

PEEL AN EYEBALL THISAWAY...

tions these days. Vital, too. -mighty important condi-Unit and materiel readiness

ing about a bag of marbles. you lose. And we're not talk Like, if you're not ready,

It all depends on you.

65 Readiness Report. are effective with the 31 Dec dated 28 Jul 65-and both and AR 750-10, Both AR's are the press revisions of AR 220-1 ness nowadays is the hot-off-The biggest news in readi-

WITH AR 220-1, UNIT READINESS, YOU SHOW THE "WHEELS" THE PICTURE ON BOTH PERSONNEL AND MATERIEL... WHILE AR 750-10, MATERIEL READINESS, PLACES THE EMPHASIS ON EQUIPMENT!



Issue No. 157 1965 Series THE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE MONTHLY IN THIS ISSUE

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the publication of the publication as been approved by tendquarters, begaring to the Army, 18 factury 1985.
DISTRIBUTION: In accordance with requirements submitted on DA Form 12-4.



in the color that cools, or the color that could mark revised AR's are the ones that paint the portrait

the spot where your unready unit went into combat.

connected with readiness, but the two

regulations directly or indirectly

There are other pubs, other

PS Magazine, Post Knos, Ky Sql. Half-Mast.

quarter 1965 Readiness Report. Because it's up to you—at battalion and company level—to get the materiel together for the big picture, the major changes Changes are the reason for the revised AR's, and the changes go in your 4th

to the AR's affect you directly.





2. A way to measure reliability of

on-hand equipment



4. Explanations of how to work up logistic indicators on the Unit Readiness Report (AR 220-

3. Measurement of the materiel readiness of missile systems



 AR 750-10 rescinds AR 750-45 are used to support actions at DoD level and in Congress. to DA level for resolution and Logistics problems cited Statement" in its proper place. and places the "Commander's the Unit Readiness Report go

5. Clarification of formerly con-

mems on loan.

10, such as how to account for fusing areas in the old AR 750-



shortages, limited standard and obsolete items. The Deployability Profile does. that needs attention (either as a local problem or one needing action at a higher away from him . . . not as a disciplinary measure, but as pinpointing an area section on missiles. The Serviceability Profile now does not include property book ability (on-hand equipment) and Deployability (TOE authorized). Plus, a new Now, the Serviceability Profile points the big finger at the local CO . . . or The major changes are the provisions for two unit equipment profiles: Service-

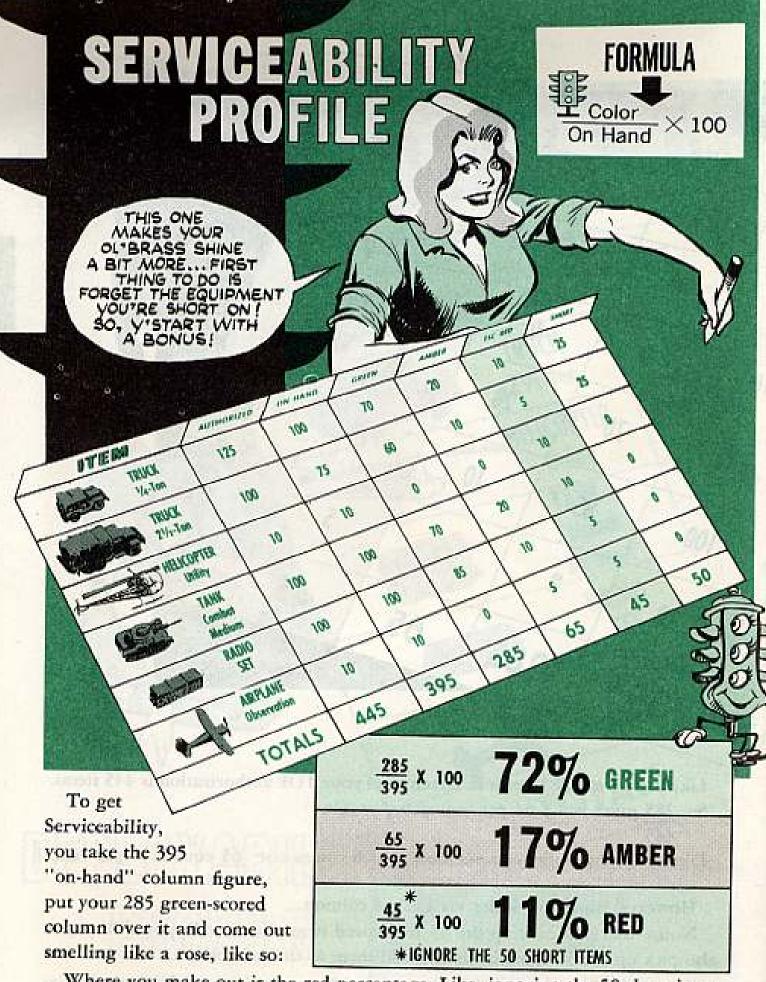
limited standard or obsolete. not explain the healthy percentage of his equipment which was on loan, or short, Way back when, things got tough for a CO with just one profile to explain or

Serviceability and Deployability Profiles. There were long-suffering yelps . . . which resulted in relief by Unit Equipment Getting out of the red with those handicaps was rough . . . if not impossible









Where you make out is the red percentage. Like, ignoring the 50 short items completely, you put your 45 red items over the 395 on-hand items and come out with 11 per cent in the red.

This gives you a six-digit profile of

It gives you an acceptable profile so far as your on-hand equipment is concerned, whereas you'd be skunked out if you were measuring with the old AR 750-10.

Like was hinted before, Serviceability Profiles are a balm to ease your pain. You don't include property book shortages of equipment, and limited standard and obsolete items are not included in the profile. However, if you've loaned out an accountable item and can't get it back within 24 hours, it has to be counted as red and added to your ESC red total.

Deployability, on the other hand, considers all conditions—and measures your materiel readiness condition to be deployed under TOE authorization. Which means all TOE shortages count against your rating, including those items loaned out that you can't get back within 24 hours. Items you have on loan from some other unit cannot be considered as on hand.



Some of the things the new system adds include limited production items, plus Standard A, B, C items as before. And, as before, you can get an amber rating with Standard C—but no higher.

The note in para 6b makes life more bearable, too. It permits a profile on substitute items if there's an existing ESC for the substitute . . . or, if there's no ESC, you use the published ESC of a like item (like, an AN/PRC-8 radio set's ESC for an AN/PRC-8A).





MASS 101

of the AR. prescribed way, as per paras 7 and 8 ice types, profile their equipment in the Non-fire units, such as HQ and serv

numbers in Appendix III of TM 38 primary equipment 600000 line item paras 7 and 8 (and not listed in the Deployability Profile as outlined in the fire unit gets the Unit Equipment per para 9. Conventional equipment of Fire units get the new treatment, as

of Missile System Indicator. explained in para 9b(2), and it goes by the title The new profile is for the entire missile system, as

IT WORKS LIKE SO.

SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILES

IT'S GOTTA BE TO COUNT.

considered as non-operational time. computed. Ten minutes or less downtime is not More than 10 minutes downtime is

time, including computing and tracktional capability of the missiles theming equipment, launchers and operamary equipment and its operational The profile is worked up on the pri-

Systems. Generally, for a Green time rating, the systems Surface-to-Air includes the Nike-Hercules and the Hawl

missiles and launch items must be operational. Tactical items and Target Range Radar. At least half the unit's assigned must be able to go on an available tactical power source. tional missiles. As applicable, it includes Range Only Radar and computer capabilities . . . and capable of launching opera-Fully operational, with 100 per cent acquisition, tracking

FOR AMBER RATINGS (COMPUTED ON TIME)

GET A RED RATING WHEN THEY PAIL TO MEET THE

NIKE-HERCULES

- At least one acquisition capability 100 per cent operational.
- Computing and tracking capability 100 per cent operational
- c. One target tracking capability 100 per cent operational.
- 50 per cent of launchers, launcher con-
- trol and associated materiel operational
- e. 50 per cent of assigned missiles operational and capable of being launched

f. An operational tactical power source

- a. CW acquisition radar 100 per cent opera
- c. One of the illuminators 100 per cent b. Either BCC or AFCC 100 per cent opera-
- operationa
- 50 per cent of launchers and associated material operational.
- e. 50 per cent of assigned missiles of operational and able to be launched on above
- f. An operational tactical power source

system to knock down a target. The necessity is obvious. So, ratings are com-Amber computed ratings, for Nike and Hawk systems, are the minimum requireoperational, thanks to the built-in additional capabilities. The above cited you can knock down a target even though all capabilities are not 100 per cent puted on the whole system, and not just one piece of equipment. Amber means Like you know, there are alternate methods of operating the missile

SURFACE-TO-SURFACE MISSILES

and the Sergeant. You'll get criteria on non-operational time by published DA Message. (It's classified, that's why.) The Surface-to-Surface systems include only the Pershing



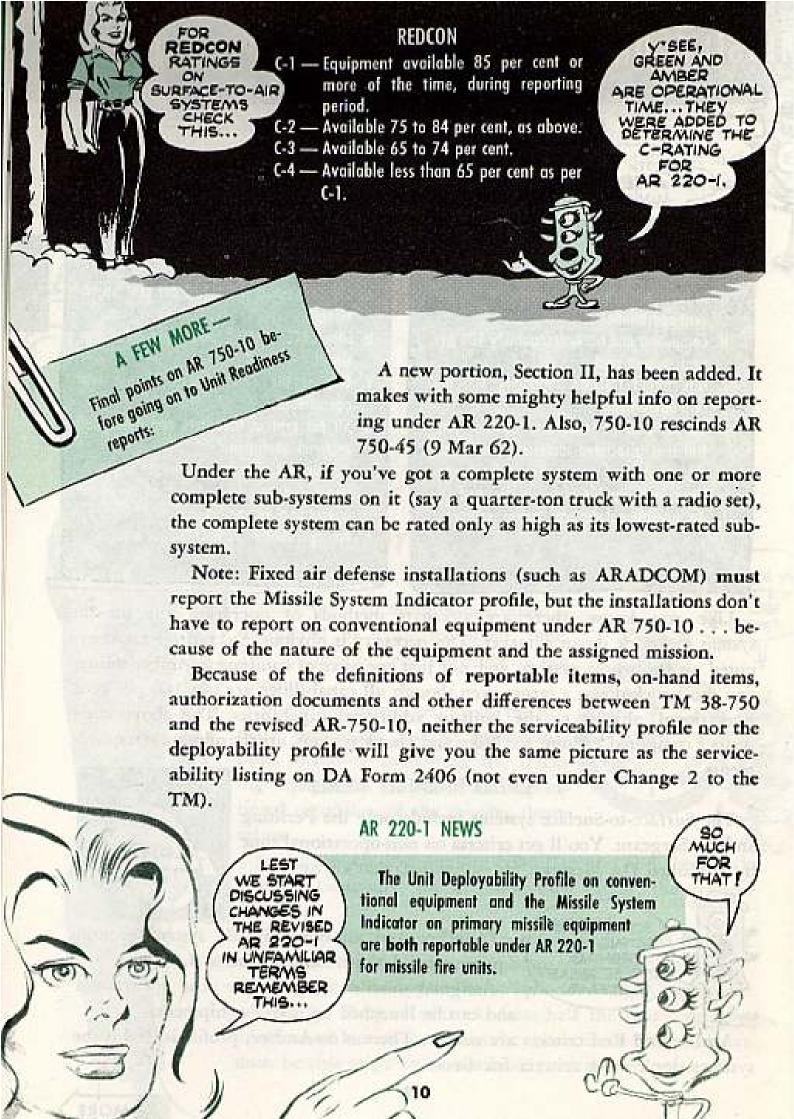
equipment is 100 per cent operational. Launcher and all other missile system ground

and can be launched on above equipment. Assigned missiles are 100 per cent operational

systems don't meet criteria for Green. Amber and Red criteria are simple. There is no Amber, profile is Red if the







One of the first changes you'll find in the revised AR 220-1 is in para 2e. Described there is readiness condition, actual level of readiness of a unit . . . and the clarification that REDCON C-1 is the desired condition for deployment or employment . . . under your new friend, the Deployability Profile.

TO GIVE YOU A FOCUS ON UNIT READINESS REDCON PERCENTAGES, HERE'S A CHART SHOWING MINIMUM UNIT EQUIPMENT PROFILES NECESSARY UNDER AR 220-1, 'NATCH.



Green No Less than	Amber	Red No More Than	RECON C-Rating
70	20	10	i c-1
55	30	15	C-2
40	40	20	C-3
Below 40	Above 40	Above 20	C-4

(Paras 7 and 8 of AR 750-10 show you how to arrive at the above percentages).

To determine your rating, you've got to meet or go over the minimum percentage for Green, and meet or score less than the maximum for Red.

F'rinstance, you can't go below 70 Green and higher than 10 Red and get a C-1.

If you had a 75 Green, 13 Amber and 12 Red, you'd get a C-2. Your 12 Red did you in, since it's 2 more than allowed under C-1.

Clear? Good. Onward . . .

There's a whole new section (para 2f) on Full TOE Strength and Authorized Strength (para 2g) which'll pay you to eyeball. It'll help you to use para 4, on Criteria.

In para 4, it's noted that personnel, equipment and deployment time are the criteria indicators for REDCAT and REDCAPE. Full TOE strengths are the basic standards for TOE units, and authorized strengths are the standard for TD units.

NOTE THIS... AND DIG THAT WORD "COMPANY"! Para 4a now requires that each on-site air defense unit and Special Forces units will be recommended for REDCAT-REDCAPE by individual lettered battery or company.

Previously, Special Forces reported REDCON by Group. It didn't quite give an accurate picture. Company REDCON reporting pinpoints the problem areas and responsibilities.

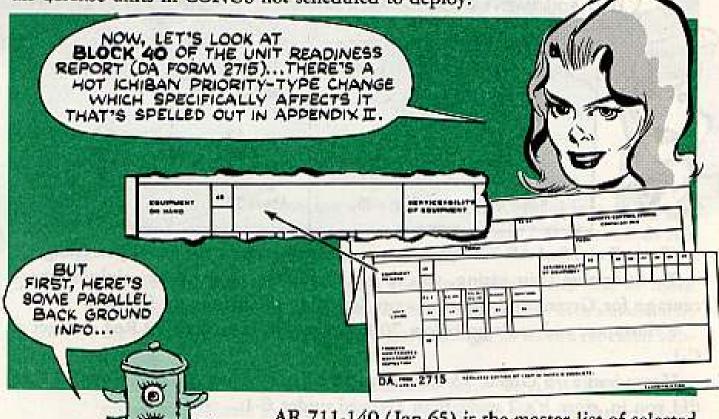
If yours is a medical unit, or your responsibility is a medical unit, flick an eyelash at some new dope which starts at para 4f. It fills you in on determining the REDCON of those units.

MORE

Note 4 of Appendix I, REDCAT and REDCAPE, is a new item which answers an old question or three.

Namely, it says that units with no mission deployment requirement can interpret unit deployment time as the time required for the unit to attain REDCON C-1.

Further, deployment time is not applicable to units already overseas or to air defense units in CONUS not scheduled to deploy.



AR 711-140 (Jan 65) is the master list of selected items which go in the Equipment on Hand block, Block 40, of Form 2715. The AR lists approximately 9,000 items, which, in addition to combat-essential items, include selected items on which management supply data is desired.

Which means, in English, that along with the hard-core mission essential items, many of the 9,000 are relatively unimportant TOE items.

That was a real administrative back-breaker for reporting units . . . and it could possibly distort your outfits' materiel readiness picture regarding "on hand" assets.

Concerning Block 40, or any other appropriate block on the Form 2715, if the reason for a condition is not shown, or the true picture is not shown, feel free to elaborate in the adjoining blank space to the block. That's what the blanks are there for.

WATCH CODE 1

The AR 711-40 list was trimmed to "Shoot, Scoot and Communicate" items, and the 9,000 lines shriveled to about 1,700. The resulting 840 generic items are now the Code 1 items of AR 711-140.

They also are published in DA Cir 711-2 (dated 22 Jul 65).

Purpose of the 840 items, naturally, is to provide a more meaningful basis for computing the "Equipment on Hand" of Block 40, Form 2715.

Footnote g, on Line 7, Appendix II of AR 220-1 steers your attention to this significant change.

Further emphasis for Block 40: Only Standard A, B, C or Limited Production items are counted as "on hand" assets when issued as a substitute for the preferred TOE item.

Developmental items, listed on the TOE but not yet issued, cannot be counted as equipment on hand until the item has been classified as standard.

YOUR PLL COUNTS

Another important change . . . REDCON criteria as listed in Appendix II, Item 10, Unit Loads—and explained in Footnote j of the appendix.

This concerns criteria change for Class II and IV repair parts, in Authorized Stockage Lists (ASL) and Prescribed Load Lists (PLL). It reads like so:

	REDCON C-1	<u>C-2</u>	<u>C-3</u>	<u>C-4</u>
ASL	15 days of supply, or more, on hand	7-14 days of supply on hand	3-6 days of supply on hand	Less than 3 days of supply on hand
PLL	0-10% of authorized line items at zero balance	11-15% of auth- orized line items at zero balance	16-20% of auth- orized line items at zero balance	More than 20% of authorized line items at zero balance

The average of the REDCONs of subordinate units are used to compute the REDCON of divisions and separate brigades under Class II and IV units load PLLs...











BUT A TROPICAL AREA PLATES WHERE YOU CAN

SPOTTED IN THE MESS TENT

TEAR SOME

HERE MAY BE SOME

IS NOT ONE OF THEM.

tance of clean mess gear goes doutrouble. In other words, everything of dirty mess gear, you could be in but if it gets to your mouth by way one on it before you gulp it down, ble in the tropics. You can't be too you've learned about the impor-Your chow might not have germ

don't let any food or water pass cerns food and drink. You just

The first law of survival

your lips unless you know the stuff

PUNGUS



somewhere along the line, see your he says -down to the letter. friendly medic. Go along with what If you should pick up a fungus

familiar with.

a real wet area needs to get Here're pubs anybody in

0

FM Care and use of 21-15 individual clothing

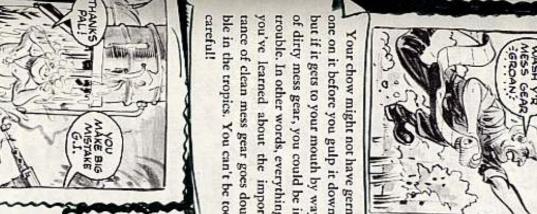
and equipment [Aus



air can get through to you. And the clothing has to be loose so that bugs, thorns and the like from your skin Wear only enough clothing to keep

of you where the sweat flows the often as you can, hitting the parts

with soap and say hello to water as



TR ENG Field trepicalization measures for engi-neer material (Feb 45) hour on the hour, but shake hands You can't take a shower every

IB QM Clething, equipment

(Sep 640.

supported texts Pole and frame Lag 62)

Jungle operations

and rations for use

in jungle (Aug 61).

able for field use for electronic Painting and preservation supplies avail-

equipment (Feb 64)

serving electronic communication equipo

Field instructions for painting and pre-

ment (Feb 64).

materials, supplies and equipment used

Preservation, Packaging and packing

by the Army (Aug 64)

TERMONAL

EOGIPMENT NANTENANCE TO AN INCIDENT

rid of mildew, dirt and whatnot. Folwarm soapy water (mild soap) to get bags and packs are washed in a pail of WIB EQUIPMENT Web gear, canvas



and rips pronto.

they're wet or damp . . . and repair holes can . . . don't put them away while

Let the sun and air at them all you

of treatment.

Mosquito netting gets the same kind

PONCHOS Get to rips and tears when

the shade or indoors to dry, pull it Before hanging web equipment in





Don't mess with it unless you're usin'



low with a clear-water rinse,

and trousers in soap and warm mater.

1 15 TH' BEST I) THIS CREEK Wash things like shirts

CLOTHING



mild soap and water, followed by a they show up. Clean your poncho with

thorough rinsing. Dry it away from

direct heat.

pair or replacement. Don't fool with it. can't fix wants to be turned in for re-Damaged web equipment that you

Soapy water is what you use, but keep with your socks, at least once a day.

insoles used inside your boots, along

Wash the ventilating

the insoles away from intense heat.





shoe polish or near's foot oil

Once the leather is dry, rub in some

or dim sunlight—nothing stronger

leather and canvas get dried in the shade

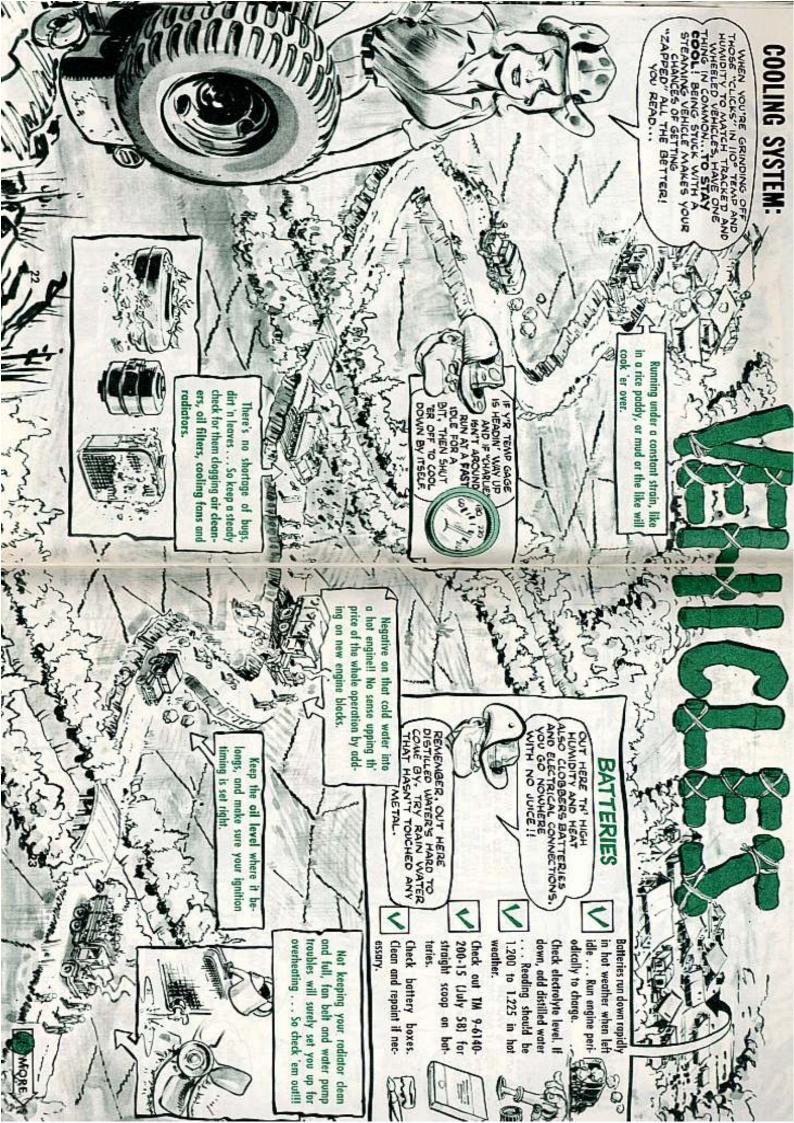
Boots made of

used for the final cleaning.

off boots as soon as possible, with water

Mud wants to be scraped











Be sure power cable connectors components are tight . . .

If potting compound is cracking, holler for support.

Some electronic gear looks alike. Check your TM just to be sure. Especially when you dean . . .





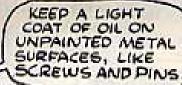
ELECTRONIC GEAR FIGHTS DAMPNESS WITH THE GENERATES. GOOD THING REMEMBER

Dry cells got it rough in hot weather — even when being used ... So store 'em where it's cool and dry . . . Unpack only when you are gonna use 'em.

OPTICAL GEAR

If any fungus gets to scopes, rangefinders or binoculars . . . f'r gosh sakes, don't play with 'em, let support handle the job.





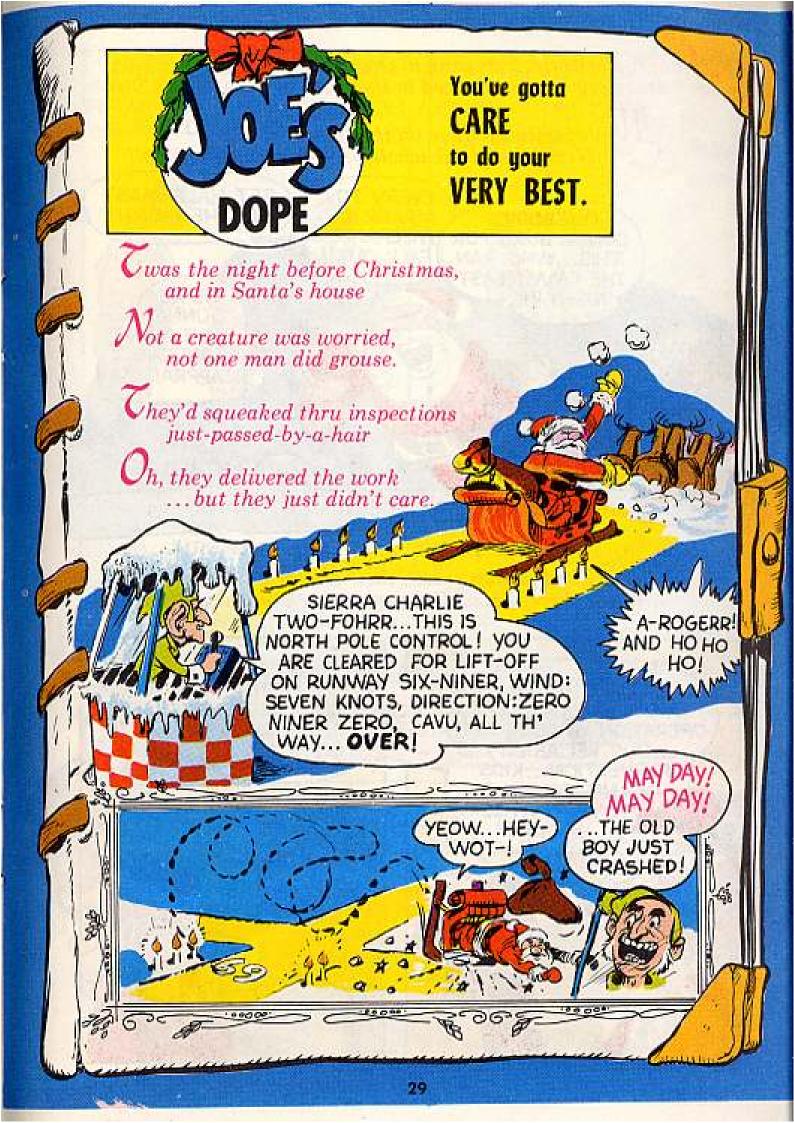
And remember that direct rays of the sun are rough on optical gear, with rubber eyeshields taking a beating from that hot ball in the sky.



What you do to get rid of rot, mildew, corrosion and other junk is pretty much the same for an aircraft as for other equipment. It's doubly important that you do a good job on aircraft, though, because you don't get a second chance to repair something like a control cable that lets go because of rust-not when you're 500 feet up, that is.

You have rainy spells when things won't dry out . . . and even with the sun shining, you need a little heat to dry things like leather boots (if you're in a hurry), leather camera cases and optical instruments, or maybe protect electrical or electronic equipment during a siege of high humidity. The answer is what you might call a dryer, dry locker or drying cabinet.

The dryer can be something as simple as a packing box and a 40-watt bulb. Or you can "move up" to a cabinet with such things as shelves and ventilating holes.



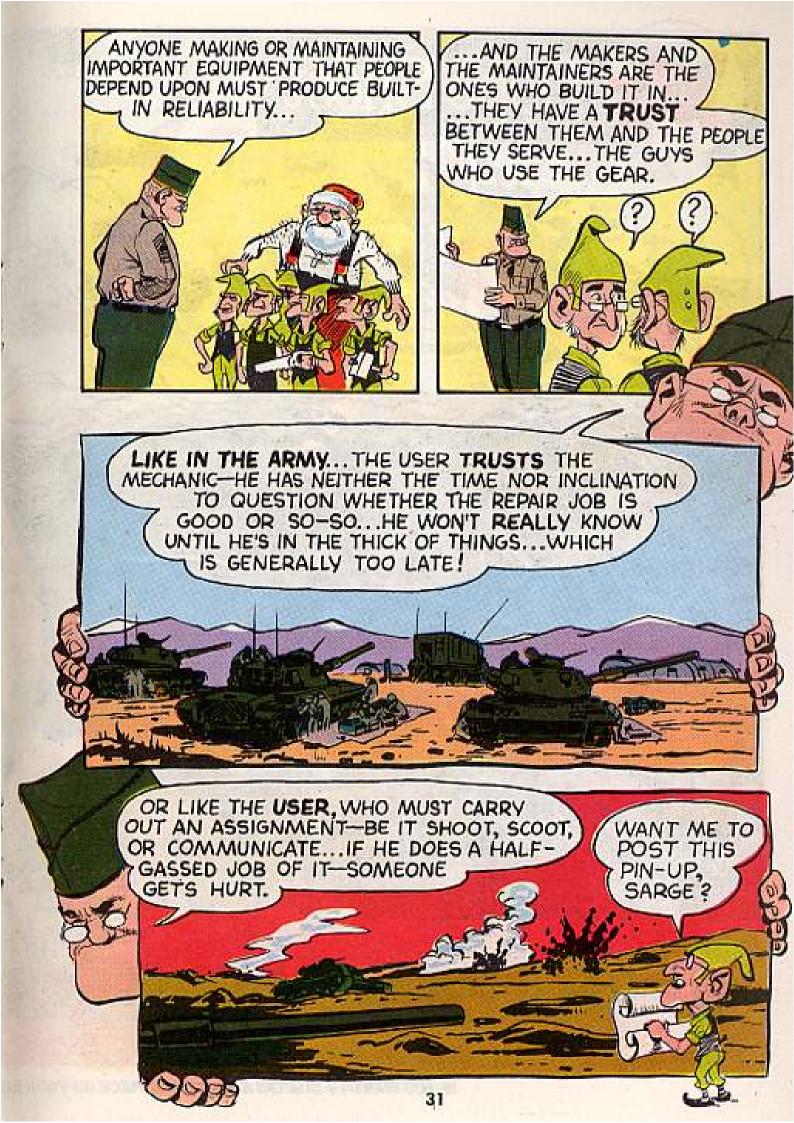
All over the world, kids snug in their beds, whilst dreams of big loot danced in their heads;

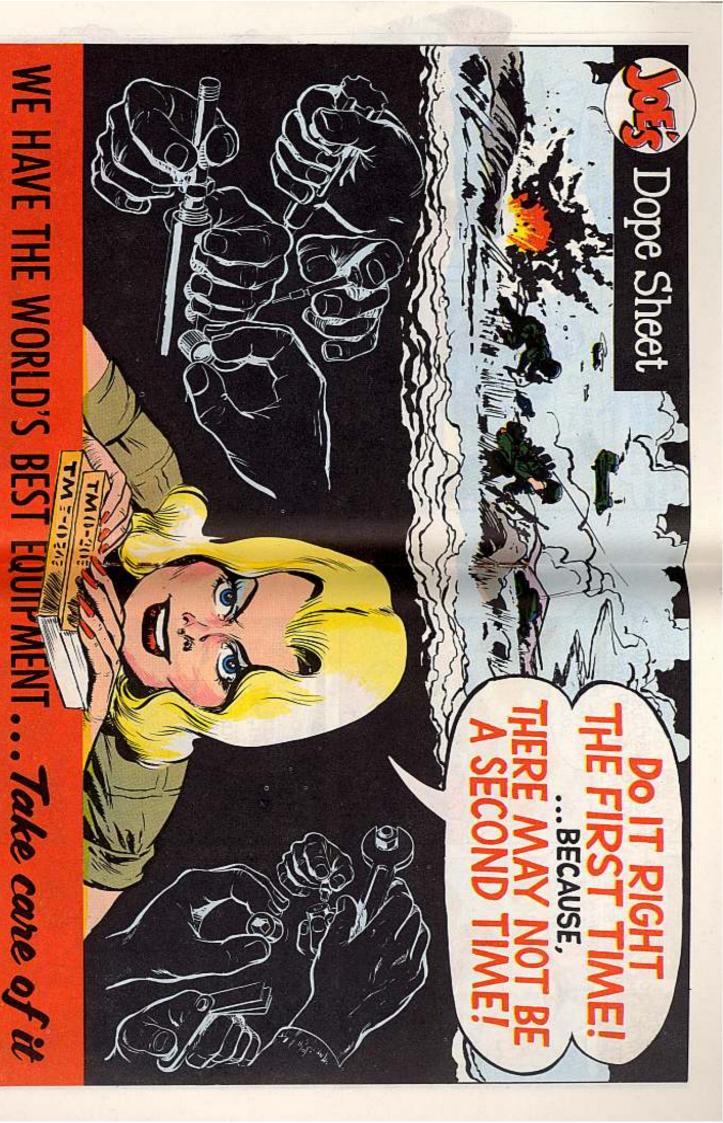
While Santa up there on that polar ice cap Near blowed the whole bit—in a singular flap!!



So hardly had phones ceased their of clatter When there was of Sarge—to check on the matter.







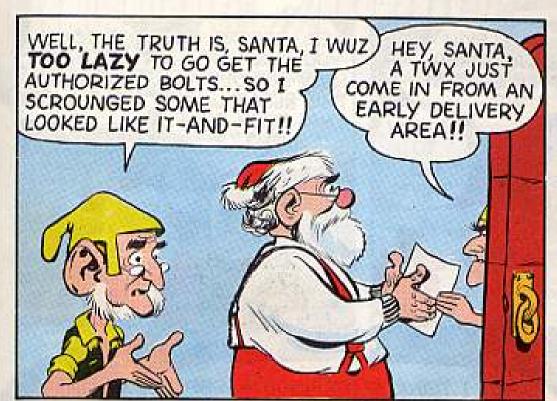
IF YOU WANT TO DISPLAY THIS CENTERPIECE ON YOUR BULLETIN BOARD, OPEN STAPLES, LIFT IT OUT AND PIN IT UP.









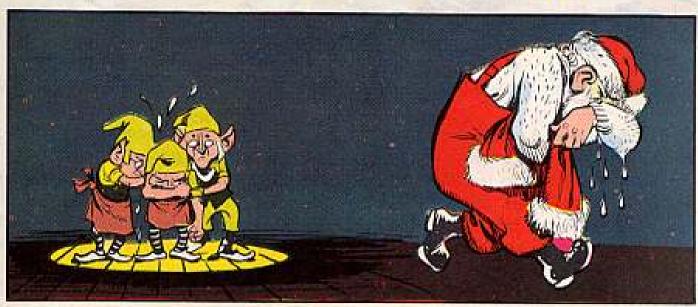






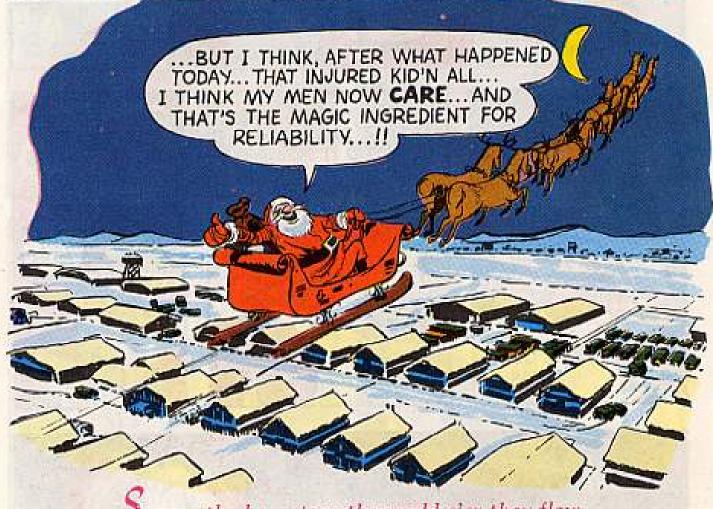








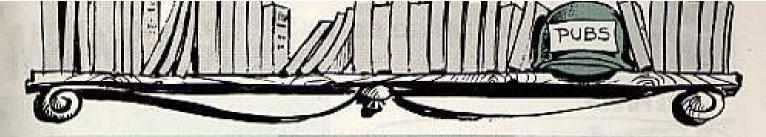




So over the housetops the world-o'er they flew With a sleighful of toys and St. Nicholas too...

And fast as a twinkling from roof-top to roof Distributing toys that had nary a goof

Some heard him exclaim as he drove out of sight, "Merry Christmas to all, and let's ALL DO IT RIGHT (THE FIRST TIME)



A selected list of recent publications of interest to Organizational Maintenance Personnel. This is a list commited from recent Adjutant General's Distribution Center Bulletins. For complete details see DA Pam 310.4 with latest changes.

TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 5-2805-203-24P, Jul, Eng. Gas. 6 HF, MII SIG 4A032-1 TM 5-2805-213-24P, Jul, Eng. Gos. 14 HP Mil Sid A042 Used on Truck, Vy Ton, M284A2. TM 5-3431-215-25P, Aug. Walding Mach, Arc, Generator, 300 AMP, Libbey Welding Co, LES 300. TM 5-4120-204-25P, Aug. Organizational, Nike-Herc, Nike-Herc (Imp). TM 5-6675-240-15, Jul, Baltery Power Supply: Night Illuminated Surveying instruments. TM 9-1005-222-12P/2, Aug. .30-col rifle, M1. TM 9-1400-250-15/2, Jul. Organizalional, Nike-Herc, Nike-Herc, (Imp). TM 9-1400-500-25P, Aug. Organizational, Howk. TM 9-1410-375-15P/2/2, Aug. Organizational, Pershing. TM 9-1430-253-12P/1/1, Aug. Organizational, Nike-Herc (Imp). TM 9-1430-501-15P/2, Jul. Organizational, Howk. TM 9-1430-502-15P/2, Jul. Organizational, Hawk TM 9-1430-503-15P/2, Jul. Organizational, Hawk TM 9-1430-512-15P/2, Jul. Organizational, Hawk. TM 9-1440-250-15P/3/1, Jul. Organizational, Nike-Hers, Nike-Hers, (Imp). TM 9-1440-375-12P/1, Jul, Organizational, Pershing. TM 9-1440-500-20, Jul. Organizational, Howk. TM 9-2300-223-20P, Jul. MPLL. TM 9-2350-201-ESC, Jun. M41-series TM 9-2350-222-10, Avg. Vehicle,

Combat Engineer, T118E1 W/E (2350-795-1797). TM 9-7022, C11, Aug, M48A2 Took. TM 9-8140-375-12P/1, Jul. Organizational, Pershing. TM 10-500-105, Jul, Airdrep of Supplies and Equip. TM 10-1113, Jul, Pel. Tank, Vehicle TM 10-1670-206-23P, Jul, Parachute, Parsonnel and Ejection Seat Drovge TM 10-1670-217-23P, Jul, Parachute. OA-2343/USD-1, drone recovery 144-ft. dia. TM 11-5820-203-15, Jul, Radio Repater Set. AN/MRC-54 (v). TM 11-3850-203-ESC, Aug (U), Organizational, OV-1C. TM 11-6130-246-25P, Aug. Repair parts, seedal tool lists power supply PP-1104C/G. TM 55-1510-202-ESC, Aug. (O-1A). TM 55-1510-202-20P, CJ, Avg. CO-LAI. TM 55-1510-203-10-CL Jul. (U-6). TM 55-1510-203-20P, C3, (U-6). TM 55-1510-203-20PMD, Jul, (U-6). TM 55-1510-203-20PMI, Jul, (U-6). TM 55-1510-203-20PMP, Jul. (U-6). TM 55-1510-206-20 PMD, Jul. (CV-2). TM 55-1520-202-20, C7, Jul, (CH-34) TM 55-1520-203-10-CL, Jun. (CH-37). TM 55-1520-203-20P, C3, Aug, (CH-37). TM 55-1520-204-20PMP, Jun. (OH-13) TM 55-1520-206-20PMP, Jun, (OH-23) TM 55-1520-209-10CL, Aug. (CH-47). TM 55-1520-211-10, Jul, (UH-1). TM 55-1520-211-10, Cl, Aug. (UH-1): TM 55-1520-211-10, C2, Sep. (UH-1). TM 55-1520-211-10CL, CJ, Aug. CLUBS 11.

TECHNICAL BULLETINS

TB 9-1400-299-10/1, Aug, Missile and

Rocket System Equip Improvement Report and Maint Digest.

TB 9-1400-324-10, Aug. Missile and Rocket Systems Equip Improvement Report and Maint Digest.

TB 9-1400-399-10, Aug. Missile and Rocket Systems Equip Improvement Report and Maint Digest.

TB 9-2300-274-20, Jun. Tank, M48, M67, M60 and M103 and series tanks. Instit of Lockwasher on Tk threaded and Connector Bolt.

TB AVN 10, C1, Jul, Aircraft first old

TB 55-1510-204-10/2, Sep. (OV-1) AO-1.

TB 55-1510-204-30/1, Sep. (OV-1). TB 55-1520-204-30/2, C1, Aug. (OH-13).

TB 55-1520-209-20/10, Sep. (CH-47).

MODIFICATION WORK ORDERS

MWO 9-1410-250-20/12, Sep. Organizational, Nike-Herr, Nike-Herr, (Imp).
MWO 9-2300-224-20/16, Aug.
Pershing
MWO 10-1670-207-20/1, Aug. Exponder Assy, Aerial Delay, Energy Dissipating Pad.

Listed here are alder publications that are freshly available as a result of reprinting. Order capies on DA Form 17.

MISCELLANEOUS

LO 5-2410-209-12-1, Aug. Troctor, Full Trocked, Low Speed: Diesel Eng.; Allis-Cholmers HD16M. LO 5-2410-209-12-2, Aug. Troctor, Full Trocked, Low Speed: Diesel Eng.; Allis-Cholmers HD16M. LO 9-1440-301-12, Jul.; Organizational, Sergeant. LO 9-2320-213-12, Aug. TK, plot, utility M274A1.

A Complete Bird Book

Air types should take a peek at AR 750-1500-2 (13 Sep 65) on technical pubs for aircraft files to find out what's in a "complete" on-board log book. Included is the Equipment Serviceability Criteria Sheets, Daily, Intermediate and Periodic PM Checklists and DA Forms 2408, 2408-3, -12, -13, -14, -18.

A Classy Number

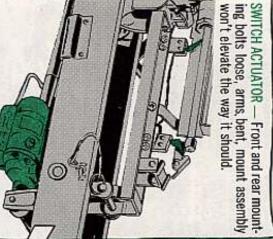
A slipped digit'll have you in a bind when you're trying to latch onto a fixed paper dielectric capacitor for your Hol-Gar Model CE 106AC/WK9 gasoline engine generator set. So, use FSN 5910-076-1838 to straighten 'er out instead of FSN 5960-076-1838 which is listed in TM5-6115-269-20P (Sep 64).



M2 (TWIN 60C) SUBSYSTEM

or get 'em fixed right off. fouled-up conditions and either fix 'em Keep an eye peeled for the following

DEFLECTOR ASSEMBLY - Missing, loose.



arms/safe switches on late production switch actuator arms which work the especially when you're installing the working around 'em, so be real alert . . . by MWO 9-1005-247-30/1 (20 Jul M2's . . . or ones that've been doctored machine gun mount. sleeve or get bent easy while you're 65). These arms can get caught in your You want to be real careful of the

mucho needed to keep spent cartridges you've got a job to do. This deflector's your bird came back from the shop missto the M2 (twin M60C) subsystem but OH-23 from the XM1E1 (twin 30-cal) and links from banging up the bird. ing a deflector on the left-side mount, If support converted your OH-13 or

39



So, here's what you do: Requisition the deflector under FSN 1005-952-3259 through regular channels, citing Change 1 (Sep 64) to your TM 9-1005-247-12 as your authority.

Then install it yourself . . . just screw it in place on the subsystem adapter. Para 51b(3) and (4) and fig 37 of your basic TM will guide you.

Somehow or t'other, the deflector was skipped when they put together MWO 9-1005-240-30/2 (7 Aug 64). The revised MWO'll pick it up, of course, but in the meantime...



Some dinky dow might use it for a step . . . besides, it'll get rusty.



Late model M2 subsystem's mounted on OH-13's and OH-23's have a new type bottle with a filling valve separate from the outlet assembly. If you come across one of these, you'll need a connector swivel (FSN 1010-806-1248 — P/N 8430027) and adapter (FSN 4730-289-0360 — P/N AN 816-4-4S) to replace the coupling on the regulator charger you already have in order to charge the new bottle. Requisition these parts through normal supply channels.

GUN REMOVAL —

Always remember to disconnect the solenoid cable from the mount first before you remove the gun from the mount. Y'd be surprised how often some guys'll just pick up the gun and start walking off—cables and plugs and solenoids take an awful beating this way.

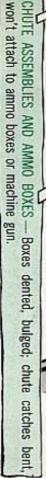


LOADING

Improper loading and linking of ammo can ruin more missions than anything else. There're no shortcuts on this deal. Stick to the routine in para 18 of your -12 TM. Especially, don't step on the links to get 'em on. You're stepping into a heap of trouble if you do.

DRY-FIRING _

It's great to be able to function your weapon without climbing in the ship by pressing this solenoid on the actuator assembly, but f goshsakes, be mighty sure you never do this with the barrel out. The barrel's got to be in—or you'll do boo-coo damage to the weapon's innards.



00

Any dent or bulge that can't be fixed means you'd better replace the box pronto. Otherwise, your M60C's gonna end up with double feed . . . which means lean pickings for the co-pilot.





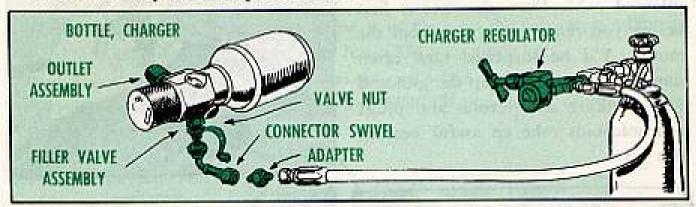


ADAPTER

CONNECTOR

NEW TYPE CHARGER BOTTLE

Here's the way the new pieces of the charger bottle fit together:



After it's installed, you open and close the filling valve assembly by loosening or tightening the valve nut, turning to the left to loosen it and to the right to tighten it.

Keep the quick-break coupling from the old bottle just in case you'll need it some time.

O'course, you fill the new bottle the same way as the old, following the poop in para 47 of your -12 TM.

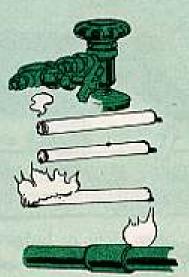
Incidentally, the pub says use only nitrogen in these bottles, but in the land of the rice paddy this may be a hard order to fill. A lot of guys use compressed air. No sweat. BUT, don't ever use anything except nitrogen or compressed air. Get it?

You'll also notice that the TM lays it on real heavy about not trusting markings or cylinder sizes or shapes or anything else when you're trying to find a container with nitrogen in it. Sure the FSN's 6830-264-9088, but somebody could've goofed.

Play it safe all the way. No matter what the markings say — or what anybody else tells you — check the contents of every cylinder before you start using it.

Here're a couple of simple tests you can make — after you move the cylinder away from ammo, fuels and other stuff that'll burn. A cigarette or splinter's all you need to make these tests.

Here's what's in the	cylinder If this happens:
Carbon dioxide	Cylinder valve turns white or gets very cold.
Nitrogen	Cigarette or splinter glows slightly at first, then goes out.
Helium	
Oxygen	
Hydrogen	Escaping gas ignites and burns with a blue or colorless flame.
Acetylene	The threads on the cylinder won't fit your reg- ulator gage anyway, so don't fuss around any further.



Here're a couple other tips on the charger system:

Any time you have to remove the hose from the charger bottle, first turn off the charger bottle valve. Then put a piece of tape over the loose end of the hose to keep dust and dirt out. Or, if you remove the hose from the charger assembly end, put tape over the charger valve. If dirt gets in the hose and works its way into the valves or charger system, your M60C's in for a hard time.

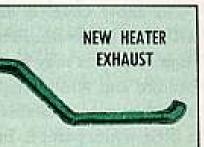


MUZZLE BLAST SHIELD — Cross-recess screws loose, missing; shield bent.

If your ship has 'em, fine, OK, make sure they're in good condition. However, if your ship doesn't have 'em, don't give 'em a second thought. The shields were authorized under the original MWO 55-1520-204-34/8 (1 Aug 62) but were not even mentioned in the 11 July 1963 revision of the MWO. Shields are not in the supply system and can't be requisitioned, but any unit that feels a need for 'em can go ahead and make 'em locally.

HEATER EXHAUST — Blasts hot breath on machine gun's receiver and ammo.

If the heater exhaust's facing this way, get support to replace it with the new type. It answers to FSN 1560-868-1069 . . . P/N 25063.



ELECTRICAL CABLE PLUGS — Pins dirty, bent, wrong plug; adapter missing.

If your Sioux's M1E1 or M2 kit "C" has a 5-pin plug, and the internal kit "A" has been wired according to MWO 55-1520-204-34/22 (19 Jan 65), you'll need an adapter to connect it up to the

M60C gun's 14-pin system. Ask for adapter, electrical connector (11010073 . . . FSN 1005-013-7157) and you're still in business.





too, by directing all the heat at engines, panels while you're servicing the airbatteries, oil sumps and instrument vidual spots will speed up preheating, For Beavers (U-6A) and larger air-

craft, you can combine cargo chutes

with the issue maintenance shelter tent

a good job of hiding birds from nosy sky riders. To tabs when you're wrapping nylon around those rotor Just be sure you don't accidentally bend the trim the camouflage materials shown in FM 5-22 (Jan 56). camouflage the Sioux (OH-13), Raven (OH-23) or more chutes . . . or mix 'em together with some of these chutes. For larger aircraft, just keep on adding Bird Dog (O-1), you only need a couple-three of Salvage camouflage-painted cargo chutes can do chute extension can be spread over the wing tips and tail section. Then weight under the canvas of the tent and the with the FM antenna removed, will fit tent frame. The nose of the aircraft, the nylon to the peg at the top of the by pushing the flaps aside and tacking

overlap several salvage chutes so as to

cover the entire aircraft. In order to

even larger starched wings - like the

tail assembly. But if you're working on to take care of the bigger fuselage and (U-1A), except that you add more nylon

Mohawk (OV-1) or Caribou (CV-2),

frame a few feet off the ground to clear craft, you'd have to raise the metal use the maintenance tent for these airthe nose assembly.

this engine area compartment work flage, you can fabricate something like 21) outfit. shelter made up by this Shawnee (CHand cold is more important than camou-Where protection from wind, rain

FABRICATED FROM SALVAGE TENT

sides to attach the shelter to the fuseengine area of the ship. A 10-in overlap of the fuselage belly surrounding the a piece of salvage tent to fit the contour lage. A zipper was left intact for a rear Dzus fastener flaps were sewed on both order to form a snow anchor over it. was allowed to drape on the ground in entrance. It was made in a day by cutting open

anchor the chute against the wind. of oil, or something even heavier, to down the chute with five-gallon buckets

The same setup will cover the Otter

shelter material the Army issues you. with the camouflage and maintenance time to chute your aircraft. is: When somebody shoots at you, it's Another thought to keep in mind here These fixes will CYA in combination a little white paint to bust up the strips. all-white cargo chutes better for camouall-whites are available . . . and slap on orange and white striped variety if no flage. But you may be forced to use the In snow covered areas, you'll find

at the bottom for a snow anchor - unless you prefer to weight it down with to the fuselage and leave a little slack serve as maintenance shelters in cold together, camouflage covers can also weather areas. Just tie the chute directly Since snow and low temperatures go

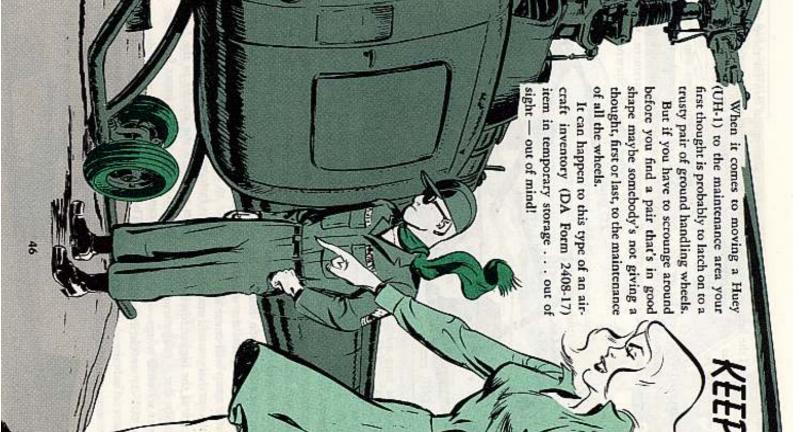
> and you've got a perfect windbreak. tool chests, ammo boxes or et ceteras -

blades - or damage any antennas.

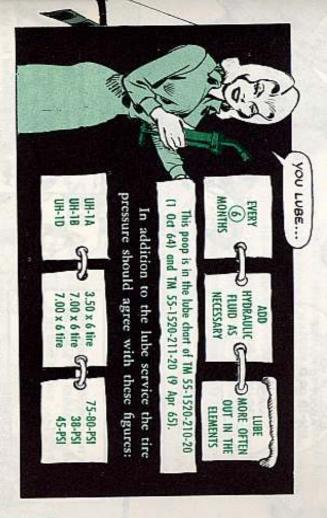
enough to allow you to work under it peratures. After all, you can't safety heater and that shelter becomes warm in a T-shirt, even during sub-zero tem-Shove in ducting from a portable



and a chill wind to cool your morale. Concentrating the heater ducts at indian aircraft with baseball bats for ingers



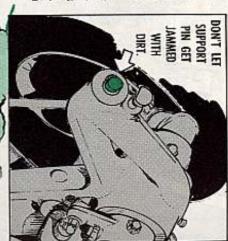
KEEP 'EM ROLLING!



That's about all the preventive maintenance the wheels need to be kept in the pink. But there's another mighty important angle to keep in mind. Proper use — not abuse — of the wheels.

Like — you don't want to let the axle drop so that the support pin and spring get jammed with dirt, or, you don't want to leave the wheels out in the weather so rust takes over and jams up the works.

After all, when a wheel is put on the landing skid you want the spring-loaded locking pin to pop out. It has to be flush with the skid anchoring hole. A slip of the ship could be rough on the toes!

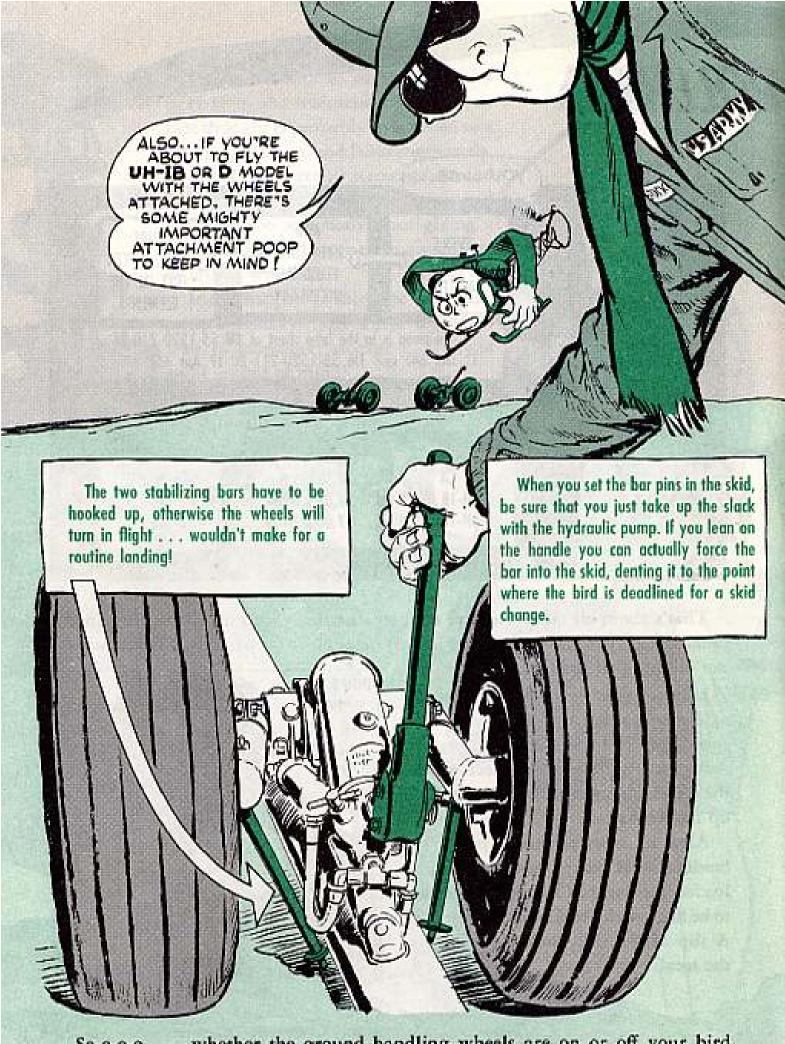




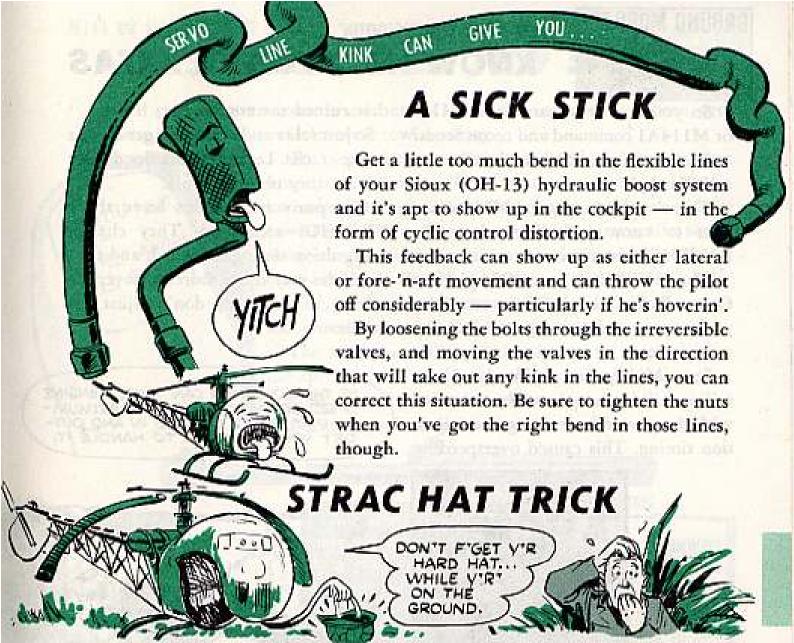
出して人のとなるとしていると

SOUTH

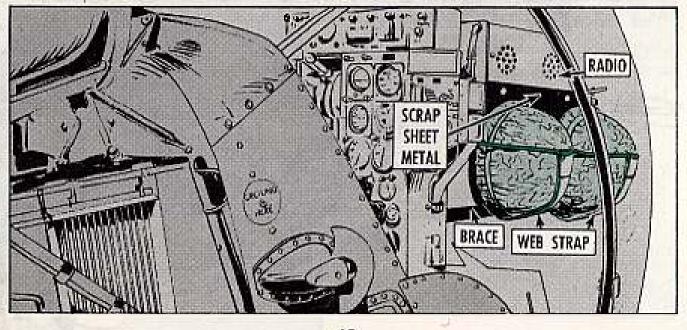
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So-o-o-o . . . whether the ground handling wheels are on or off your bird, remember to keep 'em rolling, via the preventive maintenance route.



Sioux (OH-13) cockpit space has never allowed for anything more than room enough to put your feet down. So STRAC types have a choice of holding their combat helmets in their laps while wearing the flight hardhat or . . . whomping up a STRAC fix like this after asking permission from Big Six.



TO KEEP YOUR SCOUT SCOOTIN'

KNOW THE KYCPHOI AREAS

or M114A1 command and recon Scout? So you're a crewman on an M114

self "Lucky!" Well, pat your back and call your-

KYCPHOI areas are. man to know including where the There's a lot for a good M114 crew-

you let your unit or support mechanics worry about. Cotton Pickin' Hands Off It) are places The KYCPHOI areas (Keep Your

tion timing. This caused overspeeding with the governor or changed the ignifailing just because crewmen tampered Some M114-series engines have been

that ruined the engine.

in the cracks. Let the mechanics do this job . . . they need the work. So just relax and you won't get caught

governor. works . . . but they don't adjust the check the way the carburctor governor KYCPHOI areas, too. They change the ignition timing if needed, and they Company mechanics have their

IF THE GOVERNOR CAN'T KEEP ENGINE SPEED BECOW 4600-RPM MAXIMUM OR IF IT KEEPS CUTTING IN AND OUT-GET YOUR SUPPORT TO HANDLE IT.

A GO SLOW

FIRST KNOW THEN TOW SLOW

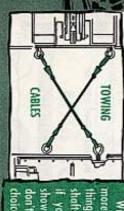
M114 OR M114A1 SCOUT

ting busted because the vehicles were towed wrong. Geared steer units on some brand new M114 series vehicles have been get-



towed vehicle won't fire up within a quarter-mile, someand not a foot more. If you're trying to tow-start and the know how far to tow. This distance is a quarter of a mile getting her home, don't tow over a quarter-mile unless thing else is wrong so call loud and clear for your comthe axic shafts are pulled first. pany mechanic. If your M114 is broken down and you're To keep your geared steer in good health you gotta

around or crud getting into them. Also, he will use tape or rags to plug both hub holes to keep dirt and stuff out the splined ends are protected by tape against banging The mechanic will pull the shafts and see to it that



유 HANDS

AND

DISTRIBUTOR

GOVERNOR

KEEP

CREWMEN

YOUR

don't go over 2 MPH. If you got shows you on page 39 of your -10 more than a quarter-mile but another thing you gotta know With both shafts out you can tow kes. So-0-0-0,

choice it's better to use a tow bar 1911 E USE TOW BAR BETTER

shaft cover and hub mating sursprocket hub. This scaler is listed at least he'll make sure the axle 65). If he can't get this compound, on page 70 of FSC C8000-IL (Apr around the flange area on the compound, FSN 8030-656-1426, spread a thin coating of scaling the axle shafts after towing he'll faces are clean When the mechanic puts back

110 to 120 pounds-feet.

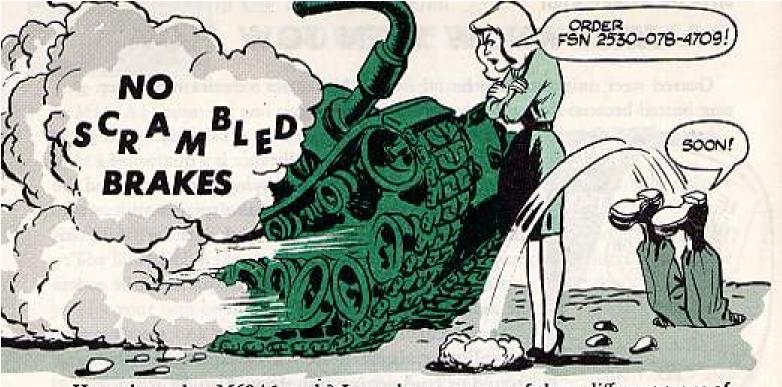
time until he gets a final tightness of tightening up cach screw a little at a get a snug fit and then cross-tighten, screws on each axle shaft cover, he'll

When the mechanic installs the eight



5

50



How about that M60A1 tank? It can have any one of three different types of brake slave cylinders.

All three types work differently so you have to replace 'em in pairs.

What else is to know?

How to tell 'em apart so you won't scramble the different breeds which are -

- 1. FSN 2530-888-9406 (10911967), listed in the old -20P but not issued now for the M60A1. So color it scratched out.
- 2. FSN 2530-974-9674 and
- 3. FSN 2530-078-4709, listed on page 2-163 of TM 9-2350-215-20P (Jan 65).

You can't tell these two apart by the cylinder housing because they both have the same one, marked 10916168. In fact, they are identical except that 3. has a bigger spring than 2. The 3. brake cylinders were put in all M60A1's with serial number 2988 and higher.

For replacement cylinders order the 3.'s and put 'em on in pairs only.

If you need a repair kit, your direct support can order FSN 2530-866-9387 (5703516). This kit includes the bigger spring and you use it on either the 2. or 3. cylinders.

If you notice a loss of brake fluid in the master cylinder and you can't find



THE NO. 2 SPRING IS 834-IN LONG AND THE NO. 3 SPRING IS 91/2-IN LONG.

any leak in that area, possibly the leak is at your slave cylinders. You can check by taking out the plug in the bottom of the brake housing attached to each side of the transmission, like it says in TM 9-2350-215-20 (Feb 65) on page 2-312.



Any tow bar clevises missing from your M88 tank recovery vehicle's OEM? You should have two sets aboard — one that'll hook your tow bar to tanktype track vehicles, and another for vehicles like the M113 and M114.

The tow bar clevises are shown on page 134 (item 13) of TM 9-2320-222-10 (Nov 60). If you need any replacements order 'em like this . . .

	HEAVY DI	ידוו	HORSE ASSESS OF MEDIUM DUTY		
Clevis		FSN 2540-589-6391	Clevis		FSN 2540-863-3153
Clevis Pin		FSN 5315-200-8376	Clevis Pin		OPN 10894254
Clip, Pin locking	~	FSN 5315-708-7811	Clip, Pin locking	~	OPN 7752864

M116 TORSION BAR TERMS



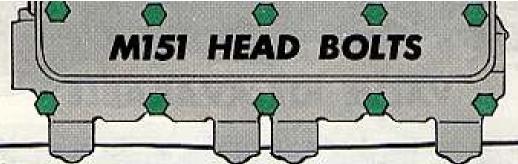
You all twisted up trying to get the right FSN's to order torsion bars for your M116 cargo carrier?

Well, relax in the flax . . . the numbers are:

FSN 2530-060-1123, torsion bar, suspension, left hand (10914917)
FSN 2530-060-1124, torsion bar, suspension, right hand (10914918)

You might want to remember these numbers for page 95 of your TM 9-2320-223-20P (Jul 62).





Dear Half-Mast,

What gives with these M151 1/4-ton truck headbolts? When tightening down on the bolts after replacing a head gasket, I find the threads stripping on the No. 1 and 2 center bolts. They can't take the 60-65 lbs-ft torque called out in TM 9-2320-218-20.

How can I keep 'em from stripping?

SFC J. L. M.

Dear Sergeant J. L. M.,

You need new headbolts.

Those old brassy colored bolts can't stand the gaff. For this reason, a stronger bolt using the same FSN (5306-088-8091) is being issued for the job.



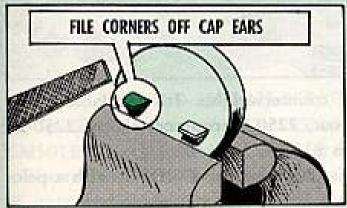
You'll be able to spot the new headbolt because of its darker (blackish) color and larger and thicker head.

This new headbolt can take the 60-65 lb-ft torque that's needed. When installing this new bolt put it on minus the washer.

Half-Mast

GRABBY GAS CAP

A few swipes with a file will take the sharp corners off your M151 1/4-ton truck's gas cap ears. Then you can slide out without leavin' part of your britches and maybe part of something else—behind.



You don't have to file those tabs clean off the cap — just enough to dull 'em. Cut down to about \%-inch high with about \%-inch off the corners, and round 'em.

It's best to hold the cap in a vise when you're workin' on it so you only hit what you want to hit.

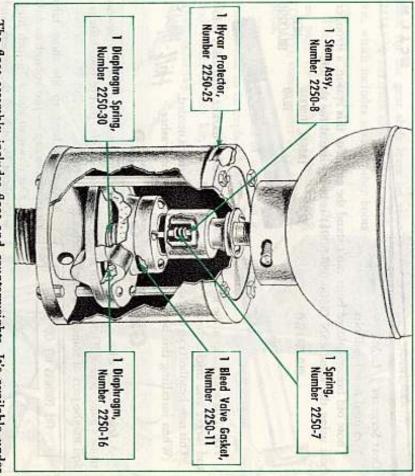
Then, how you position the cap on the tank opening makes a difference, too, in how grabby it is.



SEGREGATOR SEAL

Need replacement parts for the automatic dump valve in your M49C tank truck's fuel segregator? They're making their way into the supply system but they're not there yet. Meanwhile, there's a commercial kit you can get.

It can be bought from the Warner Lewis Company, Box 3096, Tulsa, Oklahoma under Warner Lewis Number 2250-K. It's priced at \$12.32 (FOB Tulsa, Oklahoma) and contains the following parts:



The float assembly includes float and counterweights. It's available under Warner Lewis Part Numbers 2250-1 float, 2250-27 counterweights, 2250-23 screw and 2250-31 set screw. The price is \$39.75.

The complete automatic dump valve is Part Number EWDV-a with a price tag of \$68.85.

Your support supply people can purchase the items under AR 715-30. This AR authorizes them to buy civilian type off-the-shelf items.





Page 233 in TM 9-2300-223-20P (Oct 64) lists starter FSN 2920-860-2353 for the G742-series trucks. This FSN is only for the starter that fits some G293 XM501E2 Hawk loaders; it won't fit any 2½-ton truck.

The regular G742-series truck starter is on page 235 of the TM. But there's an improved starter in supply for the M35A1, M49CA1, M50A1, M109A1, M275A1 and M292A1 trucks; it's FSN 2920-763-2346. Check out your starter requisitions to be sure you'll get a starter you can use.



KISS YOUR SIGNAL GOODBYE

through a closed window. The effort's being made but Trying to communicate with bum antennas is like

ANTENNAS AS WELL AS THE REST OF YOUR RADIO SET.

the message isn't gettin' through kissing your best gal





are trapped inside the spring of the pulling back on it to see if dirt, gravel or twigs are trapped inside the spring of the ABnew FM series radios, start at the bottom by

On the AT-912 fiber glass antenna of the AT-912 ANTENNA

719 / VRC antenna support base.



of white electrical insulation tape (FSN 5970relay cable inside the spring with a few turns nance pal's at it, he oughta wrap that coaxia And, while your organizational mainte The tape'll make the cable tube of the compound out of DoD catalog C5970-IL-A, dated 1 Aug 65. 5277) or 8-oz (FSN 5970-224-5276) port can get a 2-oz (FSN 5970-224-By the way, your organizational sup-

240-0620).

anywhere it might bash overhead obopen spaces. But-tie it down (and leave it down) in power line areas or Leave your AT-912 up in the wide

TIP SPLITTING STOPPER

free limbs or low-hanging objects. tip when banged, bumped or battered against here's a fix that'll stop 'er from splitting her While you're high up on the antenna,

around the AT-1095 six inches from trical insulation tape (FSN 5970-296-1175) upper end. Wrop a 2-inch piece of 3/4-inch black elec-



the end of the antenna section and fit it snug over the insulation tape. You oughta be able empty milk can or carton. the 3/s-inch inside diameter tubing off an to talk your mess sergeant out of a piece of Then slip a 7-inch long rubber tube over

an inch of it sticking above the antenna section. The tubing will act as a bumper and take lot of the beating aimed at the antenna If the tubing's an snug, you should have



if you have an AB-15/GR antenna for that R-442 receiver. You'll need to double up on your PM



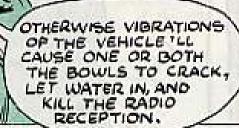




It's no sweat, though, if you keep those screw threads on the MS-116A, -117A, and -118A sections clean and lightly coated with silicone grease. The grease'll help keep the sections from freezing together.



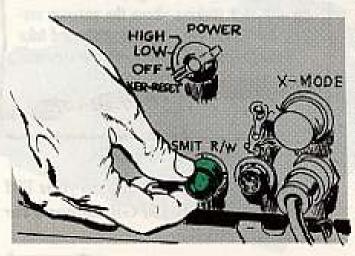
REMEMBER - THE TWO RUBBER GASKETS
ALWAYS GO BETWEEN THE METAL MOUNT
AND GROUNDING RING AND THE CERAMIC
BOWLS OF THE AB-15.



Another thing that'll make those bowls crack up is a repairman using a wrench or pliers to screw the base section together.

Hand tight is tight enough.

Also, when the antenna sections are down and out of the base, slip the antenna base cap (FSN 5820-264-9213) over the rubber sleeve of the base section. In case you're fresh out of a cap, seal off the end of the sleeve with a piece of tape until you get another cap.





A good place for stowing that little old cap when your antenna's up is over one of the mike connectors of your RT-246 or RT-524 receiver-transmitter or audio connectors of your R-442,

Last, but not least, keep an eye peeled for low hanging objects and you'll save a lot of woes.



0009

You heard right.
It's here at last.
A single, simple line-item numbering system for all Army equipment.

The new system starts from scratch, and gives an item a line-item number, which will stick to it throughout the life of the item.

This means that authorization documents (TOE's, TDA's, etc.), property records and supply status reports (AR 711-5, AR 711-140) will all use one and the same LIN for any item. The same LIN may also apply to maintenance records (TM 38-750) at a later date.

The big changeover is effective when DA Headquarters gives the word — so watch for a circular on its implementation.



Most likely . . . you'll be working the new LIN's gradually and changing your records according to your local SOP.

But, your big Buddy in the change-over operation is SB 700-20 (June 65). If you didn't get it thru pinpoint distribution, you'd best order copies right away on DA Form 17.

Then, to make sure you get future changes or revisions on pin-point, grab a copy of DA Form 12-34 and write the number of copies your outfit will need in the block marked "DA List of Adopted Items."

The SB lists the new LIN's for all items, and it's loaded with all kinds of vital cross-reference scoop. For example, it provides an index for cross-referencing the old LIN's to the new ones. It also crosses the FSN's to new LIN's.

HERE'S A PREVIEW OF SOME OF THE INFO-LOADED PAGES OF SB 700-20.

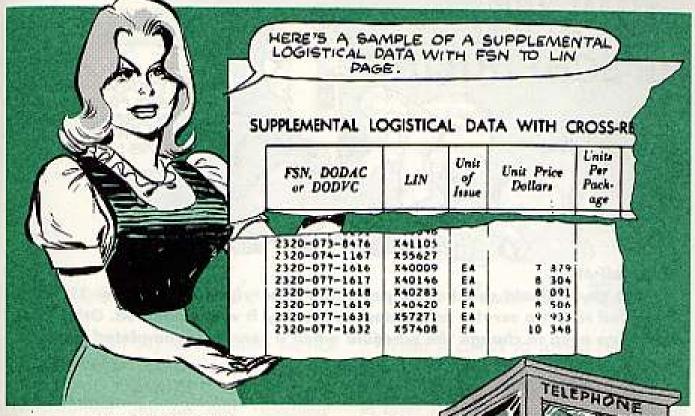
CROSS-REFERENCE OLD LIN TO NEW LIN

	NEW	OLD	NEW	OLD	NEW'
Ė	No. of Lot	100		10 TO 100	Name of the last
7	W75176	460090	DELETE	461580	X59874
м	OFLETE	460091	DELETE	461590	X59737
	W95400	460110	X40009	461610	X59600
1	H95537	460141	X40146	461640	X59600
ı	W95811	460170	X40009	461680	DELETE
1	.F02807	460200	X40146	461685	X60011
ı	G14458	460206	X40146	461730	X60696
4	W97044	460230	X40283	461760	X60696

ARMY ADOPTED ITEMS OF MATERIEL

	Generic Nomenclature
FSN, DODAC or DODVC	Short FSN, DODAC or DODVC Nomenclature

#40146 1 TRUCK EARGO:2 L/2 FON 6X6 M/WINCH W/E H35A2 H35A1 H211 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35 H35



NEW LIN MAKE-UP

The new numbering system uses a basic six character line-item number which is made up of one letter and five numbers.

The numbering series runs in sequence, like so:



A0000110Z99999

Simple as that.

The only letters it skips are I and O. This is so in data processing the cap I won't get mixed with the figure 1 and the 0 with the zero (0).

The new system allows equipment listings and records to be easily set up in

alphabetical and numerical sequence.

Eventually, of course, all the new authorization documents (TOE's, TDA's, etc.) will show only the new LIN's, but until the documents are revised, get yourself a copy of the new SB and hang on to it . . . 'cause until the old system is completely up-dated you'll be living mighty close to the new SB.





Dear Half-Mast,

Some say I should re-schedule periodic PM services on DD Form 314 each time I fail to get a service completed on the day it was scheduled. Others say there's no need to change the schedule when a service is completed a day or two early or late.

Who's right? I'm in a haze on this.

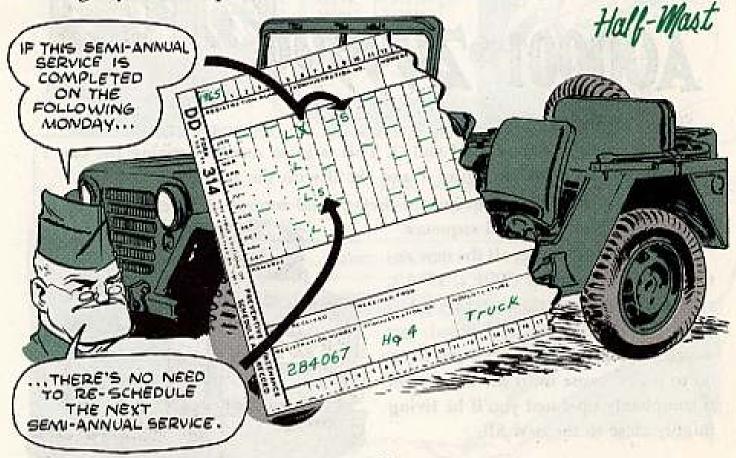
SSgt M. T. C.

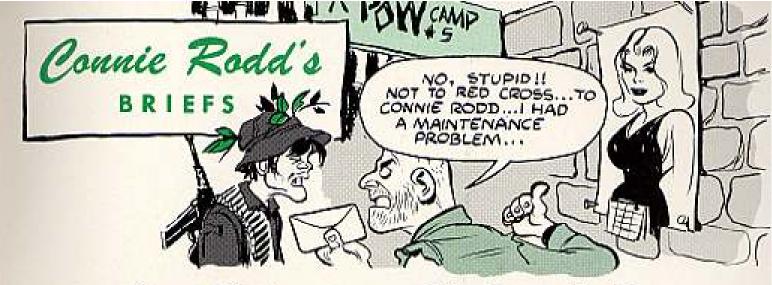
Dear Sergeant M. T. C.,

Just keep within the rule in para 3-3c(5) of TM 38-750, and don't turn yourself into a whirligig in a whirlwind.

As long as the service due is completed within the allowable 10 percent variance (early or late), just leave the next service scheduled as-is.

If a scheduled service is advanced or delayed more than 10 percent because of emergency or other special conditions, then re-schedule the next service due.





Ammo Pubs

FM 9-6 (Jun 65) "Ammunition Service in the Theater of Operations" super-seded FM 9-5. And, TF 9-3568 (Apr 65) "Ammunition Storage and Handling" has replaced TF 9-2120. Make a note of these changes in the list of ammo pubs on page 20, of PS 153.

LVC7 Movie

You can increase your low-voltage circuit tester know-how with TF 9-3536, "Low Voltage Circuit Tester." The 25-minute black and white film explains the construction, use and care of circuit testers you're authorized to use. Get it from your local audio-visual aids section.

What's The Score?

When rating your Beaver (U-6) according to TM 55-1510-203-20ESC take an automatic 10 points on the generator until it's taken out of the ESC. The generator's not a time change item, sure 'nuff. That's the poop in DA Message 731561 (9 Sep 65).

The Time To Ripe

When it comes to saving time, nothing beats SB 9-228 (8 Feb 65)—and you supply types don't have a moment to lose! The SB says until 8 Feb 66 all unserviceable wrist watches, non-maintainable, FSN 6645-952-3767, are to be returned through supply channels to Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia. There, the engineer types can give 'em a going over to see how they can be improved. They need all the watches they can get. The SB gives you the details and the address.

M151 Closure Kit

New M151 ¼-ton trucks that did not get curtains and doors as part of their Basic Issue Items (OEM), can get them as outlined in SB 9-16 (Feb 65). This SB OK's using soft-top closure kits in areas where the average winter temperature is +40° to +5°F... when authorized by (WAB) your command. When ordering the kit, doors or curtains, use the FSN's given in Change No. 1 (Mar 65) to TM 9-2320-218-20P (Dec 63).

Would You Stake Your Life wight now the Condition of Your Equipment?

