

and adjusting you do. And it's the it's the way you report to your serright kind of operation and use. Also, the mechanic or armorer. that you can't take care of. He'll call geant anything that crops up wrong

Connie Rodd Joe's Dope Question and Answer Connie Rodd's Briefs

Inside Back Cover

232

DEPARTMENTS

that he may have to fight tomorrow with the equipment he is using to-

"Every soldier must understand

the weapon or equipment you're us

what it says: You go into combat with you've got. And that means exactly

ing when the whistle blows.

So, in order to fight with the equip-

been preaching — You go with what And it's just like Half-Mast has

maintained. And maintained right. day-in, day-out; It's got to be kept

real important thing has to be donement you've got on hand now, one

That's what The Man said.

and you'll lose your dog-tags - for ment combat-ready. Anything less, You've got to keep your equip-

MAINTENANCE PREVENTIVE MONTHLY

then of organizational maintenance and supply personnel. Dis-tribution is made through normal publication channels. Within limits of availability, older issues may be obtained direct from PS Magazine, Fort Knox. Kentucky. Issue No. 122 Published by the Department of the Army for the informa-1963 Series

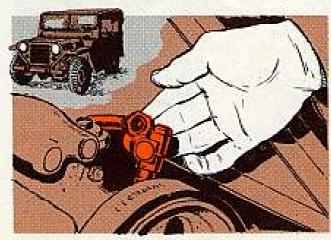
IN THIS ISSUE

Hol-Gar 5KW Generator: Carbon Buildup. 40 Champion CE 36-10 Air Compressor. 61 Diesel Engines: Timing Fuel Injection Pumps 62 4D Huber-Warco Gnder: Carrect Fuel Gage. 62 4D Huber-Warco Check Aluminum Hull Keels. 63 24-volt Electrical Systems: How to Disconnect. 64	BAR: Buffer Group Right-Lock Washer 2-3 M14 Riffe & M60 M6: 7.62 Blank Firing Attachments 3 M60 Machine Gun: Automatic Fire Trigger Hold 23 M1 & M14 Riffes: Rear Sight Elevation Knobs 22.23	APH-5 Flying Heitmet: Holding the Liner In 54 Bird Dog (1-19): Loose Bomb Shackle Adapters 55 DA Form 2408-5; When to List a TCTM or MWD When to List a TCTM or MWD Wheeled Webhale's Tool List 59 Wheeled Vehicles Wheeled Yehicles 14: ton G741 Truck: Tow Job Musts 21 34: ton G741 Truck Tire Pressure With M40 RR 38-39	RT-66, 67 & 68/GRC Radiost Meter Switch S301 RF Check 5-56 ()/G & 5-96 ()/GRC Shelters Lithing Straps Lithing Straps Lithing Straps Lithing Straps Lithing Straps 46 BB-401/U Battery Terminal Links: 47 Making om Fit Making om Fit Making Fit Making Set Froup 0A-2180/ FRT-51 FRT-51 AN/GRC-19 Radio Set Provent a Short 49 Turn Radio Off When Starting Engine 49 Aircraft	ARTICLES Page M151 1/4-ton Truck: Be Your Own Inspector 4-19 DA Pamphlet 310.4 Mohawk (A0-1) Ejection Seat 50-53 Communications Equipment Generator Sets PU-286A-06 4.4 T-195 Transmitter: Service Selector Manual to Chanel 7. Selector Manual to Chanel 7. Selector 42.45
--	---	--	--	--

PS wants your ideas and contributions, and is glad to answer your questions. Names and addresses are kept in confidence. Just write to: PS Magazine, Sqt Half-Mast, good Know, Ky.

Use of finds for printing of this publication has been approved by Headquarters, Department of the Army, 4 April 1862. DISTRIBUTION. In accordance with requirements submitted on DA Form 12-4.

M151 speedometer drive



Don't be a Samson when you hookup or unhook the speedometer cable on your M151 1/4-ton truck. Unless you know all the angles you'll ruin the speedometer right-angle-drive adapter.

This item (Ord Part No. 10885535) is not in the supply system, so if you break it you've got troubles.

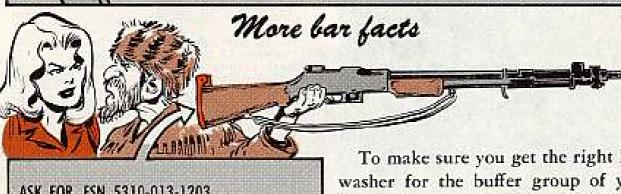
Never, but never, use a wrench on it because it's made of pot-metal and



will snap when overtorqued. Tighten it finger-tip tight only. And use only your fingers when loosening it. A little lube on the threads will make this easier.

If you do break a right-angle-drive adapter you'll have to replace it by cannibalization.





ASK FOR FSN 5310-013-1203

.099" TO
ASK SUPPORT PEOPLE TO MIKE THEM BEFORE INSTALLING THEM.

To make sure you get the right lock washer for the buffer group of your Browning automatic rifle, ask for FSN 5310-013-1203. That's the FSN to use instead of FSN 5310-010-6500.

The thickness of the FSN 5310-013-1203 washer is .099-in minimum to .109-in maximum. There are some FSN 5310-010-6500 lock washers that may fall in the .099-



in minimum—.109-in maximum thickness range but most washers stocked under this FSN are either below the minimum or above the maximum thickness allowable.

FSN 5310-013-1203 should get you a washer that's in the .099-in minimum to .109-in maximum range. But, since there have been reports of local purchase issues under this FSN that are outside the right thickness range, ask your support people to mike any of these washers before you install 'em.



Amen, brother, amen.

And here's the latest scoop on blank firing attachments for 7.62 ammo with both the M14 rifle and the M60 machine gun.

On the M14 rifle it's a two-for-one proposition...'cause FSN 1005-893-0902 gets you both the M12 blank firing attachment as well as the M3 breech shield.

And, natch, the blank firing attachment gets shoved into the flash suppressor and snapped over the bayonet lug while the breech shield is secured to the cartridge guide—like it says in TM 9-1005-223-12, May 61, (See PS 114, page 7, "Slow Down—Shoulders Ahead" if you have problems).

With the M60 machine gun, it's a horse of another color, and one FSN gets you one item.

In this case FSN 1005-893-0897 supplies you with only the M13 blank firing attachment. Just the muzzle piece is needed on the MG since its cover acts as the shield.





tical truck is classy in the chassis and fast on the gas. Your new M151 military utility tac-

cargo space, a higher power-to-weight ratio, and will take you nearly a third further on the same amount of gas. tonners it is lighter, shorter, has more Compared to the M38 series 1/4-

ground up and most of the M38 parts won't fit it. It's an entirely new vehicle from the

any other 1/4-ton. look it over like you never heard of You'd best start from scratch and

of three to give you the right gear for Also, it has four forward speeds instead transmission and transfer are combined. frame and body are all one unit and the any condition. four wheels instead of leaf springs. The dividual coil-spring suspension on all You'll notice right away it has in-

it has drive shafts with universal joints manifolds have been ground to fit tight; no slip joints. shafts are different because they have won't give you the gas to run unless The front and rear main propeller instead of inclosed, floating, axle shafts. kets to worry about on account of the There are no exhaust-manifold gas-

all TM 9-2370-218-207 (May 60) -Parts Manual IM 9-2320-218-20 (Jul 60) — Organizational TM 9-2320-218-10 (May 60)-Operator Mointenance. Change I Change 2 (Jun 61) (Nav 61) These forms and pubs are supposed to be on the 10 9-2320-218-10 (Jul 60)-Lube Order. 218-10, one copy of Standard Form 91, Operator vehicle at all himps—TM 9-2320-218-10, LO 9-2320 Accident Report Card, and 2 copies of UB Form 51 Accident Identification Card.

oil pressure gets too low. The pump Instead of a mechanical pump, the conditions are right. also turns off the pump if the engine cuit that prevents it from running if fuel tank. This pump has a safety cirengine not running. This safety circuit the ignition switch is left on with the M151 has an electrical pump in the Another difference is the fuel pump.



CHECK MER OVER

won't miss anything, and comes inspection time we'll be laughing on the inside. The M151 also has . . . but let's take all the points in order. That way we The inspectors look for the kinds of conditions it tells about in AR 750-8 . . .

conditions that make the vehicle unsafe to operate, not operate at all, or operate

so further damage is caused. All these make the inspectors real unhappy. rected as time permits, but don't get your brakes in an uproar about it. keep you from operating in a safe manner. These things have got to be cor-They will also notice smaller things that would not cause a breakdown or

The serious conditions mean you have a vehicle that'll break down when the



neck, so you're the guy who sees that it gets fixed. going gets rough, or a vehicle that's dangerous to operate. Either way it's your

be mainly looking for are in hold type. To make them easier to spot, the serious trouble spots that the inspectors will

Let's start from the front and work all the way around the vehicle

slam down and break your gaged when you're working on the motor. That hood could

right. (Always have this en-

broken, missing, not aligned HOOD SAFETY-CATCH — Bent

FRONT

er stripping around windshield vision is obstructed. Cracks longer than two inches. Weathor discolored so that driver's torn or missing. WINDSHIELD-Broken, cracked

ing, broken, rusted CATCHES - Miss-HOOD HOLD-DOWN

over, clouded, dirty not in place. contain water, blackwork, cracked, painted OUT LIGHTS - Won't HEADLIGHTS & BLACK out shield missing or

safety pin or chain loose, won't move, Missing, stuck, bent, LIFTING SHACKLES -

0

upper and lower tank

for corner leaks at the

insects, leaks, check

to tube joints.

mashed or broken, tins

mashed, clogged with

RADIATOR - Grill

or unit markings cracked, national ly bent, loose BUMPERS - Bad

> arms broken, rubber hardened or dead - Blades missing,

painted over. Broken, missing, REFLECTOR -

be opened. Loose, broken. not lubed. Spring PINTLE - Can't

not make good contact. Cover missing. coupling prongs will RECEPTACLE - Male TRAILER COUPLING

painted over, not LIGHT-Glass broken, STOPLIGHT AND TAILoperating.

Badly bent, loose,

bolts missing. rusty, broken,

Missing, stuck, bent, chain missing. loose, safety pin or LIFTING SHACKLES-

straps in bad condition, cap retaining chain missing, not at-Rusted, retaining GASOLINE CAN -



WINDSHIELD WIPERS

clogged, rusted in off, screen missing, vent handle broken COWL VENT - Cow

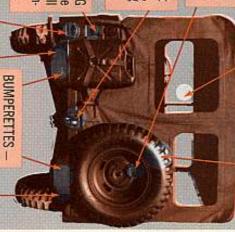
aged. COIL SPRINGS SUSPENSION ARMS not properly seated (front) — Damaged (upper and lower) cracked, dam-(Check these



REAR WINDOW-

Ripped, broken. SPARE TIRE—Missing, not securely attached, unserviceable, not inflated to 25 PSI, nut missing.

Too toggy tor





AGE BOOT—Torn,

cracked.

choke-binds, too ator, throttle and LINKAGE-To accelermuch slack.

ENGINE VENTILA-Threads stripped. Connections tight. TION-VALVE -

cracked or dead, leaks HOSES-On air cleaner clamps not secure. and radiator, rubber

00

GENERATOR REGULATOR-Mountings loose, seal broken or missing.

Vent hole not open. low the filler plug holes, around it before you open it.) Hydraulic fluid not up to right level. (Should be 5/8 inch bearound the fill plug. (Clean MASTER CYLINDER — Gook

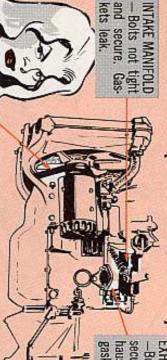
BYERY CHANCE YOU GET...

says in your LO.) AIR CLEANER — Element in bad shape and oil not up to the mark. More than 1/4 inch loose. (Service cleaner like it of dirt in bottom of cleaner

> mounting brackets not present, rusted ing or unserviceable PIONEER TOOLS-AXE lamaged. Straps miss-Broken, missing REFLECTOR be at least two inches below or broken. Gas level too high. vapor lock.) Strainer missing, ruster Closed for fording and to preven valve is not working. (Normally open Retaining chain missing. Gasket miss GAS CAP-Missing. Wings smashed cap when you try to loosen it, position and there is pressure on not in good conditio Bracket missing Not filled, not in oper (When so equipped TRE EXTINGUISHER THINGS SUDDENTY OFF TERY CONDITION Wron

ON THE MOVE ...

THE HOOD (LEFT SIDE)



secure. (Remember ex-EXHAUST MANIFOLD gaskets.) haust manifold has no —Bolts not tight and

and generator pulleys and move the generator until the belts have a measured 1/2 inch FAN-BELT TENSION OK? — Halfway between the water pump and generator pulley it should take a 20-25 lb pull to deflect the belt ½ inch. Or place a straight edge over water pump deflection when you push down firmly with the hand. When you get the adjustment righ lighten the mounting bolts and generator adjustment bolt. MORE



RETAINER - Not pres-ent, not lightly lubed, not in good working

TOOL COMPARTMEN

NSPROHON WITH PAYOR

-Rusted, dirty. Trast

Tools missing, dirty,

broken.

HINGE-LOCK-PIN AND

MARNING





Broken, missing, REFLECTOR painted over.

UNDER HHI HOOD RIGHT

(First make sure the hood safety-catch is operating right and is not broken, bent, or aligned wrong When working with the hood open be sure you have the safety catch engaged.) SPARK PLUGS-Cracked, loose, Gook LINKAGE—To accelerator, throttle

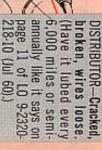
in cylinder-head reces-OIL FILTER - Loose, leaking. condition and secure. ses, Cables not in good

OIL DIP-STICK-Oil more clockwise to remove.) semi- annually. Turn counter-(Replace every 6,000 miles or

OIL-PRESSURE SAFETYinch above FULL mark. than 1/2 inch below or 1/4

and female connectors...so take it easy.) SWITCH - Electrical connecnormal separation of male been getting broken during lot of male connectors have tors not tight and secure. (A

choke, binding, too slack.



nector breaks if you don' disconnect. The male con-(Take it easy when you Not tight and secure. TURE SENDING-UNIT-WATER-TEMPERA-

nandle it gentle-like.)

at both ends. Insulator rubber chain missing, not attached RADIATOR - Radiator-cap baffle in the top tank.) Should be slightly below bottom of filler neck. Major leaks in dead or cracked. Radiator filler neck. Major leaks (Should at least cover the coolant below the right level.

> is not being ventilated gasket, your crankcase is leaking around this

securely attached with chain. Gasket seal not airtight. (Note: If air

OIL FILLER-CAP-Not

S. S. ELIVISIO SEAT

The state of the s

Shovel missing, un-serviceable. Straps and buckles missing,

unserviceable.

PIONEER TOOLS

seats. Threads not freely on both front SEAT ADJUSTING KNOBS-Do not turn heel touches the floor the seat so driver's lightly lubed. Adjust



naturally. exposed, split Seat canvas torn or cut, padding UPHOLSTERY -



MAINTHINANCE SAVYY
SINDORTANT LERE!

5

and in order connectors not tight -Male and female HEADLIGHTS & HORN

=

IGNITION SWITCH
—Handle missing,
screw loose, bro-

switch moves when locked. (See info in "Tips for Driver" Sec-Not operating, cracked, levers missing. Main LIGHTING SWITCH-

does not light up on high beam. SWITCH-Loose, bro-ken, indicator in dash HEADLIGHT DIMMER

61) been applied? bracket not removed. Has MWO 9-2320-218-20/1 (Sept CLUTCH PEDAL — Free play not adjusted right. (Should Grabs, chatters, slips. Starter be between 11/s and 11/2 inch with starter bracket removed.)

> out breaking them. can be lowered with hoses so windshield

WINDSHIELD-WIPER MOTOR-HOSE — Leaks. Not enough slack in

STARTER-Won work, rusted WINDSHIELD WIPER MOTOR— Broken, won't HORN - Broken, loose, won't work HHI N DATA PLATE-Missing, rusted painted over

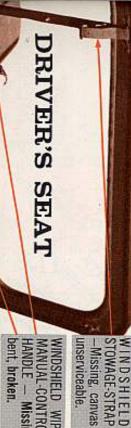
SERVICE BRAKE - Spongy, wrong adjustment.

 Free travel (checked by hand) should be 1/4 inch plus or minus 1/16 inch. Reserve pedal should clear the floor by at least two

boot missing, torn.

ACCELERATOR PEDAL — Sticks, oose, uneven

or stopping the vehicle when the vehicle is going straight to be engaged and disengaged without throwing in the clutch SHIFT-LEVER—Does not operate smoothly. Should be able ahead. Protective boot miss ing, torn. FRONT-AXLE DE-CLUTCH



unserviceable. HANDLE - Missing, MANUAL-CONTROL-WINDSHIELD WIPER

WINDSHIELD. LOCK-PIN-Missbent, broken.

ing, not lubec

grade with brake only two-thirds engaged.) Protective free play. (Should be able to hold vehicle on reasonable bent, knob missing, boot torn, slips out of gear, loose TRANSMISSION GEAR-SHIFT-LEVER — Stuck,

not connected to chain, not in po-SEAT LOCKING

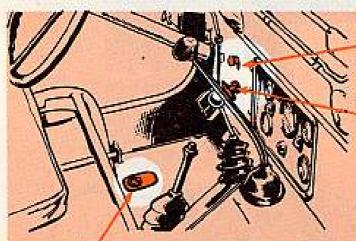
OF DRIVING!



13

IN THE DRIVER'S SEAT

CONTINUED

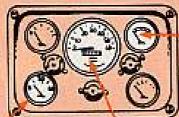


CHOKE CONTROL

- Not working,
stuck: Handle
missing.

THROTTLE CONTROL— Missing, not operating, loose, stuck. Will not remain in pulled-out position.

FLOOR DRAINS— Not in open position, rusted shut, lifting loop missing.



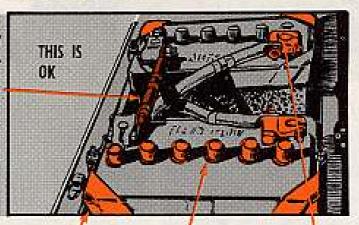
OIL-PRESSURE GAGE— Lens cracked, painted over, not working. (With engine at idle it should register 15 to 30 PSL)

SPEEDOMETER & ODOMETER — Not working. Lens cracked or painted over.

BAT-GEN INDICATOR—Lens cracked, painted over, not working. With the ignition switch OFF, the needle should be at the extreme left as you face the dial. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the needle should read anywhere from the middle of the YELLOW to the border of the YELLOW and GREEN, if your battery is OK. With engine IDLING, the needle should read as high as it reads with the engine OFF—or even slightly higher. With engine at operating speed the needle should move to the medium to high GREEN which shows that your generating system is operating right.

BATTERIES

BATTERY CABLES — Battery-to-battery electrical cables were installed "bassacwards" on some vehicles, with almost no clearance between the cover and the battery terminal. Make sure the leads are installed like it shows in your -10 or -20 TM, not like it shows in some other publications. Any other way can cause trouble.



WATER LEVEL — Keep it 3/4 inch above separators. Do not overfill. In hot weather check daily.

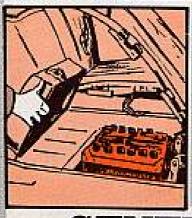
BATTERY HOLD-DOWN,
—Anti-corrosion coating worn through,
wing nuts loose or
missing, flat washers
missing. Does not hold
battery tight.

VENT PLUGS — Missing, broken, threads stripped, vents clogged. (Clean them out with a stiff wire.)

TERMINALS — Loose, cracked, not coated with grease.

BATTERIES CONTINUED

SPECIFIC GRAVITY-Check each cell weekly with hydrometer from 2nd echelon kit. A reading of less than 1.225 at 80-degree temperature means battery needs recharging. See TM 9-6140-200-15 (Jul 58) for all the dope on battery care.



BATTERY COVER - Has MWO 9-2320-218-20/4 (Dec 61) been applied? It makes it easier to remove the battery cover. Another new thing is a safety strap on the assistant driver's side. This strap can also be used to hold the seat in its forward tipped position. That way you won't have to take out the seat every time you check the battery.

GENERAL

BUTTON FASTENERS -Check operation of turn-button fasteners on map-stowage pockets, should work freely.



VEHICLE MARKING No agency, registration, and unit markings as called for by AR 746-2300-1 (11 Mar



CANVAS RETAINING-SLOTS-Check top and both sides of windshield and body the full length of the slots for flattening or rusting that would keep the slots from being used.

REAR-SEAT-RE-TAINING-PINS -Missing, not secured by chain.



CANVAS RETAIN-ING-BRACKETS — Missing, unserviceable, mashed.

WHEELS - Be sure they're tight but don't make with too much muscle. Pull wrench so the nut turns to the right to tighten or to the left to loosen. Check for wear or cracks around the stud holes, dust cap missing or bent, studs broken, bent. Rim dented, bent. (If you were issued the 15-in, socket wrench, have your company mechanic cut five inches off the end so you won't get the wheel lug nuts so tight they shear off the studs. MWO 9-2320-218-20/2 (Dec. 61) gives him the authority.) Air-drop eyes and jam-nuts tight.

TIRES—Inspect and check pressures often. Maintain these pressures:

	Front	Rear
Cross-country	18 lb	22 lb
Highway	20	25
Mud, sand, snow	12	18

This is important-M151 and M38 tires are the same size-but don't interchange them because the M151 tires are specially designed nylon, light weight for that vehicle. Be sure and rotate the tires every 2,000 miles. Tread worn smooth (time for recapping); cut to fabric, uneven wear. Valves bent, cap missing.



CANVAS—Parts missing; top, two side curtains, two side missing or unserviceable. eners, straps and buckles condition, mildewed, rips over two inches long, Button fastdoors. Canvas not in good CANVAS-Parts missing:

GENERAL

CONTINUED

coloration or cloudivent driver's vision. WINDOWS-Rips, disness sufficient to pre-



UNDER HH



boss for it in the flywhee late models there is a blind under the right front seat. On it in the tool compartment early production models keep will mess up your clutch. (On plug should be out except for FLYWHEEL HOUSING — Drain fording. If you leave it in, oil

pivot-pin for the transmission fill-plug. take the reverse-shift-lever plugs.) Be sure you don't misloose. (Check one fill-andlevel plug and two drain TRANSMISSION & TRANSFER Leaking at plugs, plugs

> dirty or plugged. Bolts miss-ing. seeping) at drain plug or at fill-and-level plug. (Check for up to the plug level.) Vents DIFFERENTIALS—Leaking (not looseness and be sure lube is



BRAKE CYLINDERS -Leaking wheel



TAILPIPE — Broken, clogged, badly dented, clamps loose, lifting shackle hits the pipe

SHAFTS - Installed

WHEEL- PROPELLER

be installed with their wrong. All shafts must

110

MUFFLER SYSTEM -Holes in muffler or Clamps missing, not pipes. Lines leaking. en mounting bracket. holding securely, bro-

or unserviceable. taining pins missing shape. Chains and re-Rusted, bent out of CANVAS RODS

paint, welds pulled rust spots, needs APPEARANCE - Dirty GENERAL VEHICLE

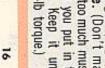
CONNECTIONS—Lines kinked, trayed. Con leaking, Lines twisted, nections loose.

your differential gear oil doesn't leak out.) differential. If you have an early model, them as issue equipment for the rear guard washers and screws not in place. Early production models don't have DIFFERENTIAL (only) - Flange-

spline and yoke ends attached to the differential...not the wheel.

breaking. Keep engine mountsome of them have been to muffler brackets because cracked, welds pulled loose. ings secure to prevent vibra-Note: Pay real good attention FRAME & BODY — Bent or muttler brackets tion being transmitted to







washers or flatwash bolts, nuts, lock Bent, screws loose, FLANGE GUARD-

plug. Keep it under 50-ft-lb torque.) when you put in this with too much muscle Leaking at plug, plug loose. (Don't make

17

TIPS FOR THE DRIVER

CHANGING WHEELS—Changing a wheel is a tricky job. Even with the shorter lug wrench it's mighty easy to pour on too much pressure and snap off a wheel stud. That happens and you need the whole assembly, Hub Wheel: wheel spindle FSN 2530-678-1291 (8754387) and you got to order it through your support unit. Best to go slow and gentle.

TIGHT TURNS—Tight turns in 4-wheel drive or going real slow in 4th gear will make your power train buck which is OK for a cow pony but not for your M151.

STEERING DOPE—You can cut corners quicker and sharper than you did with the M38 but don't push your M151 to the limit. It can turn over . . . repeat . . . it can turn over. Remember, it's a vehicle, not a cow pony, and you're a driver—not a "cowboy."

FRONT-WHEEL DRIVE—You can go into front-wheel drive and shift your transfer lever back to 2-wheel drive without throwing in your clutch, stopping your vehicle or even slowing down, provided your rear wheels have traction. But if your rear wheels get spinning (like in mud or snow) you have to take your foot off the gas before you shift your transfer lever into 4-wheel drive.

FRONT-AXLE SHIFT-LEVER—Work your front-axle shift-lever when you make your pre-operation check. If you can't engage it or if you think you've got it engaged but you don't get any drive power at your front wheels, stop right there, and call your company mechanic. Might be the transfer declutch pivot-pin worked loose and backed out of position. When this happens you can lose all the oil out of your transmission.

STOP—That's what you have to do
... STOP completely before you shift from forward to reverse or reverse to forward. You already know this but don't forget it when you are "rocking" yourself out of a snow drift or a mudhole.

LIGHT SWITCH—The M151 has a militarytype light-switch. When the selector lever is in OFF position, everything is off and your stop lights won't show when you hit your brakes. If you want stop lights for daytime driving, raise the unlock lever and move the selector lever to STOP LIGHT position.



You can move the selector lever from OFF to BO MARKER or from BO MARKER to OFF without first raising up on the unlock lever. But for any other change in position of the selector lever you have to first raise the unlock lever.

There is one exception to this—on some switches you can move the selector lever from STOP LIGHT to SERVICE DRIVE or from SERVICE DRIVE back to STOP LIGHT without raising up on the unlock lever. On other switches you can't make these movements

without using the unlock lever.

Both types of switches are OK. But if you can move your selector lever without first moving the unlock lever in any way not provided for above, your switch is bad and needs to be replaced.

TRAILER — The M100 trailer used with the M38's won't track with the M151. A new trailer, the M416, will do the job.



TIRE CHAINS—You'll chew up the electrical wires to your tail lights every time you run with tire chains on unless you keep the chains snug.

SHOCK ABSORBERS (rear only) — Get in the habit of checking the upper and lower mounting-bolts and nuts of your rear shock-absorbers every day. If they're loose tell your company mechanic because if they break, the spring-seat-arm assembly will drop and your coil springs can fall out.



温力

ADJUSTING SLEEVE — Locknuts not secure on adjustingsleeve clamp bolts.



PITMAN ARM—Check nut and cotter pin on pitman arm, idler-arm rod, spindle-arm tierod, wheel-spindle support and all other parts of steering linkage that can be reached from under the vehicle.



FRAME FACTS—The frame on the M151 is rugged enough for ordinary use, but, let's face it, the M151 will never replace the tank-mounted bulldozer. So don't be using it to knock over trees and such. You can bend the frame plenty easy by using the M151 for pushing and towing jobs beyond its capacity.



SECTOR-SHAFT NUT— Check sector-shaft nut for looseness. If it's loose, tell your company mechanic. GAS GAGE — This shows the amount you've actually got in your tank, not the amount you can still use. That means you'll be out of gas before the needle touches E for EMPTY. Be sure every driver knows about this.

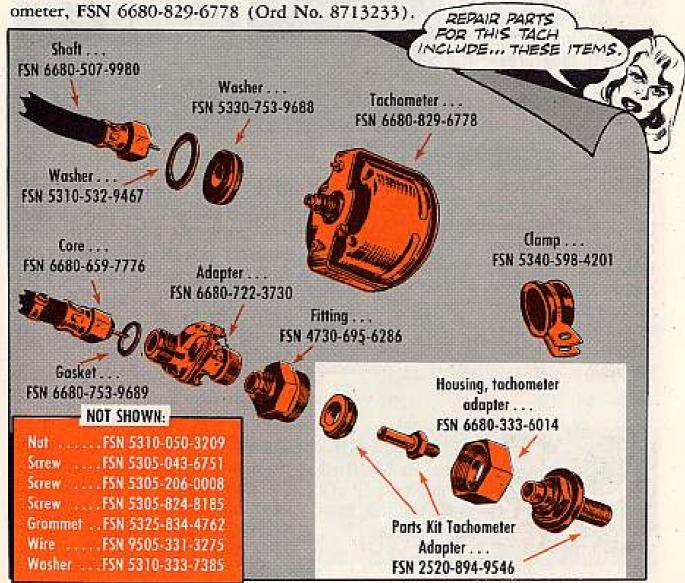




Having trouble getting repair parts for the mechanical tachometer on your M113 personnel carrier?

What hoppen is that they used an electrical tach, FSN 6680-679-9299 (Ord No. 8763345), on the early M113's with serial numbers F4 thru F903, and that's the tach listed in your TM 9-2300-224-20P (Nov 61).

Later production M113's above serial number F903 have the mechanical tach-



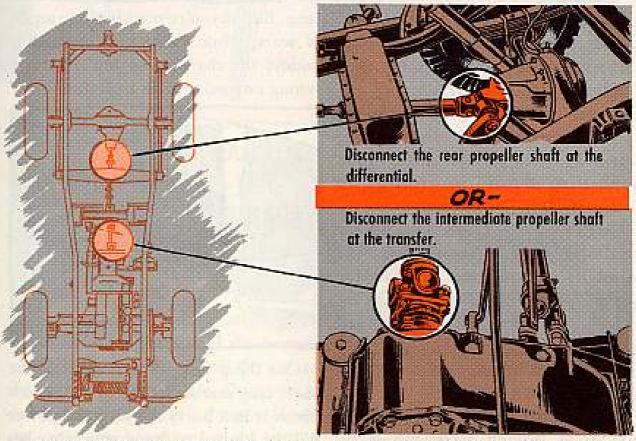


To do a good tow job on a 34-ton G-741 series truck, you must go by Change 5 (June 60) to TM 9-8030 (May 55).

Change 5 pinpoints the chores that you've got to do to keep from causing transmission synchronizer failures.

When a ¾-ton M37 or M37B1 or any G-741 series vehicle is towed, the transmission main shaft turns but doesn't get much lube. This is not too bad and will cause no harm if your tow job is under five miles. But when you tow beyond five miles, the lack of lube is murder on the transmission synchronizer.

So, if a tow job is more than five miles do either of these two:



And make sure you tie the disconnected prop shaft tight to the frame so it won't fall loose while towing.



sembling things gets kinda hectic? your small arms-and sometimes reas- buddy, the chances are you'll get the up collection of M1 and M14 rifles in *of sears, while yakking it up with a Like maybe you've got a crazy mixed

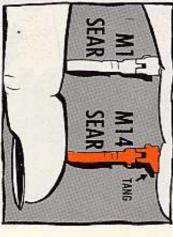
highballing down the freeway to Troublesville. your baby blues peeled for, or you're ... here's a pair of look-alikes to keep If that eyelash flapping means yes

with each other. fusion . . . they can be interchanged kissing cousins. And to add to the conassemblies on both rifles can pass for and the rear sight elevation knob pinion That's for true-'cause both the scar

pose, or by mistake. Can be, but shouldn't be. On pur-

the one for the M14 rifle has a larger this sear. side-it's a cinch to spot the fact that cause you can't get automatic fire with and you're looking at them side by When they're both out in the open-

tang. But, if you're reaching into a pile wrong one more often than not.



about it in a hurry . . . your fire power will be limited to finger squeezing beshort tang sear in the M14 you'll know One thing sure-if you assemble the

TROUBLES

situation. And now, the elevation pinion range gander at things.

Again, if you take a real close look,



this poop is for guys who take a longyou can easily spot the difference-but

marked off in yards-up to 1200 of them meters and goes up to 1100. -while the M14 knob is graduated in To begin with, the MI knob is

sembly of the newer 7.62 mm M14 rifle. meters that's stamped into the knob as-The second tipoff is the "M" for

make things rugged when your outfit's worst thing you can do . . . but it'll sure mines whether school's out or not. in a situation where one potshot detershooting for record or if you ever get Mixing the knobs may not be the

and knobs. your P's and Q's-as well as your sears from the pool and make sure you know that rifle the next time you pick it up OK, now that you're a pro, check

IT BACK...THEN RELEA

and rounding the sear notch in the rod. of the operating rod-wearing the sear don't, the sear bears against the bottom through firing, release it sharply. If you the rear in automatic fire. Once you're on the M60 machine gun all the way to Yup, you've gotta hold the trigger HOLD BACK HARD ... THEN RELEASE IT FAST CHRESTATIONS

the Army Pamphlet, 310-4. na get the most out of Department of That's the secret word-if you're gon-

fication Work Orders. letins, Lubrication Orders and Modiuals, Technical Bulletins, Supply Bulknown—is the index of Technical Man-The DA Pam 310-4-as it's better

up to date. your Army Equipment Record System ment in the Army. Especially MWO's ... publications for any item of equip MWO's that you'll need to help keep latest, current listing of all these type And, it's the book that gives you the

done right is to make sure you know Pam 310-4 and come up with all the how to dig down deep in the DA saying it's nice to have ammo in your job done right. Part of getting the job both are vital if you're going to get the rifle before you start throwing leadyour maintenance know-how is like And calling it a handy addition to

of equipment - tanks, shop vans and when you're dealing with major items other special purpose vehicles — This "diggin' bit" is especially true STREET STREET

printed word. Now ...

on the very latest

to give you

all covered briefly even tho they're the major item. in the main pub of items in themselves, components that are hich are loaded with

the index was superseded since out your mining gear, check can save you special look at that take five and give a published. This you what pubs have to the 310-4 that tells part of any change as keeping you posted headaches —as wel a pocketful of been rescinded and But before you break

> expedition with one major ing with the DA Pam 310item . . . let's do it with the 4 . . . let's go on a digging some on the job train-

Combat (full-tracked)". breakdown-until you To get things started, torefinger down the Then close in on the you get to "Tanks, reach for that dogdown the 90-mm target by moving run your GAA'd eared 310-4 and

9 6

give you the big picture for the tank the M48A1 series. Listed opposite the 9-7012-the basic TM for the M48A M48A1 are the major pubs that will all-important Technical Manual MWO's, TB's, an SB-11 and the In this case the pub list includes

made. guys stop-and figure they've got it Unfortunately, here's where a lot of

maintenance program on the M48A1 pubs they need to maintain a top notch and now have a complete list of all the Give 'em an E for effort... they've They think they've dug pretty deep

M48A1 90-mm tank

alphabetical index until major components out into the open. o These major components of the that can add to your know-how. tound in the description and tabulated The major components are have important pubs of their own on other pieces of equipment -M48A1-like many other components more important information on the more scratching would bring a lot case, TM 9-7012. got the big scene covered but a little data section of the basic TM-in this

All you've gotta do is to check out each one under its own title in the DA 310-4 and you're

Muskiaukiko

REMORRIE AND REA

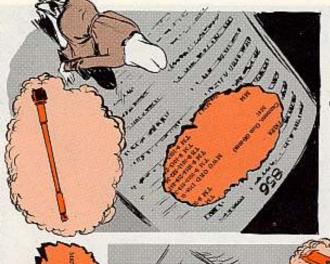
on the way to getting are needed to keep education in high your maintenance all the pubs that



DA PAMPHLET 310-4-INDEX OF TECHNICAL MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS, SUPPLY BULLETINS, UBRICATION ORDERS, AND MODIFICATION WORK ORDERS-MAY 1961

D-DO-IT GUIDE AND CONTINUE TIE

get all the info in the DA 310-4, you underline the fact that if you want to tricky. It's indexed under "Cannon, gun, M41" and not under "Gun, 90-mm" really have to dig for it. like you might expect. But it serves to the M41 90-mm gun. This one's a little Start with the armament and look at



an MWO applied to it as well as a new starts paying off dividends fast because TM that's sure to prove helpful. the DA 310-4 shows that the M41 has The extra work you went through

armament is the T148 combination gun you to "mounts, gun (combination)" title, this time your digging will lead mount. Going by the major noun in the The next major component of the



named the M87. Opposite the M87 are 310-4 tells you the T148 has been reunder this heading you'll see that DA some MWO's, a TB and two TM's.



that includes a TM, LO, SB and four found it under "Guns, machine (Cal .50-cal. M2 HB machine gun. If you OK, go for broke-track down the you came up with a list of pubs

of the armament listed for the M48A1 in TM 9-7012. see what pubs are listed for the rest Continue this do-it-yourself idea and

mission of the tank. Now, let's hit the engine and trans-



ered by either Continental engine models AV-1790-5B, AV-1790-7 or on your own for practice. TM 9-7012 tells you the tank is pow-



a TM are listed. you'll discover that a pair of TB's and AV-1790 and AV-1790-7C. Checking the 310-4 under "Engines, gasoline"

an Allison-GMC CD-850-4, CD-850up with an MWO and a TB-9 for CD. clues you that the transmission is either 850-4B. plate on the tank or the TM 9-7012 4A or CD-850-4B. The DA 310-4 comes A quick look at the transmission data

instruments. All of which play a key role in getting that first shot on target. loaded with sighting and fire control The M48A1 - like most tanks - is

eye, Right? better his chances are to hit the bulls knows about these instruments - the So it figures that the more a guy

all-important know-how via the pub route. the DA 310-4 is the key to gaining that And - like maybe you've noticed -

indicator. scoop for this indexed under the M28 "indicators, azimuth" shows you the azimuth indicator. DA 310-4, under ing controls in TM 9-7012 is the T28 Topping the list of sighting and fir-

under their own headings. Dig these and a ballistic computer also are listed telescope sight, a gunner's quadrant Four periscopes, a range hader, a



Radio and interphone communications for the M48A1 are provided by combinations of AN/GRC-3, 4, 7 or 8 or AN/VRC-7; AN/ARC-3 or AN/ARC-27 with the AN/VIA-1.

Information on the auxiliary interphone equipment is found under exactly that title while the radios are covered under "Radio sets" in the DA



NOW, AFTER YOU'VE COVERED ALL THE SEPARATE
END ITEMS LISTED IN THE BASIC TM OF THE ITEM
-GIVE THE ITEM A FINAL GOING OVER FOR THE THINGS
THAT'RE NOT SPELLED OUT!

Like f'rinstance, one obvious one comes to mind—tracks. All tanks have tracks. That figures. So might be there's a pub dealing with tank tracks that might come in handy.

Good old DA 310-4 won't let you down.

Listed under "Tracks, Components, Rubber" is TM 9-2630-200-14. A pub every tank outfit ought to have handy. It's jaw-busting title is "Identification, Inspection Classification Maintenance and Disposition of Solid Rubber Tires and Rubber Track Components" and is worth its weight in uranium.

Now that you've proved you really "dig" that DA 310-4 with the M48A1 tank as an example—put what you've learned to good use by checking out the major items in your outfit.

One final thing to keep in mind is that the present -P manuals listed in DA310-4 used to be prepared as supply manuals like the 7, 8, or 9 SNL's—and many of these are still current.

So, if you're working on equipment that still uses SNL's or SM type manuals you'll find them listed—according to tech service that prepared 'em—in DA Pam 310-21 through DA Pam 310-30.

And to get the complete pub picture you've got to check out the exact DA 310-21 through -30 index as well as the DA 310-4.













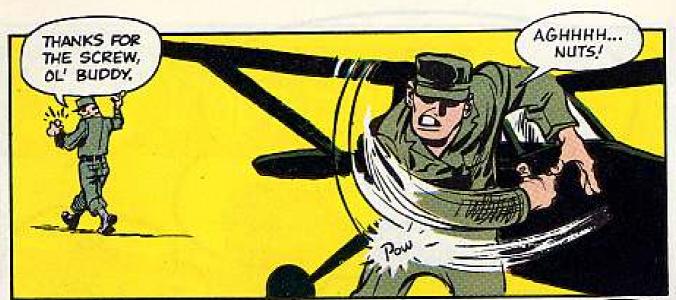


















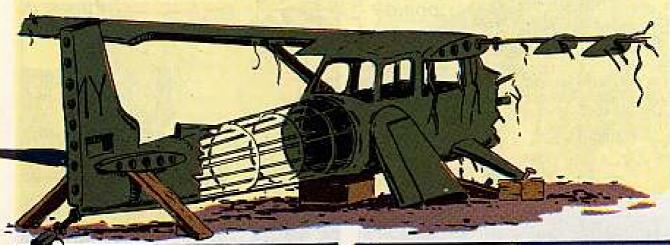


















SEMITRAILER SCORESHEET

Dear Half-Mast,

We've got a 4-wheel 25-ton rear-loading semitrailer with data plates that call it an Eidal Model ELB 25 Eng SNL 78-7476-525-100-but no pubs.

Haven't found any Engineer pubs listed in DA Pam 310-4 for this rig. What's the score?

Dear Sergeant J. R. H.,

You sure need a scoresheet to find pubs for that one, Sarge.

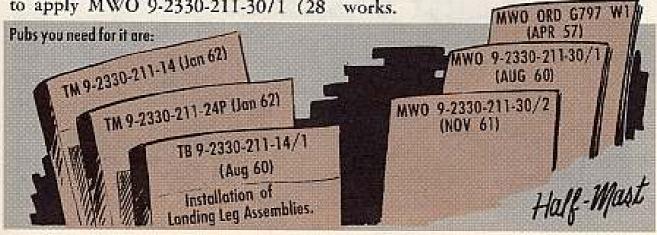
That semi is now an Ordnance item in the G797-series, along with the M172 15-tonner and the M172A1 25-tonner. And the ELB 25 is rated 15 tons like the M172.

There's an urgent MWO-MWO Ord G797-W1 (11 Apr 57) w/Change 1 (15 Jan 59)—calling for reinforcement of the M172 and M172A1 loading ramps. But the work's to be done by support, and they're also supposed to apply MWO 9-2330-211-30/1 (28)

Aug 60) and MWO 9-2330-211-30/2 (24 Nov 61) on the M172 and that Model ELB 25.

Maybe this pubs scoresheet will help shape-up those semitrailers. To finish the shape-up, get the trailer's data plate changed to an M172 plate.

Model ELB 25 is a commercial-type semitrailer. When Ordnance got it from the Engineers, it was redesignated Semitrailer, Low-bed, M172. Because of the limit of the towing vehicle, it was changed from 25-ton to 15-ton. A new payload instruction plate is in the works.



M151 SAFETY STRAPS

Dear Half-Mast,

We need new safety straps for our M151 1/4-ton trucks. That's the strap that keeps the front-seat passenger from going AWOL when you hit a hump. What is the FSN for the strap and for the eye holt that fits into the dash? WOJ.R.



Dear WO J. R.,

Ask for Strap, Webbing, safety belt, FSN 5340-591-3444.

The eye bolt is FSN 5306-050-0346.

These parts are organizational second echelon items and your supply can get them for you. O'course you got to prove that you need 'em.

M38A1C TIRE PRESSURE

Dear Half-Mast,

Could you give us the correct tire pressure for Truck, Utility, 1/4-ton, mounted with the 106-mm recoilless rifle M40, complete with full crew and ammunition load?

CWO C. S. L.



Dear CWO C. S. L.,

You'll find a tire pressure change in Change 5 (7 Mar 60), to TM 9-8014. Paragraphs 7 and 248 change the tire pressure to 25-PSI for both highway and cross-country travel for the M38A1 and M170.

Although it's not spelled out in the change, this tire pressure also goes for the M38A1C... complete with crew, mounted rifle and ammo. The reason is that the "C" with its fighting load, is still within the gross weight capacity established for the "A1".

Half-Mast

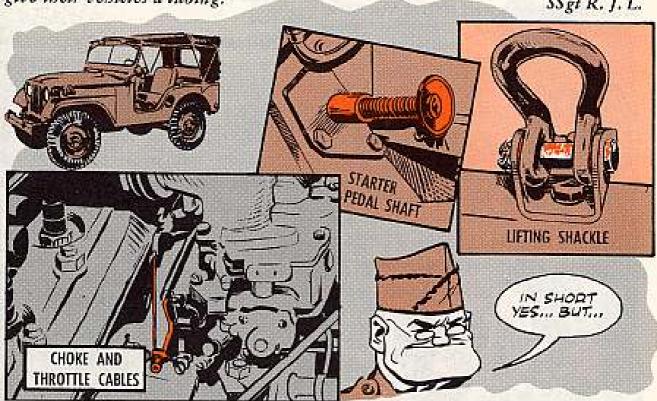
OIL YOUR JOINTS

Dear Half-Mast,

There are a couple places I've noticed get rusted on all types of military wheeled vehicles—the choke and throttle cables. The lifting shackle pins are also likely to be either rusted or so gooked up with paint that they can't be moved. The starter pedal shaft on the M38 1/4-ton jeeps also rusts where it sticks through the floor.

Wouldn't it be a good idea to have the drivers lube these points every time they give their vehicles a lubing?

SSgt R. J. L.



Dear Sergeant R. J. L.,

The places you mention are all oilcan points. The latest thinking of the men who write the LO's is that these points and all other working parts that are not equipped with fittings, or the LO does not specifically prohibit lubing, should get a going over with the oil can every 1,000 miles or quarterly.

Half-Mast



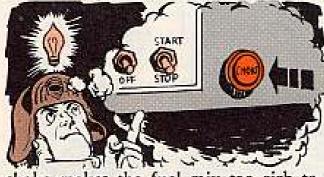
We have a Hol-Gar 5 KW generator, Model CE-55-AC/WK6, that cooks up carbon so fast we have to pull the engine head about every 150 operating hours. Is this a rare case, or do they all carbon up in such a short time?

SP5 H. D. D.

Dear Specialist H. D. D.,

Nope, it's not rare on these rigs. But when an engine builds up carbon that fast, chances are you need to check out your operation with these DO and DON'T reminders—

DO remember to close the choke after the engine's well started. An open



choke makes the fuel mix too rich to burn clean.

DON'T forget to keep the air cleaner



a clean flame with dirty plugs, and timing that's a mite too slow-or a mite too fast.

DO remember, when you clean the plugs, to check for oil that indicates worn piston rings. Oil pumpers collect carbon the quickest.

All the oil in Oklahoma won't bring worn rings back to life—but you can keep 'em living a long time with the right amount of clean oil in the crankcase.

DON'T forget the muffler. The



in A1 shape. The engine can't burn the fuel mix clean when it's choking for air.

DON'T forget to clean and gap spark plugs, then check timing. You can't get standup stack on this engine is a natural trap for soot and scale. Unless you remove it for cleaning, the soot and flake will fall back into the manifold.

Half-Mast

LET'S COMMUNICATE

A SORTA SEAL DEAL

There's something missing on the solenoid coil, relay and switch assembly for the starter motor on your PU-286A/G and PU-286B/G generator sets.

It's a waterproof seal or gasket between the solenoid coil and the switch plate, that's wot.

Which means water can get into the assembly and foul up the whole works. Ugh. Probably doing it right now, too.

Since there's no regular gasket or pre-formed seal supposed to be there, what's needed is some sealant—like Permatex or stuff like that there.

You can't very well do the job yourself, so deal your support unit in on the operation.

Ready?

OK. With the assembly removed from the starter motor:

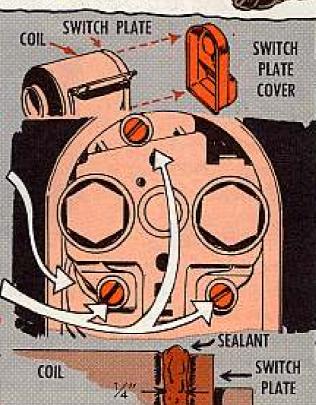
Take off the switch plate cover. Check for any signs of water, corrosion or gook, If things aren't right your support unit will have to take over.

If everything's OK, unsolder the braided wire from the switch plate.

Take out the three screws (H-943) that hold the switch plate (K500) to the solenoid coil (L501).

Move the switch plate forward about a quarter of an inch and put some sealant between the plate and the coil to give you a watertight seal.

Now backtrack by the numbers, putting the assembly back together just the reverse of the way you took it apart.

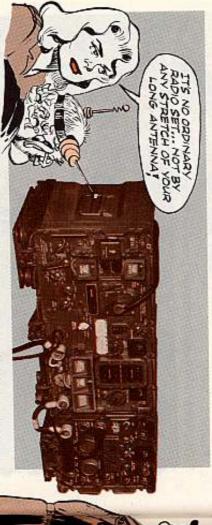


... SMILE SWEETL

41



And then one day from the laboratory came a squeal, a squawk and a constant wave and they named it the AN/GRC-19.



Take that electromechanical channel selection system. Autotune, it's called. Seven automatic pre-set channels and one channel for manual tuning. Real handy, to say the least.

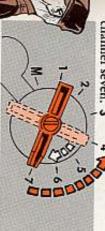
Anything that'll do all this for you deserves a little extra care, patience and know-how. Right?

That T-195 () transmitter has a little peculiarity you ought to know about. It sometimes gets a little balky when you try to shift frequency from the man-

ual position all the way up to channel seven.

In fact, sometimes nothing happens ... and you sit there wondering when this electronic marvel is going to get on the cotton-pickin' beam.

Well, all you've gotta do is shift the channel selector back to a lower channel (say three or four) and let it complete its cycle there. Then shift on up to channel seven. 3



That Autotune is going to do the job a lot better and faster than you could do it yourself so don't try to hurry it. Just because your hands are free for a moment, don't try to give a little twist here and a little boost there.

When you change channels, you should wair—at least 30 seconds before you key the set. If the TUNING INDI-CATOR light does not come on when you work the PUSH-TO-TALK switch, back off and wait a little longer.



Sometimes when the transmitter has been manually tuned from one frequency to another in the same band, the light may not come on at all when you return to automatic. So you turn the BAND SELECTOR to the next higher or lower band...let it cycle there... and then turn it back to the band you want.



This realines the setup and you should get the go-ahead light.

Speaking of the BAND SELECTOR, take a look at it and the TUNING CONTROL knob. You see those locking bars?



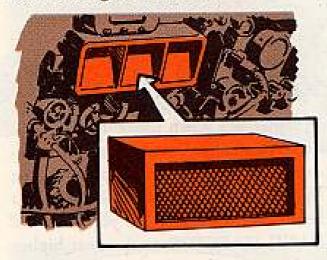
Well, never operate the transmitter unless those locking bars are tightened down.

Above all, never move the PRESET CHANNELS switch without first making sure the locking bars on the BAND SELECTOR and TUNING CONTROL knobs are tight.

If those knobs aren't locked when you switch from one channel to another, you're going to lose control of the preset channel frequencies and the advantages of the Autotune system.

Gasp ... Sob ... Choke ... Grrrr

Your T-195 really gulps in the air. It takes a constant stream of air to keep the transmitter from heating up—and that air has got to be clean.



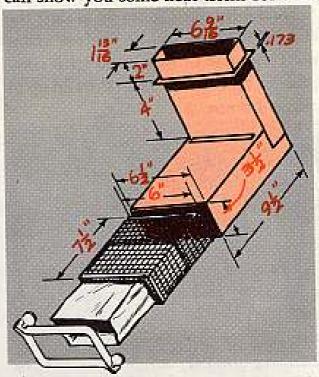
That's why you have to watch the dust filter like a hawk and change it as soon as it gets loaded. And it won't take long to get loaded when you're battin' around the dusty trail.

You just have to make a practice of checking the filter every couple of hours or so under real dusty conditions.

As for desert or sandy operations . . .

ugh! Sand's about the worst enemy your transmitter's got, and anything you can do to protect it and its air supply is money in the bank.

There're all sorts of improvised filters you can rig up to help keep out the sand and dust. Any oldtimer who's had much experience with the AN/GRC-19 can show you some neat tricks for this.



Antenna Terminal Guard

You're no doubt well aware that there's some mighty dangerous voltage present in your T-195. One of the places you have to be real careful about is the antenna terminal, which should be covered by a terminal guard or cap.

But these caps have a habit of getting lost and you won't find 'em in your unit's parts manuals. You have to get your support to round up Cap, Electri-



cal, FSN 5940-566-3862, and it's listed in TM 11-5820-335-35P for the T-195.

Battery in Between

It could be your transmitter is a T-195B. All the B models have transistors in the power supply.

When you're operating or testing this model, always be sure you've got a battery between the set and the power source. The battery will protect the transistors from any transient voltage that may exceed the transistor voltage rating.

Don't go looking for the transient voltage because it's so fast and fleeting it won't show up on a meter or oscilloscope. But it's there and it can flub up your transistors.

SHOOT FOR THE MAX

That's right!

All the way over to maximum is where the meter (M301) needle should be when you're checking out the RF position on meter switch \$301 of Radio Sets RT-66, -67 and -68/GRC.

The RF indicator is not like positions 2-11, all of which call for a near red meter reading when peaking. RF needs the white . . . all the way over to the right. The maximum.

Also unlike positions 2-11, the RF indicator doesn't have to be checked out regularly. You adjust it when the antenna is first installed-and then only when there's a change in antennas or antenna elements or a big change in the frequency range.

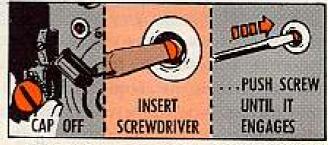
The purpose of the RF check is to in-

sure proper matching between the antenna and the antenna output circuits.

To get the maximum readings adjust the TRANS ANT COUPLING screw and the TRANS ANT TUNE control screw.

The TRANS ANT COUPLING screw is easy to work with. Just give it a twist.

The TRANS ANT TUNE screw is tricky. Remove the waterproof cap (attached to the set by a retaining chain) and insert a screwdriver into the hole. Then push the adjusting screw in until it engages. Make sure it does engage... otherwise, you'll turn it all day with no results.



Para 13-h, page 27, of TM 11-289 (3 Dec 53) spells out the procedure in detail.



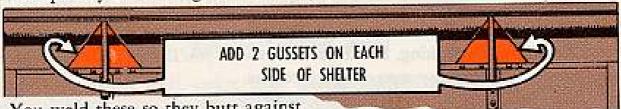
Anything that's had as many ups and downs as your S-56 ()/G or S-69 ()/GRC shelter is just bound to be feeling right poorly. Specially in and around the lifting straps, which have been bearing the burden so faithfully for so long.

So, better give 'em a break before they decide to take one on their own ...with some damaging and dangerous results.

What you want to do is beef up the lifting straps by adding another gusset for each strap. And at the same time you can make each assembly stronger by using large washers on the mounting bolts inside to help spread the strain around.

If your shelter is scheduled for some support work you might ask your support unit to do this at the same time. But if it isn't, you can handle the job yourself with maybe some help from your support unit.

You need to fabricate four additional gussets just like the four present ones . . . except they'll be facing the other way.



You weld these so they butt against the present ones. When you insert the mounting bolts through to the inside of the shelter, you use large washers so they'll extend way out beyond the heads of the bolts, giving 'em a better grip. You'll have to contour the washers to get a good fit.

And, speaking of lifting, it's a good inforced.

time to remind yourself to always stay clear of these shelters when they're being lifted and moved. Those lifting straps have been known to break—real sudden like. Which is why you're beefing 'em up now.

So stay clear—even after they're reinforced. FOR SHORT LINKS: LONGER HOLES



You come up with a nice little bridge to span the gap... and then suddenly you find the river's widened.

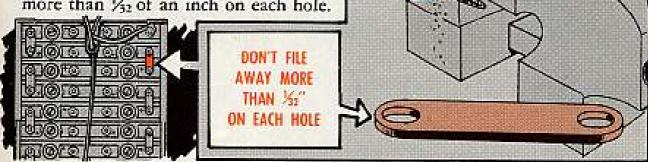
This makes for one of those famous "fluid" situations, which calls for some on-the-spot improvisin'.

The battery terminal links for your BB-401/U battery are just the right length to couple up the BB-403/U cells—as long as the cells aren't too fat.

FILE ON END SIDE

But some of the new cells are what you might call at the upper limit of allowable thickness. Which means you may have to lengthen your bridge a mite to cover the longer gap.

So you take a file and elongate the holes in the links, filing toward the ends. Just be sure you don't file away more than 1/32 of an inch on each hole.



Since you may have to file a fistfullof links, you'll want to use a vise and the right file for the job. Your best bet is File, hand, round type, single cut, smooth cut face, 6 inches long, FSN 5110-234-6550, and Handle, file, wood, 1 inch diameter x 4 inches long, FSN 5110-263-0342.

For the most part, you'll only have to do this on the shorter, \(\frac{1}{6} \)-in links.

But before you do any of 'em you'll want to try mixing fat cells with thin ones to try to keep from having to do any filing at all. You only file the links as a last resort.

SOME WILL-SOME WON'T

Modulator-Oscillator Group OA-2180/ BAND and KC control knobs on your FRT-51 from slipping on the shafts? Having trouble keeping the MC,

soft-headed screw-or two Could be somebody's slipped you a



SET SCREWS ARE SOFT REPLACE WITH FSN 5305-805-6598

a little torque. sockets won't hold up when you apply You can spot 'em easy because their showing up that're too soft for the job. to be of hardened steel. But, some are these knobs to their shafts are supposed The socket-head screws that hold

et head, FSN 5305-805-6598. You'll find 'em in SM 9-1-5305 (Feb 61). To replace 'em, use Screw, cap, sock-



does it can be mighty trustratin'. to happen sooner or later, and when it mitter bug out and you lose control of on your T-195 ()/GRC-19 trans-It may not work 100 per cent of the transmitting contact, try this technique. lector like mad trying to pick up a the situation. The contacts for the service selector It's one of those things that's bound But before you start twisting the se-MOTE-40 OFF-402CM

be ready to put out in this position. The chances are in your favor she'll

> ENGINE OVER'-RADIO OUT OLD MAN OFF BUT I CAN'T

Always turn off the radio before you

start your engine.

yourself between a sweat and a swivet. gine, and the CO's on the air with the But the thing is, the tender tubes of Like when you've got to start the cn-

you crank up the engine. voltage surge you sometimes get when the radio set can't take the lightning surge.

the draw to take over and prevent the there's no loose cable bouncing from

there're times when it's easier said than while it's idling. So smooth and easy Sounds simple enough...but surge when you "gun" the engine does it when you're powering a radio You can also get a tube-sizzling

poop for the group ... and you find other little thing. A loose battery connection can set up a voltage surge that can be just as damaging as any other And, to top it off, keep in mind one

The regulator's not fast enough on the battery connections. Make sure pillar to post care it deserves, keep an eye peeled on To give the radio the tender lovin



19 radio set, add a little cable tension—and what do you get? Take the natural bounce and vibration of your vehicle-mounted AN/GRC

In short, a short.

URR receiver. And when it does, you're shorted. habit of turning clockwise and bumping against the binding post on the R-392/ The right-angle plug connector on the RF cable (CG-1127/U) has a sneaky

ing post. This'll short-stop any short in the making So, take a strip of electrical insulating tape and wrap it neatly around the bind-

any frantic twisting.

time, but it'll get you there faster than



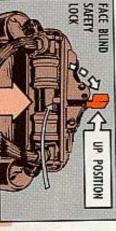
to an aviator when he has to exit his Mohawk (AO-1) in a hurry. A kick in the pants can be a life sayer

poost needs some special attention. aker ejection seat that supplies the But, like any loaded gun, the Martin-

comes in to roost you want to follow and into orbit for keeps! getful type from accidentally ejecting these safety steps in TM 55-1510-204-0 and -20 . . . maybe prevent some forimself through a hangar root Like, f'rinstance, when your bire

LOCKS UP

has flipped the face blind safety lock to seat when the sear is pulled—the spring the UP (locked) position. First, check to see that the aviator



that's the purpose of the lock. dle it wouldn't yank the face blind . . . to grab hold of the primary firing hanif, by accident, some forgetful type were the primary firing handle cross-bar. So raising the flag lowers a safety pin into What actually happens here is that

ing cable attached to the catapult sear face blind handle you can't pull the fir-Naturally, when you can't move that

either. You know what happens to the and away she goes! (Same as squeezin' a trigger.) loaded firing pin fires the ejection gun

ing the sear.

firing handle swivel type safety lock has been moved to the UP (locked) posi-Next, check to see that the secondary



which is also attached to the catapult fired by the secondary firing handle tion. This means that the seat can't be sear by cable.

the primary and secondary locks UP, So far-so good. But even with both

there's still a chance the seat could

> of the primary and secondary firing to be pushed out, or the exposed parts cause the sear at the top of the headrest blast off. That is, if something were to cables were accidentally yanked, pullcan't move in either direction from its safetied position. isn't going to fire as long as the sear being pulled rearward. And that gun the firing cable loops prevent it from

A UFO OR SOMETHIN'S

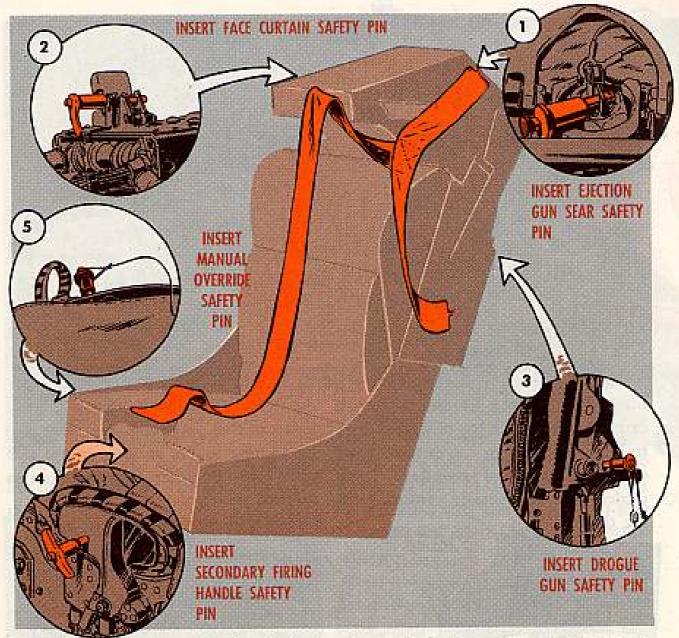
PUT STREAMER IN

The pins want to be inserted in numerical order:

Manual override safety pin face curtain gun sear tjection

safety pins attached to the red streamer. now ready to install the five ground bird while it's on the ground, you're the sear can't be pulled forward-while They all have a mighty important pur-To make sure your seat stays in the Take the ejection gun scar safety pin That's the reason for the next step. safety pin Secondary firing handle

Once it's put in the hole in the sear,



With the two ground safety locks in place and the five safety pins installed, the red streamer will now remind everybody the cockpit's been safetied... but it's still loaded.

TAKE STREAMER OUT

Comes the time when your bird is about to take to the air again the streamer wants to come out—natch—in order for the ejection seat to do a job if it's needed.

So, while the aviator dons his Martin-Baker seat harness, you just remove the five safety pins attached to the red streamer in reverse order from the way you put 'em in: 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.

In other words, the ejection gun

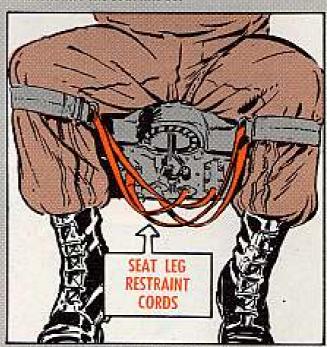
safety comes out last. But be sure you leave the primary firing handle safety latch and the secondary firing handle safety latch in the UP (locked) position. This means the seat can't be fired by accident when the aviator is strapped into the bird... and here's where he could use a helping hand!

SEAT HOOK-UP

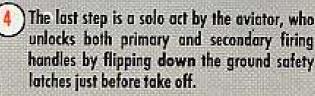
First, hook up the right and left quick disconnect straps.



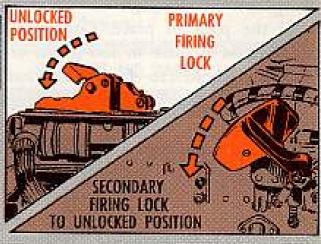
Next thread the seat leg restraint cords through metal rings on the fabric garters and plug them into the seat like so.



Then the shoulder harness extensions are hooked onto the lap belt latch and the lap belt locked.







All of which proves that the Army and the manufacturer thought enough of your favorite throttle jockey to go all out for him on the safety side... not to mention your own safety whenever you're doing maintenance in and around the cockpit area.

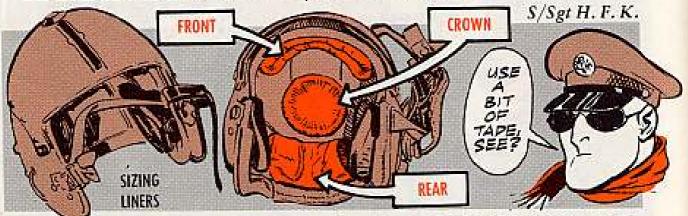
But you don't want to be wary of the Martin-Baker seat when you are near it—just kind of "respectful", like you would with any loaded gun.

After all, it only takes one thoughtless act to blow the whole deal sky high!



TM 10-8415-202-15 (2 Mar 60) on the APH-5 flying belmet lists replacement of the front, crown, and back sizing liners as a first-echelon job . . . so I'm stuck with it!

But what do I do with a liner that falls out all the time?



Dear Sergeant H. F. K.,

Flight crew types have tried everything from chewing gum to shellac to hold the pads in place. 'Course gum won't hold a liner in too good, and shellac will hold it in-for keeps. What's needed is a happy medium. Something that'll hold the liners in but will also let you take them out for replacements without tearing up the liners.

Your best bet is a strip or two of pressure-sensitive tape between each liner and the helmet. FSN 8135-559-6729, listed on page 238 of Federal Supply Catalog C6-18-SL (29 May 61), is just what the doctor ordered because it has adhesive on both sides. Price list C6-18-PL, shows it's a QM local purchase item, though.

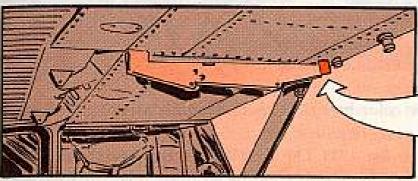
wide pressure-sensitive tape stocked un- bottle.

der FSN 8135-269-8090 (QM). It's also listed in C6-18-SL, page 240. Since this tape has adhesive on one side only, you glue two strips back to back using rubber adhesive, FSN 8040-266-0850 (Eng). If you happen to have any tents around, this adhesive is packed in tentage repair kit, FSN 8340-262-5767 (OM).

Before you make with the tape, Sarge, it's a good idea to get rid of the old adhesive on the liners and helmet. That way you can get a better bond. Water or alcohol on a piece of cotton cloth, plus a little elbow grease, should do the trick. Any other fluid cleaner might dissolve the foam plastic.

After putting a new sizing pad in, roll the surface with the ball of your You may find it easier to get the 2-in hand or use some round object, like a Windy Windsock





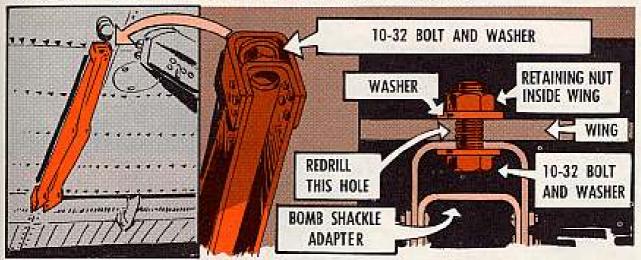
Dear Editor,

We've got a repair for loose bomb shackle adapters on the Bird Dog (L-19). The villain in this case is stripped female threads in the wing.

If you have this problem you take the adapters off and discard the bolts—but keep the washers. Then you drill the adapter bolt hole in the wing to get rid of the stripped threads and make way for a new retaining bolt, nut, and washer.

Next latch on to two 10-32nd bolts (long enough to take retaining nuts inside the wing), matching nuts, and washers.

Then mount the adapter by putting the old flat washer under the bolt head, and install the bolt through the adapter and wing. Secure the bolt with a washer and nut inside the wing.



From here on out the adapters will hug your bird like a long lost cousin.

The Ground Crew, NJ ARNG, Linden Airport, N. J.

(Ed Note-Looks like a good fix, but get your CO's permission before you start the surgery.)



Does she, or doesn't she?

nine pulchritude to hit the post-no, sir. Not talkin' about the new color hair style sported by the latest hunk of femi-

is not listed on the modification. fication Record, DA Form 2408-5, even though the serial number for your bird Talkin' about whether you list a TCTM or MWO on the Equipment Modi-

MWO that comes across the pike, even if it doesn't apply to their bird. Some pencil pushers like to do their record keeping up brown, listing every

Taint necessary . . . might even get you gigged!

the Aircraft Affected paragraph of an MWO, those are the only birds to get the The straight poop is that any time you see a bunch of serial numbers listed in

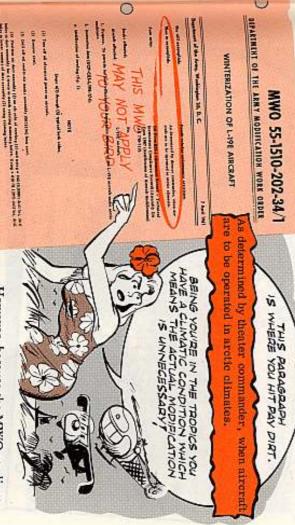


0

H-13, etc. doesn't get the modification done. This may be the case, for example, when a large number of bird models are involved, like; All L-19E, All H-34, or All 'Course there are times when an MWO just gets entered on the 2408-5, but it

Let's take a f'rinstance or two.

MWO 55-1510-202-34/1 (7 Apr 61), "Winterization of L-19E Aircraft". Say you're stationed in the tropics with a Bird Dog (L-19E). Along comes



entry on the 2408-5. all L-19E aircraft, you still make an However, because the MWO applies to

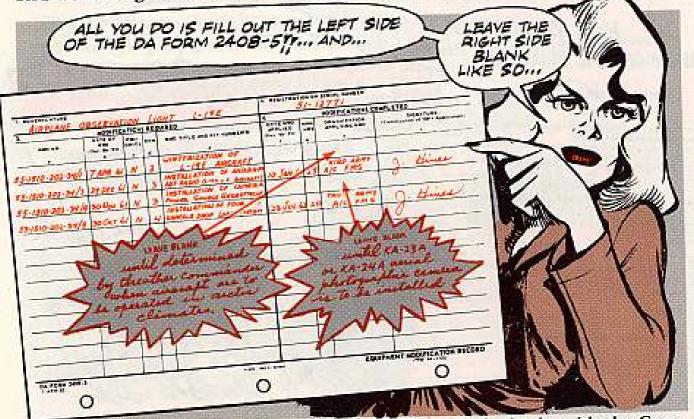
0

0

Another example—MWO 55-1510-202-34/4 (30 Nov 61), "Installation of Camera Power Source Receptacle (L-19 aircraft)". The aircraft affected are all L-19A and E models requiring the use of KA-23A or KA-24A cameras. In the "When to Accomplish" column is the key: "As required, prior to the use of



So, if you're not scheduled to use these cameras in an L-19A or E model, your bird wouldn't get the modification, but it would still get the MWO entry—natch.



When you're filling out the 2408-5 remember that it ties in with the Component Installation and Removal Record, DA Form 2408-16, and Component Removal and Repair Overhaul Record, DA Form 2410.

All these forms are spelled out in TM 38-750 to give you a record keeping set up that cures one of the bugaboos that has plagued maintenance types for many years; namely, what's supposed to be installed in a bird, and what actually has been installed.

So-o-o... does your 2408-5 get the latest MWO entry or doesn't she? Could be—it all depends on what bird you're workin' on these days!

TIGHT SEAL

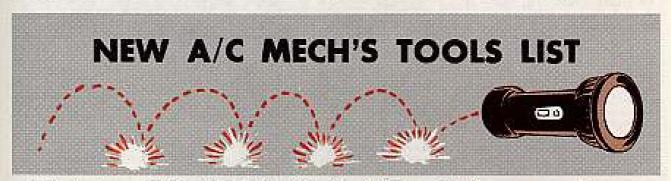
No need for you air types to scrounge zinc chromate putty, or make with a local purchase order, when you seal a plexiglass window in your bird — not



when there's a compound right in the supply system. Run your peepers over Federal Supply Catalog C5-1-SL (Federal Stock Class Group 80), for Scaling Compound, FSN 8030-611-3964 (P/N EC 612). Makes that plexiglass tight as a drum.

SLIPPERY BIRDS

You air types mounting aircraft at the crack of dawn for fucling or other maintenance want to give a thought to the early morning dew. That stuff is greased lightning under foot. But using your maintenance stands and ladders, along with always wearing rubber soled shoes or boots, puts the odds in your favor against winding up with your arm in a sling—or worse. If your outfit isn't authorized rubber soled shoes or boots yet, run your peepers over AR 385-32 (12 Jul 62) and TA 20-11 (5 May 61) ... they're all the authority you need.



Watch the mails for SM 55-4-5180-A01 (30 Mar 62) if you want to keep your hand-receipt list current on the Aircraft Mechanic's Tool Kit, FSN 5180-323-4692.

This Transportation supply manual supersedes SM 9-4-5180-A70 and carries the latest nomenclature and stock number changes. You'll also find most of the tools pictured in the back of the new manual.

There's just one tool change . . . the flexible arm flashlight has been replaced by the standard type, which is FSN 6230-519-2109 (Eng). The flashlight FSN in the current SM is a printing error.



A selected hat all recent publications of interest to Organizational Maintenance Personnel. This is a bis complied from recent Adjustant General's Distribution Center Bulleting

TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 3-4740-233-15 Jun Meik, CBR, Tonk M14A2

TM 3-4240-236-12 See Filter Unit, Cos Particulate, Tank, 12 CPM, MBA3

TM 3-6665-210-20P Sep Alorm, Automone, Edita.

TM 5-2230-203-25P Aug Drilling Machine, Rail. Oasaline Engine, [Norberg Model CD)

TM 5-2410-205-10 Avg Tractor Full Tracked, IH Model TD-24.

TM 5-2410-205-20 Sep Tractor Full Trocked, IH Model TD-24.

TM 5-2410-211-15 Jul Tractor (Cotespiller Model D4].

TM 5-3431-200-15 Aug Welding Set. Arc, Iran Gas Shielded:

TM 5-3431-200-25P Aug Welding Set, Arc, Inert Gas (Westinghouse Model SA-1351

TM 5-3449-200-25P Aug Repair Parts & Special Took, Sharpening Machine, Drill Steel (Ingersell-Rond Model 40)

TM 5-3820-208-15 Aug Drilling Mochine (Bullate Springheld Model 71 SK-B). TM 5-3825-202-20P Aug Distributor, water MacLead Mdl W-LMS

TM 5-4610-203-20P Sep Water Punification Unit, Met Pro Model 3000-2700. TM 5-6665-200-20P Sep Detecting Set,

Mine TM 5-6675-230-25P Aug Level, 10" Telescope, Model 10-X.

TM 9-1400-250-10/3 Sep Nice Ajaz. Herzules, Hercules (Impl., System Descrip-

TM 9-1410-500-20P/15co Hawl, TMP. Ammo

TM 9-1430-250-20P/11/1 Aug Nike-

Here (Imp), Ground Can Equip. TM 9-2330-202-14P Aug Troiler M101.

MIGIAL, MI16 & MI16AL TM 9-2330-231-14P Aug Trailer, Ammo.

44000 TM 9-2330-264-14P Aug Trailer, Air

Conditioner M 463. TM 9-2350-217-20P Sep Howitzer, 5-7

TINET and Howsteer, 5-P. TIPSET. TM 9-4935-253-20P/3/2 Sep Nike-

Herc, Nike Herc (Impl., Test Equip. TM 9-4935-500-20P/1 Sep. Howk.

TMP, Test Equip TM 9-6910-203-14 Sep Corbine, Mo-

chine Gun and Bille Training Aids.

TAM 11-4920-201-12 Sep.

TM 11-4920-209-14 Aug Teble Scorpty Troop25, Adopter Scropby T100945 (Sperry) TM 11-5805-224-20# Aug Moden, Telephone, TA-219/U.

TM. 11-5805-245-20P Sep Power Supply PP-9927711

TM 11-5805-286-25P Aug Repeater, Telephone, AN/MCC-3.

TM 11-5820-263-12P Aug Radio Transnitter T-417, OR

TM 11-5820-363-12P Aug Trommitter, Re-Lo T-276/LI

TM 11-3820-669-20F Ava Radio Ferminul Set ANJ/18X-60.

TM 11-5840-243-20P Aug Amening Green CA 1124/FFS

TM 11-5895-287-20P Acg Fire Unit integration facilities AN/FSA-25, AN/ FSA-73A

TM 11-5895-331-20P Aug Recording Set, Cuthode Ray Tube AN/ASA 34

TM 11-5935-205-15P Aug Connector. Receptode, Electrical, U-187/G.

1M 11-5965-227-15P Aug Hondrel HIZEZU.

TM 11-5965-267-15P Aug Hendiel. Electrical H-Ta/U.

TM 11-5985-233-25P Avg Arrenne AB-172/TIR

TM 11-6110-201-15P Aug Didnibotion Box J-1077 / U. J-1077 A / U.

TM 11-6115-213-20P Od Generalist Set, PU-422/0.

TM 11-6125-220-20P Aug Motor Generator PU-543/

TM 11-6130-211-20P Ave Power Supplies FP-10974/G & PP-10978/G

TM 11-6130-230-20P Aug Charges. Bottery UP 2359/C

TM. 11-6140-200-15 Aug Battery, Statcgn_38-401/U

TAN 11-6675-258-20P Aug Signal Ger erator SG 289/U, SG-299A/U

TM 11-6625-285-20P Aug Oscill scopes OS 25/U OS 45A/U, OS 500/U, & OS-500(A. N/U

TM 11-6825-315-20P Sep Test Set Groups Radar, OA-2228/TFS-25, OA-2228A/116-25

TM 11-6625-302-25P Aug Tent Sel. Electronic Circuit, Plug-In Unit Ahi/GSV

TM 11-6625-511-12 Aug Test Torget Visual ANJ AAM V, fest Target Therman AN AAM 10, and Test Table, Optical AN 444.13

TM 11-6625-526-12 Aug Ten Set, Then men Semistrilly AN/AAM/-11

TM: 11-6660-200-20P Aug Wind Measaning Sel AN/GWQ-HI

TM 11-6665-208-20P Aug Radioc Sel AND/PDR-54

TM 11-6730-210-10 Aug Projection Sci. Motion Ficture Sound AS 7A

TM 11-6730-210-20 App Projection Sel, Metion Riction, Sound AS 7A

TM 11-6740-244-25P Aug Printer, Conturt. Photogrophie, Etalb ift & Printer PH-192.

TM 55-405-2 Aug AK Hardware and Moteriols

TM 55-450-1 342 IL 201

TM 55-450-2-3ep H-15).

TM 55-1510-206-10 Jun IAC !! TM 55-2210-213-20P Asg toco Dal 190 Ton, 04-4-0, Alco Eng Mod 539, 660 HP.

LUBRICATION ORDERS

LO 5-3895-221-15-1 Jul Mixer, Concrete, Trailer Mounted. LO 5-4310-241-15 Jul Compressor Champion Model LP-512-Eng. LO 5-4310-242-15 Aug Compressor Re-erprocessing: Air 175PSI, Hand Tk Mid: Ger Driven.

LO 9-2350-215-10 Oct Tonl, M60A1 W/E.

MODIFICATION WORK ORDERS

MWO 9-2300-224-20/5 Aug Car Per. Arm M113 Fel Gear Box Gil Ser Op. MWO 9-2300-224-20/6 Sep APC M113; Inst Place Distr MWO 9-2350-215-20/7 Sep Tank M60. MWO 10-16718-1 Aug 7500-lb Clarkfor Warehouse Tracfor (MHE 155).

SUPPLY MANUALS

SM 3-C68P-M1, Vol. 1 Jet Petroleem. Petroleum Base Products.

SM 5-1-5420, 30, 45 Sep Prefabricated Structures and Scotlaiding

5M 5-4-4210-504 Aug Repair and Refill kit, Fim Estinguisher.

SM 5-4-5180-519 Sep Tool Kil, Moson and Concrete Finisher's.

SM: 5-4-5180-544 Sep Tool Kit and Test Equipment, Gos Turbice Engine.

5M. 9-4-1375-R02 Sep Training Aid, Demelition Set. No. 2, Plataon, DVC5-12 (1375-83-2539).

TECHNICAL BULLETINS

TB AVN 23-5-1, C2 Sep EIR Digest. TB TVN 23-10 Sep A/C Accessory Replacement and Reuse Fracedures.

TB AVN 23-46 Sep Ident, Incp. Test and Storage Rubber Materials, etc.

TB AVN 23-69 Sep.

TB ENG 240 Sep Inspection, compressors. TB TC 7 Sep Sole Transport of Radio active Materials.

18 9-2300-229-10/1 Avg Truck, Took Fuel Ser, M49C, M217C Open Moint filter Separ Kir.

18 55-22 Aug Irons Od Ik, Shop Von.

T8 55-23 Aug Trons Gd, Damp, M47. T8 55-25 Aug Trons Gd, Corgo, M34. TB 55-26 Aug Trois Gd, Wrecker, M103

MISCELLANEOUS

DA Form 12-4 Sep Requirements for ID. of DA Administrative Publications, other than Regulations & Circulari

Sig 7 8 8 AM-1907/FSG-1 Aug. Sin 7 & 8 AM-1908/FSG-1 Aug.

Sig 7 & 8 C-2457/FSG-1 Aug Trock Smit Unit C-2457/45G-1

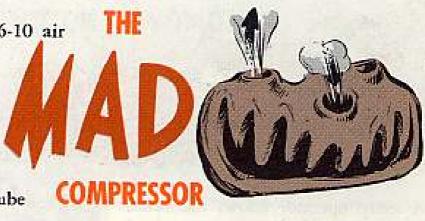
Sig 7 & 8 10-222/FSG-1 Aug 58 1-15-11 Aug Marking & Togging TC

\$8 11-547 Aug Authorization of Addtional Tool Items to Supplement Tool Kit TK RA/LI When Required for Vehicular Installation of Redio Equipment.



The Champion CE 36-10 air compressor is easy to live with in every way but one.

It'll put out 175
PSI at 25 CFM as
long as you keep its
two noses cleaned, and lube
it like it says in the LO.



The one time this Champion is real touchy about how you handle it is when you replace a valve—or a valve part— in the air compressor.

. This is a time to do nothing until you ask yourself certain questions, and double-check the answers. F'rinstance—

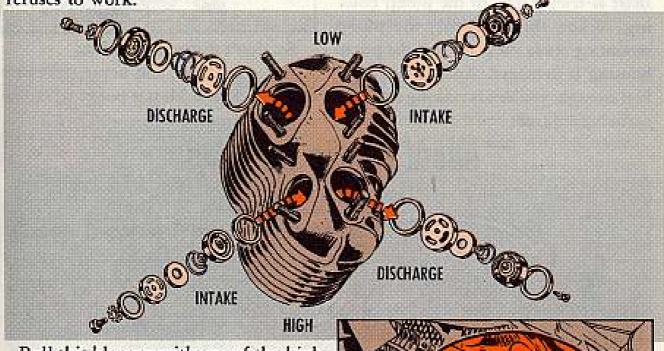
IS IT A DISCHARGE VALVE, OR AN INTAKE VALVE?

Both types look alike, they're the same size, and some parts are common to both. But they're NOT interchangeable.

MUST THE VALVE FACE UP, OR MUST IT FACE DOWN?

In this unit, intake valves face down. Exhaust valves face up. They'll fit either way, but they won't work when faced the wrong way.

You'll be lucky, in fact, if a valve that's installed wrong just sits there and refuses to work.



Pull this blooper with one of the highpressure discharge valves—and it'll tear up the cylinder block like the one shown here.

MORAL: Never low-rate the power of a mad compressor.

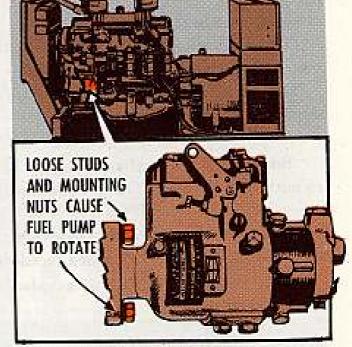


A sharp operator knows the value of good timing.

He also knows when the situation calls for touch or no-touch.

That's why savvy operators with diesel engines using Roosa-Master fuel injection pumps keep hands off and never attempt to time the pump when the engine's running.

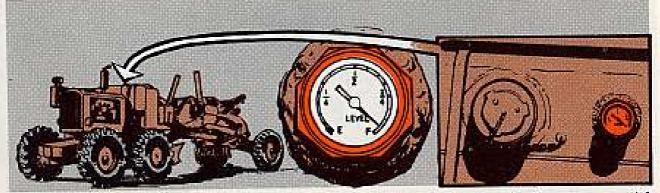
In order to time the pump, you have to loosen the mounting nuts at the pump flange. This throws the pump out of line and the rotational force of the drive shaft is transferred to the pump housing. When this happens, the pump mounting studs shear off and the pump housing is damaged. And, if that's not bad enough, you're also taking a chance on being injured.



So, don't flirt with trouble.

Keep hands off, and never, never try to time a Roosa-Master pump when the engine's running.

HUBER-WARCO FUEL GAGE

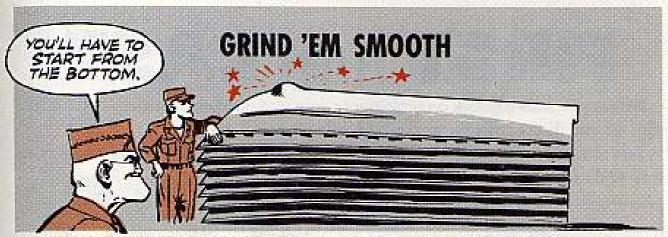


Huber-Warco grader that needs a new winterized rigs. fuel gage?

your -20P manual. That's the Stewart- number is (51240) 3200-C33. Got it?

You say you've got a fresh-air 4D Warner electrical unit that comes with

What you DO want is the Rochester Then you DON'T use the number in mechanical fuel gage, and the stock



Pardon—but is your protrusion showing?

Give your half-section ponton boats with aluminum hulls a look-see. These are the pontons that're part of the raft section of your light tactical floating bridge.

Some of them have a keel extrusion which juts out about ¼-inch — you'll find it above the bow casting where the keel and bow meet.

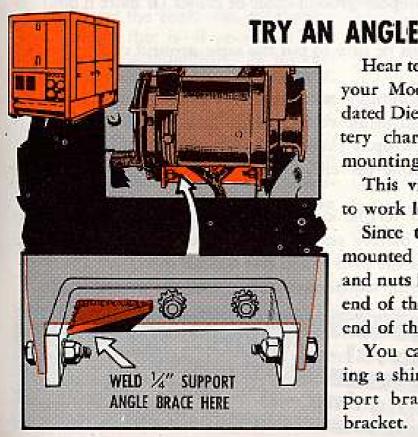
When you nest the half sections in groups of eight for transport, it's easy for the keel of one boat to jostle against the traverse ribs of the boat directly above it. With an assist from the keel extrusion, the ribs are bent and torn—



and another boat is put out of action.

No sweat to taking the hump out of your troubles. Just grind down this protrusion until you get a smooth curve between the keel and bow.

This'll make for cosier nesting and less ponton damage.



Hear tell that when you're operating your Model 4060 and 4070 Consolidated Diesel electric generators, the battery charging generator (alternator) mounting bracket vibrates on one end.

This vibration causes the stud nuts to work loose.

Since the AC generator bracket is mounted to the engine block by studs and nuts located at the center and front end of the bracket, this leaves the rear end of the bracket free to vibrate.

You can keep the bracket from doing a shimmy by welding a 1/4-in support brace to the rear part of the bracket.

FIRST THEN LAST

Before you start to work on certain jobs in your Ordnance vehicles you've got to shut off the direct juice from their 24-volt electrical system.

Just removing the battery cables will do the trick, but there's a right and wrong

way to do this . . . See TB Ord 1035 (29 Jan 62).



To disconnect 'em-

Always take the ground-repeat ground-cable or cables (if more'n one) off FIRST.

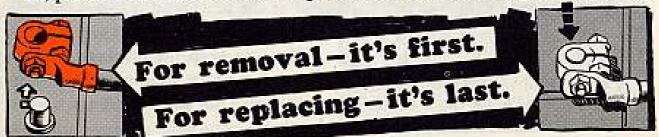
Coupling 'em back up? Then be sure to put the same ground cable or cables back on LAST.

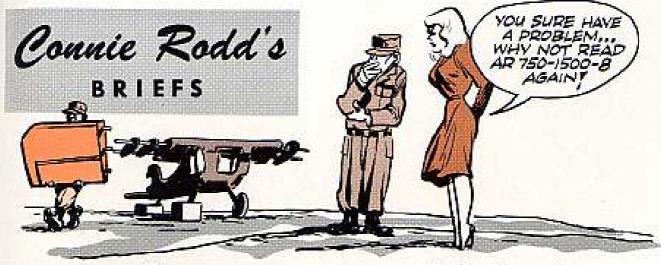
To ignore this coupling-uncoupling sequence may be borrowing troubles.

If the wrench should ground to the vehicle (with ground cable still on) it'll get "red hot" and if you can't drop it (hand freezes) you may end up with that famous Texas brandin' job done on 'er... or—it could cause the battery to blow up.

The shorted wrench puts a terrific current draw on the battery (same as laying the wrench across the battery posts). This creates a lot of heat inside the battery—enough to explode the battery and toss acid all over.

So, please to concentrate on the sequence to follow with the ground cable . . .





If you've picked up TM 9-1375-203-12, "10-Cap-Capacity Handle Operated Blasting Machine," dated 14 Sep 61—check out paragraph 16c (1), where it says "solvents are flammable and should be used near open flame." Make a note to put a "not" after the word should...so it reads "solvents are flammable and should **not** be used near open flame." Natch, solvents and fire don't mix, so chalk this up as a printer's mistake.

Opps

New M113 shaft

You'll get the shaft—the accelerator pedal shaft, that is—if your M113 PC has a serial number from 24 through 931. The poop is in Urgent MWO 9-2300-224-20/1 (Jul 62). When ordering the new parts or any replacement part, cite this MWO and SB 9-150 as authority. Your tracked vehicle mechanic will put on the new, hard-coated, accelerator pedal shaft guide which is made so it won't corrode and bind.

It's for oil

Been wondering what to do all this time—because MWO Y75-W68 (4 Aug 60) modified the cam operated shut-off valve on your Nike-Hercules launcher? The old valve had a grease fitting that you used to shoot in GAA... and the new one just has what looks like an oil-fill hole. That's what it is all right. And you squirt in some PL lubricating oil monthly.

Look before shooting

Is your shootin' iron the M65 280-mm motorized heavy gun or maybe one of these three self-propelled weapons: M44 155-mm howitzer, M53 155-mm gun or M55 8-in howitzer? Then lend an eye or two. You know that the M34 firing mechanism in the weapons has no safety and the primer can be fired with the breechlock in any position. So... please to make sure that the breechlock is closed and the breech operating lever is locked before you put in the primer.

Caution... M15 breathing apparatus users

If you haven't yet had your M15 BA modified per MWO 3-310-35/1, DON'T!
This MWO has been suspended because the audible alarm behaves erratically.

If your breathing apparatus has been modified, red tag it, and turn it in to your maintenance support outfit as soon's possible. They'll remove the alarm and safety valve and restore the breathing apparatus to usable condition.

Would You Stake Your Life on the Condition of Your Equipment?

