

combat equipment ready for goal-helping to keep your have one thing as their final you've got on your hands forms, cards and binders All of those records,

clutter up the battlefield and yon, the fighting man. be nothing but a burden to Unready equipment will only our rockets and go home. tents, rack our rifles, box up might as well fold up our Without that goal, we

nance records. and, yes, even good maintegood supply of repair parts with good maintenance, has got to be kept ready . . . made to fight. That's why it Fighting equipment was

nance records. With TM 38-750 as your guide, today is rate and complete maintefor up-to-the-minute, accunext year-NOW is the time Now-not next week or

> keep them that way. up-to-date. Then, you can the time to get your records

your combat readiness. Put more "punch" in a

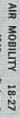


Issue No. 144 1964 Series THE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE MONTHLY

IN THIS ISSUE

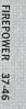
GROUND MOBILITY 2-17

Stopping Chart 13-15 Personnel Heaters 16-17



Tiedown Bags 0.1 Carburetor 0H-34 Window 0H-13 Fitters UH-1 FSW's U-6 Bolt

228882



M67 RHIE 37 M60 M6 38 VCI Tubes 39

# COMMUNICATIONS 47-53

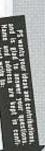
# Watch Cables Crystal Clear Cuddle-up Batteries Lift Mandles

GENERAL AND SUPPLY 54-64 IMPACT WRENCH TODL KITS 59-63

38-750 into 54-55 EIR RSVP 54-55 Bill, vs.Pt. 56-57 Fringe Items 58

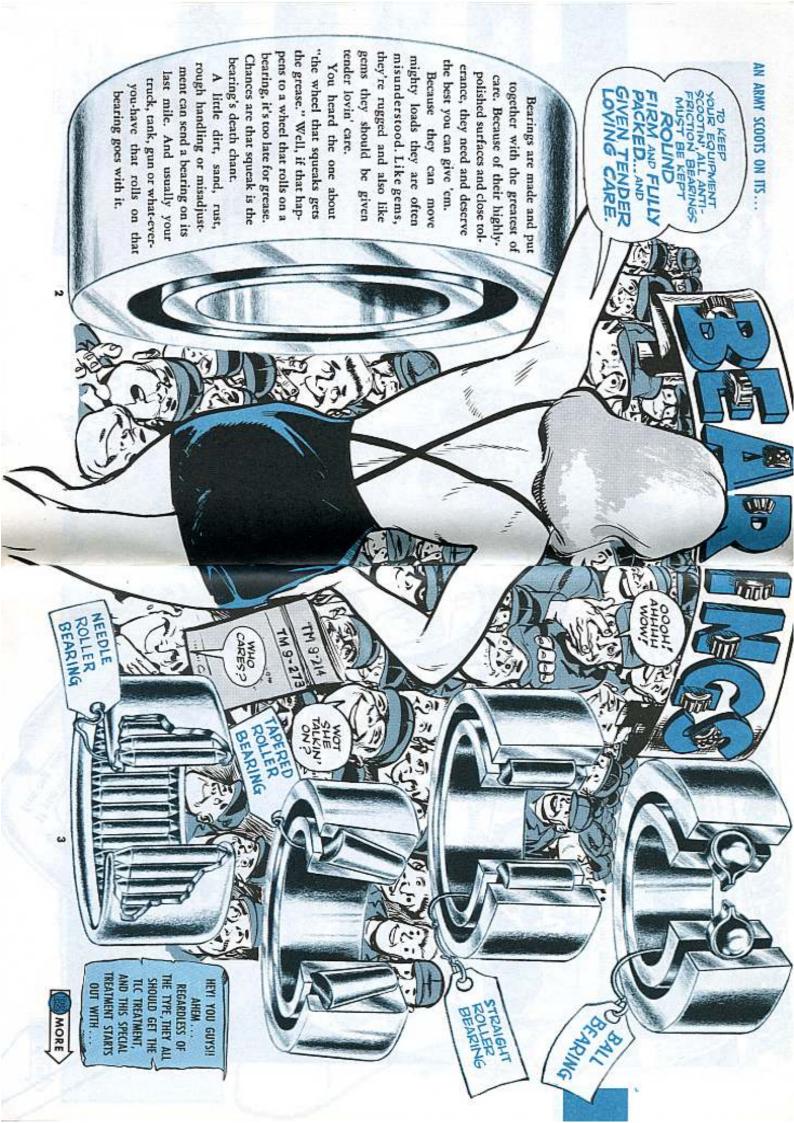
DA Form 2409 54 MHS TN 54 New Publications 28 Supply 7, 9, 20, 23, 20, 50

One of leasts for printing of this publica-liate has been approved by Headquarters, Department of the Jury, 4 digit 1950 BOSTALISTION in accordance with re-quirements submitted on the Form 12-4.



DS Magazine. good Know, Ky Sqt. Half-Mash.

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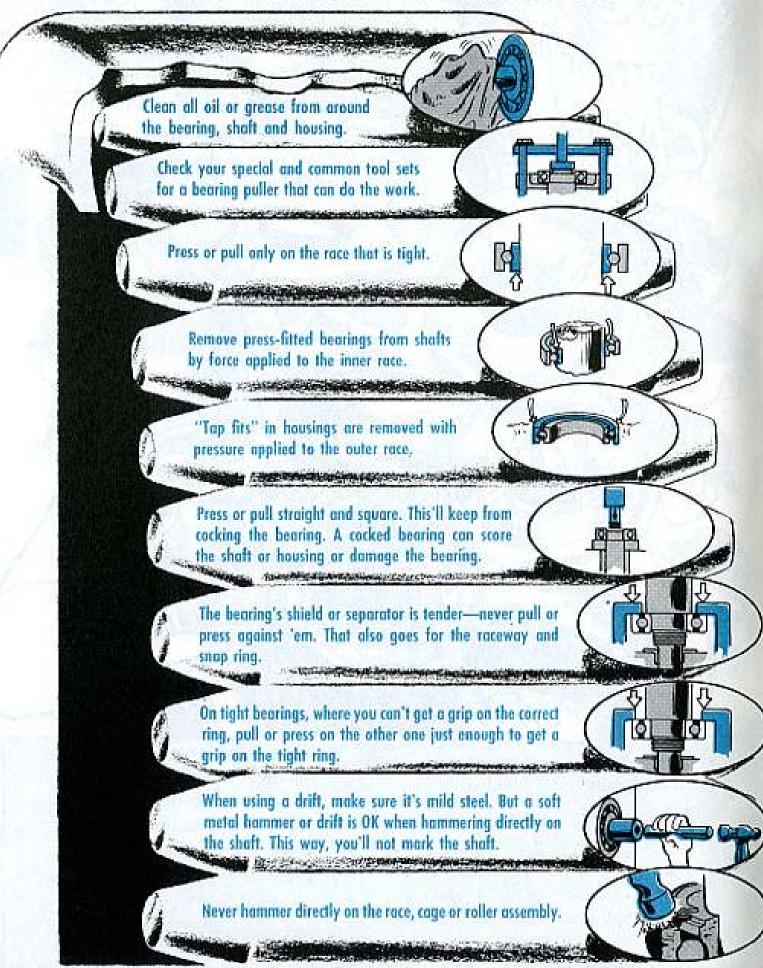




- Never spin a dirty bearing or a dry one with compressed air.
- Using abrasive material like emery cloth or steel wool is out.
- Using wooden drifts or mallets on the bearing itself is also taboo. Splinters could get into the bearing.
- Keep your fingerprints off handle a clean bearing with a clean lint-free cloth or by its inner race. Remove all fingerprints before installing.
- Treat old bearings just like you do new ones.
- Never use dirty, brittle or chipped tools.



#### TO REMOVE BEARINGS . .



#### CLEANING SPECIAL

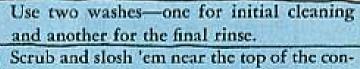
If it's a new bearing it doesn't need cleaning. You never remove grease or oil from a new bearing.

Never use a high-pressure air hose to blow out grease and dirt.

Wash 'em in either of these solutions. And be real careful because all these liquids are highly flammable:



Mineral Spirits FSN 8010-290-6113 1 gal Dry-Cleaning FSN 6850-281-1985 1 gal (Paint Thinner) FSN 8010-558-7026 5 gal Solvent FSN 6850-264-9038 5 gal FSN 8010-246-6115 55 gal



Scrub and slosh 'em near the top of the container—scrubbing them near the bottom will let more dirt get in 'em. It's like scrubbing dirt with dirt.

Or you can let it hang in the solvent until grease and dirt are soft.

After first cleaning, rewash and rinse in clean solvent.

Then dry with a lint-free cloth or with a low-pressure air hose, but don't let it spin. Turn it slowly by hand.

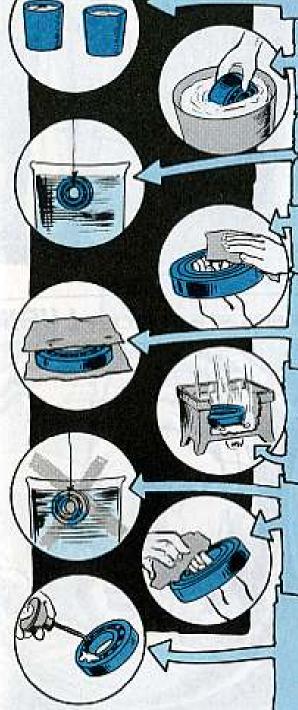
Or lay 'em on a clean piece of cloth or paper away from dirt and moisture. Keep 'em covered; there's more dirt flying around than you think.

If a bearing's gummed or caked tight with heavy or hardened grease, heat some OE 10 oil to about 180°. Then soak the bearing in it until the grease works free. And wash and clean the regular way.

You never put bearings with shields or seals in cleaning solvents. Just wipe the exterior surfaces with a clean rag that's been saturated in cleaning solvent and wrung dry.

After a bearing's been cleaned and dried, put on a thin coat of oil. A dry bearing can rust fast.

After a good cleaning your next important treatment is inspection. So . . .





but it is not. Just look it over real carethe "unserviceable" class. ful like for any defect that'll put it in Inspecting a bearing may seem tough,

drag or binding and coast to a stop. here). It should spin freely without any Spin the bearing by hand (no air hose

bration while spinning it by hand. Look it over real close for these defects: Listen for excessive noise or any vi-

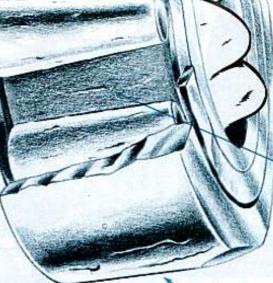
Rings—broken, cracked, split.

Shields or seals-dented,

and raceways-flacked scratches, flat spots, pit-ted, overheated (brownishareas, rust, deep cuts or Bearings, (balls or roller broken, showing wear blue or blue-black color),



Separators—cracked



If the bearing seems rough, give it another cleaning. It may still have a little hidden dirt.

IF YOU'RE GOING TO PACK IT BY HAND, WASH YOUR HANDS REAL WELL, THEN COAT TEM WITH GAA OR THE GREASE YOU'RE GOING TO USE.

order covering the piece of equipment

Before lubing, look over the lube

NOW! THE BEARING IS READY FOR LUBING

give the grease that's to be used. in which the bearing belongs. This'll

If you're to use GAA, use only

use GAA Amendment 1 in bearings. (31 Mar 58) says. In short, you never Amendment 2 or 3 as SB 725-9150-

It's best to use the bearing packer.



needs changing, replace or scratches, wear bands. If any one Cup and Cone—deep cuts em as a set flat spots,

bands on any parts, signs of brinelling. Tapered roller bearing cone etched by acid or moisture. Worn are normally loose), rust and unmounted bearings (Normal—mirror bright; on critical surfaces, wear General condition—Too loose (careful here; clean Vorn-dull gray).

a good one, take off all fingerprints After you've inspected it and it's

Then give it a dip in clean paint thinner or dry-cleaning solvent, Fingerprint Remover, Corrosion preventive: FSN 8030-281-2338...1 gal FSN 8030-252-8300...5 gal FSN 8030-664-4017 ... 1 qt

Knead the grease into the bearing until it squishes out the other side. Not too much; use just enough to pack the Use only clean and fresh grease.

until it's to be installed. over the rings. rollers or balls and a thin coat Keep the bearing covered



Before installing a clean and lubed bearing make certain the housing in which it's to go is clean. Clean out all rust and rust flakes; repaint the interior if necessary.

On wheel hubs, after they're clean, smear a thin (1/16 inch) coat of GAA in 'cm, just enough to keep 'cm from rusting. Don't pack hubs; too much grease melts and seeps out . . . and it'll run into your brakes.

Remember how careful you were when you cleaned the bearing? Well, when installing it you have to be twice as careful. It can be damaged seriously by wrong installation.



THE NEXT
STEP IS ALSO
MIGHTY IMPORTANT -IT'S ADJUSTING.

Drive the bearing in (housing or shaft) evenly and squarely. Don't cock the bearing.

Never drive it by hitting the bearing directly against the rings.

Use drift pins made of unhardened steel and with round edges to square 'em up while mounting. Stay away from soft metals like brass and capper. They'll chip . . . . a chip in a bearing leads to trouble.

Never force a cocked bearing.

BEARING

COCK

The best mounting job is done by using drive blocks. They can be made locally and are nice to have when the operation is repeated often.

If a bearing's too tight it'll heat up and maybe fail.

If it's too loose it'll cause pounding. In the front wheels, it can crack the spindle, cause shimmy, make the truck hard to steer or cause extra tire wear.

Play it safe and adjust all bearings just like it says in your equipment's technical manual.

SHAFT REAL GOOD BEFORE MOUNTING BEARING.

CLEAN

MORE

=

5



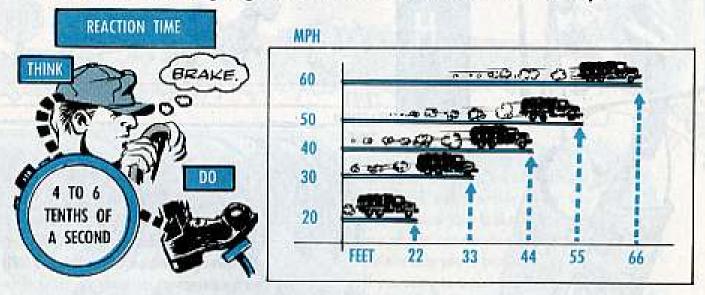


If you go on ice and snow you gotta know what is slow.

On dry pavement 20 MPH is slow—but on ice and snow 20 MPH is faster than you think.

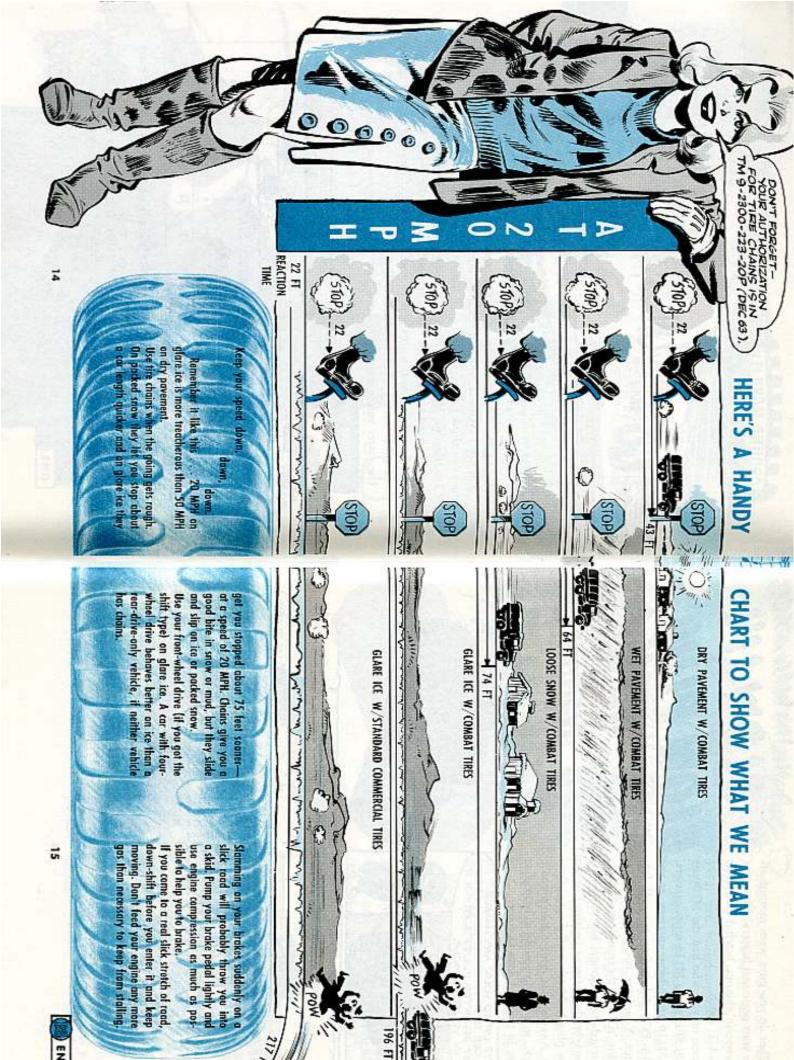
It's like this. No matter what the driving conditions, before you can stop, you first have to move your foot from the accelerator to the brake. For the average driver this takes 4 to 6 tenths of a second. During that time the vehicle moves ahead about another 22 feet at 20 MPH

The faster you're going the farther the vehicle moves-naturally.



Things can slow you down—things like being tired, sad or sick. So take extra care when you're off your oats.

Say it takes you 22 feet to react at 20 MPH. It'll take you another 21 feet before you get your vehicle stopped for a total of 43 feet. This is on good, dry, pavement.

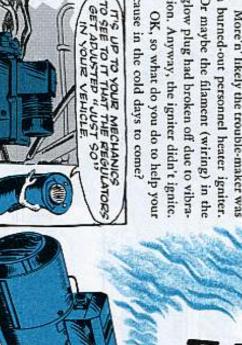


to answerin' this one, betcha! You want from your personnel heaters? No sweat H-E-A-T, natch. What do you guys want most of all

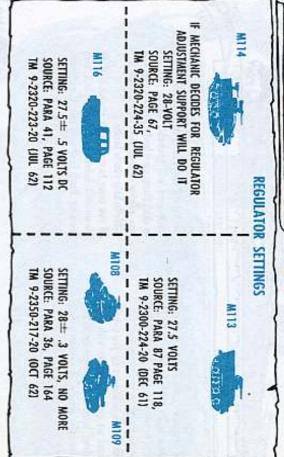
winter. You froze your footsics. M113 PC's didn't fare so well last the M116 amphibious carriers, or the M109 SPH's, the M114-series carriers, Some of you who had the M108 or

a burned-out personnel heater igniter. tion. Anyway, the igniter didn't ignite. glow plug had broken off due to vibra-Or maybe the filament (wiring) in the More'n' likely the trouble-maker was

cause in the cold days to come? OK, so what do you do to help your







3352) are interchangeable in your SPH's. fection Stove Heater (FSN 2540-967-(FSN 2540-854-4449) and the Per-Both the Stewart-Warner Heater

clamp's hook-end and remove it. Then you might knock the rivets outta the slip it by the end of the clamp. Or, the fixed fire extinguisher bulkhead ence (while trying to mount 'em) with place the rivets. No sweat either way. use bolts, lockwashers and nuts to reheater's outer case-just enough to bracket, just put a small dimple in the corrected. Later produced vehicles have had this If you run into some side interfer-

BEREER B

## SPH IGNITER POOP:

found on pages 335-337 in TM 9-2350your S-W heater, you can get it under 217-20 (Oct 62). FSN 2540-785-6349. Repair poop is Should you have a bad igniter in

a bit on the ticklish side. ent. Support ought to do the job as it's (FSN 2540-055-7573), it's a bit differ-On those Perfection Stove igniters

THIS 28±3 SETTING'S
ABOUT ALL THE FILAMEN
IN THE GLOW PLUG
CAN TAKE, SO AVOID
TROUBLES BY HEEDING so's to hold down any sudden voltage surges. systems. Keep the connections clean and tight settings in these alternating type generating keep a close check on the voltage regulator Regardless of which vehicle you've got,

heater's igniter and keep heat in your vehicle. Doing this'll prolong the life of your

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WHEN OUT IN THE BOONDOCKS . . .



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bination of wind and dirt can foul up a bird-in more ways than one. There's something special about maintaining a bird out in the field. The com-

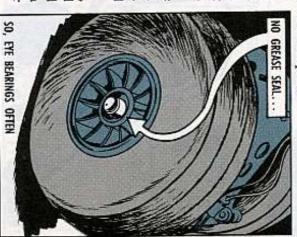
certain exposed parts of a bird to keep 'er in the pink. That's why a special, added type of preventive maintenance is needed on

### EYE THE BEARINGS

grease seal in the works. sand is the closure ring. But there's a the wheel bearings have from blowing Caribou (CV-2). The only protection Take the main landing gear on a

venting bearings from being chewed It should go a long way toward preput on those in the field by an MWO. The seal is on new birds and will be

"R1" added to the part number. seal because it'll have either a "R" or P/N 95-41743, want to be eyeballed P/N 95-32725, P/N 95-31432R and for real. You can tell a wheel with a Meanwhile, the bearings in wheels,



so the screen just naturally takes it on the chin. the wheel well. The cavern is a dirt trap when the prop whips up a dust storm, Another vital spot on a Caribou is the de-icing suction relief valve screen in

CHECK THE SCREEN

sheared shaft and no 15-PSI pressure to work the de-icer boots. air pump and you know what that can lead to-an overheated air pump, a 'Course a clogged screen isn't going to let in much air to the engine-driven



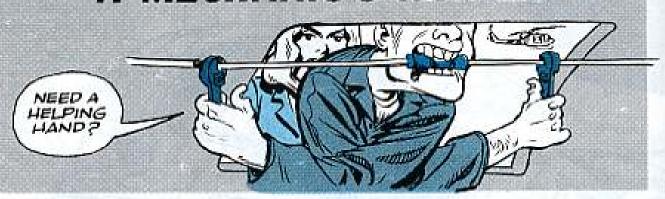


way to lower high pump temperatures. Locating the screen out of the dusty wheel well is one of the features of the fix. MWO 55-1510-206-34/24, "Modification of the De-Icer System," is on the

not clogged. The same deal goes for all screens, strainers, filters and other exposed bird parts. Meanwhile, it's a good idea to keep close tabs on the screen to be sure that it's

to the normal Daily, Intermediate and Periodic Inspections. remedy. You and your maintenance section can make PM checks in addition So, when the dust begins to fly and your bird starts to cough, remember this ADJUST YOUR TURNBUCKLES WITH...

#### A MECHANIC'S HELPER



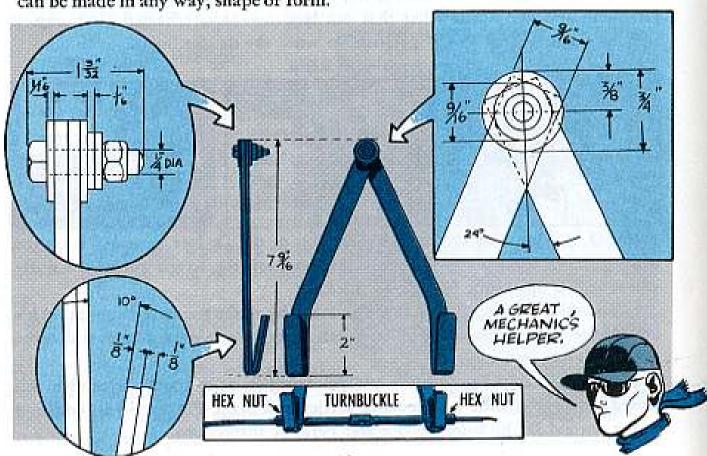
There're times when a bird mechanic can use an extra hand—like when a control cable needs a tension adjustment.

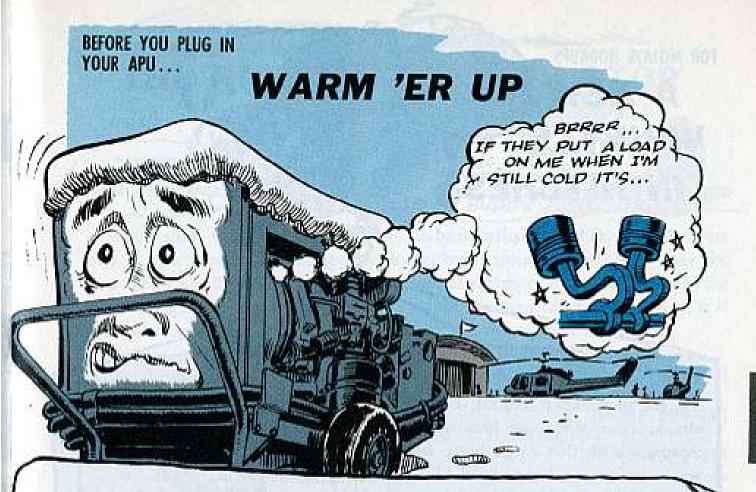
He can hold a wrench on one of the hex nuts with his left hand and another wrench on the other nut with his right hand, all right. But this leaves him with only his teeth to try and adjust the turnbuckle . . . 'tain't easy!

What comes in mighty handy at a time like this is a mechanic's helper. It can be made in any way, shape or form. One of the simplest designs for use on standard turnbuckles (not the speedrig type) is this baby, which is made from 1/8-in flat steel.

To use the tool you just slip it over the hex nuts with one hand, and make your turnbuckle adjustment with the other. It works like a charm.

Dimensions of the mechanic's helper can be changed to make it usable on many birds.





Nobody would turn the connecting extreme cold (10 degree rods of an engine into pretzels on purpose, now would they?

Of course not. But that's what can happen if you put a load on a cold engine—sure 'nough.

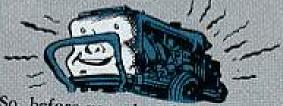
Take the auxiliary power unit in your Aircraft Organizational B and C Tool Kits. The operator's pub on the Waukesha model, TM 9-2805-218-12 (5 Jun 59), has some definite poop on the subject.

Chapter 2, Section III, calls for warming up the APU for from five to ten minutes when you're operating under normal conditions (10 degrees F to 80 degrees F).

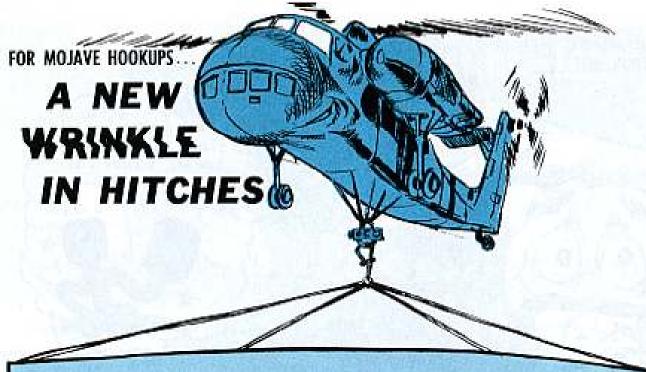
When you're out in temperatures of

extreme cold (10 degrees F and below) the warm-up time, given in Section IV of the pub, is 15 minutes.

The time may vary from one model APU to another. If you thumb thru the operator's pub and can't find a recommended warm-up time, a good rule-of-thumb is to run your baby until she's operating smoothly, without any further use of the choke.



So, before you plug the APU into a bird, remember that she'll deliver full power and stay in the pink a lot longer—with a proper warm-up.



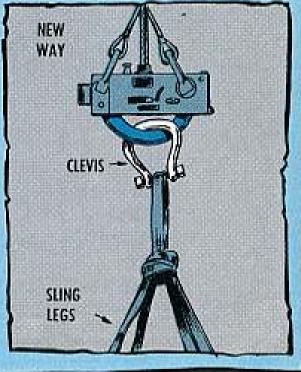
This universal cargo sling system is OK for most other aircraft, but that pliable nylon sling sure hates to part company with that cargo hook when you're trying to release a load.

The hitch in the operation comes from the way the 10-in nylon ring hugs that hump on the end of the cargo hook like they're in love or somethin'. This romance has got to cease.

So the recommended way to break up this affair between the hook and sling is to shove a third party into the act, namely a clevis. The clevis, if used as shown, will allow the load to disengage without trouble. Only now you're back with the old problem of a metallic sling. This metal clevis can bust up cargo after it's released or shake up a ground crew with jolt juice.

Guess you just have to go back to the old precautions of padding the cargo and carrying around a static discharge probe... at least until the Army can come up with a universal hook to marry up with its universal cargo sling. New systems always take a while to work out.





BIRD DOGS AND BEAVERS NEED . . .

#### THE RIGHT SIZE REGULATOR



Watch those voltage regulator numbers if your favorite beast happens to be a Bird Dog (0-1) or Beaver (U-6A). All the regulators listed in your -20P are not the right size for your bird.

However, AVCOM straightens out the confusion by pointing out that FSN 6110-651-8883 (P/N 1589-1E) is the only number to use in ordering replacement regulators.

Now there're three other regulators with dimensions which also allow them to be installed in Bird Dogs and Beavers without trouble—and they may be issued as temporary substitutes until the supply's exhausted. So don't sweat it if you get any of these substitutes:

FSN 6110-635-9636

(P/N 1589-1D)

FSN 6110-733-6003

(P/N 1589-1C)

FSN 6110-390-8104

(P/N 1589-1B)

But these are the only four regulators you should accept.

YOU

JANE"

#### **CHOOSE THE BEST PLUG**

You pays your money and takes your chances—or so the man said.

The same principle goes when you requisition fine wire plug RHB36P for the engine

in your Mojave (CH-37). If the engine's an oil burner, however, this type of plug may foul out in a few hours.

So what do you do to cut down on a lot of plug cleaning?

Why, you requisition a massive plug, like RHB37N, sure 'nough.

That's why you'll find both fine wire and massive plugs listed in the spark plug table of TB AVN 25-8 (9 Oct 63) . . . for almost all birds.

And here's one to jot down and remember—if your unit does not have a spark plug cleaner, FSN 4910-786-9271, to recondition and test the dogs you pull, turn all the plugs in to your direct support for reconditioning.







Nobody would haul off and throw rocks at a Huey (UH-1) main rotor blade on purpose, would they?

'Course not.

Yet, with some of the shortcut repairs being made to the weight bag at the ends of a tie-down, that's just what's happening.

Some types are stuffing rocks, bolts and other solid pieces of metal into a torn bag and wrapping it with masking tape. When this weight accidentally gets tossed into the blade during tiedown, the dent it makes can cost five grand—the price of a new blade.

To prevent this type of damage, buckshot is sewn into the bags when the tie-down is made. Then if the weight should happen to hit the blade, the shot takes the blow, not the blade.

So-o-o-o . . . when the weights go, head for the canvas repair shop with a load of buckshot, sand, or some other type of shock absorbing bag filler. Bird blades can't stand rock throwing.





When we drew a new pressure injection-type carburetor from supply for our Bird Dog (0-1), the shipping container it came in was stamped: CONTENTS READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

My buddy says this label means that the carburetor is ready to be put on the engine, so the diaphragm doesn't need to be soaked.

I say he's all wet! Am I right?

SP 6 E. F. G.

Dear Specialist E. F. G., You're right as rain.

Soaking injection-type carburetors is as basic as not soaking float-type carburetors, and no amount of fancy container labeling is likely to change the SOP.

'Tis mighty important, that's for sure. After all, the carburetor was calibrated when the diaphragm was soaked and it's not going to work right until it gets back to the wet state again.

The soaking time and other poop is right in the organizational maintenance pub, TM 55-1510-202-20 (20 Jan 64) . . . Chap 2, Sec. III, Para 3-124.

Windy

#### LOOK FOR WINDOW CLIP

The sliding cockpit windows of a Choctaw (CH-34) have been known to blow off their tracks in flight, and sail right into the main rotor blades.

To prevent this type of revoltin' development, keep an eye peeled for MWO 55-1520-202-34/27. In it you'll find a holding clip listed, made up of a bracket which gets bolted to the lower forward corner of the window and a nylon track which is attached to the window sill.

Your support performs the surgery.



#### PUHLEEZE . . .

#### NO MURPHYIZED FILTERS



If Private Murphy should happen along when you're pulling an Intermediate on your Sioux (OH-13E, G), ask him to do an about face.

It's not that a little extra help doesn't come in handy at such times. It's just that a cleaned engine oil filter, put in wrong, can louse up an engine in short order.

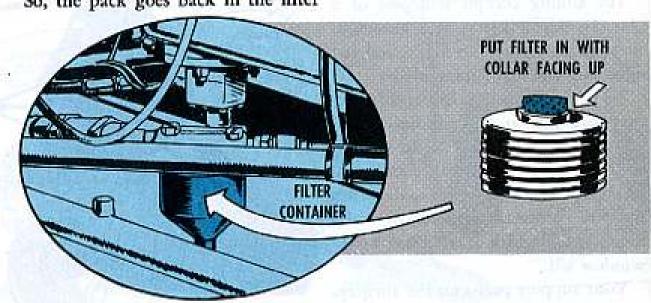
'Course an on-the-stick mechanic knows that the filter pack will fit either way. He also knows that if it's put in backwards, it'll restrict the oil flow to a point where the engine seizes up.

So, the pack goes back in the filter

container with the collar end UP. The collar prevents the pack from being jammed against the top of the container, giving the engine its full share of refined crude.

The final check on the filter comes when you run-up the engine. If the oil pressure on the cockpit gage reads between 40 and 60 pounds, you're in clover . . . 10 to 15 pounds and the pack's in backwards.

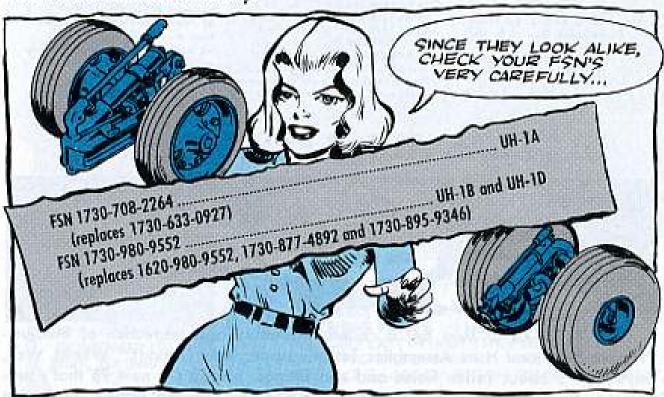
Glory-be, will ya look at the knowing smile on Murph? Looks like he's got it!



FSN'S TO WHEELS, YOU GOT IROQUOIS BY

S WHEELS, ALL US CHOPPERS
S GOTS WHEELS, FIL 3%

Seems as how some minor turbulence has penetrated the supply situation on ground - handling wheels for the three different models of the Iroquois. So please watch these numbers carefully.



Better back-check your outstanding supply requests to be sure you've got the right numbers for the right model. Since all three ground-handling wheel assemblies are different, the wrong set of wheels will be useless to your outfit. And things like that can ruin your whole day.

#### FOCUS ON NEW BOLT

If a magnetic particle inspection of the wing bolts from your Beaver (U-6) shows that the front spar attachment bolt is real-gone, don't requisition P/N NAS59-22. It's been superseded. P/N AN179H22, FSN 5306-631-4479, is the baby you want.



A selected list of recent publications of interest to Organizational Moiste-nance Personnel. This is a first compiled from recent Adjutant General's Distribution Center Bulletins. For complete details see DA Fom 310-4 with fatest changes.

#### TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 1-1H-23C-2, C3, Jen OH-23.
TM 3-4730-200-15, Jen Adopter, Line
Filling, 1-Ton Container, M1 (Airpiane
Smoke Tenk).
TM 9-1340-202-12F/1, Jel Hones
John, Ammunition (Other than Atomic
Wespens).

Wespens).
TM 9-1430-268-12/2, Jun Nike-Herc,
Nike-Herc (Imp), Training Devices.
TM 9-1430-268-12/3, Jun Nike-Herc,
Nike-Herc (Imp), Training Devices.
TM 9-1430-511-12/2, Jul Hawk,
Ground Con Equip.
TM 9-1430-512-12/1, Jul Hawk,
Ground Con Equip.

TM 10-3930-253-25P, Jun Truck, Lift, Fork Electric, 4000 Pounds Cop, Baker Model FTD-040, Army Model MHE 186.

TM 11-5965-222-15P, Jul Dynamic Londspecker 15-166/U. TM 55-1510-206-10, C7, Aug CV-2 TM 35-5420-200-12, Jun Air Transport of Bridge, Highway-Type, 38-Fobt by Army and AF Ac.

TM 55-1520-202-20P, Jun CH-34. TM 53-1520-210-10CL, Jun UH-1D, TECHNICAL BULLETINS

TB 9-1400-399-10, Jul Pershing, Mid Operation & Maint. TB 55-1510-204-20/13, Aug OY-1. TB 55-1510-206-20/15, Jun CY-2. TB 55-1510-206-34/9, Jun CY-2. TB 55-1520-206-20/3, Jun OH-23, MODIFICATION WORK ORDERS

MWO 9-1005-233-20/1, Jul Machine Gun, M73 Replacement of Disconnector Grips and Coller Fins on Receiver Assembly. MWO 9-2350-215-20/20, Jun Tenk, M60A1, Removal of Low Oil Pressure Warning Horn.

MWO 55-1510-206-34/60, Jel CY-2. MWO 55-1520-204-34/11, Jel OH-12.

MWO 55-1520-210-34/1, Jul UH-1D. MWO 55-1520-210-34/3, Jul UH-1D. MWO 55-1520-210-34/4, Jul UH-1D. MWO 55-1520-211-34/29, Jul UH-1D.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

AR 310-32, Jun Equipment and Personnel Authorization. AR 746-5, Jun Color and Marking of Army Material. DA Cir 725-5, Jun Removal of Components from Assemblages and Sets of Equipment. SC 6210-93-CL-801, Jul Light Sets Helipert, Frbie.

#### TB TELLS ALL ABOUT TEFLON

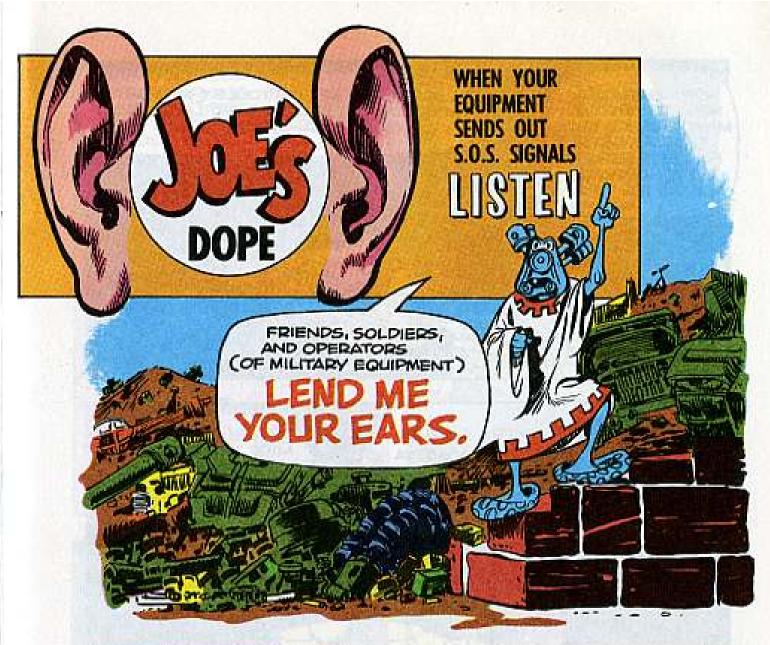


TB AVN 23-73 (5 May 64) is called "Assembly and Inspection of Medium-Pressure Hose and Hose Assemblies Tetrafluoroethylene (Teflon)." Whew! Well, anyway, it's about Teflon hoses and end fittings. Also, it's a new TB that's supposed to be distributed to you as "other literature of a general nature" according to your own DA Form 12-31 requirements. If you didn't get yours, include this TB on your next DA Form 17 pubs request.

INTRODUCING 12-36 ...

#### THE AVIONICS PUBS FORM

If you're an avionics type annoyed by the publications distribution system—take heed and heart. There is now a DA Form 12-36 (1 Aug 64) called: "Requirements for Army Avionics Publications." It operates on the same type of pinpoint distribution setup as the DA Form 12-31 you still use for TM 55 type aircraft pubs. Only now you've got a separate form strictly for marking down TM 11 type avionics pubs requirements. The instructions are right on the form, too.

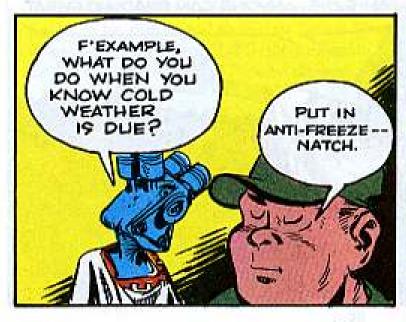










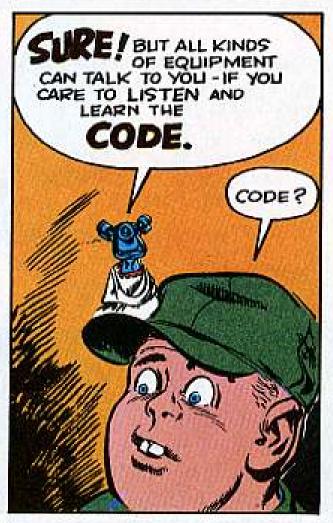


















IF YOU WANT TO DISPLAY THIS CENTERPIECE ON YOUR BULLETIN BOARD, OPEN STAPLES, LIFT IT OUT AND PIN IT UP.



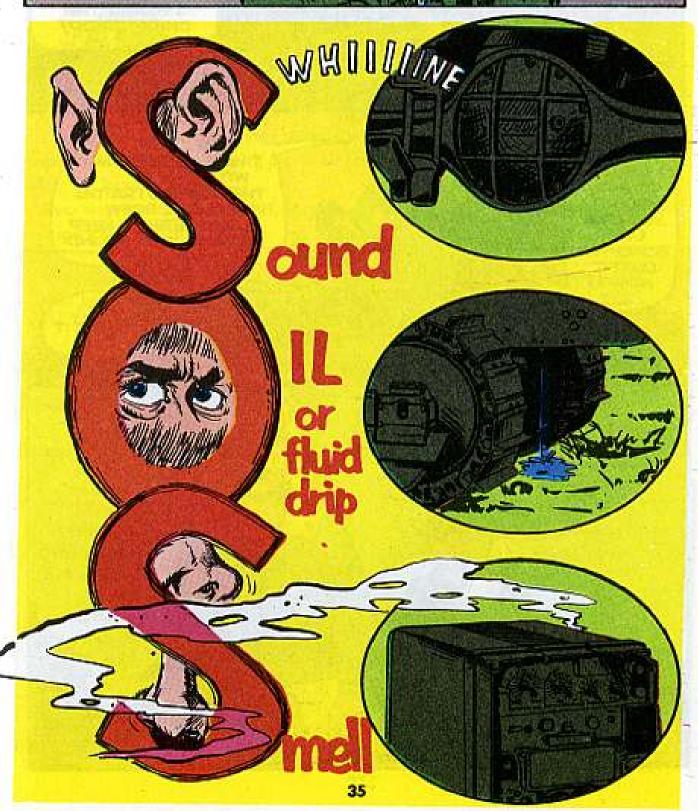
AND SO... THE VERY NEXT DAY









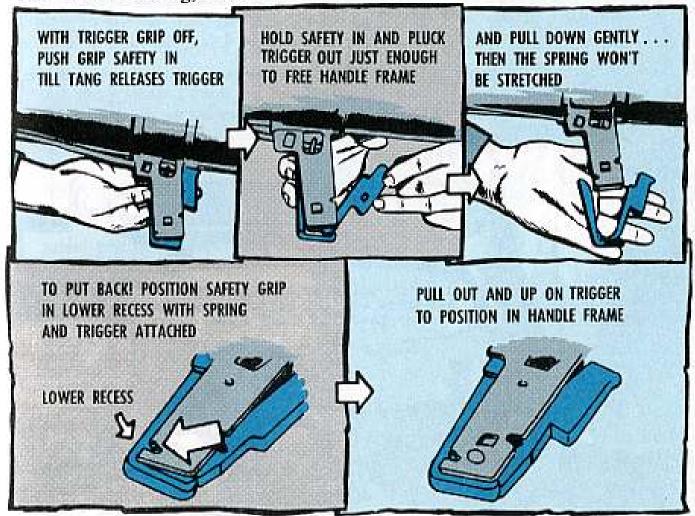


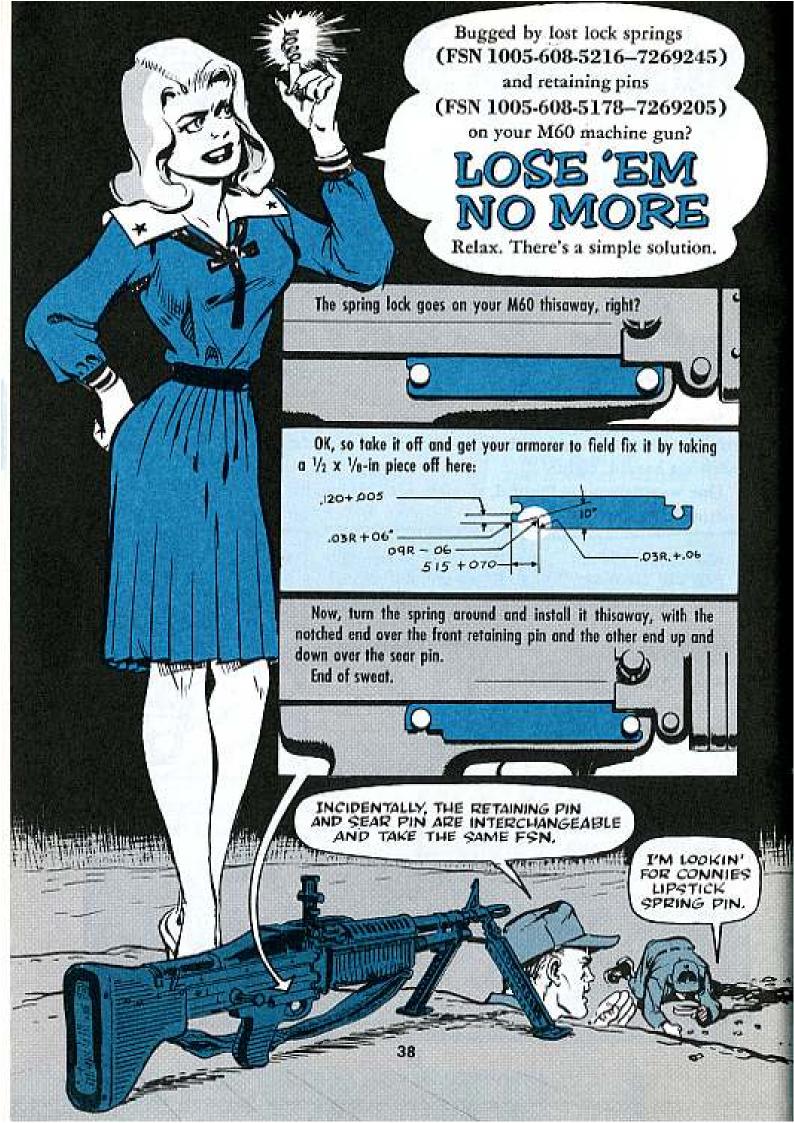




Face up to it: An M67 rifle with a weak spring attached to the gun safety grip is worse than a gal with a two-timing heart. If the spring's NG, that grip safety's a hazard, right?

One way to keep it faithful, though, is to change the way you take it off for routine PM servicing, like so:







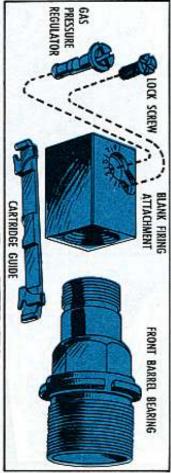
# FOR BETTER

machine gun. ammo firing attachment for the M73 around you M60 tanks—the new blank Here's what all the chatter's about

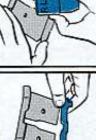
It comes in five parts and answers to

FSN 1005-973-4001.

steps'll save you almost as much time as more woc. love at first sight . . . and maybe a lot No sweat installing it, but these

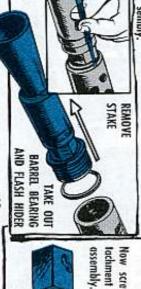


Put the new cartridge guide on the feed tray, like so: After you take off the cover



and separate the cartridge stop from the tray, use the stop to attach the guide on

2. Take off the flash hider thisaway: After hider parts attached) off the jacket as the front barrel-bearing (with the flash bearing notch (using a 1/a-in punch), take you punch the stake from the barrel-



3. Put on the firing attachment this way: Take jacket assembly and install it over the the bearing lock you removed from large threaded part of the new front barrel-



Then screw the firing attachment to the small threaded end of the barrel-bearing.



tachment combination into the jacket Now screw the barrel-bearing-firing at-





Finally, tighten the hearing to the jacket with a wrench and stake the bearing lock provide the gas pressure needed for



And there you have it.

cartridge guide after you're through do these steps in exact reverse. Don't guide on the feed tray. put the firing attachment on the barrel firing blanks. And never-NEVERfiring attachment before taking out the try any other way. Always remove the jacket till after you install the cartridge Now, to take the attachment off, you

Got it?

firing ball ammo by mistake. This is the sure-fire way to keep from

to start out, set the arrow at "6". This'll crease or decrease recoil energy or to gas pressure from time to time to inmake up for wear on the regulator. But, Of course, you'll have to adjust the

> and turn the arrow to the left. If you more gas pressure, loosen the setscrew firing the blanks. Later on, if you need need less, turn it to the right.

number at a time in either direction. But, only change the setting one



TURN ARROW TO GAS PRESSURE NUMBER. FOR LESS ARROW TO LOWER PRESSURE TURN HIGHER NUMBER. FOR MORE GAS

and eye-check it regularly for damage. to the usual good PM. Keep it clean Your blank attachment'll take kindly

not using in the M73's spare parts box till you need it again. don't hurt any of the M73 parts . . . esthe flash hider. Stow any part you're remove, like the retainer assembly for a sharp eye on the smaller parts you pecially the jacket assembly. And keep taking it off and putting it on that you You want to be real careful when



# There's Only One

There may be a number of corrosion preventive compounds on the "market" ..., but there's only one for you to use on the threads of your Nike-Hercules rocket motor igniter.

And that's the compound mentioned in Change 1 to your TM 9-1410-250-12. It's listed on page 330 under FSN 8030-569-5724 for 1 lb.

So forget what any superseded TM's you might have lying around say.

# Stock It Page 34 of TM 9-1410-250-12P/1/1 (Feb 64) shows self-locking hex aut (FSN 5310-877-5796) twice. In one place it's listed as not stocked and to be requisitioned as required. In the other place you're authorized to stock the nut. Which listing do you go by? The one that says you're authorized to stock the nut. which sisting do you go by? The one that says you're authorized to stock the nut.



# Job Made Easier

bleeding. The MWO adds bleeder valve MWO Ord Y75-W78 (8 Aug 63) to support unit comes around to apply be more to the point. The sooner your real chore, or downright nuisance, to Hercules launcher has always been a the hydraulic sections of your Nikeassemblies here and there, making it a have it made when it comes to airyour launcher, tho, the quicker you'll lot easier on you. Go ahead and say it . . . airbleeding

say it's been impossible to come ary 1964 date nance services LO that TM 9by a copy of LO 9-1400-250wonder . . . it wasn't in print 20, the preventive mainte-But it is now-under a Februyou to use at your site? No 1400-250-12 (25 Jul 63) tells You Nike-Hercules people

## Be Ready

way to turn. So you don't know which

skidding, LO 9-1400-250-20 from OHA to OHL hydraulic fluid in your Nike-Hercules (Feb 64) tells you to switch launchers. When the mercury starts

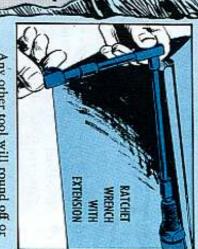
change to OHL? or in bunkers? The temperaing in these places . . . so why ture doesn't get down to freezlaunchers that're underground But, you say, what about the

expected. And have to be ready for the unup out-of-doors; therefore, they when the launchers will wind The answer: You don't know that means

## Tool Talk

tion on the rail, it's a good idea to the missile will be in the right posi-Nike-Hercules launching rail so's hand booster stop screw on your remember that: When you go to adjust the right-

This is the tool that is best to use:

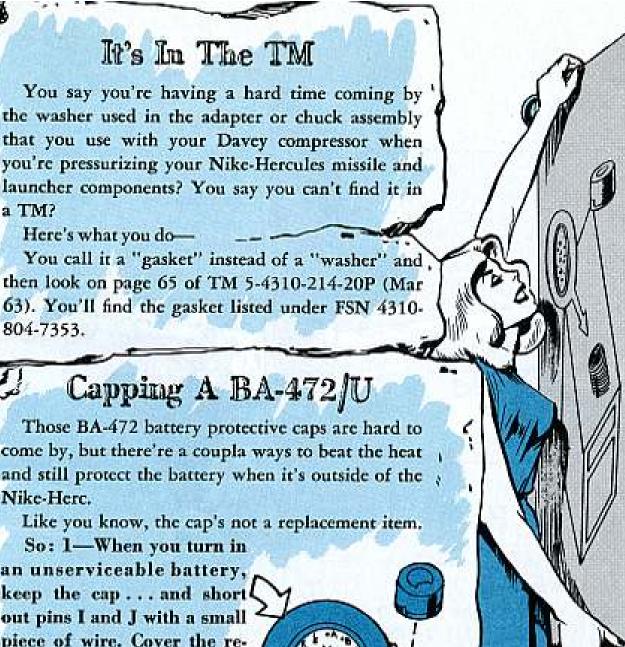


chew up the hex end of the screw. Any other tool will round off or

on the one on the right. hand stop screw. And you torque use a torque wrench on the leftthis screw before you go to work to TM 9-1410-250-12 tells you to Of course, you know that Change



4



an unserviceable battery, keep the cap . . . and short out pins I and J with a small piece of wire. Cover the receptacle with tape.

a TM?

2-Or, cover the output receptacle with masking or other adhesive tape when it's outside your bird . . . after you short out I and J.

3-Local purchase it . . . from the Couples Department, Eagel-Picher Co., Joplin, Missouri 64801.

If you local purchase, ask for the BA-472/U protective cap, per Signal Corps Drawing SM-B-360956. It'll set you back about 75 cents.



### EXPEDIENT FOR AN H-33/PT

Dear Editor,

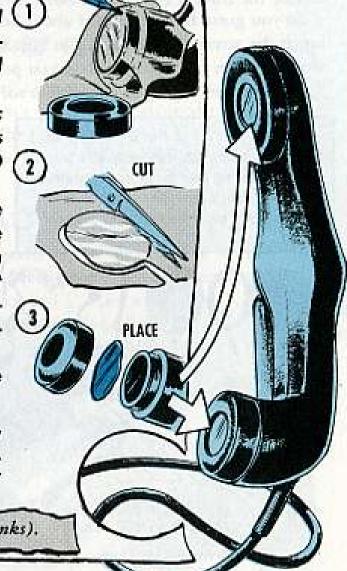
We've worked out a real good 1 field expedient when the moistureproof shields are punctured on our H-33/PT handsets.

We cut a circle out of the plastic waterproof bags that batteries for the AN/PRC-6 and AN/PRC-10 2 radio sets come in.

The plastic stretches under the transmitter or receiver cap of the H-33 and doesn't interfere with the operation of the handset. It makes a great temporary moisture seal, and you send and receive loud and clear.

Maybe some others can use this idea.

> SP 5 Otis B. Kelly Co B, 801st. Maint. Bn. 101st Airborne Div



TRACE

(Ed Note-I'm sure they can. Thanks).





If you're tired of going in circles from the salvage pile to your switchboard, hang your hat here awhile.

Sit down, take the load off, and eyeball these step savers:

Like you know, you can't hardly get parts no more for your switchboard headsets . . . and that includes the headband mounting rings used with the headsets of the SB-22/PT and SB-86/P switchboards.

So you gotta be real careful about how you take the mounting rings off. Doing it the wrong way, natch, can bust the rings in two or bend 'em so bad they won't stay on the headset when you put 'em back in place.

To save the rings, get 'em off like so:

With the H-91/U of the SB-86, first unscrew the receiver cap. Using very little pressure, slip the ring over the lip of the receiver housing. It should give you about as much resistance as a hot knife goin' thru a slab of butter. The H-81/PT and H-144/U of the SB-22 need one more step to get the ring off. You gotta remove the earphone cover and then take out the earphone element. Don't forget the element or it'll snag the ring. A slight tug'll lift the ring over the housing.



### GOT A RADIO? GRAB A LOOK!

#### WAY OUT TUNING

If you wanna get way out with that radio set, or pull those way out signals in, the first thing you gotta do when you switch your set from one vehicle to another is to retune the antennas. Both the transmitter and receiver antennas, that is. So, if you wanna get somewhere, or have someone get to you, retune as per your TM.

#### MUTED MIKE MEMO

Two sure bets to keep your radio microphone off the scrap pile are: 1—Lay it down easy when you're using it with your vehicle's radio, and, 2—Don't step on it when it's in the vehicle. If you bang it or crunch it, you gotta scrounge around for another mike and cannibalize parts. You can't order new parts any more.

#### DON'T TREAD ON 'EM

They may look rugged. And they may be rugged. But those cables coming from the mount of your radio set weren't made to be stepped on or banged around. Which should be clue enough for you to take care of 'em. One good way is to secure 'em to their receptacles on the mounts when the cables aren't in use.

#### IT'S CLEAR AS CRYSTAL

You shouldn't ever remove crystals, such as those in the AN/ PRC-6 radio set, with pliers. The pressure you put on them can cave in the cans that protect the crystal . . . in which case you might as well toss it away. Finger pressure and a little time'll do an undamaged job.



# SO SNUGGLE UP

In case the word didn't filter down yet, those new cuddle-up cold weather batteries for portable radios have been available for a few months.

The word and authority to requisition the vest-type jobs is in SB 11-576 (4 Jan 64).

One job, the BA-377/U, is built to keep your AN/PRC-8,-8A thru-10 and AN/PRC-28's humming. The other, the BA-376/U, will keep the tubes hot and helpful in your AN/PRC-6.

There's a big caution you wanna remember and stick to. The Perk-8 thru-10 and -28 batteries have an adapter kit whose cable is interchangeable on the terminal of the Perk-6 battery. Vice versa for the cable of the Perk-6 cold weather battery. Don't interchange either cable or battery. Voltage damage can happen to either radio set.

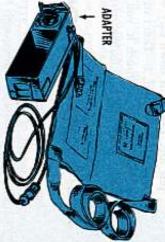
The batteries, designed for belowfreezing temperatures, are vest-encased and snuggle up to you under your clothes, where they maintain 40°F or better from body heat. That kinda warmth keeps the Perks perkin'.

You get the cuddle-ups through normal supply channels by citing SB 11-576 as your authority... and shake it a little if you wanna do any good with 'em this winter. Requirements are that it be real cold outside where you are, with chances that it'll stay below freezing or thereabouts.

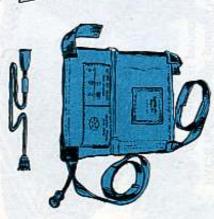




The battery for the Perk-8, etc., comes like so: BA-377/U Arctic type, FSN 6135-823-2728, with adapter MX-3568/PRC, FSN 5820-856-3574.



For the Perk-6 you need Battery, Arctic type, FSN 6135-823-2727, with Special Purpose Cable Assembly CX-8281/U, FSN 5995-889-1113. Don't forget the cable. You need it.



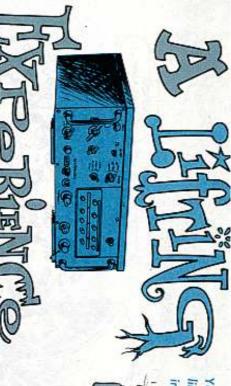
# AND CUDDLE UP ...

... AND HOLD 'EM TIGHT!



on how to install and use the Perk-6 battery, and Change 2 to TM 11-5820-292-10 gives you the dope on the battery for the other sets.

)



line up for brain You men, there .... inspection, hol



should be.

ged business? opinion on 'is rugged enuf ta get the ged should be rug-Ya do? Ya say rug bottle. You got a job done?



of a tank? treat 'em like the lifting eyes Samson Donnybrook really ged enuf ... only guys like series components are rugthat the handles on the -12 An' ya say ya think, Patsy,





see the components go set an' ya don't wanna component should fall? Samson got careless? Or cause somebody like placement of the whole sometimes even for reall the way back to debut ya do like your radio that maybe more than tront panel - just bepot for repair...and could get damaged if a the front panel even,

> and the R-442. components of the ANI rugged you think rugged on the RT-246, RT-524 Our test today is on Donnybrook! Give us the You there! Samson Namely, the lift handles VRC-12 series radio sets word, first, on how

oughtta be? -12 component Wal, how rugged Like a tank, you say? ya think the lift handles on the



not yank on 'em as the the components were glued to the mount or workbench? Also, the handles shouldn't be that rugged 'cause they'd defeat the lightweight Samson'd quit the rough stuff and lift the components by both handles—an' function of the components—an' they wouldn't get pulled out if guys like



a min' an' look in me eyes one more time ...uh...you there, Donnybrook. C'mere Anyway, that cuts it, men. Dismissed. An'

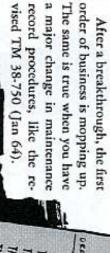
53



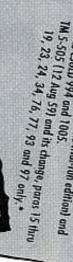
## AFTER THE 38-750

# BREAKTHROUGH

KEEP THESE IN
MIND AS YOU MAINTAIN
YOUR EQUIPMENT









MAY 62 THIS EDITION WIDE EDITION OF TO THE FIRST WORLD-

BUT, FOR THE

OF THE TM SUPER-

OFFICIAL DIRECTIVES

additional pubs (as of 1 Jul 64): ment Record Procedures, and scores a knackout on these TM 38-750 (1 May 62) and its Change 1 AR 58-20 (11 Jan 61). AR 700-1900-5 (20 Aug 59). Now comes revised TM 38-750 (15 Jon 64), "Army Equip-AR 711-541 (5 Oct 62) and its Change 1 (18 Mar 63). (1) Dec 62) and Change 2 (29 Jan 63). TM 38-750 MECORDS, AND REMEMBER,
THERE MAY BE OTHER
MOP-UP ACTIONS TO
FOLLOW, SO KEED AN EYE
ON THE DA CIRCULARS
AND PA PAM 310-4.

Appendix, AR 750-10 (1 Mar 63). Appendix II, AR 750-45 (9 Mar 62).

AR 750-1670-2 (16 Feb 60) and its Change 1 [7 Nov 61] - ports in conflict with

TB AVN 23-68 (2) Aug 62) and its Change 1

DA Messages 310322 (20 Jul 62), 314288 (22 Aug DA Letter AGAM-PIM) 452.63 (28 Jun 62) DCSLOG 62), 316400 (12 Sep 62), 320241 (10 Oct 62), 327683 (29 Nov 62), 326748 (25 Jan 63), and

16 Jul 62): Subject-Army Aircraft Engine Management System.

ANIST THE

TEAD QUAR SERT

AN RSVP ON EIR'S?

missile system, by the way, has its own EIR Digest. aircraft; TB 9-1400-299-10 on the Nike; TB 9-1400-324-10 on the Sergeant. Each Some already out are: TB Sig 363-series on electronics; TB AVN 23-5-1 on

cally if your orders for pin-point distribution are made out right. And for those on formula distribution, you'll have to make sure your pubs section shoots 'em fast-like on a DA Form 17. Of course, you'll be getting some of them automatiyour way Keep your eye peeled on DA Pamphlet 310-4 for these TB's and order 'em

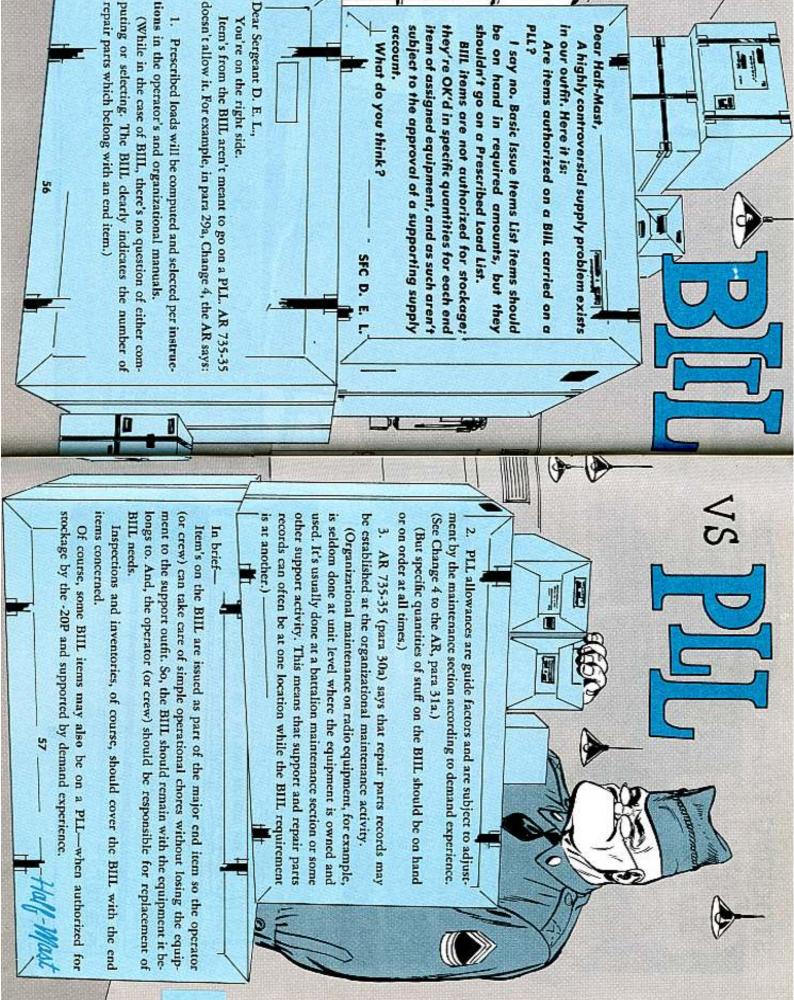
### DO YOU GET

It depends.

give you a quick-like reply to acknowledge your emergency or urgent EIR's. When you send in an EIR (DA Form 2407) the National Maintenance Point'll

Howsomever, on a routine EIR you may or may not get a Roger on it from

periodically as DA Technical Bulletins. Digests will give you the word on the status of your EIR-and all other EIR's. EIR's and tell what action is being taken on 'cm. For most routine EIR's, these So, it's mighty important to latch on to these Digests. They're published The various NMP's prepare EIR Digests in which they sum up the incoming



account.

Dear Half-Mast,

Dear Sergeant D. E. L.,

### STOCKING PLL vs FRINGE ITEMS



It lets you figure out your stocks of these items anytime your records show a minimum of three demands in 180 days or less. That is, fringe items (backed-up by demand info on DA Form 2527) can be added to your prescribed load. (1) Days of supply authorized

X Total quantity demand

No. of days (rounded to nearest 15 day increment) in which the demands accrued.

Initial stock level

For example:

An item has accumulated 3 demands in 52 days, and the total quantity demanded for the item during this period is 27. If the organization is authorized to stock 15 days of supply; the following computation would be made:

$$\frac{15\times27}{45}=0$$

(2) The quantity resulting from this computation will be entered on the title insert (par. 30b(1)(d)). Fractional values will be rounded in accordance with paragraph 31c.

The formula for fringe items, however, does not . . . repeat does not, apply to parts authorized on your PLL. The PLL stocks are revised monthly, after the initial six review periods, per instructions in the AR's para 31.

So don't be confused . . . each formula does a different job for you.

in E, MAINT	(d)		in a contract of the contract					UNIT PAC	1	EUUIPAEHT ALLUMANCE			\$7,	
ORANGESTY CODE	FEDE \$100 HO	8		HOMENCLATURE EUUPWENT APPLICATION						100	(4) 1-5	V-31	(e) (71-5)	52-11
O THE COLUMN	2990-13	h-5329	eurnita.	Comple			moret b	ng, makal	year profe	51	*	40	+	
. 0	LAS							DA FORM C4, PAF						
0	LAS	REQ		DEMANDS			R, SEE		A 29	, AR	735	-35.		
p 0	LAS	REQ	COND. OF	DEMANDS			R, SEE	C4, PAF	A 29	, AR	735	-35.		
\$100 \$100	Dec	REQ	UIRED (	OCMANOS	S YOU	ORDE	R, SEE	(4, PAF	0-734	, AR	735	-35.		
1 99	Social MO	S REQ	COMPANY THE	OCMANOS	S YOU	ORDE	R, SEE	(4, PAF	0-734	, AR	735	-35.		
sus 16 - 00 3	DOUGLA BEST	REQ	COMPANY THE	OCMANOS	S YOU	ORDE	R, SEE	(4, PAF	0-734	, AR	735	-35.		
sus 16 - 00 3	DOUGLA BEST	REQ	COMPANY THE	OCMANOS	S YOU	ORDE	R, SEE	(4, PAF	0-734	- 88	735	-35.		



You've seen some new tools in your No. 2 Common Tool Kit (FSN 4910-754-0650), Change 2 to SM 9-4-4910-A86, and in your No. 2 Supplemental Tool Kit (FSN 4940-754-0743), SM 9-4-4940-A08.

If it's the impact wrench or wrenches that're bothering you, here's some info that should help.

You'll find -

WRENCH SET, IMPACT, HAND, FSN 5120-961-9813 in the No. 2 Common Tool Kit.

The set is also a part of

WRENCH SET, IMPACT, HAND, FSN 5120-961-9815

that's in your No. 2 Supplemental.

The FSN 5120-961-9813 set has a 3/4-in square drive and will torque up to 800 lbs-ft. The FSN 5120-961-9815 set includes the 3/4-in square drive, 800 lbs ft torque, and a 1-in square drive, 2000 lbs-ft torque.





Here are the items you find in the sets. All of these are in the No. 2 Supplemental Kit. The items in blue type are also in the No. 2 Common Tool Kit.



WRENCH, Model 750, %-in sq drive, 800 lbs torque.

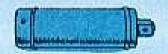
FSN 5120-442-8047 Mfr Part No. 41-90750



WRENCH, Model 1000, 1-in sq drive, 2000 lbs torque.

FSN 5120-440-8011

Mfr Part No. 41-91000



EXTENSION, 6"

FSN 5120-821-8935 Mfr Part No. 41-70780



EXTENSION, 7" FSN 5120-821-8937

Mfr Part No. 41-71080



EXTENSION, 9"

Mfr Part No. 41-70781



EXTENSION, 12" FSN 5120-821-8936

Mfr Part No. 41-70775



EXTENSION, 14" FSN 5120-821-8938

Mfr Part No. 41-71075



EXTENSION, Budd Wheel

Mfr Part No. 41-71074



EXTENSION, Special Budd Wheel.

Mfr Part No. 42-71001



EXTENSION, Special for Turret Studs

Mfr Part No. 42-70704



ALL THESE ITEMS ARE IN THE 9815 SET... THOSE SHOWN WITH THE NAME AND FSN IN BLUE TYPE ARE ALSO



**EXTENSION**, Special for **Turret Studs** 

Mfr Part No. 42-71002



WRENCH, Box End

Mfr Part No. 41-00787-6



OFFSET LINK, Short

WRENCH, Box End

Mfr Part No. 41-00787-8



Mfr Part No. 41-70783



WRENCH, Box End

Mfr Part No. 41-00787-11



OFFSET LINK, Long

Mfr Part No. 41-70783-1



WRENCH, Box End

Mfr Part No. 41-01087-6



OFFSET LINK, Short

Mfr Part No. 41-71083



OFFSET LINK, Long

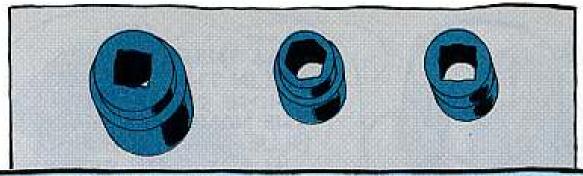
Mfr Part No. 41-71083-1



WRENCH, Box End

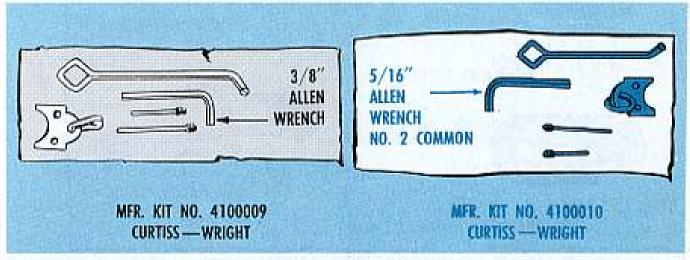
Mfr Part No. 41-01087-15

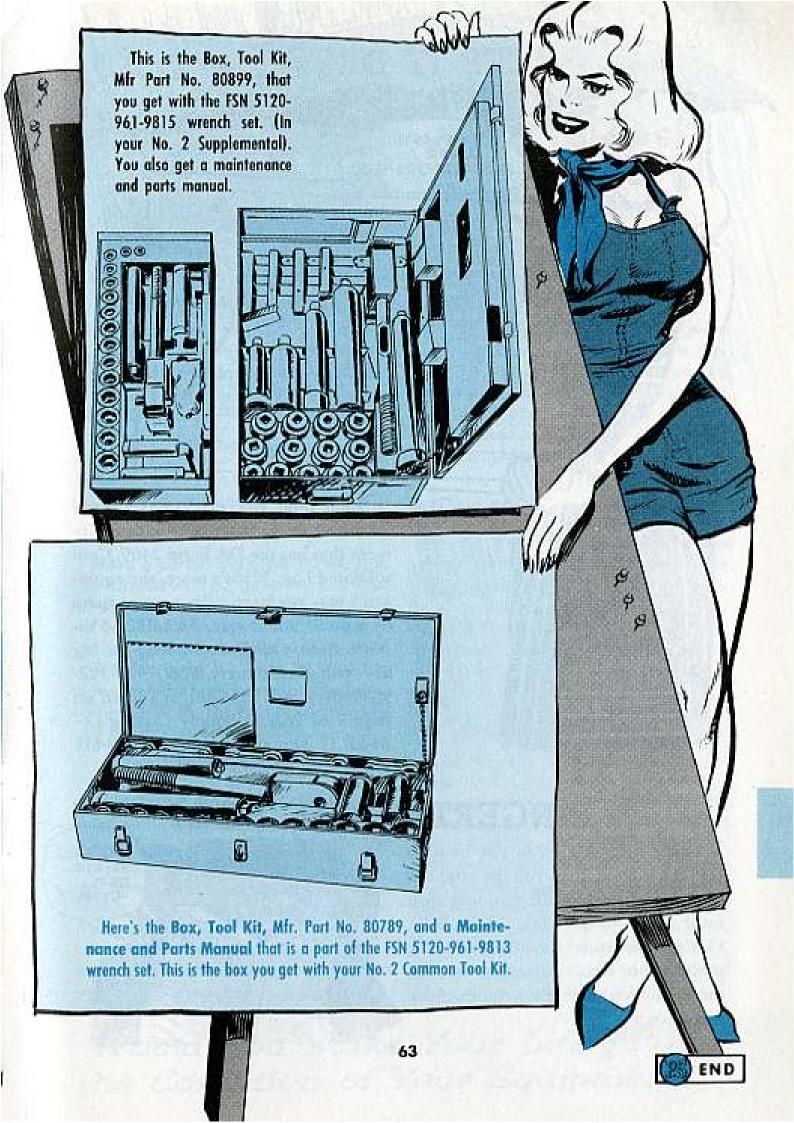


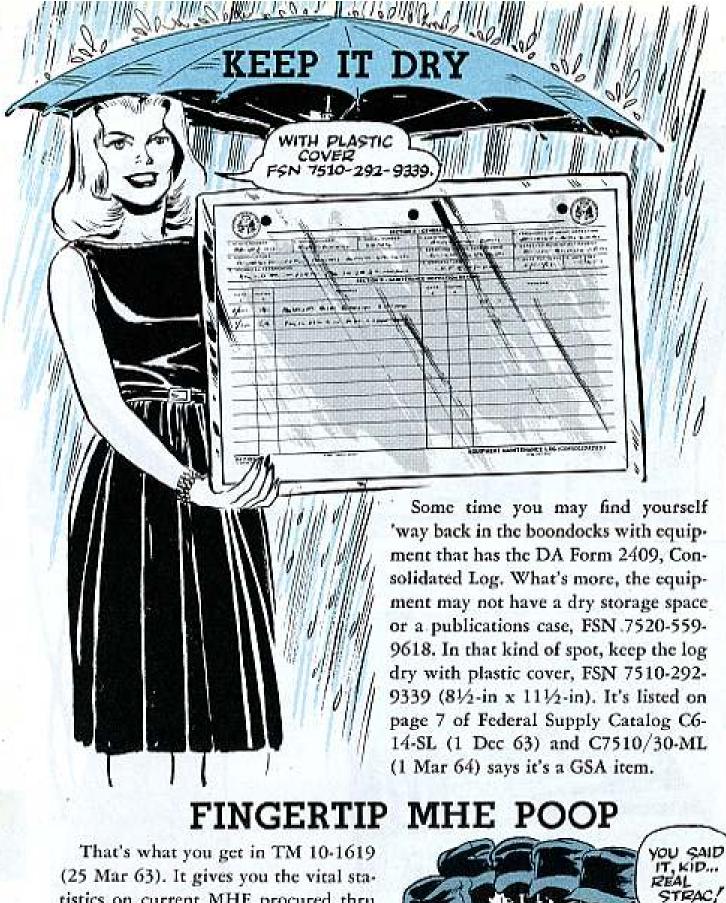


			SOCKET, Impact FSN	SIZE	MER PART NO.
SOCKET, Impact		The state of	1 VIII	OILL	men rant No.
FSN	SIZE	MFR PART NO.	5130-684-0919	12%"	89501
	N. T.		5130-221-8023	156"	89521
5130-227-6701	3/4	69241	5130-221-8024	1%"	89541
5130-227-6676	137,00	69261		134"	89561
5130-227-6677	2011	69281	5130-221-8025	19%"	89581
5130-293-1411	13/4"	69301	5130-235-5880	1%"	89601
5130-227-6679	I"	69321		11%"	89621
5130-293-1412	11/4/	69341	5130-235-5881	2"	89641
5130-227-6681	11/6"	69361		21/4"	89661
5130-293-1413	186"	69381		21/4"	89681
5130-227-6683	11/4"	69401	5130-293-1375	2%"	89701
5130-227-6684	1%"	69421	5130-293-1374	21/4"	89721
5130-227-6685	136"	69441		2%/"	89741
5130-227-6686	1%"	69461	5130-293-1373	234"	89761
5130-236-3979	195"	69481		2%"	89781
		CAST IN SUMMER TO		21/1"	89801

You'd better keep an eye on these items because only the Allen wrenches are in the supply system. You can get the 5/16-in Allen wrench by asking for Key, Socket Head Screw, FSN 5120-240-5274. FSN 5120-198-5390 is for the 3/8-in one. The other items only come with the sets but they aren't listed in the SM's, they don't have FSN's so order by Mfr. number.







That's what you get in TM 10-1619 (25 Mar 63). It gives you the vital statistics on current MHE procured thru fiscal 1961—their TM's, SM's, LO's, FSN's, model numbers, manufacturers, performance data, capacities, etc. All the dope you need in a quick-check reference.

64

TM 10-1619



### Night sight scope

For a complete run-down on the care, use and capabilities of the transistorized infrared metascope (FSN 1090-790-6197), you can check a new sound film strip, SFS 5-173. The sound strip's 33 frames are in color and run 11 minutes. You'll also want to latch onto the equipment's TM 5-1090-203-15 (11 Jul 62) and its Change 1 (16 Jul 63).

### Parallel poop

Need a paralleling cable for the Hol-Gar CE-600-AC/EG generators at your Nike site? It can be had, even tho it's not yet listed in the generator "P" manuals. It's Cable, paralleling, FSN 6115-678-6113, listed on page 20, line 25, of the manufacturer's manual, Stock No. 7610-C-1-0736. The Part No. is H14150 and the item code is 73239.

### Return of raven rotor blades

When it comes to disposition of warnout tail rotor blades, the Raven (OH-23) is an exception. It's economical to reskin damaged OH-23TR blades as long as the yoke or hub section isn't bent, cracked or broken . . . and finite life hasn't been exceeded. So you don't want to automatically condemn a blade until you've eyeballed its yoke section.

### Checked your oil?

MWO 55-1520-206-34/1 has given the clutch in your Raven (OH-23) a new lease on life by providing a separate transmission oil system. To keep your bird in the pink, be sure the oil level gets checked every Daily—and the oil gets changed every 500 hours.

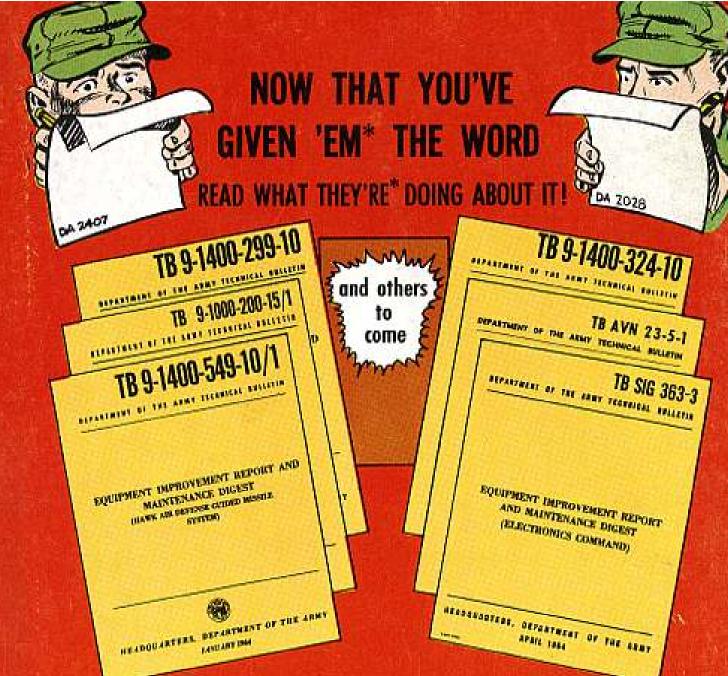
### For the sergeant types

For a helpful run-through on the scheduled PM checks and services due the launching station of the Sergeant, have a look at TF 9-3423. The new training film (27 minutes long) is available from your audio-visual communications center.

### Friendly form 12-4

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