

TRYING TO KEEP YOUR
"C"SCORE SHEET ON
YOUR DOD CATALOGS
(PS123) UP TO DATE,
THEN HERE ARE SOME
MORE SCORES TO APD
TO IT!

CATALOGS



PRINTER LAGT BUT SO DESIGNED 91 10. C 5210-IL

FEDERAL SUP CATALOG

Department of Descrion

HOEX DOSEL

DENTIFICAON LIST

the catalog supersedes. when to start using the catalog. And it tells you what publications In the first place, it'll tell you

THIS PUBLICATION IS EFFECTIVE 1 JANUARY 1964

SUPERSEDURE NOTICE

rt all Department of the Arm Cation Class 5210, with data.

well learn about it because you'll be

seeing it more and more,

number (C5210-IL). That IL stands for

logs that have an IL at the end of the

Maybe you've seen those new cata-

Identification List. You might just as

OBTAIN THE MAXIMUM BENEFIT FROM THE CONsays, "READ THE INTRODUCTION CAREFULLY TO TENTS OF THIS CATALOG." Now for the introduction. You'll note that it

ground you'll need to make working with the composition of the catalog and all the back-The introduction gives you the word on the

by reading the first few pages before

You can learn about these catalogs

into volumes.

into one catalog, it gets broken down

When there's too much info to put

you start using them.

Introduction Identification Data Federal Stock Number Index

find the Table of Contents

For instance, on the first page you'll

tween because it's important. duction, better read the print in be-Now, before you jump to the Intro-

KENN. ALCOUNT. DESCRIPTION DATA STATUS

on Index Number and the only purpose of it is to help you find the item you're looking for. The introduction tells you that there's

(1) Index number. A sequencing number assigned to each item as listed SHOULD NOT BE UTILIZED FOR IDENTI the FSN in part II. in part I and cross referenced to FICATION PURPOSES an item and you want to get the nomendature, then you turn to the Federal Stock Number index. The FSN's are listed numerically so It also says that if you have an FSN for THIS NUMBER

(2) Federal Stock Number. An 11 digit e.g., 5210-234-6749. supply, arranged in groups of 4, 3 number assigned to each item of only to identify the individual Supply Classification code number. and 4 digits separated by hyphens; which is nonsignificant and serves Item Identification number (FIIN) four digits comprise the Federal The last two groups of three and group of four digits is the Federal The first

Then you have a description of the item. And you can tell which service(s)

(3) Description. data selected from the Federal Item contains, but is not restricted to in capital letters. Standardized ference numbers when applicable specifications and/or other reized. The description includes first letter of each word capitaland part names appear with only the The approved item names appear Identification (DD 146) cards. This information

BLADE, THICKNESS GAGE: English system; 0.040 noths, 3 in. 1g, 1/4 in. w; w/o hole in and of bla Western Electric Co, Inc. type no. 1124 gage

MLADE, THICKNESS GACK: English system; 0.050 in. Ig; 1/4 in, w: w/o hole is end of blade; 2 sq en stepped to 0.040 in. thk 3/8 in. from end

(4) Using Service. The Military Ser vice(s) recorded in the files of Symbols used to identify services Center as a user of the item. the Defense Logistics Services

AF-AS----All Services A----Army ----Air Force -Navy -Marine Corps

SERVICE 4.45 ILLUST. PAGE NO

it's not hard to locate the number you want.

the page number in this column. When there's an illustration you'll find

Illustration page number. The cable Reference Drawings are in numerical sequence and follow the sential by all services are shown number. in future revisions. All applitrations acquired will be included when available. Additional illus-Identification Data in Part I. is keyed to the page and index illustration of a particular item Illustrations deemed es-





manufacturer's names), and Identificamanufacturer's code cross-referenced to tus Code, Supplementary Indexes (e.g., Status Codes, DOD Standardization Sta-Source, Unit Price, Unit of Issue, Supply FSN, Managing Activity, GSA Supply hat was in your PL or Price List, such as Your ML gives you the information

G8.4-6

MARTIN CLASS LIKE THE PE IN LEBILITIES

M 10.0 5210-M1-1

FEDERAL SUPPLY CATALOG

Department of Defense Section

MANAGEMENT DATA LIS

Definition

very much like your IL. tact, your ML is orranged

Defense General Supply Center

Stock Pederal Column

Richmond, Vo. 23212

SIPERSON CARA

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THE PRINCIPLE STATE

sedure notice and date on the front of the catalog. In

You'll find the super-

FSC CLASS 5210

MEASURING TOOLS, CRAFTSMEN'S

eral Item Identification Number (FIIN groups of 3 and 4 digits are the Fedof 4 digits is the Federal Supply Class e.g., 5210-234-6749. The first group item of supply, arranged in groups of 4, 3, and 4 digits separated by hyphesis only to identify the individual item. which is nonsignificant and serves fication code number. The last two An 11 digit number assigned to each

The alpha codes shown herein are as es-tablished in Appendix A, Chapter 6, of this column the supply and procurement responsibility has been assigned to the GSA and the method of supply is shown in the GSA Supply Source Column. publication. For all items coded CX in and are defined in paragraph 7b, this the Federal Manual for Supply Cataloging

H

other than GSA sources. that the item is to be obtained from Note: No entry in this column indicates

8

tion of the routing identifier in lieu of items should show 8 in the third postthis service. Requisitions for these sources. GSA Port Regions (Region 2, New York; Region 7, Dallas; Region 10, Auburn-Seattle) are equipped to perform in obtaining GSA-5 items from Conus are encouraged to utilize GSA facilities submit their requirement to that office for procurement actions. Overseas users Regional Office or may, if they desire, tain the assistance of the nearest GSA culty in procuring these items may oband activities which encounter difficured locally. "Decentralized Item." Item will be pro-(See Appendix A) Military installations

3

appropriate GSA Regional Office. (See Requisitions will be submitted to the Item available from GSA Stores Depot.

日

G5A-7

ing. (See Appendix A) quirements, and provision for overpackregarding delivery time for urgent rethereto. Note especially information Consult the GSA "Check List and Guide GSA Regional Office for processing the order will be submitted to the local quirement exceeds the maximum limitation Itself procure locally. When the reappropriate GSA Regional Office or may vity may submit its requirement to the is less than minimum, the ordering actithe contractor. When the requirement Schedule, orders will be placed with minimum order limitation stated in the Schedule. When within the maximum and lies available from Federal Supply for Federal Supply Schedules" and adhere

> addresses of the activity. Managing Activity Codes along with the You'll also find a translation of those

Hannging Activity Alpha Codes are as

Activity and Address

Code follows:

E

ment and Supply Agency Attn: SMUAD-QC U. S. Army Assumition Procure-Joliet, Illinois

U. S. Army Ameunition Procure-Joliet, Illinois Attn: SMUAP-QS and Supply Agency

U. S. Army Missile Command, Supply and Maintenance Directorate Red Stone Arsenal, Alabama

Warren, Michigan U. S. Army Tank-Automotive

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Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Frankford Arsenal, U. S. Army

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St. Louis, Missouri U. S. Army Aviation and Surface Materiel Command

Defense General Supply Center Richmond 12, Virginia

U. S. Navy Ships Parts Control Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania

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CX

Great Lakes, Illinois U. S. Navy Electronics Supply

Submarine and Reactor Parts Supply Office

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Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania U. S. Mavy Ordnance Supply

JE.

Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania

Defense Medical Supply Center Brooklyn 32, New York Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

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S.

Aviation Supply Office

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Marine Corps Supply Activity

PA

Olmsted Air Force Base Middletown Air Materiel Area Pennsylvania

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MORE

About Your CB'S and CN'S

You'll find catalog numbers that end in CB and CN, and they'll have a number under them.



FEDERAL SUPPLY C5330-ML-CB CATALOG

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SECTION

NO. 3

INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES

FSC GROUP 53

CLASS 5330 PACKING AND GASKET MATERIALS

CHANGE BULLETIN NO. 3

SUPPLY MANAGEMENT DATA AND PRICE LIST C5330-ML

SUPERSEDURE NOTICE

This CRASSE BULLETIN CS330-NL-CS No. 3 of 3 Pebrisary Lags, appearance of the particular This CRASSE MILLETIN CSSIO-ML-CS No. 3 of 1 Pebruary 1984 ASPERAGES CHANGE MULETIN CSSIO-ML-CS No. 3 of 1 Newspaper 1983 and CRASSE NOTICE CSSID-ML-CS No. 3 of 1 Newspaper 1983 and CRASSE NOTICE CSSID-ML-CS No. 4 of 1 Second Local Cons.

THE CHANGE NOTICE OR CN WORKS A LITTLE DIFFERENTLY. THESE COME OUT BETWEEN CB'S OR REVISIONS TO THE CATALOGS. THEY CONTAIN ESSENTIAL CATALOG DATA AD-DITIONS, DELETIONS, OR RE-VISIONS.

A CN won't pick up the info that was in the previous CN, so if you have two CN's before a CB or revision to the catalog, then you keep both of them.

That CB stands for Change Bulletin which gives catalog data additions, deletions, or revisions. Could be a change to your IL or ML. A separate Change Bulletin is published for each list. You'll see a new CB every three months except when changes are included in a revised IL or ML. The CB's for IL's and ML's. are numbered so you can tell the series to which it applies. (For example, 5210-IL-CB1 tells you that Change Bulletin No. I applies to catalog 5210-IL.)

When you get a CB it will have the changes that were in the last CB unless a revised catalog has come out in the meantime. For instance, CB No. 3 will have new information plus the information that was in CB No. 1 and CB No. 2.

CHARLEST AND DOUGH. ST

diffill

C5305-ML-CMR

FEDERAL SUPPLY CATALOG

Department of Optense Section

CHANGE NOTICE NO. 6 MANAGEMENT DATA LIST

> FSC CLASS 5305 **SCREWS**

Defense Industrial Supply Center Philadelphia, Pa. 19111

CHARGES TO COOPS ME ENTED 1 JUN 1984

DEFECTIVE: 1 Mar 70 L 61 1944

DIPARTMENT OF THE ARMY SUPPLY MANUAL ...

SM 9-CSDOSIMI, KM &

Tailored Catalogs Too

A tailored catalog (CB000-ML-A is an example) is one that is published for one service. You'll have the letter A for Army, N for Navy, AF for Air Force, and MC for Marine Corps.

And you can have an IL or ML tailored catalog. When you see C8000-ML-A you'll know the A is for Army.

NOW DON'T BE
THROWING AWAY
YOUR OLD CATALOGS
(SL'S [STOCK LIST],
PL'S [PRICE LIST],
ETC.) UNTIL YOU SEE
THEY HAVE BEEN
SUPERSEDED BY AN
IL OR ML.





Department of Defense Section

ARMY SERVICE
SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

FSC GROUP 80 Brushes, Paints, Sealers, and Adhesives

> Defense Industrial Supply Center Philadelphia, Pa. 19111

SUPERSIDES CROOD-ML & DATED 1 JAM 1984

DATE 1 APR 1964





BLOCKED UP... IN ADDITION TO YOUR JACK.

What you see circled below was taken from page 428 of TM 9-8022.

shaft to be removed Caution: Always jack up one wheel on axle driven by propeller

wheel drive that's engaged automatically—the 5-ton job, f'rinstance. And the caution has just as much meaning for other trucks with a front

axle driven by propeller shaft to be removed." to read: "Always jack up one front wheel or two rear wheels on same side on But if you want to make the warning complete for the 6x6's, the caution ought



want to take off a prop shaft. have no sweat. That is, all you have to do is disengage the front axle if you manually engage the front axle on these vehicles, but don't move them, you It's a different situation with the 4x4's—the 1/4- and 3/4-ton trucks. If you



disengage the front axic or raise any one wheel and then drive around, you want to either before removing a prop shaft. This deal gets rid of any windup that has built up in the prop And if you manually engage the front axle



5-TON G744-SERIES TRUCKS MUST ... DRAIN 'EM

. . . is a daily must for all tactical wheeled vehicles that mount air reser-Open the pet cocks and let 'em drain

tanks at the end of every day's run. be removed from the air brake reservoir knows, water and condensation must As every experienced truck driver

plain words; and they're not foolin'. series 10-ton truck TM's spell it out in and G749-series 21/2-ton and G792-Operator's Daily PM Services. The G742 reservoirs cover this in their TM's Just about all vehicles that have air

You see, in freezing weather, water truck drivers.

can become ice in the brake lines causmost. Let too much water collect in the ing no brakes when you need them reservoirs and it can also kill your

cluding the G744-series 5-ton jobs. This holds true for all trucks . . . in-

in the safety game. daily PM table of TM 9-2320-211-10, after-operation PM service listed in the so jot it down on your brain. When you drain your air tanks you'll be ahead You won't find this important daily

Pass the word along to other 5-ton

DAILY TOO



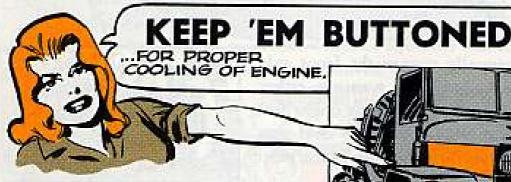
DIG THOSE FIVE-TONNERS

You now need some new books if you're working around the 5-ton work-horses.

Try TM 9-2320-211-10 (Mar 63). It supersedes part of TM 9-8028 and lists the G744-series 5-ton trucks' OEM. TM 9-2320-211-20P
TM 9-2320-211-20
TM 9-2320-211-10

Then you need TM 9-2320-211-20 (Mar 63) which supersedes the remaining section of TM 9-8028.

TM 9-2320-211-20P (Mar 63) covers the cargo; dump, truck-tractor and wreckers, plus the chassis M39, M40, M40C, M61, M63, M63C, M139, M139C, M139D and M139F. It supersedes the -20P dated 14 Jan 59.

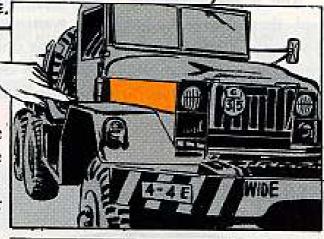


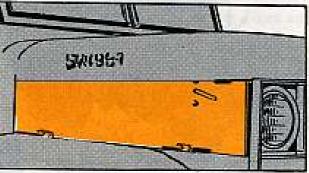
Opening the windshield and side vents may cool you off when you're rolling with an M52-M172 rig. But the same principle won't work for the tractor engine.

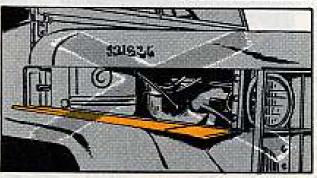
If you open the side panels, the air blast from the fan won't be channeled back and around the rear part of the engine. And you know what a revolting development that can lead to—an overheated engine for real.

'Course if the engine overheats with the side panels closed, check operator's pub, TM 9-2320-211-10 (11 Mar 63). The troubleshooting table will clue you on other causes of engine overheating.

So, keep the side panels buttoned when you're rolling . . . that goes for all types of trucks, from 2½-tonners on up.







NO HOSE NEEDED

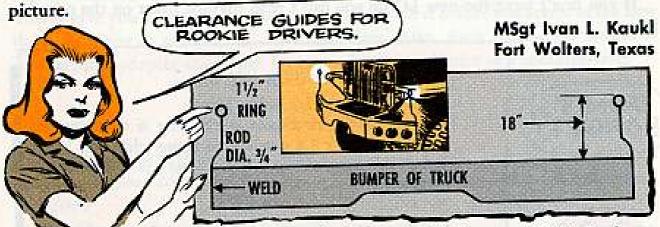


TM 9-2300-223-20P (Nov 62), the consolidated stockage list of repair parts, can put the hose to you if you're not careful. The last item on page 107 is listed as FSN 2930-322-7342, HOSE: radiator inlet for G742 2½-ton vehicles. Actually, this is not a radiator hose and won't work on G742 vehicles. Get radiator hose FSN 4720-752-1971. The hose listed as FSN 2930-322-7342 is actually for the G792-series 10-ton trucks.

GUIDE ON THIS

Dear Editor,

As a matter of safety, we weld rods to the bumpers of all trucks 2½-ton or larger so our rookie drivers can use them as clearance guides. The rods are attached to the extreme ends (left and right) of the front bumper like in this

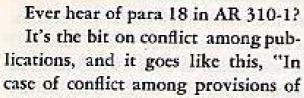


(Ed Note—Good safety idea, Sarge, and all you need is for your CO to back you up. Under AR 385-10 (Apr 63) Section 4a, he has all the authority he needs to use the safety device or any other method needed to prevent accidents. Section 4a reads:

"Commanders at every echelon are responsible for conducting a continuing, vigorous effort toward the prevention of accidents in all operations and activities. Commanders will insure that adequate provisions for safe practices and safe physical standards are incorporated in all directives, standing operating procedures and training doctrine."

'Course, you have to take them off and spot paint if you ever turn in your trucks or transfer them to another unit. It might be simpler to work out a clamp deal that you could make out of rod and scrap metal. You could use it during training and then, after training, the clamp could be taken off and stored for future use.)





publications, those publications of a later date govern."

This is the key that sets the tune on the how the transmission oil is checked in the 2½-ton G749-series Hydra-Matic trucks.

The Hydra-Matic oil-level check put out way back in 1955 and still shown in TM 9-8024, is not to be used. The vehicle's LO 9-2320-210-12 (Dec 62) says so.

Like the AR says, the later dated pub governs.

If you don't have the new LO or you can't read the fine print on the one you have . . .





CHECK LIKE THIS-

1. First, lock the vehicle's parking brakes.

2. Then, shift the transmission selector lever to the N (neutral) position and lock it in place with the neutral safety lock.

3. Start the engine and let it idle at about 650 RPM for 3 to 5 minutes.

READ IT-

 If the truck's not been run before you started it, then the transmission oil level should check out at the COLD mark on the dipstick.

01-

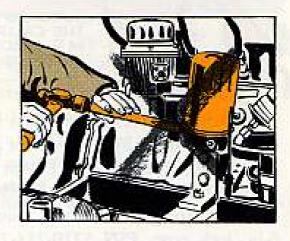
When the truck has just come off a run and the oil is at operating temperature, the level should be at the HOT FULL mark.

While we're on the transmission shift lever topic, do all your Hydra-Matic trucks have the neutral safety lock mounted on the shift-control tower? That lock was put there by MWO Ord G749-W34 way back in 1956 and should be on all the G749-series vehicles because it's a safety deal.

M151 OIL FILTER

WRAP A PIECE OF WEB BELT AROUND FILTER FOR A BETTER





Every six months or 3,000 miles, whichever comes first, you M151 1/4-ton mechanics may have to change the engine oil filter.

If you can't unscrew it by hand, wrap a piece of web belt around the filter. This'll give you a better grip and make the filter easier to get out.

The filter adapter could get broken

if you use a hammer and chisel. TM 9-2320-218-20 (Apr 63) has the dope on removing and replacing the oil filter.

After you get the old filter off, see if there's any sludge or gook in the filter well. If so, take off the filter adapter and wash it before you screw in the new filter. Also, flush engine oil system if there is evidence of contamination.

A GOOD FSN

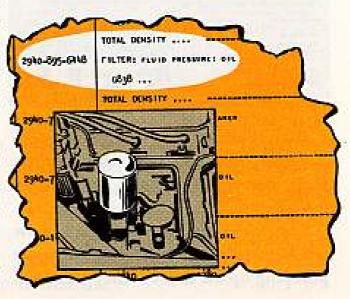
oil filter in your copy of TM 9-2300-223-20P?

The filter is now in your Consolidated Authorized Organizational Stockage List manual. It's on page 47 of the December 1963 issue and is listed as FILTER: fluid pressure, oil, under FSN 2940-895-6448.

The FSN is a good and lucky number. As a matter of fact, this 2940-895-6448 number is even luckier than FSN 2940-678-1845 given in TM 9-2320-218-20P (May 60).

Hereafter, when you need a new oil filter for your M151 use this new FSN

Can you find the M151 1/4-ton truck's on your 1546; your support will be able to get it a lot faster from the depot with this new number.



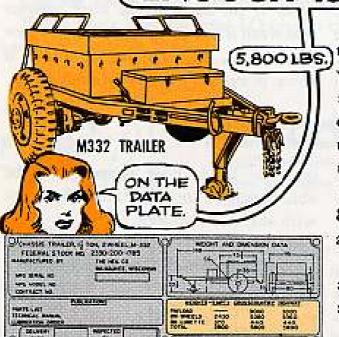
BALL CHECKER HERE

YOU'RE AUTHORIZED THE CALIPERS BY TM 9-2320-218-20P (31 DEC63).

If you ¼-ton M151 mechs have been looking for the caliper shown on page 194 of TM 9-2320-218-20 (11 Apr 63), your search is at an end. To check the ball-joint free-play: Caliper, outside, 6-in, lock type, FSN 5210-254-2342, has been added to truck tool kit "B", FSN 4910-627-7049. You're authorized the calipers by TM 9-2320-218-20P (31 Dec 63).



ENOUGH IS ENOUGH



Be just before you're generous . . .
This is especially true when dealing with your M332 1½-ton ammunition trailer.

Some M332 trailer users don't know when to stop when loading or when pumping up the tires...they overdo it. Regardless of what you've been told, the correct total cross country and highway payload is 5,800 pounds. If anyone asks who says so, tell 'em the trailer data plates say so. You can show 'em the data plate on the trailer or the one that's on page 3 of TM 9-2330-231-14P (Aug 63). The weight of 7,000 or 8,000 pounds that some ammo toters are using is too much.

The 9:00x20 tires that must cushion and carry the 5,800-lb ammo load should be pumped up just right.

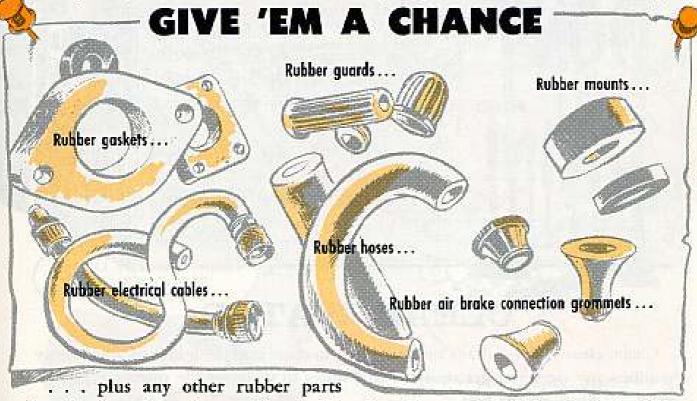
Not too tight, not too loose.

They should get 40 PSI on highways, 30 PSI on cross country runs and 25 PSI for mud, sand and snow traveling. Nix on pressures that run as high as 70 PSI . . . too hard.

To do your trailer justice, stick to the 40-30-25 tire pressures and 5,800-lb load rating.



This goes for everybody who has an M101 or M101A1 ¾-ton cargo trailer or an M116 or M116A1 ¾-ton chassis trailer—there's been a whumping big change in the correct tire pressure on these trailers and not everybody has got the word. TM 9-2330-202-14P (Jan 61) called for a 40-PSI but the new (Aug 62) edition says the pressure should be 25-PSI for highway and 15-PSI for cross-country.



. . . plus any other rubber parts found on a tank, truck or trailer should get a little attention every now and then.

Rubber or rubber coated parts get hard, stiff and then crack or soften and rot when left to the mercy of paint, grease, oils, sweaty hands and the weather.

Given a chance, or even half-achance, your rubber parts can last a lifetime. All they need is a little care, say about once a year on a routine basis.

To start your rubber parts off to a more serviceable life, first wash 'em with plain soap and warm water. Rinse the rubber well and then let it dry like TM 9-208-1 says.

Then coat the rubber with this preservative: Preservative, coating, rubber, FSN 8030-656-1032 (1-gal can). This preservative is for protecting natural or synthetic rubber or rubber coated parts; there should be a gallon of the stuff in every maintenance shop.

The preservative coating is listed in C8000-SL and SB 38-100; it's usually an off-the-shelf country store item.

You can see the full scoop on protecting rubber parts in TB 9-248 dated 20 Mar 61.

Millille

= S-11-63



Some of your dry-charged vehicle batteries come with an instruction tag hooked to one of the filler plugs that says to paint the service date on your battery.

That's no good. You've got to datestamp your battery like it says in para 34d of TM 9-6140-200-15. Use the die stamps in your No. 2 Common Tool Kit. (See Change 1 to SM 9-4-4910-A86.) They're Metal Die Sets, Numerical, FSN 5110-289-0003, and Alphabet, FSN 5110-289-0007.

With a battery dated right, you're in the swing of things when it comes to checking out your vehicle under ESC.

CLEAR WATER

Clean, clear water—that's the first thing to come into the minds of you battery handlers any time you get ready to add water to your vehicle storage type batteries . . . give 'em the best.

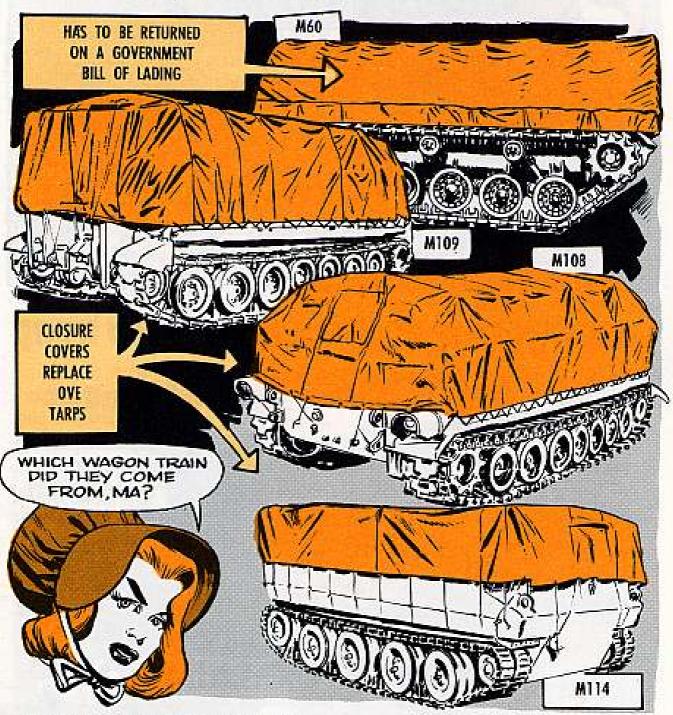


Stay away from "well" water because it usually contains lots of iron and other minerals . . . iron'll cause your batteries to discharge.

Stay away from use of "swamp water." The decayed material in it changes to acetic acid when mixed with sulphuric acid and raises cain with the bonding stuff that holds the grids and plates.

But, any water is better'n none, when you're in a pinch.

COVERED WAGON RETURN



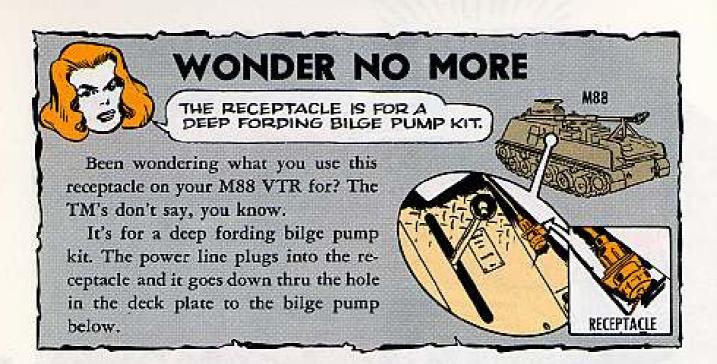
The item you saw in PS 126, Page 41, won't apply to the protective closure kits on your freshly delivered M60-series tanks, the M108 and M109 SPH's, and M114-series vehicles.

On your M60 tanks the kits hafta be returned on a government bill of lading. If transportation funds are not available, wire the U.S. Army Mobility Command, AMCPM-M60, 38111 Van

Dyke Ave., Warren, Mich., 48090 for the funding directive. See your support unit about this.

On the M108, M109 and M114series vehicles, the closure covers replace the OVE tarps.

On all other vehicles, the protective closures are expendable, and you can use 'em however you want.



DIRECT MAIL FOR MARINE AND RAIL

Transportation type surface equipment pubs are now on the direct mail from St. Louis list. The authority is DA Form 12-33: "Requirements for Initial Distribution of Operation and Maintenance Publications Pertinent to Rail, Marine and Amphibious Equipment, and for Supply Data Published in the 55-Series of Supply Bulletins and Supply Manuals." Instructions are on the back of the form.

TIE-DOWN CHAIN

Your cargo tie-down chain assembly, FSN 1670-545-9062, won't do much holding without the chain. To get just the chain, you order Proof coil chain, 7/16-in, 8-7/8 links per foot, galvanized, FSN 4010-165-6057, and ask for the number of feet needed. (It may also be called common coil or standard commercial chain.) It's available from Defense Industrial Supply Center, and it's listed in Federal Supply Catalog C4000-SL, Vol 1B, Table 30, item 750.

OBOY

FINALLY



M113 PC MONEY SAVER



So you'd like to save a buck on maintaining your M113 PC.

Good idea. Try this-

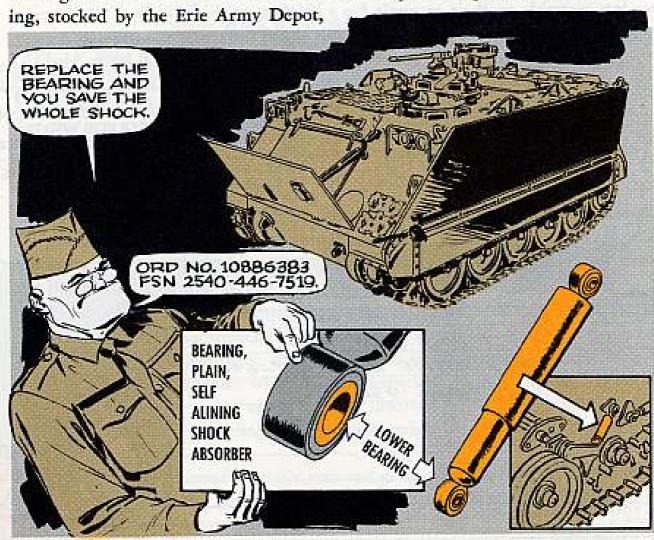
Like you know, your shock absorber bearings give out after absorbing around 2,000 miles worth of shocks, and new shock absorbers cost about \$25 per each.

Well, it is nearly always the lower bearing that conks out and this bearing stocked by the Erie Army Depot.

runs under 5 bucks. With it replaced, the entire shock can be saved.

It is Bearing, Plain, Self Alining Shock Absorber (Ord No. 10886383) FSN 2540-446-7519.

Your direct support can repair your shocks with this bearing. In fact, they can set up a DX for shocks so you can get your M113's repaired quick as well as cheap . . . so pass the word.

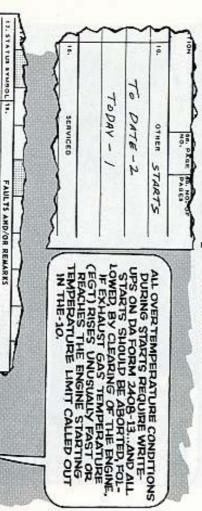




shows no hot starts, but an inspection of the gas producer turbine shows burnt blades-there must be confusion in the ranks. When a Mohawk (OV-1), Iroquois (UH-1) or Chinook (CH-47) log book

benders assemble on their manuals for a briefing on this subject. So let us now have all Mohawk, Iroquois and Chinook drivers and wrench-

Whether it's a T53 or T55 series engine doesn't matter.





and Bravo models of the Huey merely hints at a write-up in para 2-18 . . . same in para 2-19a, Chap 3. But Chap 3 of TM 55-1520-211-10 (Mar 63) for Alpha thing with para 2-17, Chap 3, in TM 55-1520-210-10 (Apr 63) for the Deltas The Mohawk's TM 55-1510-204-10 (Sep 63) leaves no doubt on this point



are pointed out in Chap 7 on Operating Limitations in each -10. In other words, age can occur. this is the EGT at which the engine manufacturer feels that possible heat dam-The exact engine operating limits during starts on all turbine engine aircraft

and fail to have the turbine wheel blades inspected. Next thing you know, a scheduled inspection comes along and we discover blade damage from an unrecord these overtemperatures, chances are you won't remember them later-Special Inspection Requirements section of each aircraft's -20. So if you don't known cause. That's providing your aircraft makes it until the next scheduled This is why engine overtemperature conditions are also called out in the

stricter as the temperature climbs. heat damage has taken place. This is why the special inspection rules become In fact, the hotter your engine's rear end gets, the more likely it is that some

Mibra-a san

DA FORM 2408-13

D. Patrick EXCESSIVE

9 SEP 63 EGT F17

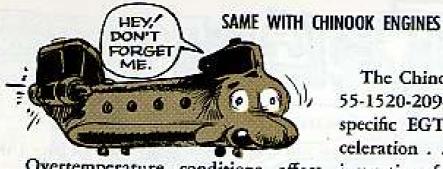
NO. 1 ABORT

DUE

620°-640°C

FAULTS AND/OR REMARKS

MORE



Overtemperature conditions affect the operation of all gas turbine engines. So even though the Chinook (CH-47) uses a T55 engine, its EGT operating limits are pretty near the same as those for the T53-series. The Chinook's interim manual, 'TM 55-1520-209-10, also cautions against specific EGT's during starting or acceleration . . . and requires the same inspection for these overtemperature conditions. The Chinook manual says nothing about recording hot starts either. But any inspection due—scheduled or special—certainly calls for some reminder in writing, wouldn't you say?

INDICATOR ERROR'S POSSIBLE

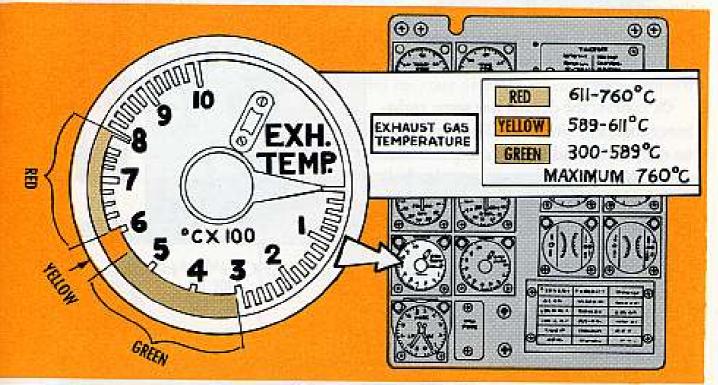
There's always the possibility that what looks like an overtemperature condition is just a malfunction in either the detector or indicator end of the system. So while you're making a special engine inspection, you mechanics might want to add on some of the checks called for in the trouble shooting chart for the EGT indicating system.

INDICATION OF TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
No indication.	Defective indicator.	Replace indicator and forward de fective unit to field maintenance.
Variable indications.	Loose connections.	Tighten connections.
	Defective thermocouple.	Forward defective unit to field maintenance.
Low indication.	Resistor improperly adjusted.	Adjust resistor.
	Defective indicator	Replace indicator and forward de fective unit to field maintenance.
High indication.	Resistor improperly adjusted.	Adjust resistor.
	Defective indicator	Replace indicator and forward defective unit to field maintenance with thermocouple harness.

Better yet, ask support to check out the system with their new Jet Cal Analyzer . . . FSN 4920-673-5514. This analyzer will ring out the indicator system right in the bird. That Jet Cal should be available at your direct support by now.

BE ACCURATE

As you can see from this small size discussion, flight safety demands that you read off all overtemperature EGT's in the red as exact as possible . . . so you can record a specific temperature or range on the aircraft's -13 maintenance form. It's a little easier where the EGT indicator includes a yellow arc between the green and red.

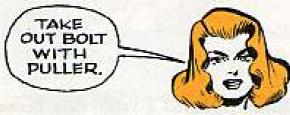


WHEN IN DOUBT-WRITE

It stands to reason that a required inspection could be overlooked without a written reminder in the right place (the -13). So it follows that any EGT condition calling for an inspection has to be recorded.

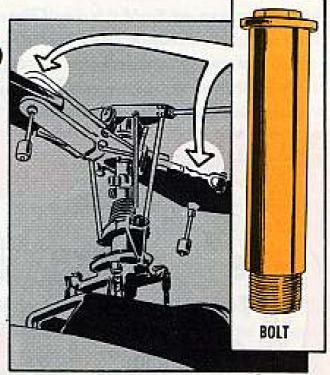


PAINLESS BOLT PULLING



There may come a time when a mechanic has a tougher job pulling a Huey (UH-1) main rotor blade bolt than a dentist has pulling a stubborn wisdom tooth.

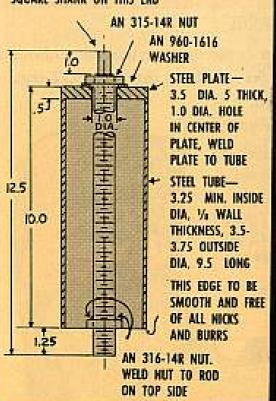
Of course, the dentist has some rightfancy tools to work with. The mechanic, on the other hand, has to use a hammer and drift—or better—to get the bolt out. And with those tools he may end up with an injured hand or some damaged bird parts.



If you face this problem, a solution is to get your CO's OK to make up this puller:

These dimensions go for the UH-1B and D Models:

STEEL ROD — 12.5" LONG. 1/4 x 14 THREADS, ENTIRE LENGTH, 1/2" SQUARE SHANK ON THIS END



If you have the UH-1A Model, you'll need to make these changes:

The steel rod should have 1.00-14 NF threads instead of $\frac{7}{8}$ -14NF.

The nut welded on the rod should be .50 inch from the end, instead of 1.25 inches.

Then, too, the ID of the puller housing should be 2.50 inches with a V_8 -in minimum wall thickness.

Make the hole in the plate, which is welded to the steel tube, 11% inches, instead of 1.00 inch.

Use nuts, AN 315-16R, AN 316-16R, and washer, AN 960-1716 and you're in business.

To use the puller you take the hub and blade off the bird, following the poop in the organizational maintenance pub.

Next, take the plug out of the top of the bolt and center the puller over the bolt. Screw the puller rod into the bolt until it's against the welded nut on the rod, and make with a wrench (clockwise) to pull the bolt. During the pulling be sure you take the tension off the bolt by keeping the blade tip raised.

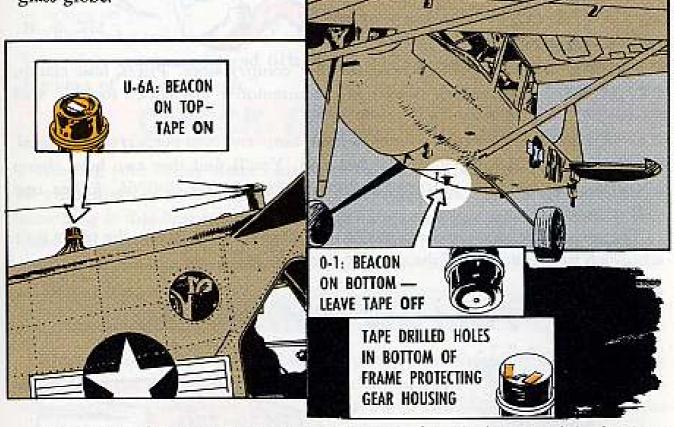
Yessir, for painless bolt extractions, this puller is just what the doctor ordered.



Little holes always seem to cause trouble, no matter where you find 'em. Somebody always wants to cover 'em, open 'em, plug 'em, ream 'em, paint 'em, etc.

Well, when it comes to the drain holes on your aircraft rotating beacons, it's position that counts.

On a Beaver (U-6A) or a Seminole (U-8D), for example, the beacon sets on top of the fuselage. So you leave the protective tape in place on top of the red glass globe.



But on a Bird Dog (0-1), the beacon's installed on the bottom of the fuselage. So you open up the drain hole in the glass and tape up the drain hole drilled in the bottom of the frame protecting the gear housing . . . since everything is reversed for the Bird Dog installation.

All you're interested in doing is protecting whichever part of the beacon faces up or outward from dirt—and to let corrosion-causing condensation drain from whichever side of the beacon faces down. That's why the beacon has top and bottom drain holes.

You won't see this talked about in any TM . . . it's just good common sense.

CLAMP PLIERS



Dear Windy,

The spring-type of clamp, like P/N A35, may be used on many bird parts as pointed out in PS 130. But they can be knuckle busters if you don't have the right pliers to handle them.

So, what pliers do I use and how do I get a pair?

SFC G. H.

Dear Sergeant G. H.,

Put aside the bandages and head for the "country store." Pliers, hose clamp, FSN 5120-537-3375, which is part of the automotive mechanic's tool kit, will fill the bill.

If your self-service supply center is fresh out, run your peepers over Federal Supply Catalog C6-5-SL, Vol 2 (1 Jun 63). You'll find that two hose clamp pliers are listed—FSN 5120-537-3375 and FSN 5120-679-6765. Either one will work nicely.

The moola for this purchase comes out of unit funds, since the pliers isn't scheduled to go into any of the aircraft mechanic's tool kits.

FOLLOW TM 38-750





Air types, please note! When it comes to the Army Equipment Records System, it's TM 38-750 first, foremost and always. So happens that your copy of TM 1-320 (Jul 63), "Organizational Aircraft Maintenance Supervisor's Manual," has some conflicting info because of difference in dates of publication. But both TM's are being revised and this situation will be corrected. Meanwhile, you follow TM 38-750 when in doubt. OK? OK!



If you're still making the big search for decals to stick on your aircraft's fuselage . . . forget it.

You won't find any in stock. And chances are that any you find outside the Army supply system won't be authorized, anyway.

Short shelf life is one good reason for not stocking them. This means you wouldn't be able to rely on getting a good bond from one time to the next. Besides, decals are hard to spread smoothly over curved surfaces, and any time you try to apply them over rivets or other types of uneven surfaces they're liable to bridge on you.

This is why you need special permission from AVSCOM before using decals. Your clues are paras 32 and 61b of TB AVN 7 (Sep 63) on "Painting and Marking of Army Aircraft."

CHOCK FULL OF FOD

Keeping your empty coffee cans chock full of nuts, bolts, cotter pins, wire and all other kinds of foreign objects won't help the aroma... but it'll certainly lend something to that heavenly feeling. Hung on your ground support vehicles, they make convenient collection points for ramp garbage. And you can get 'em in the one-pound, two-pound or even the giant economy three-pound size.

WHAT'S THE SCORE?

How your bird stacks up in an ESC (Equipment Serviceability Criteria) rating depends on the results of the rating scale in each TM 55-1510 or 1520- series organizational maintenance pub... plus. For a complete score you also need the Green, Amber or Red poop on the avionic equipment, from the up-coming TM 11-1510 or 1520 ESC.

ISOLATED PROBLEM?

When is a bird problem not an isolated one in need of a solution? When you run into it—naturally. You can help solve the problem by taking it out of the "isolated" status with a fresh EIR . . . just like the introduction chapter of the EIR Digest, TB AVN 23-5-1 (9 Apr 63), says.

Here's another addition to add to the Equipment Serviceability Criteria pubsthey go in your log book. For previous Itsings see PS 131, pages 10 and 11, PS 133, page 28 and page 28 of PS 136.

TM NUMBER TM 3-4230-200-ESC, Decontominating Apparatus, MJA3, TM 5-1940-200-ESC, Boot Bridge firection. TM 5-2400-200-ESC, Tractors, Diesel Driven, Medium. TM 5-2510-200-ESC, Treck, Bridge Transporting. TM 5-2800-200-ESC, Oulboard Molor, Gas TM 5-3800-200-ESC, Londer, Scooptype, 1½ cu yd. TM 5-3800-200-ESC, Looder, \$cooptype, 2% cu yd. TM 5-3800-200-ESC, Londer, Scooptype, 2½ cu ye TM 5-3800-201-ESC, Graders, Road, Motorized. TM 5-3800-203-ESC, Crane-shavel, 20 Ton TM 5-3810-220-65C, Crane-shavel, Whi Mid 7 Ton. TM 5-4200-200-ESC, Truck, Fire Fighting TM 5-4300-200-ESC, Compressors Recipro, 5 cfm. TM 5-4300-201-ESC, Compressors Recipro, 15 cim. TM 5-4300-202-ESC, Pump, Cos Engine Driven. TM 5-4300-204-ESC, Pneumatic Tools and Comp. TM 5-4300-205-ESC, Compressors Necipro, 55 cim

tion Vell, 600 Gel. TM 5-4610-204-ESC, Water Purification Unit, 1500 Gal. TM 5-4900-200-ESC, Lubricating and Serv. Ualt.

TM 5-4310-229-ESC, Pneumotic Tools

TM 5-4600-200-ESC, Water Purifica-

and Comp.

TM 5-5420-200-ESC, Bridge Armored Yehicle Launched. TM 5-6100-200-ESC, Generator 3 KW,

60 cy. TM 5-6100-201-E5C, Generator 5 KW,

60 cy. TM 5-6100-202-ESC, Generator 1.5

KW, 287 DC TM 5-6100-203-85C, Generator 1.5

KW, 60 cy

TM 5-6100-205-ESC, Generator 3 KW 28Y DC TM 5-6100-206-ESC, Generator 0.5

KW. 60 cy TM 5-6100-207-45C, Generalar 10. KW, 60 cy

TM 5-6115-206-ESC, Generaler 0.15

KW, 60 cy. TM 5-6675-202-ESC, Tellurometer Mos-

ler and Remote Unit. TM 9-766-ESC, M5 Tractors, 13 Ton.

TM 9-1055-203-ESC, M78A1 Truck-Mounted 762MM Bocket Heating and Tie-Down Unit. TM 9-1055-205-E5C, M386 Truck-

Mounted 762MM Rocket Launcher.

TM 9-1055-208-ESC, M405, M405A Trailer-Mounted 762MM Rockel Handling Units,

TM 9-2300-203-85C/1, M59 Cerrier Personnel.

TM 9-2300-203-ESC/2, M84 Mortor, SP, 4.2 Inch. TM 9-2300-216-85C/1, M110 Howitzer, 59, 8 Inch 9-2300-216-85C/2, M107 Gun. TM 9-2300-224-ESC/1, M113 Corrier TM 9-2320-206-ESC/1, M125 Truck. Cargo, 10 Ton. TM 9-2320-206-ESC/2, M123, M123C Truck, Tractor, 10 Ton

TM 9-2320-208-ESC/1, M170 Treck, Ambulance la Ton TM 9-2320-208-ESC/1, M38A1 Truck,

Utility, la Ton. TM 9-2320-208-ESC/2, M38A1C,

M38A1D Truck, UllRiy, % Ton. TM 9-2320-209-E5C/1, M34, M35,

M36, M36C Truck, Corgo, 2½ Ton. TM 9-2320-209-ESC/2, M47, M59, M342 Truck, Domp. 21/2 Ton

TM 9-2320-209-ESC/3, M49, M49C Truck, Tank, 215 Ton

TM 9-2320-209-ESC/4, M48, M275 Truck, Tractor, 2½ Ton. FM 9-2320-209-ESC/5, M109,

M109A1 Treck, Van. 2½ Ton. TM 9-2320-209-ESC/5, M185 Treck,

Repair Shop, 2% Ton

TM 9-2320-209-ESC/5, M292 Truck, Exponsible, Van, 2% Ton. TM 9-2320-209-ESC/6, M60 Truck,

Wrecker, 21/2 Ton. TM 9-2320-209-E5C/6, M108 Truck, Wrecker, 26 Ton

TM 9-2320-209-ESC/7, M50 Truck, Tank, 215 Tan. TM 9-2320-210-ESC/1, M211,-M135

Truck, Cargo, 214 Ton TM 9-2320-210-ESC/2. M215 Truck.

Dump, 214 Toa, TM 9-2330-210-RSC/3; M217, M217C Truck, Tonk, 215 Ton.

TM 9-2320-210-ESC/4, M221 Truck, Tractor, 214 To

TM 9-2320-210-ESE/5, M220 Truck, Von. 215 Ton. TM 9-2320-210-ESC/5, M23B Repair

Shop, Truck Mounted. TM 9-2320-211-ESC/1, M41, M54, M.S.S Truck, Corgo, 5 Ton.

TM 9-2320-211-ESC/2, M62, M543 Truck, Wrecker, 5 Ton

TM 9-2320-211-ESC/3, M52 Truck. Tractor, 5 Ton. TM 9-2320-211-85C/4, M246 Truck,

Inactor, Wrecker, TM 9-2320-211-85C/5, M151 Truck,

Dump, 5 TM 9-2320-212-ESC, M37 and M3781

Truck. Corgo. TM 9-2320-212-ESC, M43, M4381

Truck, Ambulance. TM 9-2320-213-ESC, M274, M274A1

Truck, Platform Utility TM 9-2320-218-65C, M131-Truck, Unit-

lay, 14 Fgs. TM 9-2020-022-85C, M&B Tonk, Recovery Vahida.

TM 9-2320-235-65C/1, M35AT Trick, Cargo, 215 Ton. TM 9-2350-20T-ESC, M41 Series Tenh.

Combot. TM 9-2350-203-81C, M44, M44A1

Howlizer, SP, 155MM. TM 9-2350-205-ESC, M48A1 Tenk,

Combat. TM 9-2350-208-ESC/1, M48A2 Tonk, Combat.

TM 9-2350-208-ESC/2, M48A2C Tonk, Combat:

TM 9-2350-209-ESC, M52, M52A1 Howitzer, SP, 105MM

TM 9-2350-210-ESC, M55 Howitzer, TM 9-2350-213-ESC, M56 Gun, Anti-

tonk. TM 9-2350-215-ESC, M60, M60A1

Tank, Combat, TM 9-2350-224-ESC, M48A3 Tonk,

Combat. TM 9-7402-ESC, M74 Recovery Vehicle. Madium.

TM 9-7418-ESC, M75 Corrier Personnel. TM 10-1115-ESC, Pumping Assembly, 225 gpm.

TM 10-1125-ESC, Pumping Assembly, 50 gpm.

TM 10-3900-200-ESC, Tractors, Whied, Warehouse.

TM 10-3900-201-ESC, Truck, Fork, Gasoline, 6000 lb.

TM 10-3900-202-ESC, Truck, Fork, Gasoline, 15,000 lb.

TM 10-4930-204-ESC, Tank and Pemp Unit, Truck Mounting. TM 11-263-ESC, AN/GRC-9, AN/GRC-

\$7, AN/VRC-34 Radio Sets.

TM 11-284-E5C, AN/GRC-3, thre -8, Rodio Sets. TM 11-295-ESC, AN/GRR-5, Rodio Re-

ceiving Set. TM 11-614-ESC, AN/GRC-39, Rodio

Terminal Set. TM 11-1338-ESC, AN/FPN-33, and

-40, Rodor Sels. TM 11-5038-ESC, AN/GRA-6, Control

Group. TM 11-5805-202-ESC, AN/MTC-3,

Talaphone Central Office. TM 11-5805-211-ESC, AN/MTC-7,

Manual Telephone Central Office. TM 11-5815-204-ESC, AN/GRC-46 and AN/VRC-29, Radio Teletypewriter Sets. TM 11-5815-205-ESC, AN/MGC-17, Teletypewriter Central Office

TM 11-5815-206-ESC, AN/PGC-1, TT-4A,B,C/TG & TT-335/TG Teletypewriter Sels.

TM 11-5820-203-85C, AN/MRC-54, Radio Repeater Set.

TM 11-5820-204-ESC, AN/MEC-69 (V), Radio Terminal Set.

TM 11-5020-256-ESC, AN/GRC-26. Radio Set.

IM 11-5820-295-ESC, AN/GEC-19, Radio Sal.

TM 11-5825-202-ESC, AN/GRN-6, Redio Beacon Set.

TM T1-5840-208-ESC, AN/MPQ-4A, Rodor Set.

TM 11-5840-211-ESC, AN/PPS-4, Rodar Set.

TM 11-5840-220-ESC, AN/MPQ-29, Roder Set.

TM 11-5841-218-ESC, AN/APQ-86, Rodor Reconnaissance System TM T1-5850-203-E5C, AN/AAS-14, In-

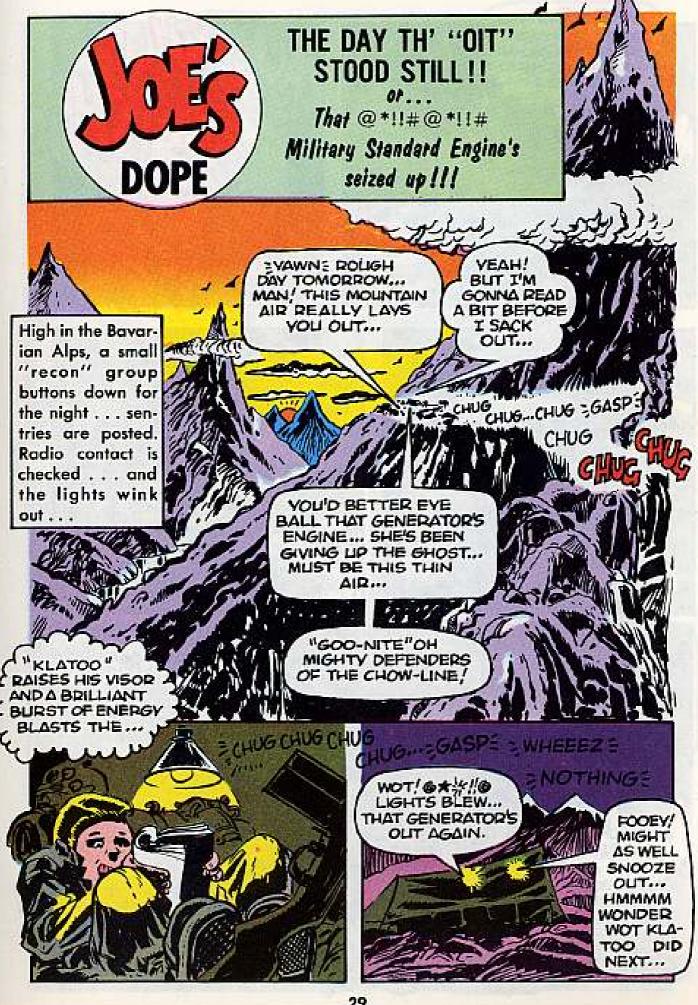
frered Detecting Set. TM 11-5895-205-ESC, AN/MSC-20,

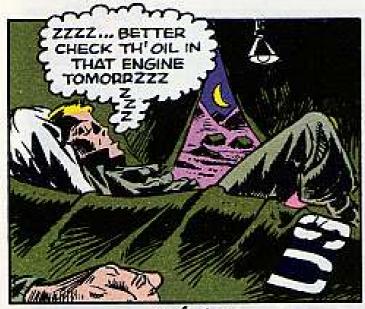
Telegraph Terminal. TM 11-5895-284-85C, AN/APS-94,

Radar Surveillance Set.

TM 11-6660-203-ESC, AN/MMQ-1, Wind Measuring Set.

TM 11-6660-206-ESC, AN/GMD-1, Rowin Set.









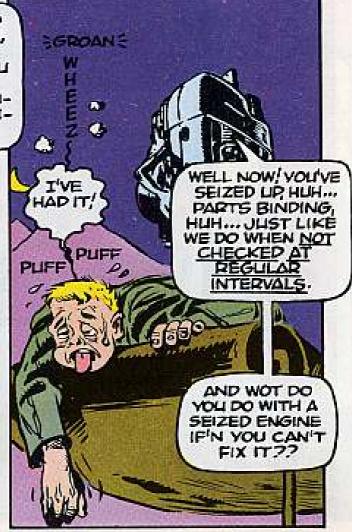


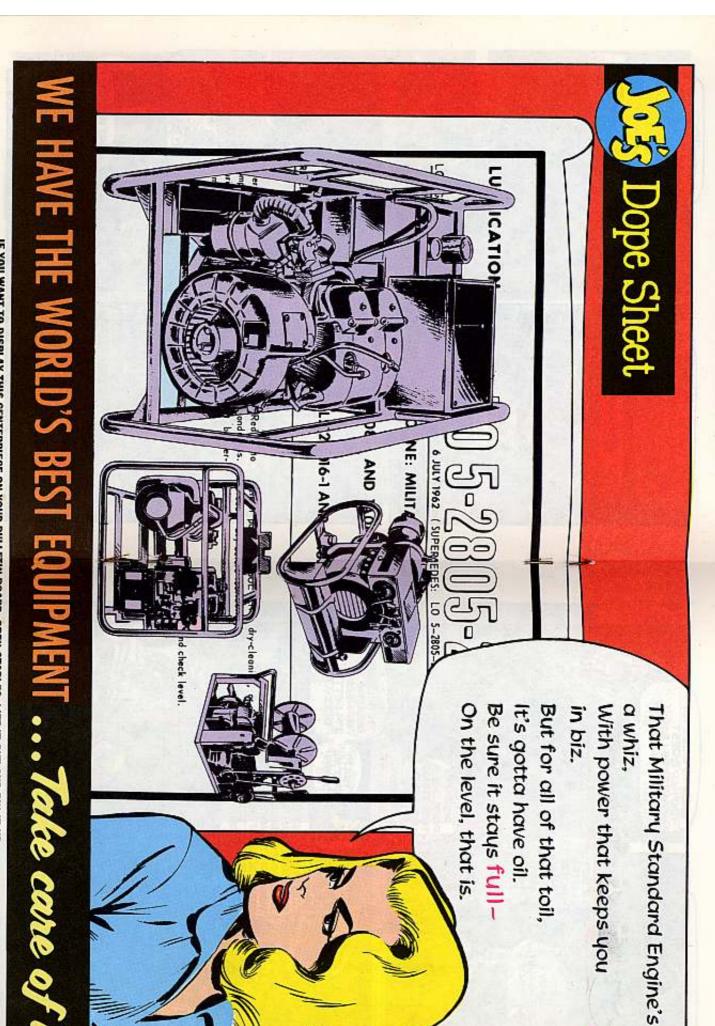






























FIREPOWER

A LOSING GAME

WISE GUY ... YOU WOULDN'T LISTEN / YOU HADDA' USE OS45 COOLANT/

When it comes to sizes, you just can't hardly compare a 33 with a 39.

And when it comes to Hawk radars, the AN/MPQ-33 and the AN/MPQ-39 are just as different—only more so.

Not only do the two radars look different . . . the stuff that gets poured into 'em to keep things cool is far from being the same.

F'rinstance . . . the AN/MPQ-33 uses OS45 coolant. And as it says in paragraph 53, page 218, TM 9-1430-511-12 (Jun 62), the AN/MPQ-39 takes a coolant mixture that includes distilled water.

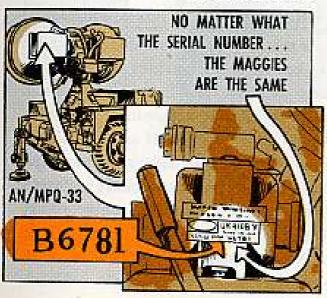
Comes the day you dump in some OS45 as you make up the coolant mixture for the AN/MPQ-39. It makes no never mind whether you pour in the OS45 on purpose or by mistake . . . the result's the same.

When the OS45 meets the distilled water, you end up with a gloppy mess that clogs up things so bad that the radar's cooling system becomes as useful as fur on a hog.

000000



FROM A TO B

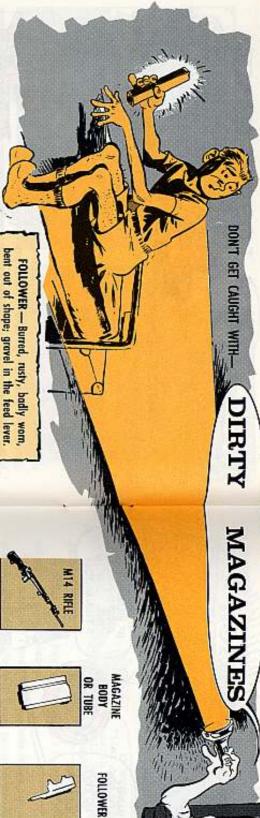


No sweat.

A magnetron for your Hawk AN/ MPQ-33 CW illuminator goes bad. Maybe it's identified by something like A8341 . . . and you get a new one labeled B0097.

This could set you to thinking that somebody goofed. No so.

Once A9999 was reached, the tubes were tagged B001, B002, etc., instead of going to A10,000 and so on up the line.



Do yourself a big favor.

Next time you have trouble with loading or feeding on your magazine-fed rifle, pistol, carbine or submachine gun, take the magazine apart and eyeball it first before doing anything else.

Could save you time and sweat.



Umpteen times out of twenty you'll find a dirty, dented, rusty, badly installed magazine at the root of the problem.

Here's a checklist that'll work on any of these small arms, no matter what kind of magazine it has:

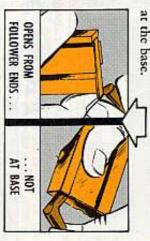
BODY OR TUBE—Dented, cracked, dirty; catch worn or burred; locking recess or lips deformed, worn.

bent out of shape; gravel in the feed lever.

SPRING—Week, broken, put in backwards.

BASE—Worm, burred, bent, dirty.

All of these magazines come apart the same way, except the one for the M1911A1 .45-cal pistol. This one you open from the follower end instead of

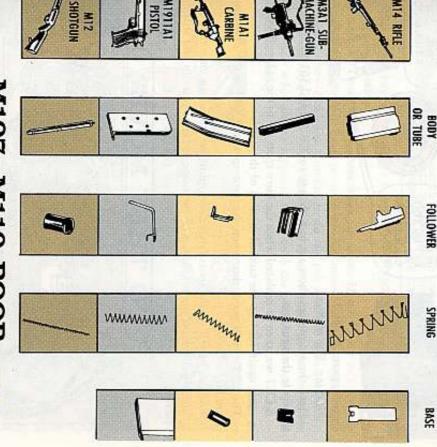


If any of the parts are damaged, turn in the whole magazine. But if dirt's your problem, get busy with solvent. Then lightly lube it with PL special.

And now do yourself an even bigger favor: Take gentle care of that magazine. Keep it clean and protect it against hard knocks, especially when you're getting in and out of vehicles.

Dirty magazines contaminate your operation every time.

38



M107 - M110 POOP

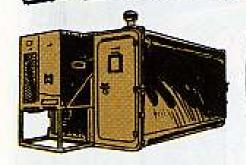
Want an air filter element for your M107 or M110 self-propelled artillery? Don't use the FSN in item 8 on page 19 of TM 9-2300-216-20P (Jul 62). FSN 2940-751-9070 is what you need to get the filter element.

FSN 2940-751
-9070 WILL GET
YOU THE FITTER
ELEMENT FOR
YOUR M 107
OR M 110.

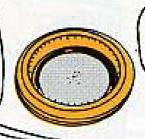
A BURNING QUESTION

Dear Half-Mast,

Just what's been published telling Hawk units when cathode ray tubes in the battery control central get replaced because of burn spots? SFC M. H. L.



IF BURN SPOTS ARE IN RADAR EFFECTIVE ZONE CRT SHOULD BE REPLACED...



ARE IN DEAD ZONE-CRT IS STILL GOOD.



Dear Sergeant M. H. L.,

Nothing. But read on.

Until the scoop does show up in a change to TM 9-1430-501-12, here's how to handle the situation.

A CRT wants to be replaced when the burn spots are in the radar effective zone . . . and could foul up the tactical mission of the battery.

The CRT is still good, tho, when the burn spots are within the dead zone of the radar.

You can help keep the spots from developing, or spreading once they appear, by cutting down on the brightness of the scope as far as you can and still have a "picture."

Half-Maxt

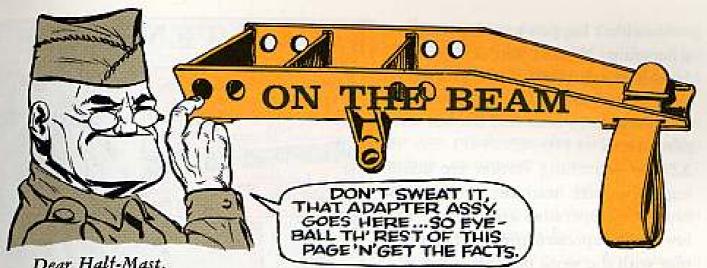
DO THEY MOVE?



Every now and again—during your weekly performance check would be a good time—check the handcranks (maybe you call them arms or something else) for the elevation fire interrupter and azimuth fire interrupter override mechanism on your Hawk

launcher.

You want to do this before making your firing cutout checks to see if the handcranks move up and down without any sweat. If they're stuck or hard to move, sing out loud and clear for help from your support outfit.

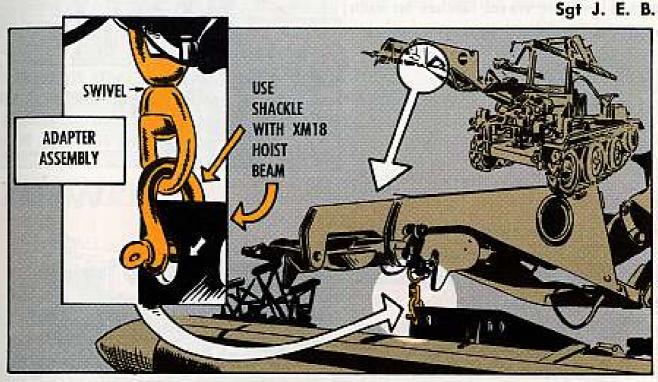


Dear Half-Mast,

If you look on page 2 of Change 3 to TM 9-1450-500-10, you'll see a picture of an adapter assembly.

The assembly's used on the boom index tip of the Hawk loader so's you can use the XM15 missile hoist beam to move missiles around when you're in a tight place—like a tent—that's too crowded to do the job with the crane assembly.

What I'd like to know is—and I'll bet guys in other Hawk outfits are in the same boat—just what are we supposed to do with the shackle that comes with the adapter assembly?



Dear Sergeant J. E. B.,

That's a good question.

You use the shackle when you're lifting a missile with the XM18 hoist beam. That is . . . the swivel part of the assembly is attached to the shackle and then the shackle is slipped into a lifting eye of the hoist beam.

Then you're all set to use the XM18 like you do the XM15 hoist beam.

Half-Mast

a Sergeant. Missile, that is. Shouldn't happen to a dog-or even

their travel music by the good book. And it wouldn't, if all Joes played

cause some operators are careless. They way, no-how. the raised position. You can't do it that bers (FSN 1440-768-2541) on the tion with the work platforms locked in lower the superstructure to travel posiing a king-size headache, and only be-XM504 launching station are becom-Meaning . . . bent rear tension mem-

are locked down in the travel position platform are locked tight. latches and the travel latches on each are down and the operating travel This means making sure the supports before you lower that superstructure. is to make real sure that both platforms What you should do-cvery time-

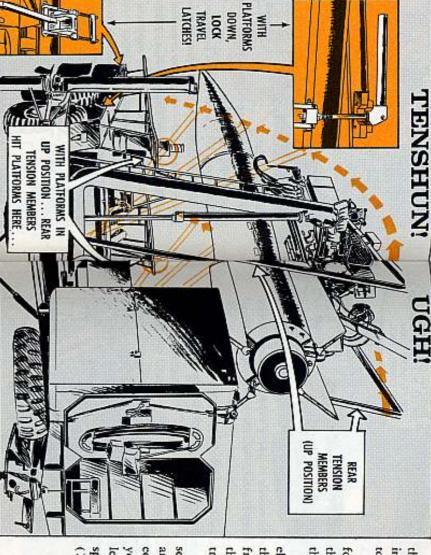
PRIME MOVER BACKING

causing O-ring failure on outrigger ing station. jacks on the XM504 Sergeant launch Bet you can't guess who or what

TOO FAST.

times be suspects. exercise . . . though these might some-Y'r wrong. It's not lack of lube or

guy who operates the prime mover rather, a combination of you and the That's who It's YOU, the chief of section. Or



DUNNIT

to TM 9-1440-301-12 (5 Jun 62). in para 116c of Change 4 (25 Jun 63) these careless-types, stick to the script But, so's you don't get listed among

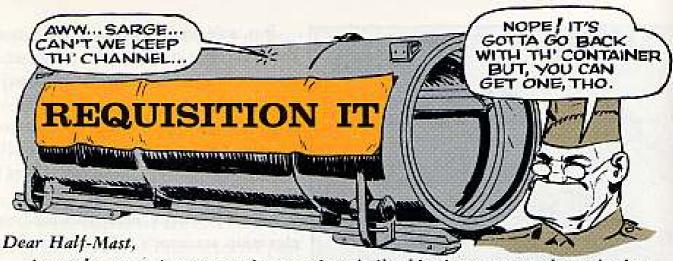
through (10). things mentioned there in 116c(1) for the platforms, do all the needful In other words, besides watching out

that the hoist yoke's scated right in the trolley . . . stuff like that. from the receptacles on the boom . . . that the cable plugs are disconnected elevation actuator's fully retracted . . . And while you're at it, take another Like, frinstance, make sure the boom

spelled out in para 80 of Change 6 equipment, physical fitness and keeping (26 Sep 63). level and leveling manifold. These are your big fat feet off'n the bubble angles on electrically grounding the second to doublecheck the new safety

stand-in follows through on this if you can't be there, make sure your YOU be on hand to see that the prime mover backs in s-1-o-w and e-a-s-y. O. prime mover and launching station mover backs too fast under the launch-Every time mating time comes for the ing station, it'll buckle the outrigger jacks . . . and the O-rings'll poop out And here's what you can do about it: Here's the how-come: If the prim

43

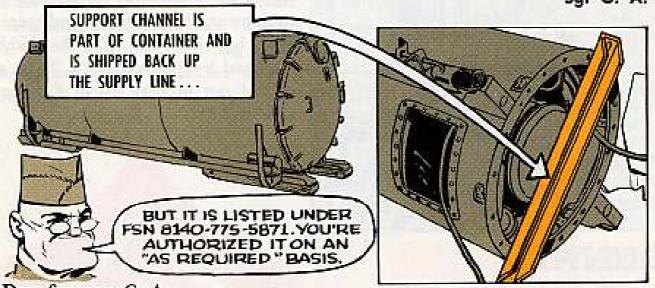


As you know, we're supposed to use the missile shipping support channel when we make an air leakage test on the Nike-Hercules missile transponder control group.

The trouble is, tho, the support channel is a part of the missile shipping container . . . and gets sent back up the supply line along with the container.

What's the answer?

Sqt G. A.



Dear Sergeant G. A.,

You'll find it on page 6 in TM 9-1410-250-12P/1/1 (Jul 63).

The support channel is listed there under FSN 8140-775-5871 . . . and you're authorized it on an "as required" basis.



Go modern. The latest LO that tells you about lubing the automotive parts of your Nike vans and trailers is LO 9-2330-212-12 (10 May 63). It replaces LO 9-8224 that made the scene way back in 1956.

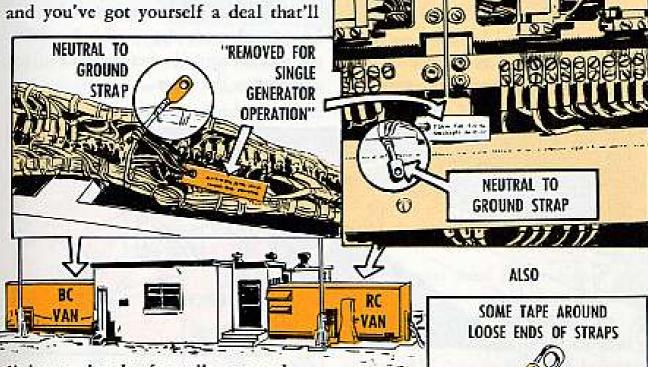
AN ALARMING SITUATION



During daylight hours, it's not too noticeable from a distance.

But let one of your Nike-Hercules BC or RC vans catch fire at night . . .

That shouldn't be news—not when the scoop is on page 156 of Change 5 to TM 9-1430-251-10.



light up the sky for miles around.

Things can get mighty hot around one of the vans this way because of an accident or forgetfulness-believe it.

F'instance . . . switching from the use of two generators back to one when you're in a place where generators provide your power will get you into trouble if your thinker's not in gear.

What you want to remember is that the neutral-to-ground straps in the power cabinets for your RC and BC vans need special attention when you're using one generator or one converter. loose ends of the straps.

It's also a good idea to hang a small tag on the straps that you disconnect. Write on each tag something like

"Removed for single generator (or converter) operation."

That way you won't have any explaining to do if an inspector strolls through your vans.

And wrap some tape around the

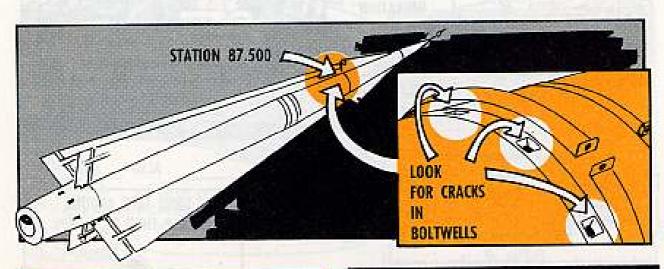
LOOK FOR CRACKS



Don't blink too long when you're eyeballing those boltwells at station 87.500 on your Nike-Hercules missile. You just might miss a crack or two in the boltwells.

The chances are better'n even that sloppy handling when you remove or replace the nose section will lead to cracks in the boltwells.

So . . . take your time when you remove the nose section and make sure it's alined with the warhead section the way it should be before you replace and torque the bolts.





Your Nike elevator platforms are tough. But when you're doing your regular maintenance, keep a sharp eye on those platform floor sections. If you find a crack—especially one that's getting longer—ask your support for a welding or fish-plating job.

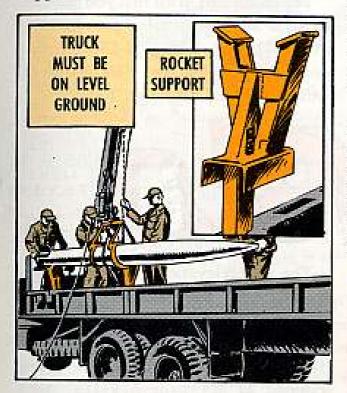
CHECK THOSE BATTS

TB 9-1400-250-20/3

Now that it's in print . . . are you using it? That's TB 9-1400-250-20/3 (10 Jul 63), which replaces TB 9-1430-600-20 (16 Oct 58). The TB gives you Nike people the word on making batts checks on the different pots in your system. What's really new is a worksheet that you use to record the checks.



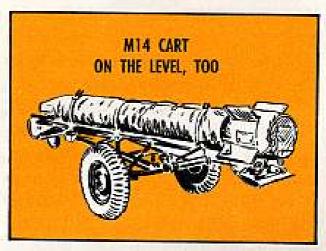
Who says you can't mate your Littlejohn or put an insulating blanket on it while it's on the M572 handling unit without worrying about dumping the 318-mm rocket motor off the rocket supports?



It can be done—safely and easily, too—if you do it the right way.

Which means, first of all, making sure that your deuce-and-a-half's on level ground. To ease your mind, though, just remember this: The rocket motor weighs in at 544 lbs and the assembled Li'l John at 800. You'd have to be Super Mouse to topple 'em over. You don't even need anybody to hold 'em steady during the operations. Their weights're enough to keep 'em in place . . . provided the truck's on the level, like was said.

This same need for levelness holds true, mind you, whether you're doing the mating and blanketing on the M572's rocket supports or saddles or on the M14 cart or the M34 launcher. The vehicle's wheels must be on level ground.





Now, TM 9-1055-212-12 (Sep 62) spells out with pictures just how you go about mating and blanketing Li'l John on the rocket supports, and also how to blanket him on the saddles. But it won't show you how to mate him in the saddle.

No sweat, though. Except for one important detail, you follow the same procedure for mating in the saddle that you use to mate on the rocket supports.

WHEN MATING IN THE SAPPLE, ALWAYS MOVE THE REAR SAPPLE. THE ADJUSTABLE ONE-TO THE FORWARD POSITION IN THE TRUCK BED.

That one exception's this: When mating in the saddle, always move the rear saddle—the adjustable one—to the forward position in the truck bed.



NEW HEAT CAM

Here's the latest poop on MWO 9-2300-249-10 (Jun 61) ... This normal MWO is for a cam and identification plate used on M13 (T31), M13A1 and M13A1C ballistic computers when firing T300E54 (HEAT) ammunition. So everybody relax . . . huh?

The modification kit that you ordered for your MWO—listed as part number 5800891, FSN 1220-604-1302 — will work for any of the T300E HEAT rounds, T300E54 through T300E59.



The MWO applies to all M48, M48A1, M48A2 and M48A2C tanks. Although the MWO don't say so, it also goes for the M48A3 tank with its M13B1C ballistic computer.

The MWO mentions only HEAT T300E54 rounds and this is getting some tankers shook up because they are being issued other HEAT rounds such as the HEAT-T, COMP B, T300E57 and they think they need a different cam for this ammunition.

The superelevation cam, part number 8619967, FSN 1220-474-5381, is accurate for the whole T300E HEAT round series . . . Incidentally, the latest HEAT round, T300E59 is now being stamped as M431 or M431E1. Mox nix! Your cam will work on all of 'em.

With the cam you should also have firing table FT 90-N-2 (Jul 63) which is in meters or FT 90-N-1 (Jun 57) w/C1 which is in yards.

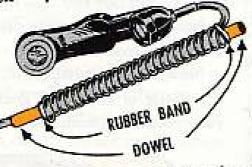


HANDSET STORAGE

Dear Editor,

We read the article on page 61 of PS 128 on how to get kinks out of retractile cords on headsets and handsets, but we've figured out a way to avoid kinks through better storage . . . and to save wiring, too.

Our "fix" applies particularly when the handsets, etc., are stowed in a hanging position, but it also saves cords when they are stowed other ways.



We simply slip a 3/4-in dowel (or even an old broomstick) through the coil of the cord and secure both ends of the cord to the dowel with rubber bands. A 15-in dowel is about right for most cords.

The fix not only keep cords from kinking, but it keeps the rubber insulation from cracking and helps protect the wire from breakage by the pull of the hanging cord.

We've saved a lot of cords this way. The Men of Co B 801st Maint. Bn

Ft Campbell





right unmanly to be that virtuous. And knockin'," when it would be downthen there are times. . . . There are times, with "opportunity

have the opportunity, but for everyand curiosity-stirring angles. You may bundle of slow-rolling electronic curves the temptation. body's good—including yours—resist Like, the AN/PRC-6 radio set is a

touchy; where unfamiliar hands leave you want it to put out. man who knows it do the handling, if it cold. Here's where you gotta let the There are spots where the Perk-6 is

adjustment screws and the discrimidiscriminator is strictly a support funcnator. Adjusting the tuning slugs and F'rinstance, with the IF tuning slug



even give them a second covetous out fine here. Organizational mechanics shouldn't

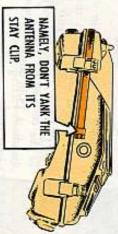
the test equipment. glance. You just don't have the tool or

knock the set out of alinement, create distortion, or hurt responsiveness of the receiver. An unknowing hand on them can

worth the trouble. So-o-o, kill that urge. It's just not

at its best.

you erect the antenna of the Perk-6. A little of that stuff goes far when Now another virtue-like patience.



straight pull will do the job . . . and

parts.

nector or damage other protruding down may bend or break the audio conthought that can save you damage, too.

Specifically, when you're putting the

set down, don't lay it on its face. Face-

you've done this.

apply it is when you're about to aline to use with a Perk-6. A good time to the set. Forethought also is a good ingredient



Finally, there's prevention, like in an



-PUSH-TO-TALK SWITCH straight out. around the connector head and pull from the case. Wrap your ingers the battery before you take the battery Like, remove the power cable from

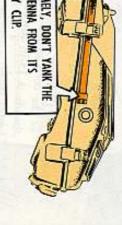
connect the cable can bust up the conattached, or gripping the wires to disnector pins or break the cable. Taking out the battery with cable

keep you communicating. a good conduct medal, but they'll sure Those little virtues may not win you

opposite the push-to-talk switch. Even putting it on its back is better than face-

Best deal is to lay the set on the side

right? Which is a prime virtue in itself-



A new or slightly used battery works

THIS HOLE BELONGS



So tell that to your buddy next time he pushes the panic button before an inspection and starts the foul deed of ripping the rubber cover, just so he can get it replaced with a hole-less one.

The only thing he'd get from support would be a new cover . . . with a hole in it.

The hole, in both the push-to-talk and generator lever covers, is an air vent. It's supposed to be there, even though you can barely see it.

In fact, if you could turn the covers inside out, you'd see a little rubber bevel. It supports the rubber around the air vent and keeps the vent from getting larger.



UPDATE YOUR TK-100/G



NO DETERGENT OIL - AGAIN



When it comes to your AN/MMQ-1() wind measuring set, the latest dope is no soap. Absolutely no detergent-type oil in the oil tanks for the mast assembly. It can ruin the oil seals.

What you want to use is Lubricating Oil, Hydraulic: Spec MIL-L-15017A, Military Symbol 2075H:



The Oil, Internal Combustion Engine, called for by TM 11-6660-203-10 w/ changes, TB SIG 213-37 and PS 130 is a detergent-type oil and should not be used in the hydraulic tanks.

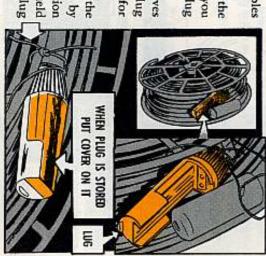
SECURE TO STORE

A slug to the lug on the plug disables your cables—no fables.

Translation: Keep the cover on the plug of your 26-pair cable when you store it, so's you don't break off the lug which anchors the cover.

Also, a stored, coverless plug leaves the contacts and insulators of the plug on the CX-4566 cable wide open for damage.

And after you wind the cable on the reel, you can get added protection by securing the plug to the inner section of the reel rim with a piece of field wire or strong twine. It keeps the plug immobile.



52

FIX IT-FOR GOOD

Downright annoying . . . that's what it can be.

You know, the way the switches on the C-2894/FG telegraph line controls in your AN/MSC-29 drop down when you want them up—in 4W FULL DU-PLEX and 2W SPEECH PLUS 4W.

It doesn't take any real looking to see that the troublemaker is the case for the TH-5/TG telegraph terminal. The case sticks out just far enough to keep the switches from going all the way up. Maybe they'll stay in position while you're looking at 'em, but turn your back and "click"—down they drop.



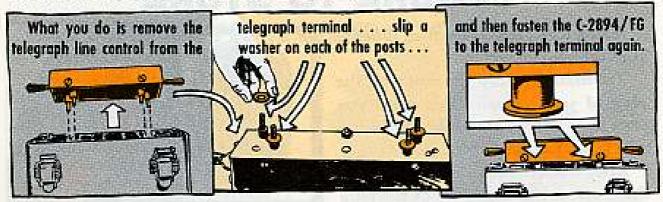
SWITCHES MISS EDGES

Some guys solve the problem by taking hold of the C-2894/FG and pulling. This puts a bulge in the panel of the telegraph terminal and gives the switches room to move up.

The best you can say for this kind of fix is that it's temporary.

It doesn't make sense doing things like that, tho, not when you can spend a little more time and come up with a deal that's permanent.

All it takes for each telegraph line control is four flat washers. No. 8 washers are about 1/16 inch thick and usually do the trick.



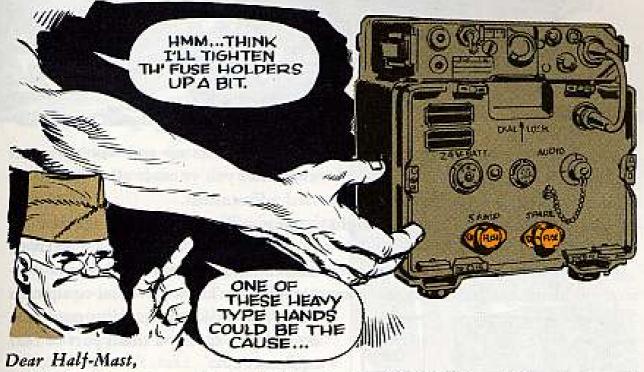
After you push the panel for the telegraph terminal back in place and put the whole works back in the AN/MSC-29, you're in business.

You can see that the washers put enough distance between the telegraph line control and panel of the telegraph

terminal for the switches to miss the edge of the case.

Of course . . . if you still don't have the needed clearance, add another washer on each post, or use washers with more thickness.

FUSEHOLDER SAVER



What's the poop on the fuseholders in the AM-598/U amplifier-power supply used to adapt the AN/PRC-8 thru -10 radio sets for vehicle use?

Every so often we get the amplifiers back in our shop with the fuseholders cracked. Any reason for this?

Sgt J. P. B.

Dear Sergeant J. P. B.,

Only thing I can think of is you got some heavy-handed procedure goin' on there.

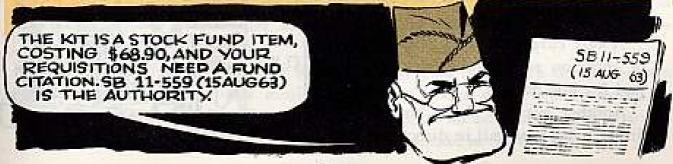
Seems I heard somewhere that this trouble was traced to overtightening the fuscholder caps when fuses are replaced.

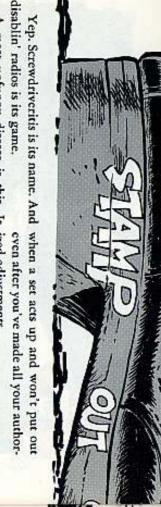
Your best bet would be to spread the word that fuseholder caps should be snugged enough to make a good contact . . . but not so much that it'd take pliers to get the caps off again.

Half-Mast

TOOL KIT FOR NI-CADS

There's a TK-90/G tool kit (FSN 5180-542-5812) waiting for your unit if it has to pull maintenance on nickel-cadmium batteries.

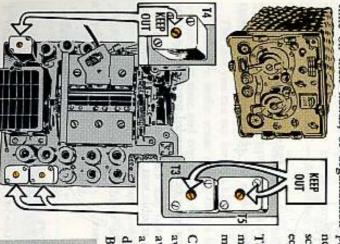




disablin' radios is its game.

circumstance, it could even be fatal. cripples equipment. Under the right A most unfunny disease is this. It ized adjustments.

time on their hands, or organization ple have the know-how and equipment



not enough know-how. mechanics with too much curiosity and

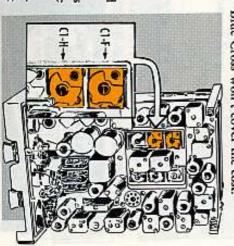
of common sense and a tick-tack-toe pad for idle hands. A sure cure includes a coupla' shots

driver habit is to call in direct support Another way to shake the screw-

It usually strikes thru operators with transmitters, f'rinstance. Support peoneeded to make those adjustments. A equipment. screwdriver is only a small part of that pacitors on the RT-66 thru -68 receiver-Like with the tuning slugs and ca-

mighty tempting. A slight twist can mess up your set, performance-wise. T8 tuning slugs, even tho they look Which means: Hands off the T1 thru

away, or forget about usin' that set for a bit of time to figure out what screwawhile. It may take your support quite C1-J capacitors. Keep that screwdriver driveritis did to it. When they do, your Blue Cross won't cover the cost. Same goes for the C1-F, C1-H and



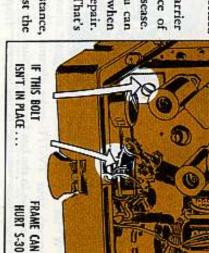
use of a wrench to do unauthorized repairs. A companion disease is wrenchitis-

eliminating or spreading this disease. of wrenchitis has a 50-50 chance of On the RT-66 thru -68, the carrier

But you can't take 'em out. That's you're makin' an authorized repair. tighten 'em if you find them loose when wrenchitis. Like, on the chassis bolts. You can

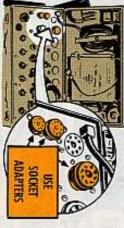
"H" out of the S-302 switch. the frame can ride loose and bust the If this bolt isn't in place, f'rinstance,

support decide that it has to come out, find a bolt loose, tighten it. Let your when you find a bolt missing. So . . . don't spread the disease. If you



You might even let your support know remedy to the next guy in line. And, Joe, if you're cured, spread the

SPARE THAT SOCKET



SB 11-494 (26 Jul 62) and TM 11-6625-274-20P (17 Jun 60). There's some interesting reading in

the TV-7/U, TV-7B/U and others. sockets on electron tube test sets like to replace an adapter than it is to put adapters used with 7-pin miniature Both pubs give the FSN's for socket

directly into the test set sockets. the "price," seeing's how the tubes go into them instead of being inserted The adapters sure are well worth

much as possible to save wear and tear to leave the adapter in the socket as adapter in the socket. And you want tube, you do just that-leaving the on the socket. So . . . when you go to remove a

a new socket in the test set. the standpoint of the work involved-The deal is that it's cheaper—from



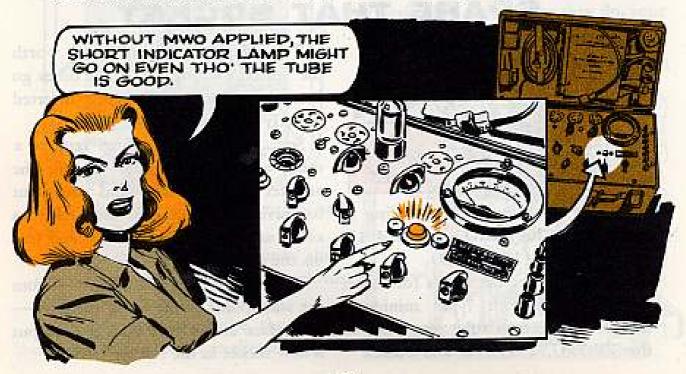
A lot of harmonics have gone through your TV-7/U-series electron tube test set in the last four years, plus.

They have, that is, if the support people haven't applied MWO 11-6625-274-35/1 (24 Jun 59) to your test set. And there're more'n a few test sets around that haven't been MWO'd.

What the modification does is install tossed on the junk pile.

a new capacitor and resistor to get rid of harmonics that develop inside the set when it's operated on input line frequencies higher than 60 cps.

Without the MWO being applied, the short indicator lamp might go on even the tube is good. So what happens? A tube that's working gets tossed on the junk pile.



RECOMMENDED CHANGES TO DA TECHNICAL MANUAL PARTS LISTS OR SUPPLY MANUAL 7, 8, OR 9 (Forward in depticate to additional) TO: Company of the control of the c

		ACTION RECO	DMHENDED
CHECK OHE	* STOCK NO.	ALLOWANC FACTOR	E SOURCE, MAINTENANCE, AND RECOVERABILITY CODE (Mintenance)
1001	FROM .	FROM	FROM
HANGE J	TO	TO	10
		Language and the second second	
STOCK NO. (SC or Technical Syc) (if are	diable); & saine ore	OF REPAIR PART
OTHERWISE L	137 MPCR'S HAME AND PAR R ITEM (Exect quantity of de	oliable); b. savier des T NUMBER	CRIPTION TOTAL NUMBER OF MAJOR ITEMS SUPPORTED TO WHICH ITE
OTHERWISE L	137 MPCH'S HAME AND PAR	oliable); b. savier des T NUMBER	CAIPTION OUT OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE T

9. JUSTIFIC ATION, REMARKS ON OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS (Brief and concise justification for recommended action. Any remarks or recommendations not covered, such as serous on illustrations, changes to maintenance operations covered in recommendations for changes to maintenance aflocation change).

THE CORRECT SELECTOR SWITCH SETTINGS FOR TUBE TYPE 6245

ARE ETT-1265, NOT ETT-1625, AS INDICATED ON PAGE TO
OF ABOVE TB.

You got an idea how to improve your equipment manual? Then you'll want to grab three copies of this form and put your idea down—use pencil, pen, or typewriter.

You, yes, Y-O-U (no matter if you're a soldier with a rifle or a guy way back in a supply depot—from the operator to supply and maintenance) can use this form when you find there's an error, something's left out, or if you have an idea for improving your equipment manual. And this applies to your TM Parts Lists or SM, tech manual, tech bulletin, modification work order, lubrication order, or supply bulletin.

The original and one copy will be forwarded direct to the activity responsible for preparing the manual. An information copy will go to your immediate supervisor (could be an officer, NCO, etc.). Be sure to fill in all the blanks that apply.

Now, if you find something real hot in your manuals (emergency or safety) you use the fastest method (electrical message) to get the word to the commodity command—just like an EIR (DA Form 2407). See TM 38-750, para 3-7. 4a(7) for the scoop.

TYPED NAME, GRADE OR TITLE	SIGNATURE
HENRY P. PETERSON, CWO, COMM OFFICER	Heurt V. Peterson
¹ Complete frame 5b and c, 6, 7, 8, & 9. ² Complete frame 6, 7, 8, & 9. ³ Complete frame 5e, b, or c, as applicable, and 6, 7, 8, & 9.	
DA FORM, 2028	U. S. Dodgiah et al. Lambine, (Alex) (Spr.) (2) (1)

THE PORTABLE

PUT IT THERE ..

of things you may have mounted on you're driving, and on what other kind spot for it if you keep this in mind: portable decon depends mostly on what have too much trouble finding a good your equipment. But, you shouldn't Where you mount the M11, 11/2-qt

equipment if it should ever get spoiled first aid kit which'll freshen-up your hicles and crew served weapons) is a by unfriendly chemicals and the like. The portable decon (for use on ve-

areas like steering wheels, levers, decontaminate important things and foot spray range) and it'll help you decon, but it's got a long reach (6-8 ment going so's you can bug out of a or handle when you have to get equipand other items which you must touch latches, controls, door handles, knobs touled-up area. The M11 may be a midget-type

handy, friend! In a word-the M11's gotta be

ready to hang an M11. keep in mind when you're getting Here are some important things to

> heads-up, as possible). It's best to mount it vertically (or as nearly

2. It should be within easy reach of the operashould be able to easily grab its handle shouldn't be in a corner or where it's holding strap with the other hand. with one hand and simultaneously hit its hard to reach. In other words, the operator tor when he's in the driver's seat. Its handle

ω The M11 needs a spot where it won't interguishers, radios, weapons, sighting equipother mounted equipment (fire extinequipment. It shouldn't hit, hide, or crowd ment, welding equipment, etc.) or data fere with the operation or safety of your dicators, air vents, doors or escape hatches, plates, levers, handles, releases, dials, in-

4. Its instruction plate should face out so it's easy to spot.

The M11's mounting bracket is held by a modification of any kind is needed on properly mounted, you'll have to let the the equipment, before the M11 can be piece of equipment you need the Old before you go drilling any spot on any from the salety officer). And, of course, if three 1/4-in screws or botts, but, as always, Man's OK (and in some cases maybe a nod ight people know about it on a DA Form

> Here are a few sample locations you can check M123

> > 3

out for the M11:

M38A1 and M151 1/4-ton trucks

M35, 21/2-ton cargo truck M37, 3/4-ton ambulance

cargo truck M34, 21/2-ton cargo truck

M49, 21/2-ton

M41, 5-ton M109, 21/2-ton van M135, 21/2-ton cargo truck

Left rear of driver

M123, 10-ton cargo truck M62, 5-ton wrecker ruck-tractor

M113 personnel M84 SP 4.2 mortar M48A2 tank On forward radio rack

M47 tunk

Possible Location

Center of dash (on M151 try Right panel forward of the dobber it. Ditto M38A1, if it Left and rear of driver. door post. totes a weapon or a welder). legged passengers won't for spot on dash where long-

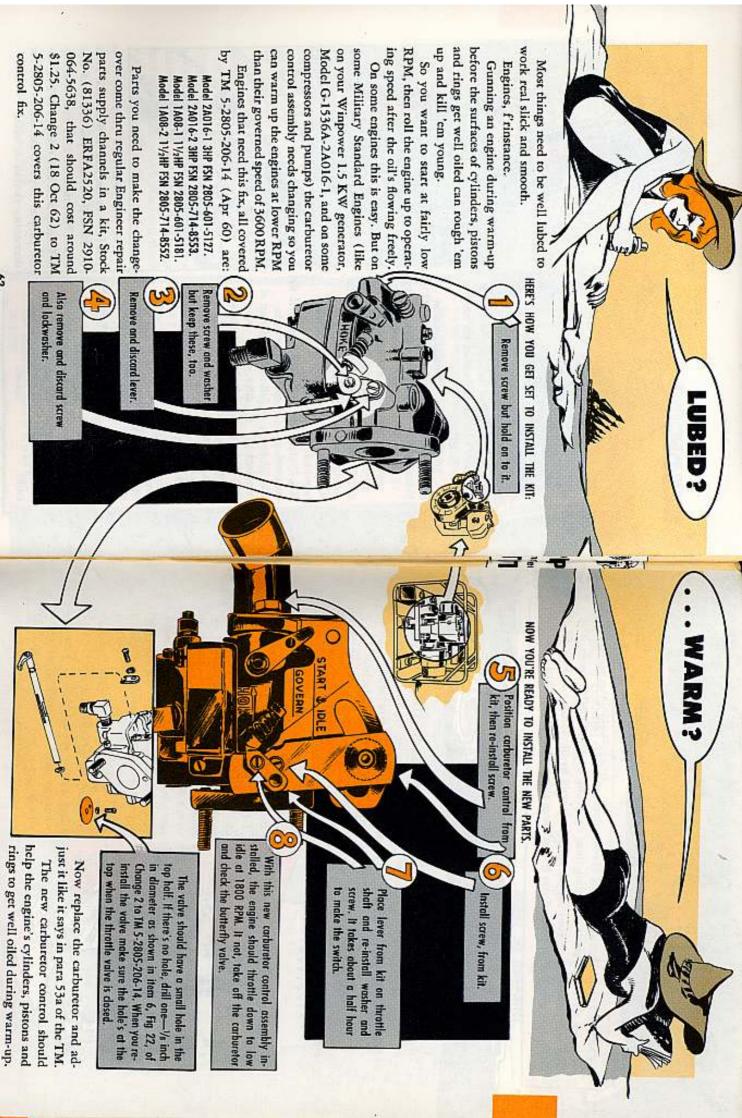
door post. Left rear of driver's seat. Left rear or right rear of Left panel forward of the

Left rear of driver.

Left rear of driver. Right rear corner of cab Left rear of driver's seat. Left rear of driver (driver must lower seat and Rear of driver. reach across). Left rear of driver.

M38A2

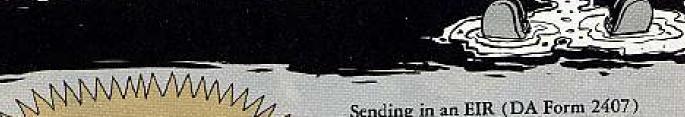
deconning clothes or skin. for people. Repeat, the M11's not for CAUTION that the M11's for coolingyou how to use and how to look after off equipment and things . . . but, not the M11. It also tells you in a bold type TM 3-4230-204-15 (Oct 62) tells



GOT THE NEW LIFE PRESERVER?



The Coast Guard has approved a fibrous glass preserver, FSN 4220-200-0538, for use on all Army vessels, including those operating outside CONUS limits. The news was passed out to your supply support people by SL 43-63 (24 May 63). You might check with them if you haven't seen this preserver on board yet.



WARRANTY

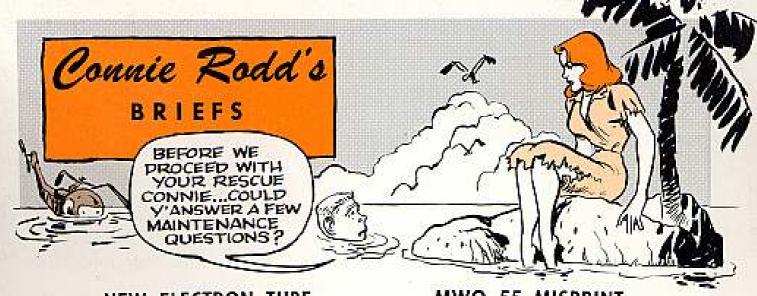


Sending in an EIR (DA Form 2407) on defective new equipment doesn't automatically take care of the adjustment claim to the manufacturer.

A quick follow-thru with a warranty claim is up to the unit which has the equipment when the problem's found.

Log book equipment, covered by a warranty, will normally have its warrant info recorded in DA Form 2408-8 "Equipment Acceptance Record." If the info's missing, tho, it can be requested from the national support agency responsible for the item. Questions on an item's warranty should give the item's complete identification (make, model, serial number, contract number, plus any other helpful data from the data plates).

For general info on manufacturer's warranty on wheeled vehicles (Federal Class 2300-) see SB 9-98-1. You also want to read warranty instructions which come with new equipment, equipment decals, tags, data plates, etc.



NEW ELECTRON TUBE

SB 11-564 (30 Aug 63) gives you the hot scoop on Electron Tube Type 8252/4PR60B (FSN 5960-889-4209). It's for use in Operations Central AN/MSQ-28 and the Improved Hercules Y-026, Y-027 and Y-175. It replaces tube FSN 5960-248-8493.

CHANGING FORMS

DA Form 10-233, "Handreceipt for Expendable and Non-Expendable Items", is out as your interim handreceipt form. The short form's been superseded by DD Form 1150, "Request for Issue or Turnin". See para 13c(1), Change 4 (27 Nov 63) to AR 735-35, for details on using the form as a handreceipt. And you can cross out Fig 6 in the AR.

CAP-IT-ALL

Wonderin' how to keep dust, dirt and grime out of the power receptacles on your control boxes, amplifier and the J11-13 and J21-23 jacks on mounts used with the AN/VRC-12 and AN/PRC-25 series radio sets? Breathe easy. There's a new dust cap out that'll cover the receptacles you're not using. Figure how many you need and order them like so: Dust Cover, FSN 5935-958-4869. SB 11-578 (22 Jan 64) is your authority.

MWO 55 MISPRINT

An MWO by any other number may still be the same MWO, but it sure is confusing when you've got two for one. MWO 55-1520-211-34/24 (23 Dec 63) showed up with the right number on the front cover . . . but the inside pages are incorrectly numbered MWO 55-1520-211-20/16. This is the one about repairing those elongated bolt holes on the Iroquois (UH-1A).

TOSS THE HANDLE!

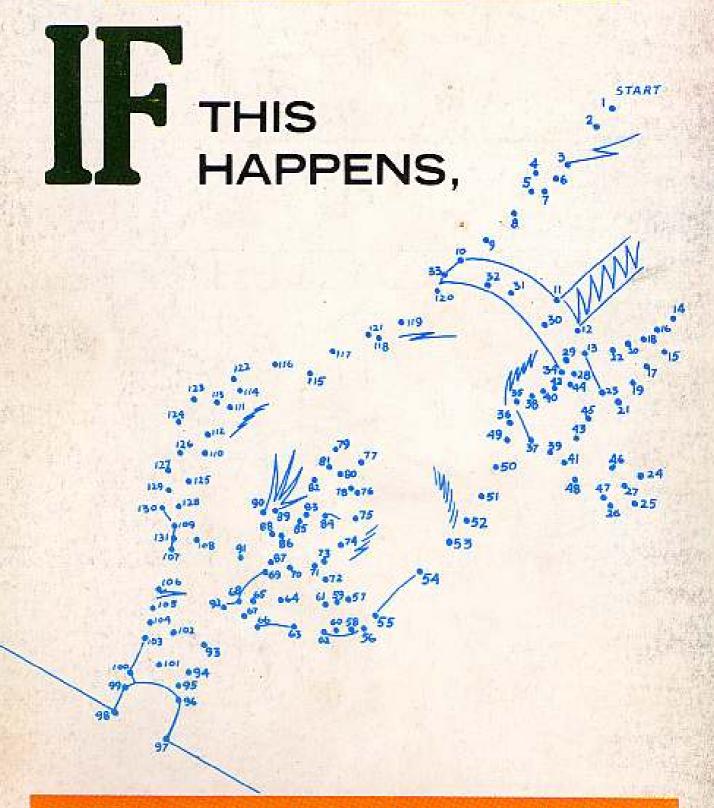
If the maintenance platform in your Aircraft Organizational Maintenance A, B, and C Tool Kits is short a carrying handle, don't sweat it. Just toss the other one. Handles aren't needed and new stands are being made without them.

HEY, YOU SUPPLY CLERKS!!

Got your newest copy of TM 9-2300-223-20P dated Dec 1963? Well, if you're turning purple trying to find the G863-series listing for the M35A1 2½-ton multifuel truck, you can stop. All 2½-ton models formerly identified as G863 have been merged into the G742 2½-ton series listing. Your latest Consolidated Authorized Organizational Stockage List of Repair Parts manual has it this way and so will all others that're to come.

Would You Stake Your Life on the Condition of Your Equipment?

INSTRUCTIONS: CONNECT THE DOTTED LINES AND THEN ASK YOURSELF:



WILL MY EQUIPMENT BE READY TO GO?