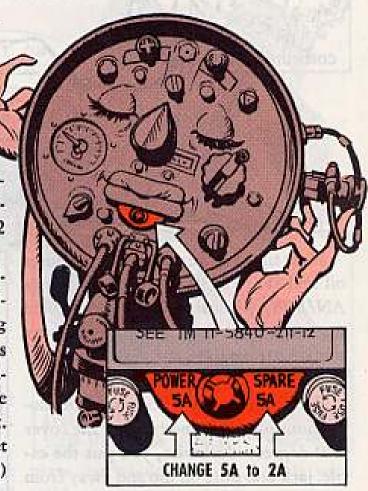
#### NEW LOOK AMP HOLE

MY DEAR, I USED TO BE A "5"? NOW I'M FUSED DOWN TO A "2"!

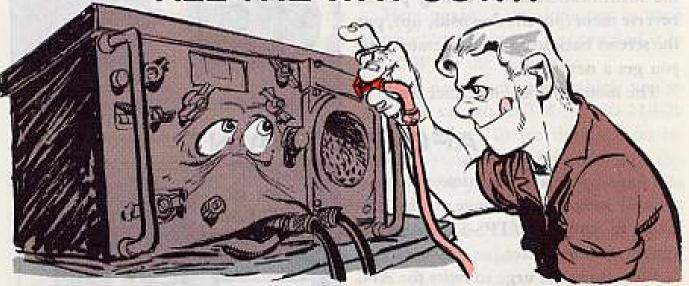
Hey, man, if your AN/PPS-4A control panel is running around with a 5amp mark on its face where the F102 fuse should go, change it.

The -4A model radar set gets a 2amp, slo-blo F102 fuse, FSN 5920-228-7882. Depots are changing the marking on the front panel from "5" to "2" as the sets are recycled through. Meanwhile, you can change the "5" on the panel to "2" until the set goes to depot.

That way, somebody who didn't get the word in TB 750-911-1 (Oct 69) won't mistakenly overfuse the set.



#### ALL THE WAY OUT...



Hey, troop, when you're uncoupling the connector from the antenna jack on your RT-246, RT-524 or R-442 components, uncouple it all the way.

Some people loosen the connector till it's about ready to dangle . . . and then vank.

Right. They yank the cable loose, and the connector still hangs on the jack.
Which makes a job for support.

### TERMINAL SET SAVERS

FIX THOSE LITTLE PROBLEMS BEFORE THEY'RE BIG ONES!



They add up . . . to downtime. That's the little thing here, and the other there—that you let get to your AN/GRC-103 or AN/MRC-115 radio terminal set.

The idea is to catch 'em one by one, before they happen, and keep 'em from makin' big problems.

So here're some items that apply to both the GRC-103 and the MRC-115.

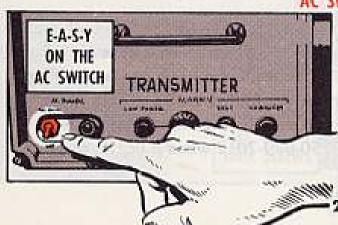
#### TRANSMITTER

First off, dust and the filter in your T-983 transmitter can take just so much of each other—and the filter quits. In dusty areas, that could take about 4-5 hours of operation.

Combine the clogged filter with a circuit breaker that doesn't kick as often as it should and you can burn out the power supply, the blower motor and a few other goodies.



#### AC SWITCH



The T-983 AC power switch is reasonably beefy and will do its off-on job just great, if you remember: a light flip of the finger is all you need to work it. Boots, muscle and such break it. A new switch is due out with later models of the radio set.





chassis on the regulator. side . . . and be careful not to turn the on the power supply. The regulator is fragile, so lay the chassis on the opposite fier voltage regulator, which is mounted the case be extra careful with the ampli-When the transmitter chassis is out of

#### AMPLIFIER

in the AM-4320...in dry, dusty areas. So, keep 'em clean - or write em off. Dirt and dust build up quick-like on the fins of the V1 and V2 tubes

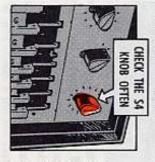
MRC-115

with the various commo components. ment trailer is top-heavy when loaded MRC-115 configuration: Some special problems with the The V-397/MRC-115 commo equip-

directions are musts. On rough roads, slopes and during challenge and an exercise in balance. turns, slow speed and gentle changes of Towing it with a 1/4-ton is a real



out the R5 resistors of the 18A3B panel. bursts . . . like a second or 2 at most, Long rings burn 1548 signal converters of the MRC-115, do it in short Note to operators: When you ring into the CV-



#### MULTIPLEXE

pound FSN 9150-989-2012 when it begins to tighten set screw. Which means the knob can back off, get plexer turns hard . . . which loosens the switch knob ... regularly. And lube the switch with lube comlost, or otherwise get fouled up. So tighten the screw The channel switch (S4) of the TD-660 multi-



you'll never get it sharp

at all. Which means take care of them back them all the way out. if they do come out, but better yet, don't by and you may not be able to get 'em mount captive screws are hard to come Rack mounting and component





## NOW IT'S

CMMI is dead — gone ... like the dodo bird.

It was killed off by DA letter, AGDA-A(M)(4 Feb 71) LOG/MED dated 12 Feb 71, Subject: Maintenance Assistance and Instruction Team (MAIT) program (vice Command Maintenance Management Inspection (CMMI)).

So, you'll no longer hear the cry, "The CMMI team is coming!" No more of the dread, hustle, spit and

polish, gigs and all that.

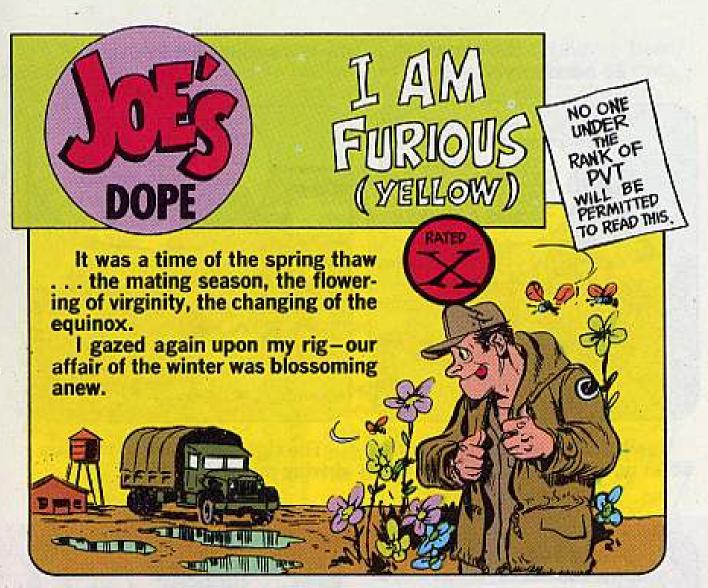
Instead, you'll be visited by a Maintenance Assistance and Instruction Team. The team is made up of specialists on equipment, maintenance records, maintenance management, supply and the like. They'll take a look at how your outfit is doing. Then, like the team's title says, they'll assist and instruct and try to help you over the hurdles.

No inspection . . . no gigs . . . no reports to higher headquarters.

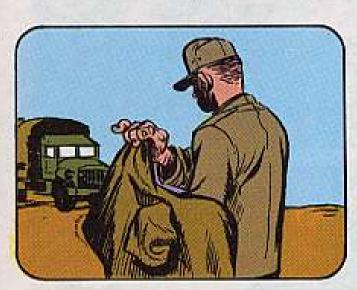
Sounds great, huh? It should be. It came from the "Top Cat" him-

The DA letter is the first thing out. More details are coming in a circular and perhaps a new AR. The letter killed off AR 750-8 and DA Pamphlet 750-10.

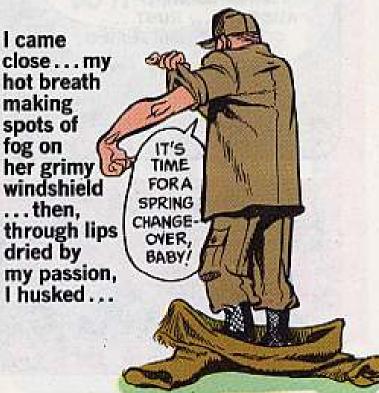
\*Maintenance Assistance and Instruction Team



She was like a sleek animal when I came upon her standing there in the shimmering puddles of the melting snowspots that still clung to the motor pool parking lot.



Unashamed in her nakedness, she allowed the early spring sun to caress her body . . .



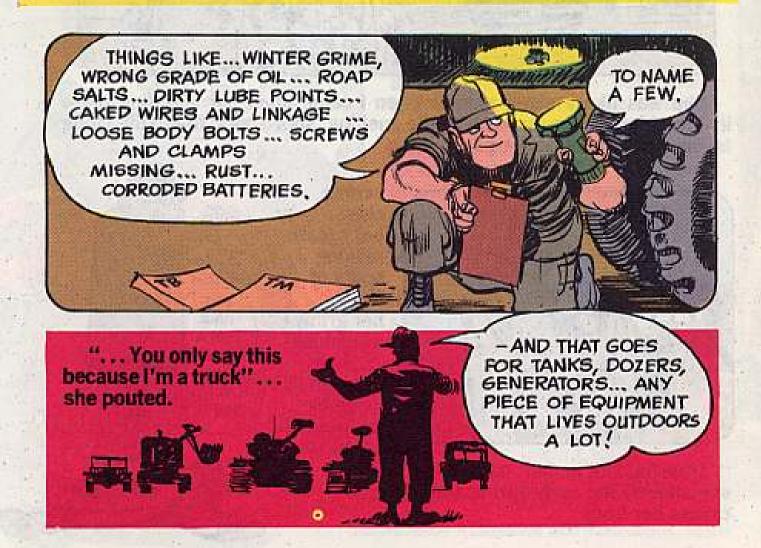
"Why," she purred, ". . . why is a spring change-over so necessary?"



I rolled back her canvas gently so as not to tear the seams.



The sight of her naked ribs was driving me wild!!

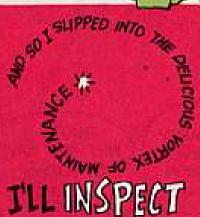


"I feel I must tell you, dear . . . I'm not a virgin!! . . . I have been through many missions—I've hauled over many a rough road! Yes, even been overloaded at times . . . and mishandled with sadistic abandon," she offered.



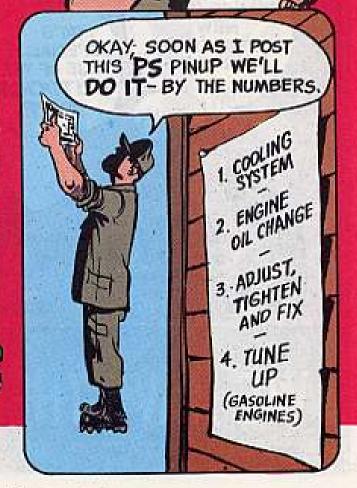
Actually, I knew her past full well... I had kept up her log book... noted signs of trouble, knew every quivering inch of her body!

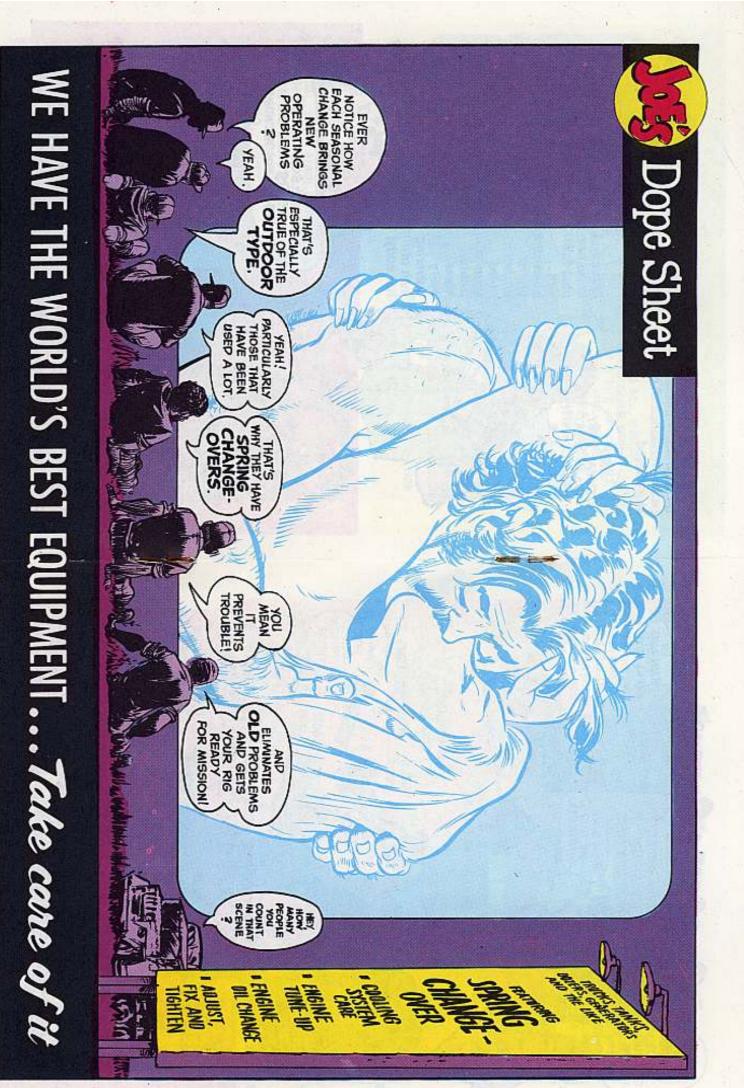
WE'RE GOING TO HAVE A WILD PM ORGY, BABY



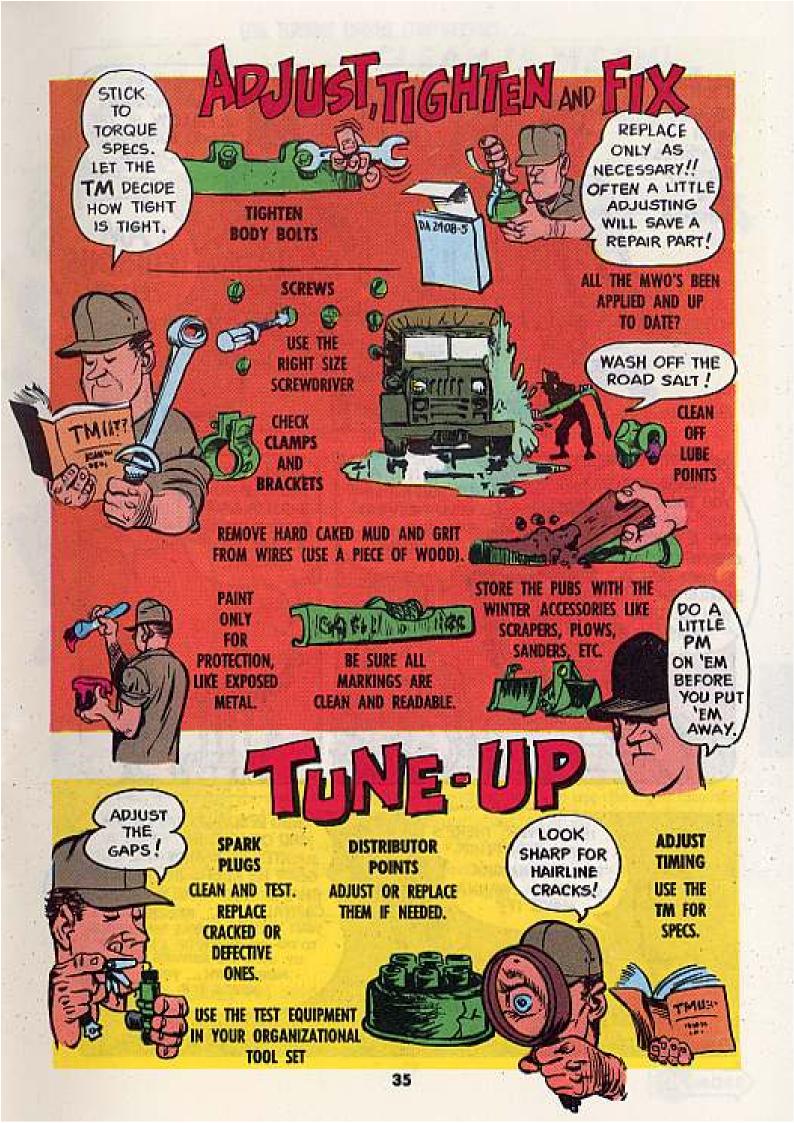
YOU ADJUST YOU CLEAN AND SERVICE YOU TIGHTEN

"Oh, darling," she gasped . . . "you are a wonderful operator."

















LOH TURBINE ENGINE COMPRESSORS...

#### CLEAN IS MEAN!



On a scoot and shoot mission the Pitch Puller needs all the power his engine will put out.

The particle separators on your Kiowa (OH-58A) and Cayuse (OH-6A) keep engine innards about 98 percent bighunks-o-gunk-free. Outstanding!

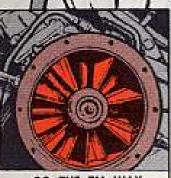
But that 2 percent of dust that slips past the separators will give your bird intestinal clutteritus. It won't take long for this micro-dust build-up to give her the Monday morning blahs unless you clean the engine.

Clean engines digest JP-4 easier. Every ounce of power is wrung outta the fuel, and sends your bird zipping along.

Cleaning the compressor blades when engine performance falls off faster'n usual, or exhaust gas temp increases steadily, or when the engine gets contaminated with exhaust residue (soda ash) is good PM.

It takes more'n a hit-or-miss job with a brush or rag to clean the compressor blades. Your best bet is to use the right cleaner and follow the TM cleaning poop to the letter. This ain't the time to "bottom out" on PM, brother!

Using the wrong compressor cleaner in certain birds will soften the compressor cases, and that means a trip to your maintenance back-up unit.



ON CLEANING COMPRESSOR BLADES

#### USE THESE CLEANERS

If you're pulling PM near salt water, clean the compressor with a daily douche of demineralized, distilled, or fresh water . . . or with a water-soluble emulsion cleaner.



Here're the preferred cleaning compounds for all Armybird turbine engine compressors:

Aircraft	Cleaning Compound	Authority
Mohawk Cobra Iroquois Chinook	P-D-680 FSN 6850-264-9037 (55-gal dr)	TM 55-2840-229-20P TM 55-2840-229-20P TM 55-2840-229-20P TM 55-2840-234-20P
Ute Tarhe	Turco FSN 6850-014-3914 (gal)	TM 55-2840-232-20P TM 55-2840-230-20P
	0.10	_0-1-
Cayuse Kiowa	FSN 6850-144-9817* (55-gal dr) (Mil-C-0043616)	TM 55-1520-214-20P TM 55-2840-231-35P*
	Mohawk Cohra Iroquois Chinook Ute Tarhe	Mohawk Cobra Iroquois Chinook  Ute Tarhe  Cayuse  Cayuse  Mohawk P-D-680 FSN 6850-264-9037 (55-gal dr)  Turco FSN 6850-014-3914 (gal)  CL-12 FSN 6850-144-9817*



Use your personal car plugs when working around aircraft turbine engines, transmissions, electrical power generators, tracked vehicles wherever the medics say high intensity sound could damage eardrums.

You can even wear ear muffs with the plugs, if needed.

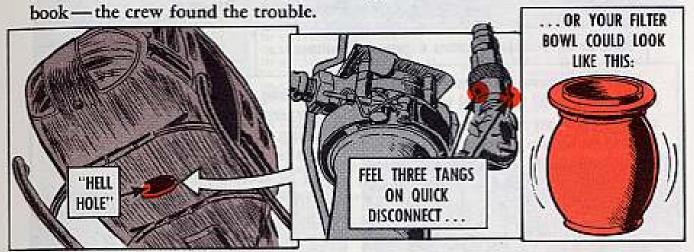
TB 3-4240-263-10 (May 67) on aural protectors, lists 4 types. They're authorized in CTA 50-914 (Feb 69) on protective equipment and should be centrally located for everybody's use.



On ground run-up after a PE, a UH-1D pilot got a low-pressure signal on the transmission oil pressure gage. Within 30 seconds oil pressure was zero.

Imagine the result if he'd been airborne! Who-e-e-e! Oil pressure zapped . . . transmission grabs . . . windmill stops . . bird flipflops!

After troubleshooting the system - being careful to follow the Dash 20-by-the-



There it was in the "hell hole" — at the transmission inlet oil hose/filter outlet coupling (quick disconnect). A real hard-to-reach item to service and check—and you'd better believe it.

When the external oil filter sump was removed for cleaning and filter replacement—sequence 4.11, TM 55-1520-210-20PMP (Nov 69)—the 3 tangs on the outlet quick disconnect fitting were not checked by hand for full extension. Oil was stopped f-a-s-t... by the check valve in the quick disconnect as it came unglued.

Wih the surge in engine power, the transmission oil pump forced oil thru the line and with no place to go the filter bowl sump cracked and took on a pregnant pumpkin look.

A lotta time and effort—not to mention some tempers—were lost because some knucklebuster didn't follow the TM.

'Course this type of boo-boo couldn't happen to you . . . right?

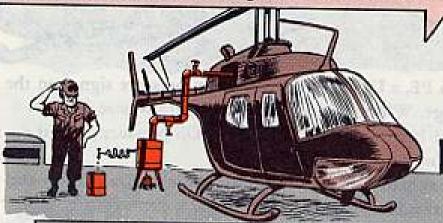
# DIRTY BIRD HANG-UP

Keeping your bird clean can be a drag.

'Specially when doing your 150-hr oil change
bit on the transmission or tail-rotor gear box.

Or maybe you've had to drain 'em because the magnetic chip detector signaled metal nogoodies.

Need a fix to save clean-up time? Here 'tis. . .

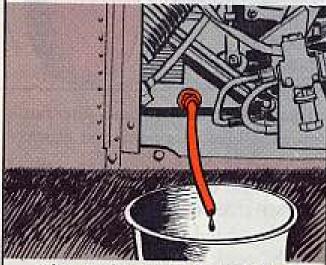


Now, an oil drain job becomes a gasser. F'rinstance...

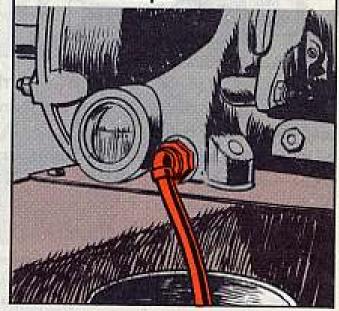
...With FSN 1730-252-6097
you'll get a special groundservicing drain
unit for the
transmission
oil drain . . .

And FSN 1730-252-6101 brings one for the tail-rotor oil drain.

When you remove the transmission chip detector plug, insert the special tool. Attach a 2-ft length of any 1/4-in ID hose to it . . . and drop the end over the side.



When you hand-torque the tool, it opens the self-sealing valve, and oil drains into a hand-held container. Draining the tail-rotor gear box is samesame, except you use a hose with a 1/4-in ID opening. 'Course you can't use these drain tubes for oil sampling, since you use a new tube for each sample.



After the clean dirty work is done, dunk the fittings in solvent and save 'em for another day.

Your support can order these special tools with an exception data type requisition. When you order be sure to use B17 for the RIC on the paper work.

This is a selected list of recent pube of interest to organizational maintenance personnel. This fist is compiled from recent AG Distribution Centers Buffelins. For complete details see DA Pam 310-4-(Jun 70), and Ch 2 (Oct 70), TM's, TB's, etc., DA Pam 310-6 (Jul 70), and Ch 1 (Oct 70), SC's and SM's, DA Pam 310-7 (Jul 70), MWO's, and DA Pam 310-9 (May 69), COMSEC Pubs.

#### TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 1-U1-5, Dec. U-1. TM 3-4240-204-14, Oct, MPA1 Mosk, TM 5-2420-201-20P, Oct. It While TM 5-3431-226-23P, Dec, Welding TM 5-3805-218-20P, Nov. Scrapers. TM 5-3810-288-20P, Oct, 20 Ton Trk Add Cronn Shovels. TM 5-3820-210-20P/1, Dec, Rock Drill. TM 5-3820-210-20P/2, Nov. Rock TM 5-4120-270-20P, Nov, 60,000 BTU Air Cond. TM 5-4310-207-20P, Nov. 250 CFM Air Compress. TM 5-4310-212-20P, Nov. 600 CFM Air Compress TM 5-4310-251-24P, Dec, 15 CFM Air Compress. TM 3-4310-280-15, Oct, 600 CFM Whi Mid Air Compress. TM 5-4310-338-15, Oct. 600 CFM Trir Mid Air Compress TM 5-4320-215-25P, Nov. 2-Wheel Mid Frash Water Centrif Pumps. TM 5-4930-207-20P, Nov. Lube & Serv Equip. TM 5-5430-209-12, Nov. Storage TM 5-6115-433-23P, Dec. Troller Mid TM 5-6115-454-20P, Dec, 100 KW Eng Dryn Gen Seh. TM 5-6115-455-20P, Nov. 150 KW & Up Eng Devn Gen Sels. TM 5-6125-211-25P, Nov. 60 KW Meter Gen. YM 5-6673-224-24, Nov. Survey TM 5-6675-270-25P, Oct. Survey TM 9-1015-200-20P, Oct, M29, M29A1 81-MM Moriors. TM 9-1015-203-12, Od, M101, MIDIAT 105-MM How. TM 9-2330-251-14, Oct. M416, ¼ Ton Cargo Trailer. TM 9-2350-230-12 CB, Oct, Armd Recon M551 Operator.



TM 9-2350-247-20P C2, Nov. M548 Corgo Carrier. TM 9-7218 C14, Dec, M42 and M42A1 Twin 40-MM SP Arty AA Gun. TM 10-4930-206-13, Nov, Lube & Servicing. TM 11-5805-583-15, Oct. AN/TSC-76 Commo Patching Center. TM 11-5821-260-20P, Dec. Rodor Set AN/ARC-115, OH-58. TM 11-5821-261-20P, Dec. Radio Set AN/ARC-116, OH-58. TM 11-5841-278-25P, Oct, Rodor AN/APR-25(Y) OV-1A-18-1C-RU-8D. TM 11-6625-928-20P, Dec, OH-6 & OH-58 Test Kit MK-994/AR. TM 55-414, Oct, All F/W & R/W Fundamentals of Actt Maint. TM 55-1510-202-20P, Dec, O-1 TM 55-1510-202-20PMP, Nov, O-1. TM 55-1510-203-20P, Nov. U-6. TM 55-1510-204-20PMI, -20PMI/1, -20PMP, & -20PMP/1, Oct. OV-1. TM 55-1510-205-CL, Oct, U-1. TM 55-1510-205-PMP, Oct, U-1. TM 55-1510-205-20 C1, Dec, U-1 TM 55-1510-209-20PMP, Oct, U-21. TM 55-1520-227-20PMI, Nov. CH-47. TM 55-1520-228-CL, Oct., OH-58. TM 55-1905-217-20P, Oct, DED Steel Moch Landing Craft. TM 55-2840-230-20P, Dec. CH-54. TM 55-8465-211-10, Oct, All F/W & R/W.

#### MODIFICATION WORK ORDERS

5-4930-207-30/1, Dec, Lube and Servicing Unit Power Oper, Trir Mid, 23 CFM Compress. 9-1425-500-30/3, Dec, Hawk Rodar AN/MPQ-34, -35, -37, -39 and AN/MSW-9. 9-1425-500-30/4, Dec, Hawk Rodar Set AN/MPQ-35, -39. 9-1430-501-30/65, Dec, Hawk (AN/TSW-2) 9-1430-503-30/28, Dec, Hawk. 9-1430-510-30/19, Dec, Rodar Sel AN/MPQ-37, Hawk. 9-1430-560-20/4, -20/6, -20/8, -20/9, -20/10, -20/11, -20/12, -20/13, Dec. AN/TSQ-51. 9-2300-216-30/32, Dec. M107 175-MM SP Gon & M110 8 In Howitzer. 9-2350-217-30/17 CI, Nov. 155-MM SP Howlitzer M109. 9-4900-500-30/77, Jan, Hawk Field Maint Guided Mail Sys Shop Equip AN/TSM-41, AN/TSM-42, AN/TSM-43, AN/TSM-8B, and AN/TSM-89. 55-1500-210-30/41, Jan, CH-47A, By C. 55-1520-209-40/12, Dec, CH-47: Improve Tunnel Cover Latching. 55-1520-219-30/1, Dec, UH-1A-18-55-2840-232-30/1, Dec, Fuel Heater Check Valve, U-21. 55-2840-232-30/2, Dec. Revers Intercon Linkage Forward Sect, U-21.

#### TECHNICAL BULLETINS

TB 55-1500-210-20/17, Dec. Insp of Pilot and Co-Rilot Jettisonable Door Latch Plates, CH-47A-478-47C.
TB 55-1500-315-25, Dec. All F/W and R/W Actt Component Repair Kits.
TB 55-1520-210-20/9, Dec. Insp of Main Rotor Blades UH-1D & 1H.
TB 55-1520-227-20/12, Jan.
CH-478 & C.
TB 730-991-1, Oct. All Aerial Deliv Equip EIR, F/W.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

LO 3-2410-214-12-1 & 12-2, Nev, Tracked Tractors.
LO 5-2420-219-12-1, -12-2 & -12-3, Nov, Wheeled Tractors.
LO 5-3805-250-12-1 & -12-2, Nov, Loaders.
LO 5-4940-221-12, Nov, Shop Equip Contact Maint Set 3.
SC 5180-95-CL-A47, Oct, Chapparal. SC 5420-97-C-E09, Nov, Floating Bridge Erection Set.
SC 8340-90-CL-P01, Dec, Tenlage Repair Kit.
SC 8340-90-CL-P02, Dec, Tenlage Repair Kit.

# MWO of the MONTH

You can bust up a good tank engine or even get hurt unless MWO 9-4910-535-

30/1 (Sep 69) is applied.

This MWO was put out by the Army to beef-up Sling Assembly, FSN 4910-791-5421 which you use to remove or replace the power plant in your M48A3 and M60/60A1 tanks and the M728 CEV. Altho the free-issue date in the MWO is long past, there may be some kits still in the stock bins. Get your work order back to direct support, pronto.

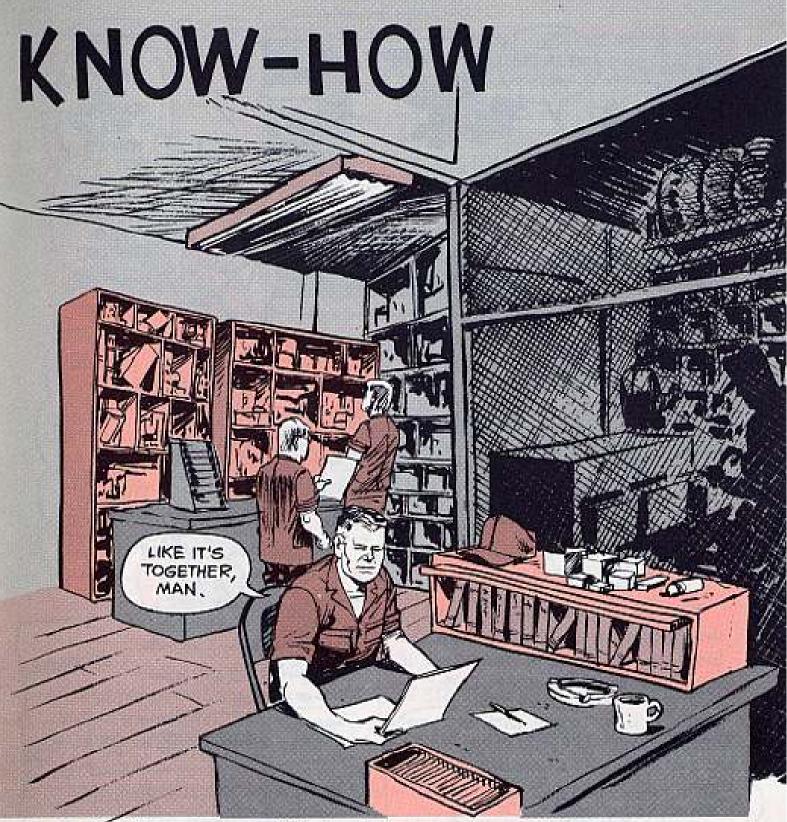


Whether you carned your PLL spurs in supply school, by OJT, or you're just learning the PLL business on your own, your No. 1 publication for setting up and running your shop is AR 735-35 (Nov 70), Supply Procedures for TOE and TDA Units and Activities.

#### WHO KEEPS A PLL

If your outfit's TOE or MTOE authorizes the maintenance personnel, tools, and equipment to pull organizational maintenance, your outfit's authorized a PLL. Your CO is the approving authority for the PLL, and you're responsible for keeping the PLL stocks and records in order.

All your PLL normally amounts to is a 15-day load of repair parts to support the equipment your maintenance shop is responsible for. Of course, your CO may set up one central PLL operation to support several of his units or sections that



have maintenance responsibility for their own equipment. In that case you support several shops or sections. And, since the AR doesn't allow consolidation of PLL's, you have to keep separate stocks and records for several 15-day loads. That way, if one of the units has to move off by itself, it's no real sweat for you to hand over the unit's stocks and records.

The only time you can pool PLL stocks and records is when your shop maintains equipment for units that aren't authorized maintenance personnel, tools, and equipment. That is, units that would normally HERE'S A BIRD'S move when you do.



Your initial allowances are listed in the equipment manuals, and they're based on how much of what kind of equipment your PLL supports. But, as

WITH
DEMAND
EXPERIENCE
WE CAN
ADJUST
OUR
ALLOWANCES.

YEAH, WITH BETTER SUPPORT THE NEW IDEA IS TO CUT OUR PLL DOWN TO THE BONE.



you rack-up demand experience, you're authorized to make changes in most repair parts loads. The changes are based on your shop's demand, and its frequency of demand for an item — within a 180-day period. To keep track of your demands you use DA Form 3318, Record of Demands — Title Insert.

RECORD OF DE		-0.00 Section 1		
DOCUMENT HUMBER	DEMANDED OUMSTITY	OUAMINE OUAMINE OCUANOSO	MAMO NAMO	DOCUM DOCUM PUMA
0005-013	<b>(4)</b>		0	
0014-001	2		2	0177-0
0030-007	<b>(4)</b>	estrant/	0	0180-
0044-010	3	E 30-67		0180-0
2056-003	(A)	1950		0200-C
0065-015	3		-	211-00
0075-012	4		0	Sell of
	The state of the s	The state of the s	0	
0079-001	(4)		0	



Whether you're starting from scratch or taking over an existing PLL, you have to know exactly what equipment your PLL supports. The info normally comes from your outfit's equipment density list, which is kept current by the unit supply-room wheels. Also, just about all the equipment info you need is normally listed on the equipment control board in your shop's office.



Equipment pubs are indexed in DA Pam 310-4, and include 'TM's, 'TM -P's, SM's, 'TB's and SB's. Two of your big guns are TM 9-2300-223-20P, the CAOSL (Consolidated Authorized Organizational Stockage List) and SB 700-50, Expendable Items.

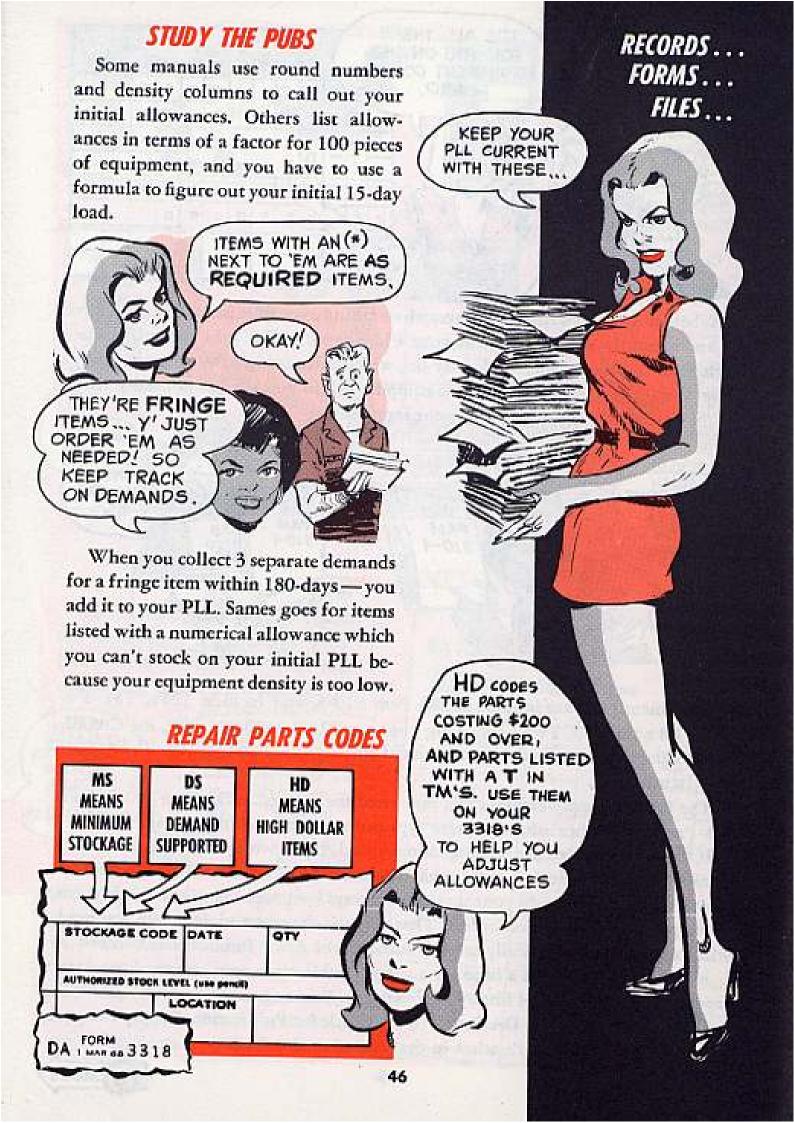
The Federal supply catalogs you may need are indexed in DA Pam 310-6. AR's DA Pam's and other administrative type pubs are indexed in DA Pam 310-1.

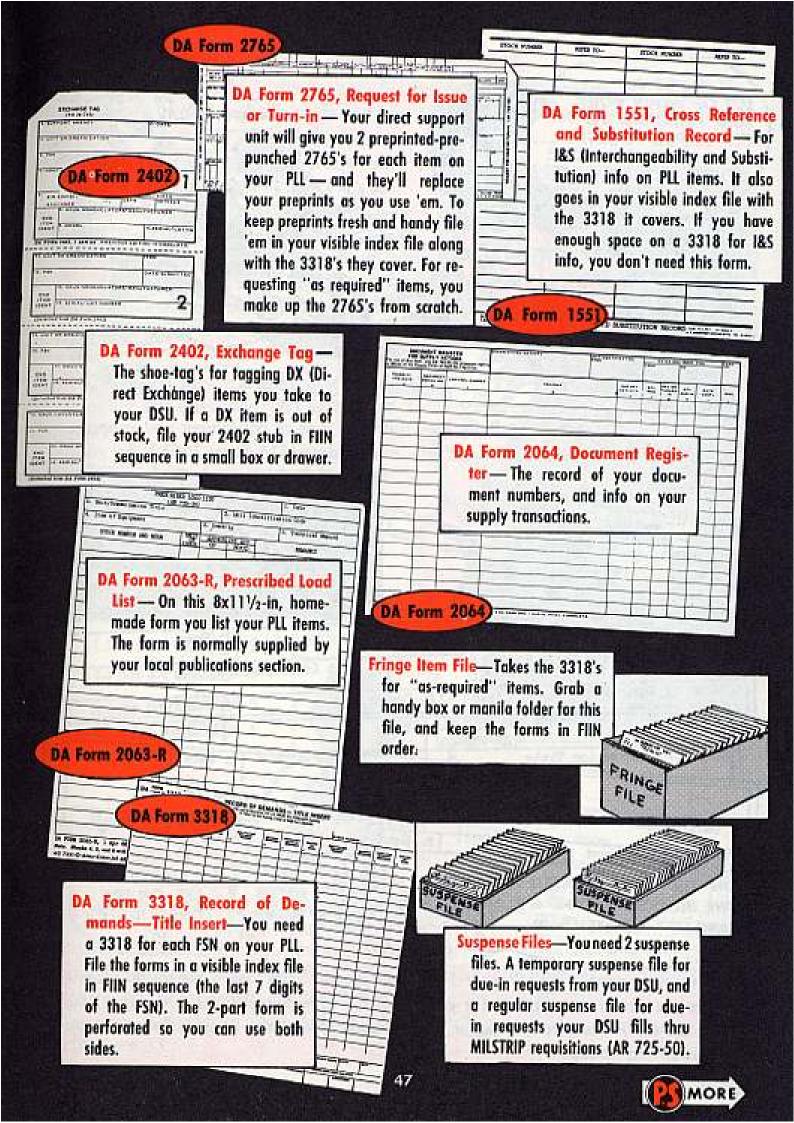
If the pubs you need are missing, or out-dated, check with your outfit's publications supply man. He can order what you need on DA Form 17. Make sure he knows exactly which pubs your shop must always have on hand so he can add them to his pinpoint distribution orders. That way the changes and new pubs you need will be shipped automatically to your outfit by the Army Publications Centers.

Meantime, if you're in a bind for a supply publication, you can try for a loan from the nearest technical library, or from a neighboring outfit.

Get real upsnuffed on DA Pam 310-10, Guide for Publications Supply Personnel, so you'll know what's what in that end of the business.









In new manuals with Repair Parts and Special Tool Lists your initial allowances are already worked up for you in a PLA (Prescribed Load Allowance) table. All the items listed in the organizational repair parts section, however, are "as-required" items.

#### FACTOR TM'S

In TM's that provide the formula for figuring your allowances, you'll find examples for working the formula. App G, AR 735-35 also shows you how to use the formula. Briefly, tho, the figuring amounts to this:

Multiply the number of items you have that use the part by the TM's allowance factor. Then divide the total by 100. The answer is your initial 15-day allowance — with one big exception:

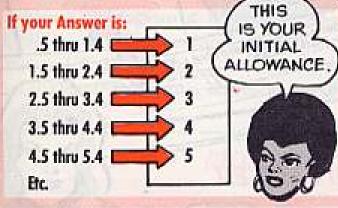
If your answer is less than .5, you're not authorized to stock the item on your initial PLL. It'll be an "as-required" item for you.

When the answer consists of a whole number and a fraction, you figure like this:

Fractions below .5 you round off to the next lower whole number.

Fractions of .5 or higher you round off to the next higher whole number.

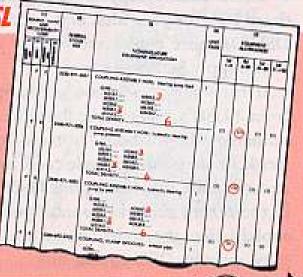
For example:



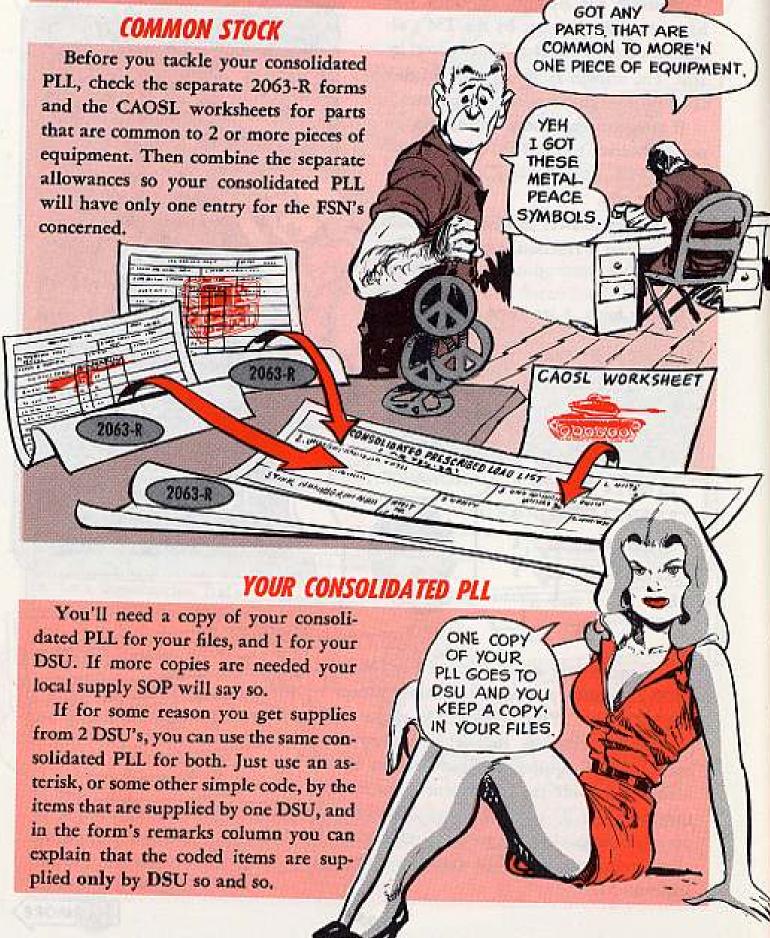


THE CAOSL

For equipment that's covered by TM 9-2300-223-20P, you don't need separate 2063-R forms. You use the TM pages as your PLL worksheets. Just list how many of each type of equipment you have in the blanks alongside the equipment nomenclature (column 3) on each page. Then use your equipment density totals to select your allowance from the TM's density columns (column 5).

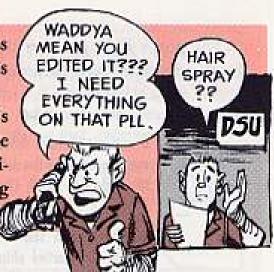


For equipment that was originally covered by the CAOSL, but now has a new parts manual, use the parts manual for your PLL info. Either a change to the CAOSL or a note in the item's manual will clue you on this change. If neither manual gives you the change info, use the manual with the latest date, like it says in the AR's para 6-2e.



Your consolidated PLL is due at DSU within 3 days after it's OK'd. Your 2765's for your initial stocks can go along with the PLL.

The DSU types are required to up-date your FSN's as needed. If you goofed, they're authorized to delete any item on your PLL that's not authorized at organizational level. But that's the extent of the chopping they can normally give your list.



THE RUN
ON COLOR
TAPE FOR FLOW
CHARTS IS
ENORMOUS.
CAN WE PUT
IT ON OUR
PLL?





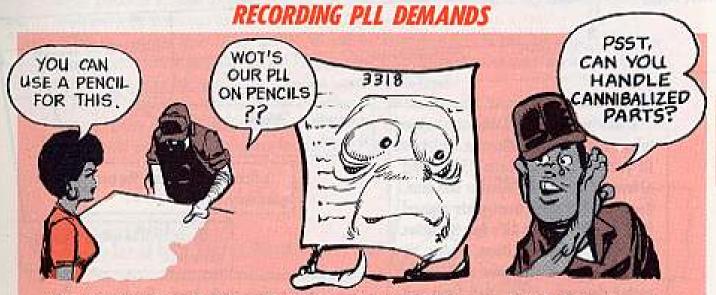
Miscellaneous maintenance supplies (welding rod, rags, friction tape, sand-paper, SB 700-50 items, etc.) which aren't listed in your parts manuals don't go on your PLL. Just order those things as your shop needs 'em, and stock 'em accordingly.

000

#### MACHINED PLL D D

If your DSU has the machinery, they can prepare a master listing or a deck of punch cards to take care of your consolidated PLL. Outfits that have really mean problems making up a PLL (a major change in equipment, hot deployment deadline, no PLL personnel, etc.) can request PLL help from: Commanding Officer, USAMC Logistic Data Center, ATTN: AMXMA-SS-5, Lexington-Blue Grass Depot, Lexington, Kentucky 40507, like the AR says in para 6-2e(4).

0 0



The 3318's take all demands you have for repair parts—including items from DX, SALTI, items provided by neighbors, or cannibalized (CP) in an emergency.



The part's FSN goes on the card's top right corner, and the following info goes in its 4 lettered columns:

#### DA FORM 3318 COLUMN INFO RECORD Document number from your docu-REPLACES DA FORM IBAS, I MAY ES AND DA FORM 2827, I MAR SX, WHICH ARE OBSOLETE ment register, or the Julian date and RECORD OF DEMANDS the code DX, SALTI, CP, etc. POPULATION THE PROPERTY OF T COMPLATING STANSFORD STANSFORD QUARTERS OF MARKET BALLMORE Ь Quantity demanded. Circle the quantity when the items are re-0005-013 (4) Oceived. On partial shipments note 0014-001 (Z) 2 what's due-in outside the circle. 0030-007 (F) 0 Erase the note when the due-in's 0044-010 (3) arrive. 0056-003 (4 0 Cumulative quantity. The only time 0065-015 (3) you have to use this column is when 0075-012 you're totaling up your demands to 0079-00 adjust your load. Balance on hand at the time you post a demand. TITLE-INSERT INFO FSN; and item description THE TITLE - INSERT (short name of item stocked). SECTION HAS BLOCKS FOR Stockage code (MS, DS, or THESE ENTRIES HD) DETACHED PROMEDIE TITLE INSERT REMARKS M577AI, COMMAND POST CARRIER MIIBAI, PERSONNEL CARRIER STOCKAGE COOF DATE TM 9-Z300-Z57-ZOP (MAR 69) U/I EA MS 0005 STOCK NUMBER AUTHORIZED STOCK LEWE, FARM PRODU ITEM DESCRIPTION 6240-266-9940 LAMP, PANEL WARNING LIGHT LOCATION 99 36 Location. Where you store In the remarks block the title-insert takes: End item identification, I&S info the part. (if you don't use DA Form 1551). Unit Julian date. The date the part of Issue. Parts manual number and date. goes on your PLL. Recoverability code from parts manual (R, S, T or U. See the AR's App H). Notes Quantity. The initial stockage explaining seasonal items, items on allowance.

Authorized stock level. The

part's DS allowance.

hand in unusual quantities to meet expected demands, extra stock from unit

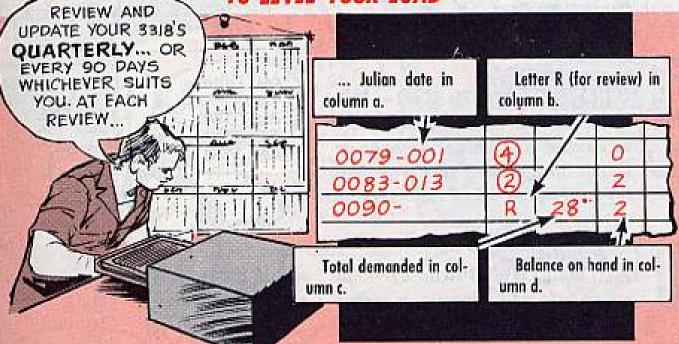
pack issue, etc.

You can use colored tabs, or some other flag, in the visible index file to identify those items with extra stocks, items that are due-in, zero balance and items for deadlined equipment, or gear that's in storage.

To cancel a request that you've recorded on a DA Form 3318, just line out the entry and write canceled above the line . . . and remember to cancel the request info on your document register, too.

CANCELED

TO LEVEL YOUR LOAD



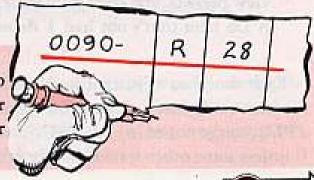
To adjust your allowances (up or down) use the AR's Authorized Stock Levels table, Fig 6-3. To adjust stocks of MS and DS items you use the table's column 1 only. But to find your initial allowance for DS items you use the whole table (columns a through 1).

You can increase your initial load of MS and DS items after they've been on your PLL for 2 review periods (180 days). But, you can't reduce their initial allowances or drop 'em from your load until they've been on your list for 4 review periods (360 days).

HD or T coded items you stock only as authorized by the manuals. Increases are not authorized. After 4 review periods, however, you use the AR's table (column I) to decrease stocks of those items based on demand experience for the past 2 review periods.

#### IT WORKS LIKE THIS

Change. Make review entries on your 3318's, and draw a heavy line under the entries.



(180 days) -Make review entries. Increase your stocks based on demands during the past 180 days. But, don't count an item's initial allowance in your demand total. Use only the actual quantity demanded.

If the AR's table doesn't OK an increase, you draw the line under the review info, and that's that.

SEND A REQUEST AND PLL CHANGE TO PSU.

LRP



entry.

OK, SOON'S I MAKE THE ALLOWANCE CHANGE ON THE TITLE INSERT.

If the table OK's an increase, make

up a 2765 for the quantity needed to

bring your stocks up to the new al-

lowance. Record the request info on

the line under the review entries, and

then draw the line under the request

(270 days) -Note the review entries on the card, and if an increase is authorized based on demands for the past 2 review periods, follow thru like at 2nd review period.

(360 days) — Add review info, and if increase is authorized based on demands for the past 2 review periods, follow thru like at 2nd and 3rd review periods.

At this point you can also start reducing your initial allowances. That is, you use the AR's table to reduce your stocks based on demands for the past 2 review periods.

If an MS, HD or T item hasn't collected 3 demands within the past 2 review periods, you cross it off your list. A DS item that's not had I demand

NOPE ... THINGS AIN'T MOVING LIKE THEY USED TO. PAST TWO REVIEWS GRAB YOU?

within the last 2 review periods also gets chopped off.

THEM LEFT HANDED BRACKETS WERE IN THE INITIAL ALLOWANCE

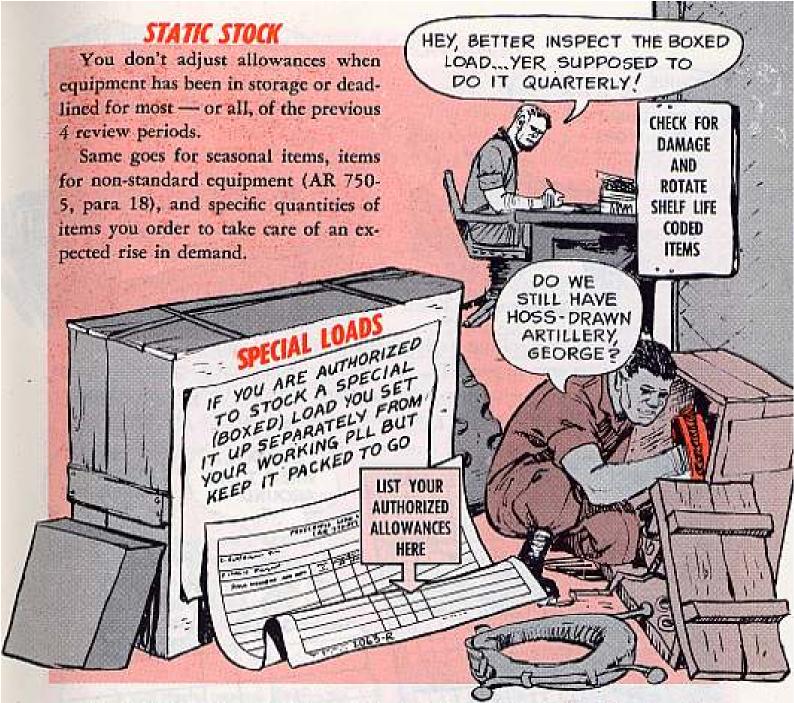
ANYTHING

DURING THE

STRIKE OFF THE PLI WE NO LONGER REPLACE BRACKETS



Each time you adjust an item's stockage level, be sure to make the change on the item's title-insert. When you add new items, or delete items, remember to send a PLL change notice to your DSU. You can report PLL changes on DA Form 2063-R unless some other written notice is called for by your local SOP.



You inspect a packaged load quarterly by the calendar, and replace any obsolete items, up-date stocks and quantities as needed by the latest publications, check for damage and rotate shelf-life coded items.

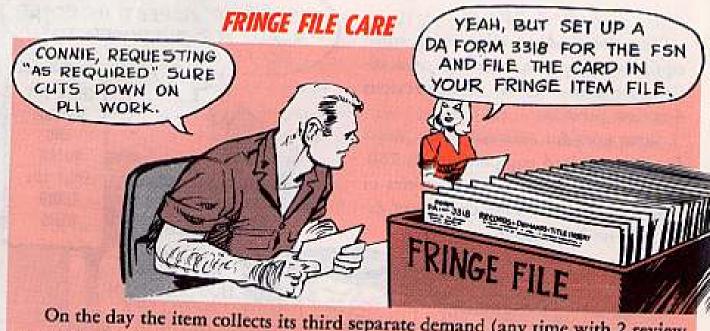
#### PLL INVENTORY

Give your working PLL a physical inventory at least every 6 months — or sooner, if the Old Man says so. Record your inventory on your 3318's, like so: Julian date and inv in column a, and the on-hand quantity in column d.

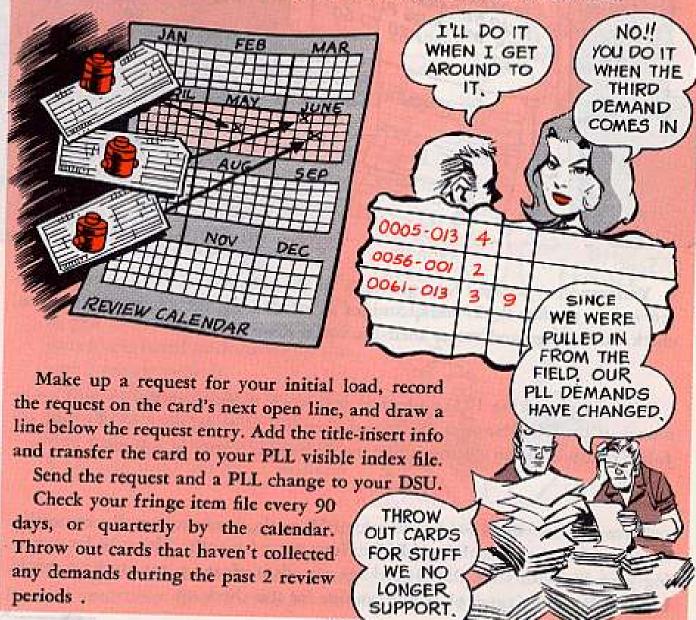
#### ANOTHER CHECK-UP

To make sure your DSU knows your PLL needs, you have to pull a reconciliation check on your consolidated PLL at least every 6 months. This calls for matching your list with your DSU's stockage records to clear up any stockage goofs. Local SOP sets up time, place and routine for this check up.





On the day the item collects its third separate demand (any time with 2 review periods), the item goes on your PLL. Just enter the total of the 3 separate demands in the card's column c—on line with the third demand. Check your column c total with the AR's table to find your initial allowance for the DS item.





You add items to your PLL when your outfit receives new models, or different types of equipment. In all cases you use the equipment manuals, or manufacturer's parts lists to get your initial stocks. If there's no published parts list for the equipment, your DSU will have to give you the PLL or "as

required" items you'll need.

You also add items to your PLL when additional parts are authorized by changes to equipment manuals. When a publication change lowers authorized allowances for equipment, you can hang on to your demand supported allowance of the related items if it's greater than the allowance in the parts manual change.

When a change in mission or equipment pulls some major items from your outfit's TOE or MTOE, you have to turn in whatever stock you have for the deleted gear, and cancel any due-in's you may have on the parts.

SUSPENSE FILE SOP

Keep your temporary suspense file by your own document number. When due-in items arrive, correct the due-in notes on your document register and on your 3318's, and tear up the cards on the request.

In your regular suspense file keep the cards by your DSU's MILSTRIP document number.

FILE SOP

AFTER

YOU CORRECT

YOUR DOCUMENT

REGISTER YOU

CAN TEAR UP

THE REQUEST

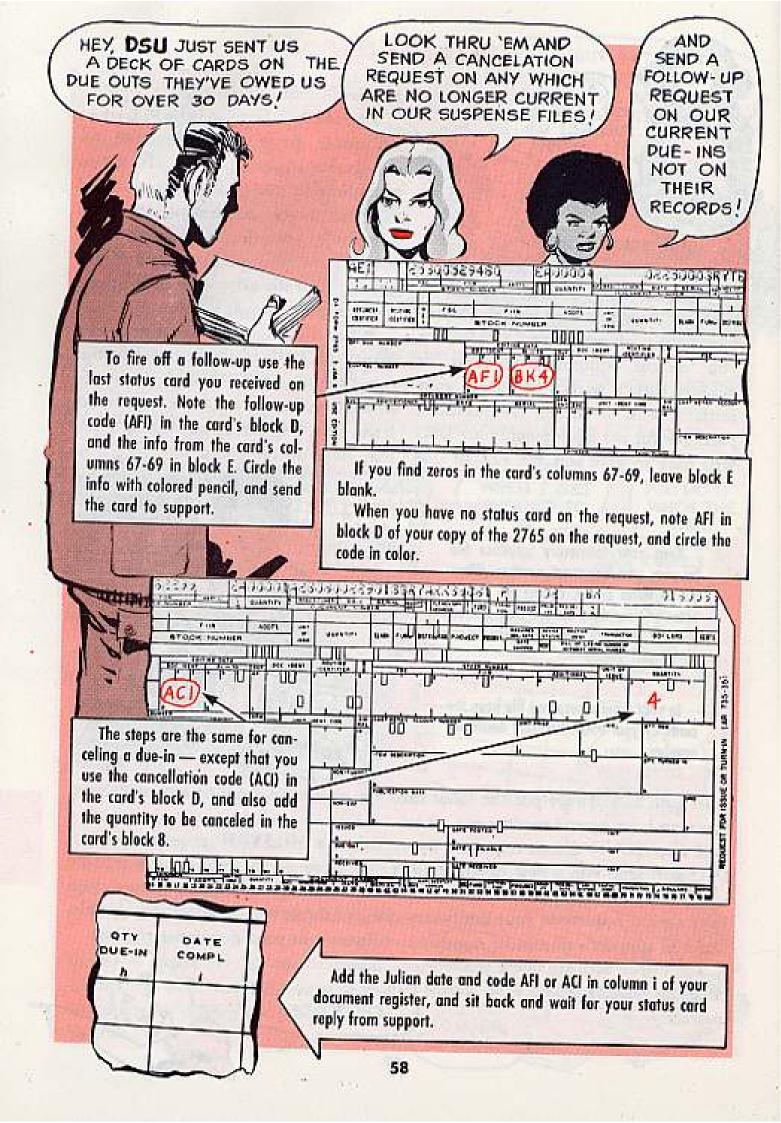
CARD,

In both files always put the latest card you receive in front of any other card you may have on the request.

If a temporary due-in request is converted to a MILSTRIP requisition, your DSU will send you a new due-in card. From there on in your request will be handled by the DSU's requisition document number. Get rid of any cards you have on the request in your temporary file, put the new card in your regular file, and add support's document number to column c in your document register.

The due-in files are due a reconciliation/validation check at least quarterly.

HERE'S HOW THAT



#### STATUS CODE SCOOP

DO YOU KNOW HOW TO USE THE DOCUMENT IDENTIFIER CODE?



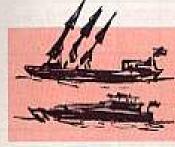


Supply status cards bring you important info on your requests, but most of the scoop's in code. To read the cards right and follow thru on the instructions they provide, get hep to the advice and status codes which support uses in the card's columns 65-66. Know how to read and use the document identifier codes in the card's columns 1-3, like it says in AR 710-7.

The codes are spelled out for you in App A and App D to AR 735-35. Any additional supply status codes you may have to know will be covered in your command's supply SOP.



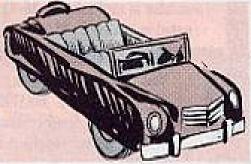
#### PLL'S FOR SELECTED GEAR



Repair parts stockage lists for selected missile systems, nuclear and other special gear are covered in para 6-10 -6-12, AR 735-35. The PLL's for vessels also cover the vessels BII's, which are listed separately on the PLL.

#### COMMERCIAL TYPE EQUIPMENT

If you're authorized to keep a PLL for commercial equipment, you can use the manufacturer's parts list to set up your initial 15-day load. Use DA Forms 3318 and 2064 to record demands, and then adjust your load according to usage, like with anything else.



#### RESERVES PLL

Special PLL SOP for Reserve outfits is covered in the AR's Chap 8.



# YOUR DOCUMENT REGISTER

3- or 4-digit number from your series completes your document number for a thru 9999. Your supply officer will normally assign a specific block of numbers request. For example: (from whatever series he uses) for your PLL register. The Julian date plus the Your outfit's document numbers will run from 001 thru 999, or from 0001

ber for that same day will read: 0281-102, and so on. document number for 8 Oct 70 will read: 0281-101. The second document num-Say you're assigned document numbers 101 thru 201 for use daily. Your first

# YOUR REGISTER FILL

Your shop's ID.

Page number. Register's page

number

- 2 Your UIC.
- first and of the last entry from From/To dates. The date of the the form's column a.
- lowed by a slash and the Julian IPD (Issue Priority Designator fol-
- Tour document serial number.

tion number in this column. That's 8 digits of the MILSTRIP requisinoted in the card's blocks 11-12. number in card columns 36-43, or the preprinted date and serial on up the supply line, use the last When the DSU sends your request

address code (card columns digits from the MILSTRIP Your DSU's ID, or the 3 33-35) on your supply stat-

D Quantity Requested.

DA. 197. 2064 03/0/88 96/0/8 3/0/9/ 3/0/91 8/0/87 3/0/87 36/0/84 8/0/94 16/0/8 8810/8 881018 3/0/88 3/0/88 8/0/87 8/0/82 8/0182 FOR SUPPLY ACTIONS 0 SOCIMENT CONTROL WANTED 102 101 0 O 103 101 105 103 104 102 101 103 0 102 102 õ 65108610 01892013 2530-8562299 WH EPLACES OF SOME SERVICE HAN ST. SHED 2920-089-20 2930-781-8187 2910-203-3322 ILTER 2520-267-3153 ELIMENT 6140-057-2554 2590-679-9159 2530-933-5229 IDER 2520-860-7343 6060-736-8490 THRM05TAT 3030-684-/485 2940-930-2065 2910-379-4293 2530-773-2138 2520-767-3153 ELIMENT 2930-937-1082 RI 3030-421-1553-B 3/7 TA CAV (MAINT ST) EMENT BLT SET MOTATOR SHINIS INT TERY 100 Car. T SEI ARX39 2 ALCOHOLD . 193 t = = = 0 t ŧ = 0 N + 4 ٨ 0182 and codes AFI or ACI, in pen-DATES (Day, Storeth, Tany) N finalized. (Or the Julian date N cil, when you send in a fol-Julian date when request is 8610 8810 1610 0/84 1610 88/0 8810 6810 2870 0203 1610 0/84 2000

0217 021

in. Use pencil to record partial shipments. Quantity received or turned-

Quantity due-in (also in pencil)

> RANSACTIONS KEEP TRACK DOCUMEN THAT'S A MAKES IT OF YOUR EASIER TO REGISTER ORDERLY A NEAT SUPPLY FACT! AND

port of Survey), Inventory Adjust-

(Statement of Charges), RS (Re-Tear), Unser (Unserviceable), SC

ment, etc., also belong in column

중

B) sign for the CO. Turn-in info, as

ture authorizing priority requests

the request. Also, the CO's signa-FSN and name of part covered by

(IPD's 01 thru 08), or the signa-

ture of whoever's authorized

needed, FWT (Fair Wear and

use ink for document register into Except for a couple of columns, you

pencil), or other info need-

ed on a request.

Expected delivery date (in

low-up, or cancel a request.)

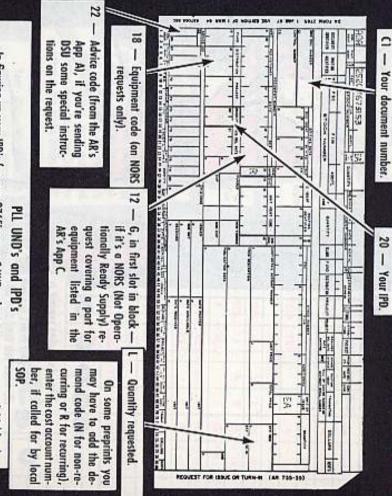
Your DSU has the latest info on an item's status in the supply system, and since they prepare your 2765 preprints, you can say that your FSN info comes right from the horse's mouth. Preprints save you time and speed-up your requests.

When you use a preprint you make some 3-8 entries at most. But when you make up a request from scratch you have to hustle up info for some 13 or more blocks.

CAN SAVE
A LOT
OF TIME
AND
TROUBLE
USING
PREPRINTS

THE DA FORM 2765 NO. CODE NO. ETC REPEAT FSN NO. THAT HEY,

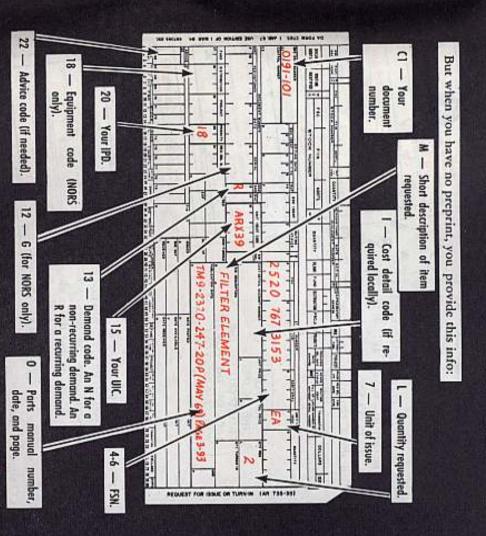
On a preprint you provide:



In figuring up your IPD's for your 2765's use: C UND when you request your initial load.

D UND for normal replacement of stocks. B UND for stocks at zero balance, and for BII (Basic Issue Items) for mission-essential equipment.

The scoop on assigning IPD's and UND's is in the AR's App B. In App I, the AR lists items that never rate a top priority IPD — unless the request is justified through command channels. See the AR 735-35's para 1-6b.



63



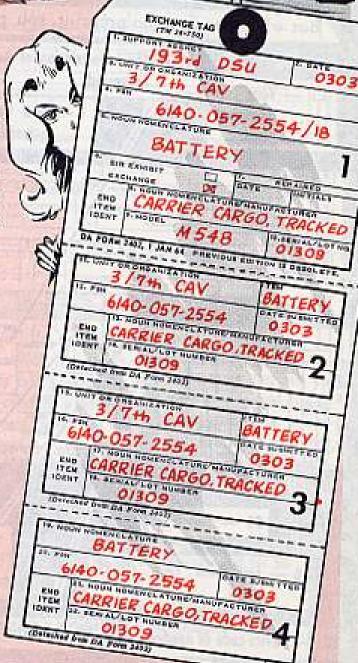
EVER HEAR
OF PADDING?
PROTECT DX
ITEMS, MAN. THE
MORE YOU DAMAGE
THE LONGER YOU
DO WITHOUT.

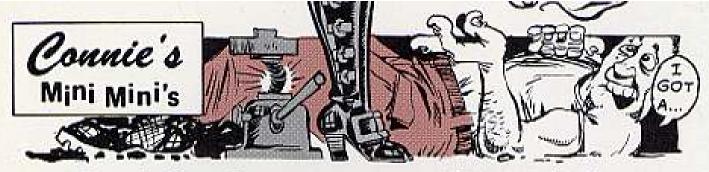
On your DA Form 2402's for DX items be sure to add your IPD in block 4, after the item's FSN.

You don't record DX business on your document register, but you do record it on your record of demands cards.

FILL FOR
THE DX TAG IS
CALLED OUT ON THE
BACK OF THE FORM,
YOU CAN ALSO GET
THE CLUES IN TM 38-750

When you need a DX item and you don't have an unserviceable like item to swap with support, you use a note on the back of your 2765 to explain that the unserviceable item has been accounted for as a loss, or that the stock level for the DX item is new or an increase, whatever the case may be. The CO signs the note.





## For A Bum Steer

You've been given 180 days to get MWO 9-2320-206-30/10 (Jan 71) applied. Failure to apply the MWO can mean that you may lose power steering, which makes it almost impossible to control the 10-ton M123A1C or M123E2 truck. This could mean loss of steering with somebody getting hurt or you could bust-up your truck.

# New Supply JM

Got questions or problems on supply? Grab a copy of TM 10-255 (Oct 70), Unit and Organization Supply. It'll boost your know-how on all phases of supply. It covers everything from the property book to the PLL operation. It also lists scads of related pubs that'll give you added know-how. Order copies on DA Form 17 from St. Louis.

# Drop Your CAOSL

You guys in the active Army can forget about using parts stockage info in your CAOSL, TM 9-2300-223-20P (Jul 65). That stockage list has been superseded by individual PLA sections in track and wheel vehicle parts manuals. The CAOSL will be used for a temporary time by the National Guard, Army Reserves and ILS.

### Caution Label

# WARNING

# DO NOT START VEHICLE WHILE RADIO IS ON

DA LABEL 132, 1 NOV 69

Reminder: If you're after the label that reads "WARNING — DO NOT START VEHICLE WHILE RADIO IS ON," you can get it by firing off a DA Form 17 to your pubs centers. Ask for DA Label 132 (Nov 69), You'll need one per radio-equipped vehicle. The authority is SB 11-624 (Mar 70).

# SB-22 Ground Rod

Been looking for an SB-22/PT switchboard ground rod? FSN 5975-224-5260 will get you the MX-148/G. It's on page 3-40 of SB 700-50 (Jul 69).

# Kit Just Right?

If an aircraft component repair kit does not meet your requirements—too many parts or not enough—for a normal repair, make with an EIR (DA Form 2407) to the U.S. Army Aviation Systems Command. That's the scoop in para 5a of TB 55-1500-315-25 (Dec 70) on repair kits.

Would You Stake Your Life on the Condition of Your Equipment?

