



MEDAS-T

HEADQUARTERS
DEPARTMENT OF THE ATMY
OFFICE OF THE SUBGROW GENERAL
OFFICE OF THE SUBGROW GENERAL
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WASHINGTON 13. D. C.

26 September 1961

The Editor ps Magazine

Baritan Arsenal Memchen, New Jersey

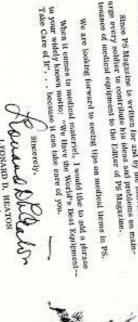
Preventive Maintenance means a great deal to all of us --us preventive Maintenance means a great deal to all of us --us individual soldiers or officers or us communders of military tions and Sirepower. Our care of medical equipment has the added units-because it is the key to functioning mobility, communicasignificance of the personal need we all may have for it at some eritical montest.

opportunity to participate with the other Technical Services, because we know the way your subjication is enthusiastically received and used by the troop units. We of the Army Medical Service are highly pleased at this

Since PS Magazine is written for and by the individual, I urge every soldier to contribute his ideas and problems on main-ture every soldier to contribute the Editor of PS Magazine. We are looking forward to seeing tips on medical items in PS.

when it cames to medical materiel, I would like to add a parase

LEGNAID D. HEATON Lieutenant General The Surgeon General











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1961 Series

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25259

Communications Equipment

M60 Machine Gun: Feed Cover Latch

Buffer Retaining Yoke

General Wheeled Vehicles Trailer Towing: Two 110's Required G742 & 744-series Trucks:
Hood Safety Catches
G-742-series Gas Tankers M172 Trailer OEM 38 39 27

Connie Rodd's Briefs... Question and Answer... Joe's Dope Connie Rodd M100 Panoramic Telescope Slaving Tectical Vehicles: See the Movie 105 & 155-MM Howitzers: Follow IROAN Electric Arc Welding: Play It Safe Ordnance Safety Manual: Getting It. M2A1 Portable Flame Thrower New Publications DEPARTMENTS ... Inside Back Cover 37 26 55439726

PS wants your ideas and contributions, and is glad to answer your questions. Mames and addresses are kept in confidence, just write to:

Raritan Arsenal, PS Magazine, Sqt Half-Mast, Motuchem, New Yorkey.

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EMTU Phase I ring any bells?

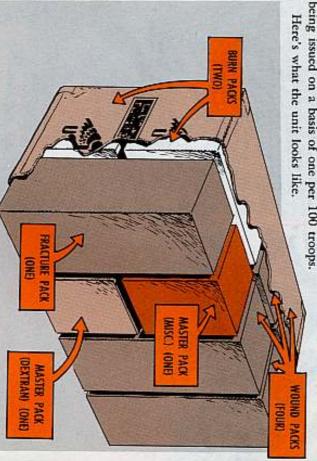
as well as your name, rank and serial number. Maybe not, but it could set off four-alarm gongs, and you'll get to know it

It stands for-

EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT UNIT PHASE I.

such as fires, flood or hurricane. It's for your use before the medics get there. ment of casualties among 100 guys. It comes in a 320-lb, cardboard box that's aid and buddy-aid-following a nuclear attack or other mass casualty situation EMTU Phase I contains a 72-hour supply of drugs and equipment for treat-And it's a special super First Aid kit of medical supplies to be used for self-

Here's what the unit looks like,



resulting from a major disaster. immediate use of troops who have come under nuclear attack or for casualties The Emergency in EMTU Phase I means just that. It's strictly for the

enforced. HANDS OFF IT-and make sure it's KEEP YOUR COTTON PICKING So follow the rule of KYCPHOI-

-this one's for keeps. tion that'll get you a tour of KP duty if you break it Keeping your hands off the kit is no chicken regula-

Foul up the kit and you and your buddy may pay for it with something of real value—like your life.

and stays that way except for two setups . . . and two only: EMTU Phase I hits your outfit sealed

First Aid in mass casualty situations. for real and you need what's in it for First, and most important, when it's

shape and then reseal the carton, will check to make sure things are shiption program, where qualified medics And second, under a regular inspec-

with tender loving care. unitarea where you can get at it real easy. It's real life insurance, so treat it EMTU Phase I is to be stored in your

In other words treat it like you would

anything that can save your life. 'Nuff said?

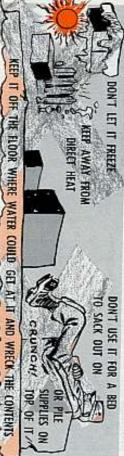
Phase I Kit: secret weapon, here's what's in the who thinks the box contains a hush-hush Just in case you've got some guys

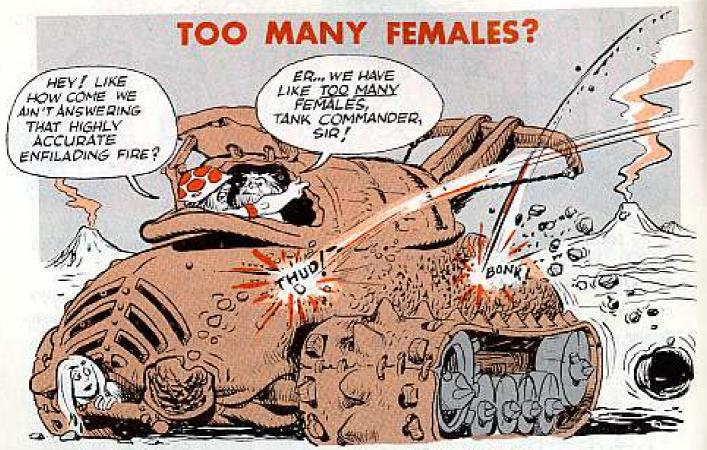
and when your outfit needs it. all king-sized-ready to go to work if ter, one fracture and two burn packs-It contains four wound, two mas-

help. can expect little or no direct medical the one figured to take over when you Program but it's the critical step and the Army's Emergency Medical Care EMTU Phase I is just the first step in

It's your stopgap protection.

alive. Medical Treatment Unit-may someday go a long, long way in keeping you how you take care of your Emergency Training Circular 8-1-together with your First Aid courses given under What you learn and remember from





A pair of females, at times, can spell real trouble. Right?

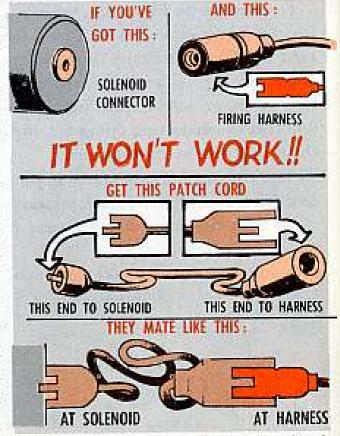
'Specially when they're electrical terminals, supposed to get together to do a

job-but, as usual, are lost without a male.

Like f'rinstance on some early models of the M73 machine gun mounted on the M60 tank... when you go to hook up the MG's switch firing harness to the solenoid, FSN 1005-770-3437, and find yourself staring at two female terminals.

Spare your ulcer, man, 'cause cussing's not going to get 'em together. What you need is a patchcord with a pair of male terminals to solve the problem.

In this case it's solenoid cable assembly, FSN 1005-778-6219. It was supposed to come with your machine gun package, but just in case it's lost, stolen or strayed, buzz supply for one and you'll be in business. Like quick, that is.



The handy patchcord's not needed on the latest solenoid, FSN 1005-603-4836, since the connector's designed to take the harness without it.

GUNNER-LOOK OUT

The feed cover on your M60 machine gun isn't supposed to swing open all the way when you turn the latch. So please take it easy—don't go forcing the latch, thinking the cover's stuck or stubborn.

HE'S GONNA RUIN OUR NEW WEAPON!

YOU TALK TO HIM-YOU'RE IN COMMAND!

If you turn the latch more than 90 degrees you're likely to damage the latch spring, and then the cover won't stay shut when you start firing.

On the M60 all it takes to open the feed cover is a firm turn (back) on the latch. The latch will let go completely and the cover will raise up a good crack. Then it's up to you to lift the cover the rest of the way to its fully opened position.

It's that simple. So pass the word: Never force the latch, go easy on the latch spring, and the feed cover will stay closed during firing.

And, guess you know, when the cover is in need of repair or replacement parts, your M60 goes to Ordnance for the chores.



CUTTING CORNERS

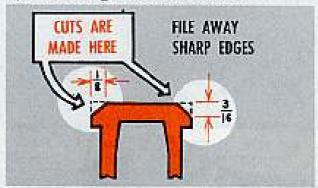
So you've been having trouble with the buffer retaining yoke on your M60 machine gun.

Like f'rinstance...the yoke has a habit of popping out of the receiver when you open the machine gun cover.

The problem's being solved with the weapons that're coming off the production line by first making a small change in the yoke.

The change is right simple—just getting rid of the sharp corners on top of the yoke.

Your support unit can do the same thing for you with the M60's you have by following these dimensions—



BOGIES WE TURNED IN.

SO SUE ME... THEY HAVEN'T ANY KIND OF MARKING.

Or the Case of the Crazy Mixed-up Bogies.

'far as trying to solve the tangled mess of bogies in storage or float pools. Even Perry Mason and his sidekick, Paul Drake, have thrown in the towel

The problem . . . unmarked bogies.

making for a fouled up situation. bogies without identifying them as to which trailer or van they came from-Seems that many Nike sites, after setting vans up on blocks, have turned in

bogies from each of four other sites using the same storage area, stir, making Put together bogies from seven vehicles used at your site, mix well with six

> notch suspension only to the vehicle it was designed to carry. several different units. But, and paste this in your hat, a bogic will give top-To add to the confusion, bogies from several trailers look alike and will fit

damage from too much lean and tilt. Mis-matching a trailer and a bogic can result in a serious safety hazard or

critical lead time down the drain, Right? system to match up your bogie and trailer-shoving a lot of frayed nerves and If, you ever have to roll, you'd have to go through a physical trial and error

The solution . . . mark them bogies, partner.

				1	برم		1	W.	£ .	1 65
	Trailer, Van, Electronic Shop. Trailer, Van, Electronic Shop. Trailer, Van, Electronic Shop.	Trailer, Van, Launching Control Trailer, Van, Launching Control Trailer, Van, Electronic Shop.	Trailer, Flat Bed, Guided Missily Trailer, Flat Bed, Guided Missily Trailer, Flat Bed, Guided Mussic	Trailer, Low Bed, Antenna Moun Trailer, Low Bed, Antenna Moun	Trailer, Van, Director Station.	Trailer, Van, Director Station.	Trailer, Van, Radar, Tracking Central	Trailer, Van, Radar, Tracking Central	Nomenclature	sure 50 percent are not identified, and you'll get a slight idea of the pot of por- ridge brewing in the storage pool. OKAY, HERE'S THE CHART.
I AIN'T GOT	GS-15719 GS-15719 GS-17154 M359A GS-16403 M382 GS-16404 M383	DS-1262B M262 DS-1262BA M262A GS-15719 M359	DS-1263J M261 DS-1263JA M261A1 DS-1263JA M251A1	At GS-15518 M260 NB GS-17155 M260	. 65-15504 . 65-16737 M258	S 15504 M259	GS-16738 M258A GS-16738 M258A		TRAILER Model 65-No. No.	lentified, and you
(1990)	8021904 2330-046-1734 8160690 2330-046-1734 A1 8161967 2330-046-3984 8015003 2330-569-0783 8015004 2330-569-0781	8003399 2330-885-868 A1-4020284 2330-046-7618 8021796 2330-046-1734	8001161 2830-835-8 11 8164063 2330-346-1 8164063 2330-346-1		816068, 2330-835-8635 A1 8022737 2330-046-7817	8003504 2330-835-8635 8004734 2330-835-8635	1 8022738	8003512 2330-835-8634 8004733 2330-835-8634	d Ordnance Federal No. Stock No.	ou'll get a slight
(NE TOO!	-1734 GS-15720 8020420 -1734 GS-15720 8020420 -3984 GS-16889 8017139 -0783 GS-16894 8155304 -0781 GS-16893 8155303	GS-16030 800 GS-17153 801 GS-15720 802	8647 QS 16892 8017 1563 98 16892 8017 563 GS 16892 8017	GS 18029 GS 16892	-8635 GS-16027 800192 -7817 GS-16890 801714	GS 16027 GS 16027	3614 GS-16891 8017141 3614 GS-16891 8017141	6S-16028 6S-16028	UNDERCARRIAGE o. GS-No. No.	ight idea of the pot of p OKAY, HERE'S THE CHART.
	1420 1420 1139 GS-56941 1303 GS-56937	0420 68-57304	To have	1929	1927	1927	7141	8001928 8001928	HAGE FRONT ance 65-No.	St. boi.
	8158432 M429AIN : 8158428 M429AIEI 8158430 M429AIEZ	8736183 M429K 9136235 M429ALK 8736185 M429N	8001662 M429H 8165615 M429A1H 8759508 M429A1H	8736181 M429G 873691 M429AIG	8736189 M429AIF	8736179 M425D	8736187 M429A1D	8736177 M429D	Ordnance Model No. No.	And here's a noggin a little
	M429A1N 2330-626-3361 GS-56 M429A1E1 2330-626-3426 GS-56 M429A1EZ 2330-626-3430	2330-626-3365 2330-626-3365 2330-626-3422	2330 626-3416 2330-626-3418 2330-626-3418	2330-626-3403 2330-626-3406	2330-626-3347	2330-626-3359	2330-626-3339	2330-626-3337	Federal Stock No. BS	little.
0	GS-56942 8158433 M430A1N 2330-626-3362 GS-56938 8158429 M430A1E1 2330-626-3429 8158431 M430A1E2 2330-626-3431	65-57305 87-56184 MAROX 67-30186 MARON	8001663 M430H 8165616 M430A1H 8165616 M430A1H	9736182 M430G 936192 M430A1	8736190 M430A1F	8736180 M/30F	8736188 M430A1	8736178 M430D	REAR DOI Ordnance Model BS-No. No. No.	And here's a chart that'll make the ID problem a shoo-in—if you use your ggin a little.
GREAT	M430A1N 2330-626-3362 7609864 7616097 7609865 8013749 M430A1E1 2330-626-3429 8001735 7609863 8001856 7603479 M430A1E2 2330-626-3431 8001733 7609863 8155308 8155307	0X 2330-626-354 8001862 8001863 8001864 8001865 0A1K 2530-626-356 8001862 8001863 8001864 8001865 0A 2330-626-3424 7609864 7616097 7609865 8013749	2330-626-3417 2330-626-3419 2330-626-3419	M430G 2330-626-3404 800 M430A16 2330-626-3407 800	F 2300-626-3350 800	2330-676-3360 800	8736188 M430A1D 2330-626-3345 8D01732 8D01733 8D01856 8D01857		LY Federal Stock No.	D problem a sh
GREAT! BUT THEY'RE NOT THE BOGIES WE TURNED INTO	9864 7616097 76098 11735 7609863 80018 1733 7609863 81553	11862 8001863 80018 11862 8001863 80018 9864 7616097 76098	8001870 8001870 8013719 8013719 8001870 8001870 8013719 8013719 8001870 8001870 8013719 8013719	8001734 8001735 8001850 8001851 8001734 8001735 8001850 8001851	2360-626-3350 8001730 8001731 8001854 8001855	2330-676-3360 8001730 8001731 8001854 8001855	1732 8001733 80018	2330-626-3338 8001732 8001733 8001856 8001857	SPRINGS Right Left Right Front Front Rear	oo-in—if you us
	65 8013749 56 7603479 08 8155307	164 8001865 164 8001865 165 8013749	19 8013719 19 8013719 19 8013719	50 8001851	54 8001855	54 8001855	156 8001857	156 8001857	sht Left C	se your

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'Bout the only thing you can't get from the chart is the exact location on the Mesabi range that the iron ore came from in the first place. Aside from that bit of poop you've got enough Federal Stock Numbers, GS numbers, Ordnance numbers and Model numbers to check your bogie back to its birth. Blank spaces on the chart mean no numbers have been assigned to the item as yet.

				The state of the state of	
Trailer, Guided Missile Urector GS- Station GS- Trailer, Guided Missile Tracking GS- Station GS- Station GS- Trailer, Van, Electronic Shop GS-	Trailer, Low Bed, Guided Missile, 1878 7 Ton: 4 Wheel. GS-11 Trailer, Van, Director Station GS-11 Trailer, Van, Electronic Shop. GS-5 Trailer, Antenna: 4 Wheel. GS-5	Trailer, Guided Missile Launching Control Station: 4 Wheel Control Station: 4 Wheel Trailer, Guided Missile Director Station: 4 Wheel Trailer, Guided Missile Tracking Station: 4 Wheel	na ce and sales		TRAILER Nomenclature 6S Trailer, Van Director Station
GS-58829 M424E1 9020386 GS-68292 M428E1 9020386 GS-60000 M564 9152886	43 XM529 9021852 445 M259AIC 8530313 445 M259AIC 8530313 M332E 901949	M262A2 8736389 2330-716-8088 M424A1 8736391 1430-739-4373 M428A1 8736392 1430-716-8091	85-18106 M428 823503 2330-829-9886 85-18106 8524892 XM146 10831562 2330-777-8498 XM16E1 8736386 2330-806458		GS-No. Model Ordnance Fed GS-No. Mo. No. Stoc GS-18454 M259C 8530312
				M262A1C 8523856 2330-629-9863 GS-17153 8017143 0 M406 8523465 2330-607-3656 M416A1 8736398 2330-607-3656 M24 8524273 2330-629-9864	UNDER- CARRIAGE F CARRIAGE F Stock No. 65-No. No. 6
0S-56935 0S-56933	65-65799	6S-57304 6S-56935 6S-56933	GS-6941	GS-57304 GS-56943 GS-56945 GS-56905	FRONT 63-Mo.

So set your own local SOP that'll be foolproof. Use tags, stencils or paint—just make sure the final result will get the right bogic back under the right trailer.

One more thing...don't wait for moving day. Get on the stick, and do it ow.

55933	9 59	730M 6935 6933	6941 33 55 33	7304
8158426 M4ZBA10 8158424 M4ZBAIR 9980140 M565	9152233	9136235 M429A1K 2330-626-336 8158426 M429A1Q 8158424 M429A1R	8158434 M429AIP 8158425 M429AIR 8158421 M429AIR 8158482 M829AIN 2330-826-3361 8736325 M429AIR 2330-777-8497	DOLLY DOLLY Federal No. No. Stock No. 8736179 M429F 2330-626-3359 9136235 M429AIK 2330-626-3365
	T 0 T	9135235 M429A1K 2330-626-3365 GS-5/305 9136236 M430A1K 2330-626-3366 8001862 8001863 8001864 8001865 8158426 M429A1Q GS-56936 8158427 M430A1Q 7615319 8001862 8013749 8001854 8158424 M429A1R GS-56934 8158425 M430A1R 7615319 8221331 8155307 8001855	GS-56944 8158435 M430AIP GS-56936 8158427 M430AIQ GS-56936 8158425 M430AIQ GS-56934 8158425 M430AIR GS-56942 8158433 M430AIR GS-56942 8158433 M430AIR3 8736326 M430AIR3	REAR DOLL Ordnance Model GS-No. No. No. 8736180 M430F GS-57305 9136236 M430A1K
7615319 8001862 8013749 8001854 7615318 8221331 8155307 8001855 7615319 8221331 8155307 8001855	9153550 9153550 9153549 9153549 2330-626-3350 8001730 8001731 8001854 8001855 2330-626-3429 8001736 7609863 8001856 7603479 2330-626-3429 8001736 7609863 8001857 8001857	8001862 8001863 8001864 8001865 7615319 8001862 8013749 8001854 7615319 8221331 8155307 8001855	8158435 M430AIP 2330/75-1798 8221309 /609863 8001857 8001857 8158435 M430AIP 2330/75-1798 8221309 7609863 8001857 8001857 8158427 M430AIP 7615319 8001862 8013749 8001854 8158425 M430AIP 7615319 8221331 8155307 8001855 8158433 M430AIP 2330-626-9362 7609864 7616097 7609865 8013749 8736326 M430AIE3 2830-777-8499 7616097 7616097 8686812 8686812 8736326 M430AIE3 2830-777-8499 7616097 7616097 8686812 8686812	SPRINGS Right Left Right Left Front Front Rear Rear 8001730 8001731 8001854 8001855 8001862 8001863 8001864 8001865

A tool in the hand is worth two in the supply room—if you have the right tool. The right tool by the wrong name will do its job just as well—but try and get it when you ask for it by the wrong name.

The only sure way to beat the confusion is to know what the tool looks like, what it's called and the right FSN. And that goes for your Army Aircraft Organizational Maintenance Tool Kits.

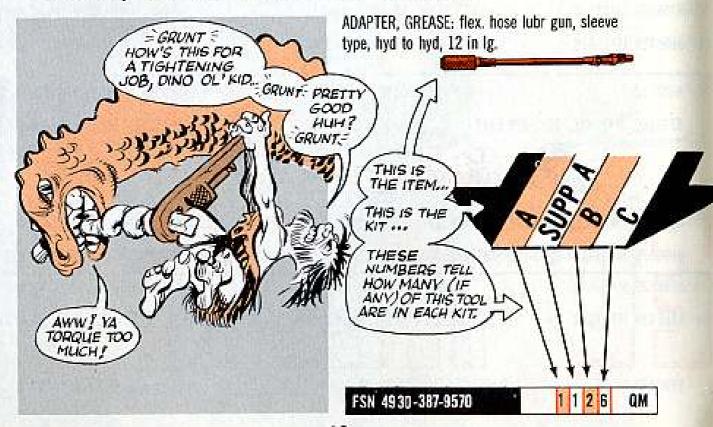
Kit A	FSN 5180-323-4947
Kit A Supplemental	
Kit B	FSN 5180-323-4979
Kit C	FSN 5180-323-5037

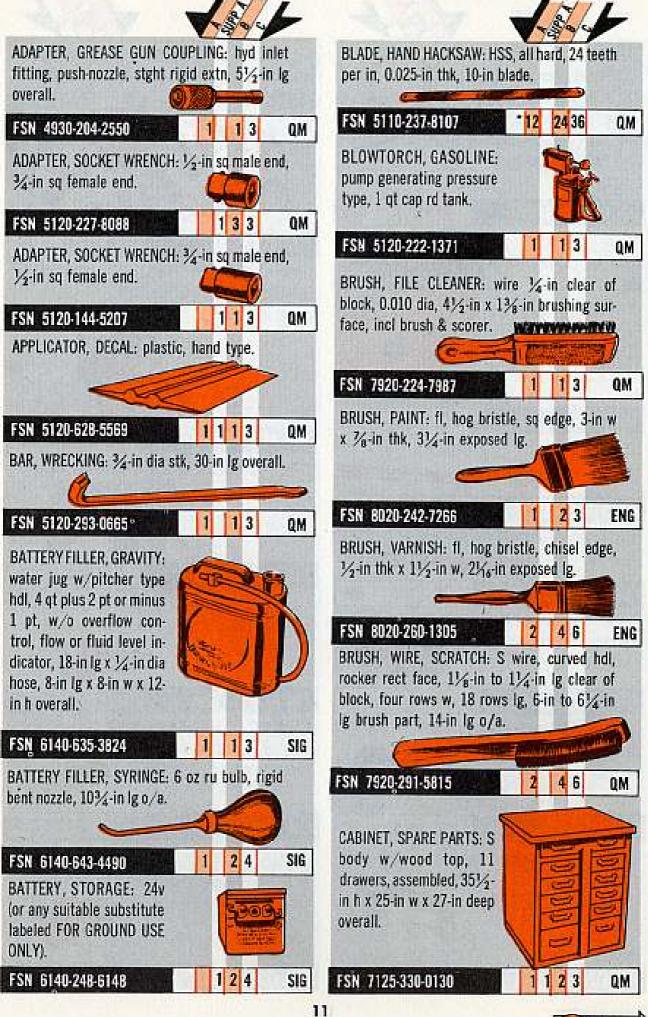
These kits are now the logistic responsibility of the Transportation Corps.

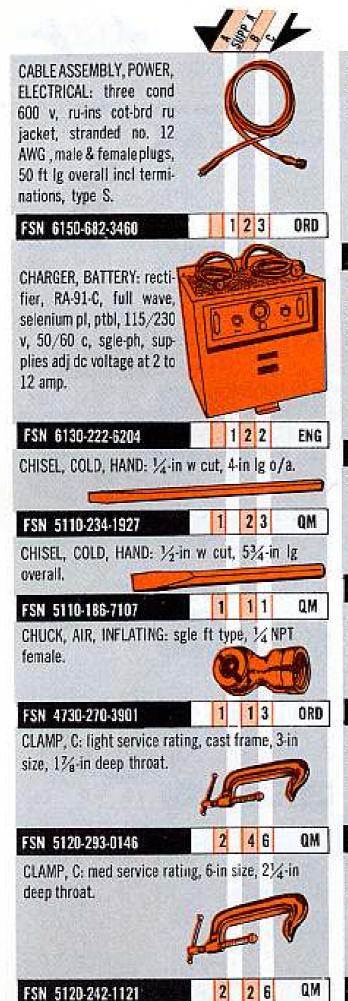
There are a few things to keep in mind when you're checking your kit. Some of the tools you're issued may not look exactly like the ones listed here. That's because some tools are made by different manufacturers, but they should look close ene igh to the tool shown here to give you an idea of what to look for.

When TC issues their SM on this tool set, they say its number will be SM 55-4-5180-A08. This set is currently listed in SM 9-4-5180-A05.

Now that you have the facts, here's what you look for:









CLEANER, VACUUM: hand type, w/exposed separator, 3/4 h.p. 500 w input ac/dc, 115 v, 60 c, sgle-ph, w/blower outlet, w/e.



FSN 7910-205-3400

1 1 1 QM

COMPRESSOR, RECIPROCATING, POWER DRIVEN: ptbl, 8 cfm at 175 psi discharge pressure.

FSN 4310-805-9362

1 3 TC

COUPLING, GREASE GUN: S, 360 deg swv, eight lkg positions, hyd nozzle, 1/2-27NPT female.

FSN 4930-585-0209

NNECT: stght S

COUPLING HALF, QUICK DISCONNECT: stght S body, 1/4-18NPT fluid female, male quick disconnect end.

FSN 4730-142-1960

2 2 6 ENG

COUPLING HALF, QUICK DISCONNECT: stight S body, 1/4-18 NPT fluid male, male quick disconnect end, 13/4-in lg overall.

FSN 4730-142-1958

2 2 6 ENG

COUPLING HALF, SELF-SEALING: stght, S, 1/4-18 NPT, swv type.

FSN 4730-595-1813

1 3 ORD



CRIMPING TOOL, TERMINAL, HAND: wire accommodated, manual compression type, no. 22 thru no. 10 AWG.

FSN 5120-293-2319

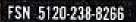
CROWFOOT ATTACHMENT, SOCKET WRENCH: nonratcheting type, 12 pt open wall bx, ¼-in drive size, %-in opng.



13

FSN 5120-222-7971

CROWFOOT ATTACHMENT, SOCKET WRENCH: non-ratcheting type, 12 pt open wall bx, 1/4-in drive size, 1/2-in opng.



13 OM

CROWFOOT ATTACHMENT, SOCKET WRENCH: non-ratcheting type, 12 pt open wall bx, 1/4-in drive size, % in opng.

FSN 5120-541-4074

OM

CROWFOOT WRENCH; generator & starter nut, sgle open end w/hole for pin hdl, % in opng, 13% in lg.

FSN 5120-317-8076

3 QM

CUP, PAINT, SPRAY GUN: 1 qt cap., clamp type, w/al cover attachment.



ORD

FSN 4940-190-5164

2 2 6

CUTTER, TUBE: enclosed feed mech type, 1/4-in to 1-in dia tu cutting range, w/deburring tool.

Formally FSN 5110-204-1888



FSN 5110-288-6520

QM

DETECTOR KIT, CARBON MONOXIDE: colorimetric aspirator bulb atchd directly to indicator tu, w/air inlet valve, mtl case 5-in lg x 5-in w x 8-in h w/e.



FSN 6665-283-0654

Cml



DISPENSING PUMP, HAND DRIVEN: piston type, continuous flow, thd plug mtg, 2-in bung opng, discharge fitting positive shut-off nozzle, 20 ft lg overall, 11/4-in hose, 38-in lg nonadj intake pipe, 15 gal per 100 rev.



FSN 4930-276-0087

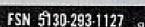
1 1 1 3 QM.

DRESSER, ABRASIVE WHEEL, HAND: 11/4-in dia revolving cutter wheel type, five ex sets of cutter wheels.

FSN 5120-293-1494

OM

DRILL, ELECTRIC, PORTABLE: 1/2-in size hvduty, ac/dc, 115 v.



QM

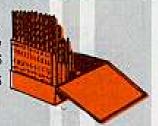
DRILL, HAND: 0 to 1/4-in cap.

FSN 5110-243-0884

QM

QM

DRILL SET, TWIST: HSS. stght rd shk, number series 1 to 60 size range, 60 drills w/case.



FSN 5133-449-6775

1 1 1 3

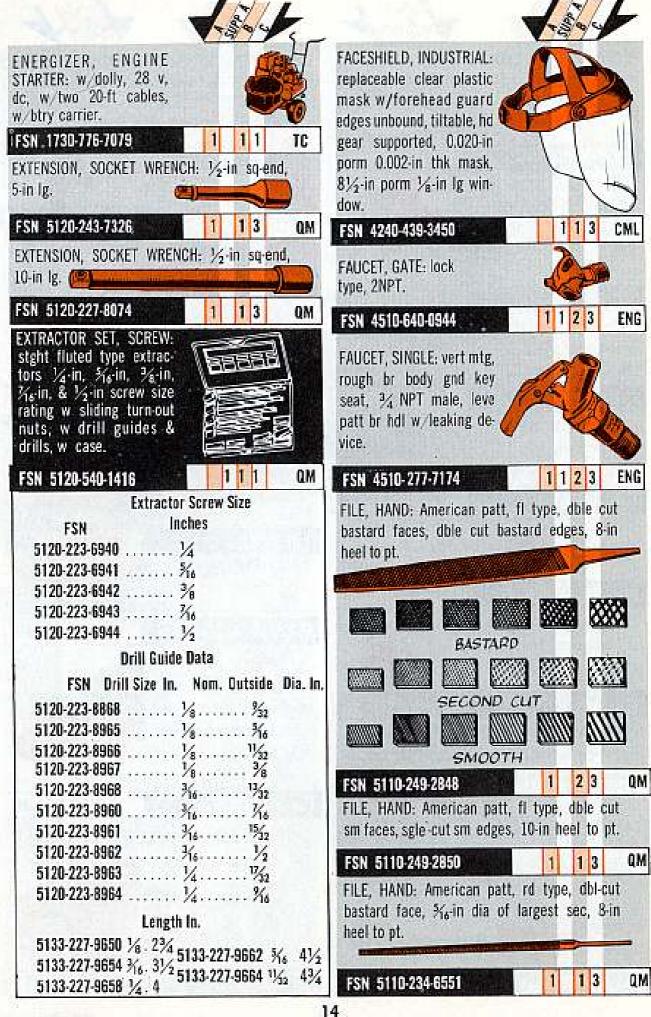
DYE PENETRANT KIT: inspection dye penetrant, ptbl.



FSN 6635-566-5192

ORD

MORE



FILLER AND BLEEDER, HY-DRAULIC SYSTEM: caster mtd, 3 gal liquid cap., w/o air & fluid separator, one pressure 0 to 60 psi scale range 120-in lg hose w/ manual control & safety valve releases excess air pressure.



1 1 3

.FSM 4910-580-9750

FLARING TOOL, TUBE, HAND: comb. self-contained style, for $\frac{1}{6}$ -in, $\frac{3}{6}$ -in, $\frac{1}{4}$ -in, $\frac{3}{6}$ -in, $\frac{3}{6}$ -in, $\frac{1}{2}$ -in, $\frac{5}{6}$ -in & $\frac{3}{4}$ -in tu, 74 deg incl angle of flare produced capable of dble flaring $\frac{3}{6}$ -in,

1/4-in, 3/6-in, 3/8-in, 1/2-in, 5/8-in & 3/4-in tu.



FSN 5120-541-6662

1 1 3

QM

ORD

FORCEPS, SHEET HOLDER: stght, 8-in lg overall.



FSN 5120-221-1597

1 1 3

QM 120/2

FRAME, HAND HACKSAW: adj, pistol grip hdl, 8-in, 10-in & 12-in blade cap., 3-in to 3%-in depth of throat.

FSN 5110-223-4971

1 3 QM

FUNNEL: S, glvd fin, 2-qt cap, 23/6-in lg stght rigid spout.



FSN 7240-230-2397

1 2 3 QM

FUNNEL: S, glvd fin, 8-qt cap., 3½-in lg rigid spout w/removable strainer.

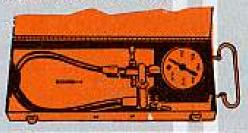


FSN 7240-244-1206

2 3

QM

GAGE, PRESSURE, DIAL INDICATING: sgle bourdon to element, sgle reading pressure scale 0 to 1500 psi pressure 5% accuracy rating, 250 lb fig. intervals, 25 lb smallest grad div, 2½-in dial size, black baked enml fin. corr-res-metal case, ¼ NPT male w/accessories.



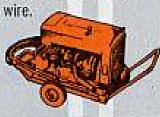
FSN 6685-527-9315

1 1 3

ORD

GENERATOR SET: ptbl, ru tired wheel mtd 7.5/

9.3 kw, 28.5 v, dc, two wire.



FSN 6115-511-2210

1 3

ORD

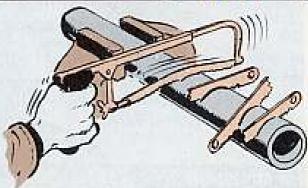
GENERATOR SET, GASO-LINE ENGINE: 3 kw rating, 120/208/240 v line to line, 3 ph, 60 c.



FSN 6115-504-1410

1 3

ENG







GREASE GUN, HAND: lever operated, 15-oz cap., 7000 psi pressure, 65%-in lg rigid bent angle tu extn. hyd coupler & loader fitting.



FSN 4930-516-5820

QM 410

If you service rolary wing aircraft you get this item on the basis of one for every two aircraft plus the ones listed in the authorization columns.

GRINDING MACHINE. BENCH, HAND OPERATED: hy-duty utility, med grip, 6-in dia x 11/2-in thk wheel.



FSN 3415-241-3116

ORD

GRINDING MACHINE, UTILITY: bench mtg, 3/8in dia dble-end spdl, 3450 rpm, 7-in dia x 1-in thk wheel, 1/2 hp, ac, 110 v, 60 c, sgle-ph, plain type workrest.



FSN 3415-517-7754

GUN, AIR BLOW: stght design, finger gri hdl button operated, w/hang-up hook, 5 cfm cap. at 50 psi, removable tip, 1/4-18 NPSH male.



FSN 4940-241-3075

ORD

HAMMER, HAND: screw-in inserted plastic face, med hard, 21/2-in dia, 2 lb total wt.



FSN 5120-357-6077

13 QM

HANDLE, FILE, WOOD: med size, 11/4-in dia hand grip, 41/2-in lg overall.

FSN 5110-263-0349

3 6 QM



HANDLE, SOCKET WRENCH: hinged type, 1/2-in drive end, 1211/6-in lg overall.



HANDLE, SOCKET WRENCH: rvrs rtc type, 1/3-in drive end, 91/2-in lg overall.



HANDLE, SOLDERING IRON, WOOD: 11/2-in dia, 61/2-in lg overall.

FSN 3439-263-0346 ORD

HEATER, DUCT TYPE, PORTABLE: gasoline, 30,000 btu output per hr, hand crank blower unmounted, flex. duct 21/2-in dia x 6 ft lg, w/hdi.



HEATER, DUCT TYPE, PORTABLE: gasoline blower, 400,000 btu per hr minus 65 deg F heat cyl & stroke c, w/auto. temp control, wheel mtd, one adpt 6 to 12-in, three flex ducts, 6-in dia x 15-ft lg, two flex ducts 12-in dia x 15-ft lg.



FSN 4520-203-0224

HEAT GUN, ELECTRIC, PORTABLE: 110 v, univ cur., 1000 w heat unit, 450 deg temp cap.





HOLDER, SHEET METAL, HOLE: forceps operated, 32 in rivet size, 0 to 36 in the material.



FSN 5120-242-3789

0 10 30 QM

HOLDER, SHEET METAL, HOLE: forceps operated, 1/2-in rivet size, 2-in lg.

FSN 5120-222-3335

101030 QM

HOLDER, SHEET METAL, HOLE: forceps operated, 32-in rivet size, 0 to 36-in thk material.



FSN 5120-242-3790

10 10 30 QM

HOSE ASSEMBLY, RUBBER: air, braided, 1/4-in id, w/ nonferrous female swy fittings, 1/4 NPSH, 50 ft lg.



FSN 5130-614-1450

ORD

HYDROMETER, SYRINGE BATTERY: 1, 175 to 1,325 SP GR Range w/thermometer -65° to 125° temp w/integral correction chart.



FSN 6630-248-3905

13

CML

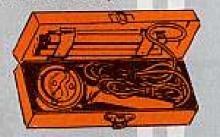
IGNITION ANALYZER KIT: w/assv.



FSN 6625-603-1369

13 ORD

INDICATOR ASSEMBLY: cold cyl.



FSN 6625-566-<u>5202</u>

ORD





INDICATOR, PISTON POSITION: 18-mm complete w/14-mm body assy, w/case, seven supplemental pivot arms, ten calibrated scales, w/ btry, magneto leads, & instruction book, less supplemental btry.

FSN 4910-300-1344

ORD

INDICATOR TUBE, CARBON MONOXIDE: glass tu. NBS carb-monoxide color-metr indication gel. 12.5 cm lg, 7-mm dia, w/color chart,



FSN 6665-276-7545

222

CML

QM

QM

QM

JACK, HYDRAULIC, HAND: self-contained, 5 ton cap., 51/2-in closed h, 15-in extended h. sgle pump w/ screw extn.



FSN 5120-540-2343

JACK, HYDRAULIC, HAND: self-contained, 10-ton cap., 8-in closed h, 21-in extended h, single pump w/



22

2 3

FSN 5120-203-4697

screw extn.

JACK, HYDRAULIC, TRIPOD:

5-ton cap., 23%-in h, 16-in hyd lift, w/15-in screw extn & two sets of leg extns, removable pump (outfits w /L-23 A / C get 3).



FSN 1730-596-4542

JACK, HYDRAULIC, TRIPOD: 10 ton cap.



(Essued only to outfits servicing H-21 and H-25 A/C)

FSN 4910-540-0562





KEY SET, SOCKET HEAD SCREW: L-type hdl, hex type, 0.050-in to $\frac{%}{6}$ -in w across flats, 1^{2} %in to 53/4-in lg arm, 13 wrenches in ro.



FSN 5120-204-0972	-11	2 3	QM
FSN	2300	SIZE	
5120-198-5401		1/2	
5120-198-5398	000000	Ж	
5120-224-2504			
5120-242-7410		35 ₂	
5120-240-5292	est aparticus	1%	
5120-198-5392		5/2	OM
5120-240-5300		¥6	um
5120-242-7411		1/32	
5120-224-4659		1/4	
5120-240-5274			
5120-198-5390		%	
5120-198-5391		1/2	
5120-240-5268		%	

KIT, SPARK PLUG CLEANING: c/o 12 items.



LADDER, FOLDING, RE-FUELING: wood, 127-in lg. 12 rungs 14-in lg, w/safety shoes, cushion straps & adj turnbuckle.

FSN 4910-786-9271

FSN 1730-253-9982

TC

111



LEVEL, BENCH: CI, sgle face, adj to true vials only, 8-in. Ig overall, on level vial, nongraduated & ungr.

FSN 5210-241-3623

1 1 3

QM

LEVEL, POCKET: al or br, sgle face, nonadj, 21/2-in Ig overall, one level vial nongraduated & ungr.

FSN 5210-223-9604

QM

LEVEL ROD: spirit cir type. three holes equally spaced.



FSN 6675-507-0645

ENG

LIGHT, EXTENSION: 100 w lamp med base, three cond, cable 100 ft lg excl term, w/guard, hook, phenolic hdl, & explosion-proof globe.

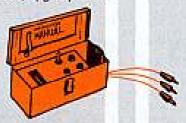


FSN 6230-268-9246

123

ENG

LIGHT, IGNITION TIMING: three lead type 41/3 v btry regd, neon bulb element, rect sh-met. case, 81/2-in lg x 31/2-in w x 4-in h excl wire leads 48-in Ig pos lead x 48-in Ig neg lead x 48in lg h tension lead, spg clip term.



FSN 6625-255-1449

SIG

LUBRICATING UNIT: power operated, elec motor w/30 tt hose, w/swv fitting.



FSN 4930-691-1186

QM

ORD



LUBRICATOR: brg assy.



FSN 4930-131-9687

1 1 3 QM

MAGNIFIER: monocular, selfilluminated, two cir lens, 2-in dia, 5 power, plastic frame, plastic or mtl removable hdl.



MAINTENANCE PLATFORM: adj type, hyd adjustment, 3 ft to 10 ft h working level, one S pl working platform w/four wheels, w/o locks, equipped w/ladder & safety guards around platform, foxed type, 131-in lg x 44-in w x



FSN 1730-390-5618

3 TC

MAINTENANCE PLATFORM: manual adj type, 2 ft 3-in & 4 ft h working level, two magnesium working platforms, w/two casters w/o locks, 30-in w x 54-in h x 104-in lg overall.



MEASURE LIQUID: 2 qt cap., w/flex. S spout & flow control valve, to be water, acid, alcohol, oil, & gasoline resistant.

FSN 1730-624-0684



23

TC

FSN 7240-255-8113 1 2 3 QM





MULTIMETER: range 0 to 5000 v ac/dc in five steps ea, 0 to 500 ma dc in three steps, 0 to 400,000 ohms in two steps 3% accuracy on dc range; 5% accuracy on ac range, 1000 ohms per ac/dc range sensitivity, 3½-in w x 2½-in thk x 5½-in h overall, operates on 1.5 v btry.



FSN 6625-543-1438

13

ORD

NIPPLE, PIPE: br, cd-pltd, hex, 30 deg angle seat, 1/4-18NPSH-2, rh, 1/6-in distance across flats 11/1/6-in lg.



FSN 4730-287-1589

2

2 6 ENG

OILER, HAND: $5\frac{1}{3}$ oz cap., force fed by int pump, mtl body, $1\frac{7}{6}$ in bottom dia, 6-in flex. spout.

FSN 4930-262-8870

4 6

QM

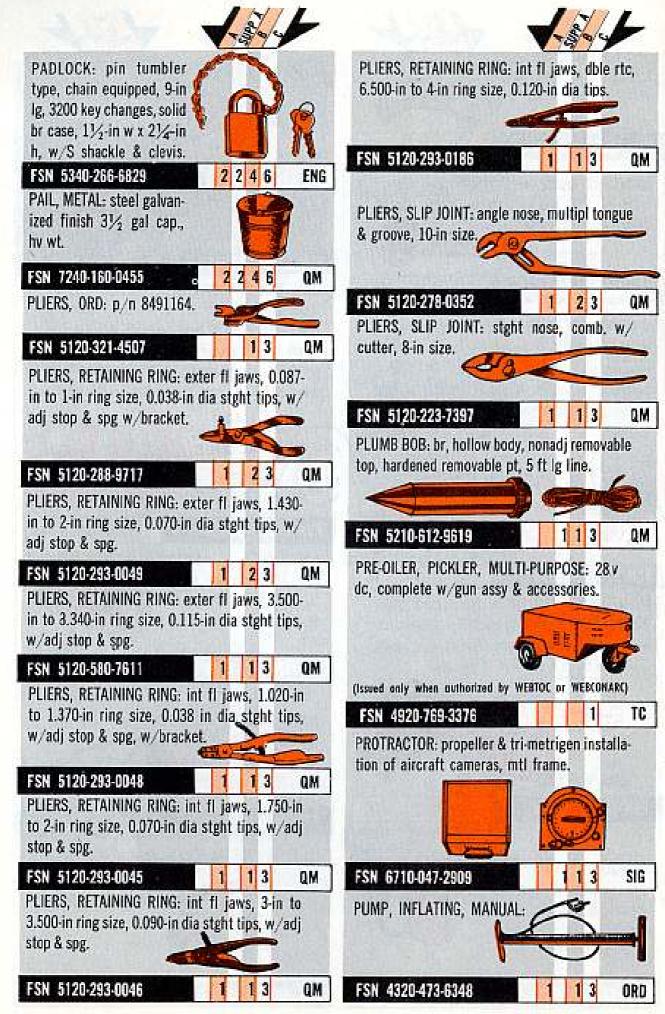
OIL GUN, PNEUMATIC: curved rigid neck 32 oz cap.

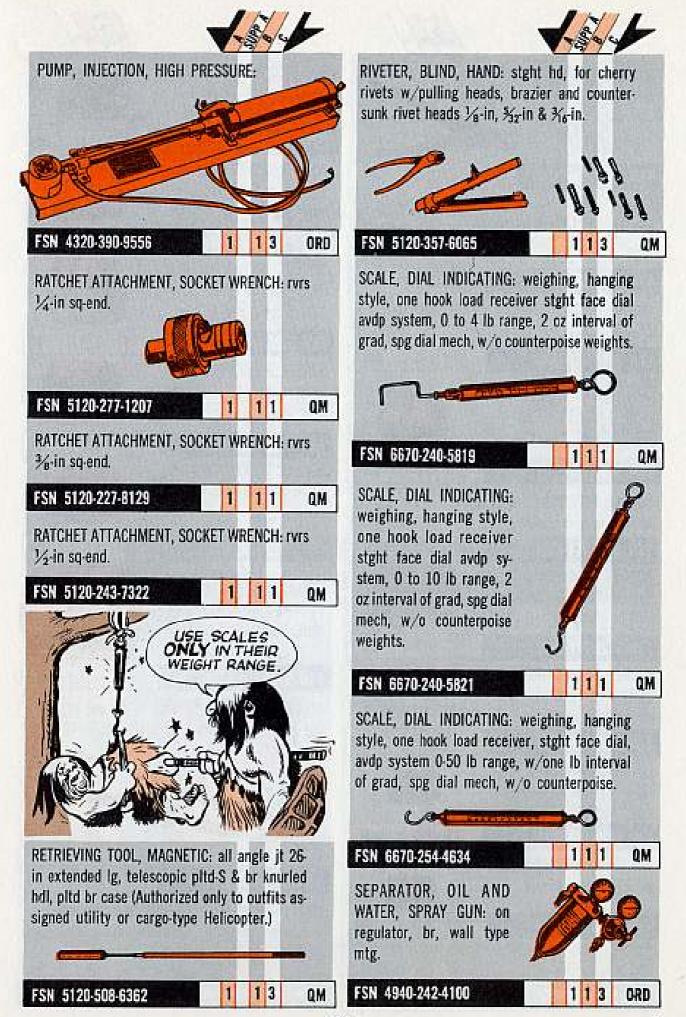


FSN 4930-222-2975

1 1 3

QM







0M

QM

QM)

QM

QM

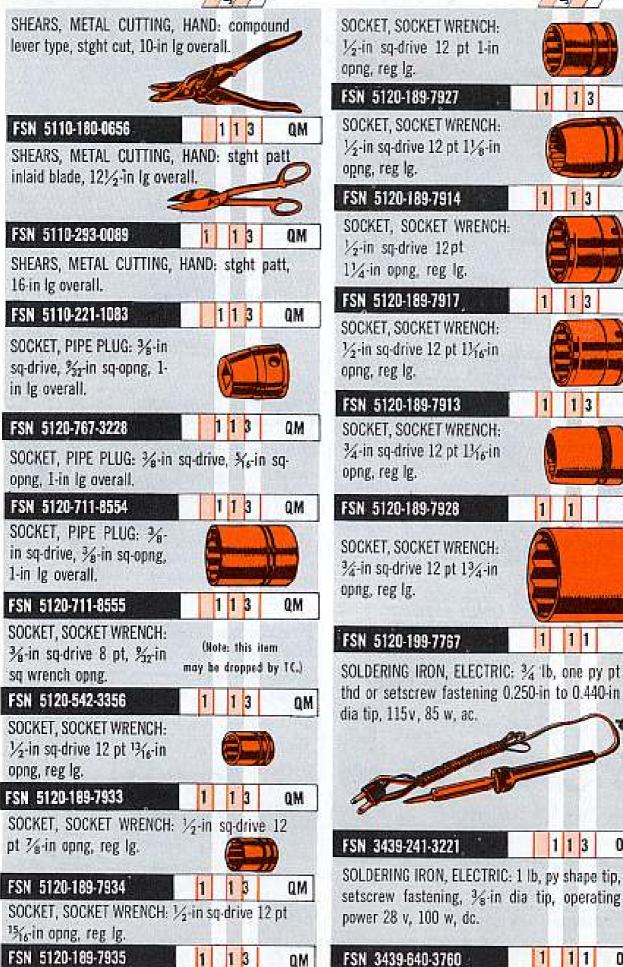
OM

ORD

ORD

1 3

1 3





SOLDERING IRON, NONELECTRIC: one py pt, cop. 1/2-in lb wt per pr, w/o hdl.

FSN 3439-222-1559

SPRAY GUN, PAINT: non bleeder type, hand operated, exter mix, 8 cfm rated air consumption at 50 to 60 lb pressure, al body, 1/4-18 NPSH air, w/60 deg incl bevel taper seat, 3/6-18 NPSH fluid, w/60 deg incl bevel taper seat.



1 1 3

3

ORD

ORD

QM

FSN 4940-261-8415

SQUARE, COMBINATION: 12-in lg grooved type blade, smallest unit of grad for differently grad edge $\frac{1}{2}$ -in, $\frac{1}{2}$ -in, $\frac{1}{2}$ -in & $\frac{1}{2}$ -in Cl sq & miter hd w/scriber, one lever w/center hd & non-reversible protractor hd.



1 1 3

FSN 5210-221-2066

TENSIOMETER, DIAL INDICATING, DIAPHRAGM ACTUATED: 10 to 200-lb rated cap., w/carrying

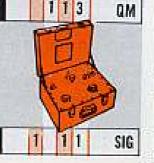
case.



FSN 6635-566-5210

TESTER, FUEL QUANTITY GAGE: var capacitance.

FSN 6625-302-4802



TESTER, CYLINDER COM-PRESSION: direct type, nine adapters w/14-mm thd, & nine tester units w/18-mm thd, w/carrying case for Army aircraft reciprocating engines.



(Units servicing R-2000 or R-2800 engines authorized 2 each for Set C)

FSN 4920-529-7467

1 1 1 TC

TESTER, MASTER COM-PASS, SWINGING: determines magnetic suitability of a compass swinging area to check & lay out general compass swinging bases to determine magnetic heading of an aircraft & to test aircraft compass.



FSN 6605-633-4916

1 3 TC

TOOL KIT, AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRICAL.

FSN 5180-422-8594

2 3 QM

WRENCH, OPEN END FIXED.

QM

FSN

5120-277-3414 13/4 & 15/4 in . 36 & 1/4-in 5120-277-8308 ... 1/₂ & 1/₄ in 5120-277-8309 1%, & 1%,-in 5120-277-8310 ... 9₃₂ & 3₁₆ in 5120-277-8311 5120-277-8312 3/4 & 3/2 in 11/12 & 3/2 in 5120-277-8313 3/8 8 11/37 in 5120-277-8314 5120-293-1349 16 & 1 2 in



PLIERS, SLIP JOINT.

FSN 5120-540-2464

QM

SCREWDRIVER, FLAT TIP.

FSN 5120-236-2140

QM

TOOL KIT, WINDOW SEAL INSTALLING: in roll.



FSN 5180-329-3318

1 3 QM

TOWBAR, AIRCRAFT: nose wheel & main landing gear type, hook connection w/lkg pins on towed end, eye pl connection on towing end, nonadj lg, 12-in to 22-in spread at towed end, two solid ru tired wheels 6-in dia, 152-in lg overall.



FSN 1730-294-3031

1 3 TC

TUBE, BLEEDER, HYDRAU-LIC BRAKE: 10-32NF, 40%in Ig overall (USAF dwg no. 47A6141).



FSN 4910-490-3773

ORD



UNIVERSAL JOINT, SOCKET WRENCH: 1/6-in sq-end (Fed. Spec GGG-W-641, type XII).



FSN 5120-269-7971

23 QM VISE, MACHINIST'S: swvbase, 4-in w stationary jaw, 6-in jaw opng, replaceable jaw faces.



FSN 5120-293-1439

13 QM

WHEEL, ABRASIVE: stght std wheel, al-oxide, 36 gr, med gr, spacing no. 5, vitrified bond, gr P, 7-in dia, 1-in thk overall, arbor hole mtd, 1/6-in dia.



FSN 3460-187-8681

ORD

WHEEL, ABRASIVE: stght std wheel, al-oxide 90 gr, med gr. spacing no. 5 vitrified bond gr M, 7-in dia, 1-in thk overall, arbor hole mtd %-in dia.



FSN 3460-187-8680 -

ORD

WHEEL, BUFFING: bleached muslin, 64 x 68 thd count. 6-in dia x 1/2-in four stitching rows, 1/2-in spacing w/o face plates.



FSN 3460-516-4636

ORD WRENCH, BOX: angular offset dble-hd, 12 pt 11/15 in & 11/16 in opngs, 15 in Ig overall, reg Ig.



WRENCH, BOX: angular offset dble-hd, 12 pt, $1\frac{1}{4}$ -in & $1\frac{1}{4}$ -in opngs, $17\frac{1}{4}$ -in \lg overall, reg \lg .

QM FSN 5120-184-8676

WRENCH, OPEN END. ADJUSTABLE: sgle-hd, O to 0.760-in jaw opng. 6-in lg overall.





WRENCH, OPEN END, ADJUSTABLE: sgle-hd, 0 to 0.947-in jaw opng, 8-in lg overall.

FSN 5120-240-5328

1 1 3 QM

WRENCH, OPEN END, ADJUSTABLE: sgle-hd, 0 to 1.698-in jaw opng, 15-in lg overall.

FSN 5120-423-6728

13 QM

WRENCH, OPEN END, FIXED: dble-hd, 15 deg angle, 11/4-in & 11/4-in opngs, 1/2-in thk hd 12-in lg overall.

FSN 5120-187-7134

1 13 QM

WRENCH, OPEN END, FIXED: dble-hd, 15 deg angle, 1-in & $1\frac{1}{8}$ -in opngs, $\frac{1}{2}$ -in thk hd $11\frac{1}{2}$ -in lg overall.

FSN 5120-187-7133



WRENCH, PIPE: strap style, ½-in to 2-in ips, 12-in Ig overall.

FSN 5120-242-3249

1 1 3 QM

WRENCH, PIPE: strap style, 1-in to 5-in ips, 18-in Ig overall.

FSN 5120-262-8491

1 1 3

QM

WRENCH, PLIER: stght jaw, 7-in lg.



FSN 5120-277-4243

1 2 4 QM

WRENCH, SPANNER: adj hook, fixed pivot pt 34-in to 2-in circle dia 1/52-in thk hook.



FSN 5120-288-6468

1 1 3 QM

WRENCH, SPANNER: adj hook, fixed pivot pt 11/4-in to 3-in circle dia, 13/2-in thk hook.

FSN 5120-277-9075

1 1 3 QM



WRENCH, SPANNER: adj hook, fixed pivot pt 2-in to 43/4-in circle dia, 15/4-in thk hook.



FSN 5120-277-9076

1 1 3 QM

WRENCH, SPANNER: adj, pin, ¾-in sq-drive ¾-in to 2-in cap., w/case.



FSN 5120-373-1756

1 1 3

QM

WRENCH, STARTER ATTACHMENT NUT: sgle-hd offset bx, 12 pt, 0.566-in opng, 12-in lg w/hole for pin hdl.



FSN 5120-317-8095

3 QM

WRENCH, TORQUE: deflecting frame end drive style, w/visual dial indicating for mech, ¼-in sq male drive, 250-in lb cap.



WRENCH, TORQUE: rigid frame end drive style, w/audible or slip clutch indicating micrometer adj tor mech, 3/6-in sq male drive 100 to 750-in lb cap., w/case.



FSN 5120-595-9073

1 2 3

QM

WRENCH, TORQUE: rigid frame end drive style, w/audible or slip clutch indicating adj setting tor mech, 3/4-in sq male drive, 1200 to 4800-in lb cap., w/case.

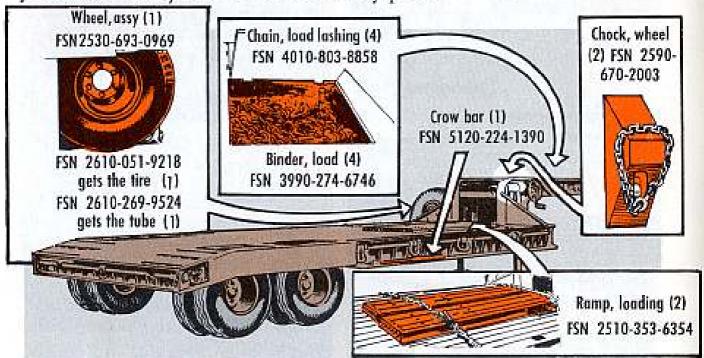
FSN 5120-221-7945

13

QM



You been singin' the blues, about OEM for M172's? So change your tune and your face . . . and jot these items in a handy place.



Numbers after names of items show how many you need for each M172. Plus these pubs: TM 9-8222 (22 Dec 55), LO 9-2330-211-10 (21 Aug 58) and a vehicle record jacket, DA Form 478.

A few of these OEM items . . . the wrangler.

wheel, tire and tube, f'rinstance... are listed in Ord 7-8 SNL G797 (28 Jan 55) and all are on tap for them that need 'cm.

So try this list. Maybe it'll put a burr under the saddle of your supply wrangler.

Surge that'll burn

Did you ever flip the switch to light up the four lamps on your M100 panoramic telescope so you could do some shooting from your tracked vehicle... and find out nothing happens?

There're different reasons for the lamps not lighting... and one good bet is that you didn't do things in the right order. Like f'rinstance, turning on the vehicle's master switch while the switch for the lamps is on. The quick surge that shoots into the lamps can burn them out.

So . . . play it smart. Make sure the switch for the lamps is off before you turn on the master switch.

With proper dispatch

Whenever you're towing a trailer (no matter which one) make sure you pick up two trip tickets (DD Form 110, Vehicle and Equipment Operational Record).



One for the vehicle you're towing . . .
Or, else, friend, you might find you've not been properly dispatched.

Could be you'll run into some people who'll tell you they get along fine on one trip ticket when they're towing. Could be they're just plain lucky, too. Think what a bind they'd be in if their trailer's ever involved in an accident, or they have serious trailer break-down or, tougher, yet — if the spot-check team halts them during a haul.

TM 9-2810 (page 26) says every operator of a wheeled motor vehicle is required to have a properly authenticated DD 110 as official authorization for operating a vehicle, except under Operation TAPER.

If anybody thinks that doesn't include trailers, tell 'em to check AR 700-10, "Registration of Motor Vehicles." It clearly lists trailers as motor vehicles.

Last, but most important—like with any other vehicle, to keep a trailer in good operating condition, you need PM and operating information.

It's sorta tough for you to report a trailer's trip history and its individual PM on the DD 110 assigned to the towing vehicle.

The trailer's a separate piece of equipment, and besides, its maintenance needs are different. So why make problems?

The answer's easy . . . during normal operations a trailer needs, deserves, and must have its own trip ticket.

Make 'em roar

Now you can learn the true facts about slaving . . . easy like. How, and when, and with what you do it is neatly and clearly told by TF 17-3014 (Apr 61), "Slaving Tactical Vehicles."

The 25-minute film tells how to make sure that tactical vehicles are always prepared to slave (or to be slaved), and covers slaving techniques from scratch. It shows, by the numbers, how to start a tracked vehicle with a tracked vehi-

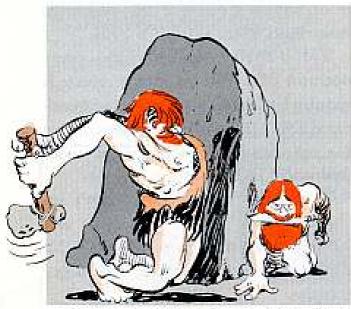


cle, a wheeled vehicle with a wheeled vehicle, and a wheeled one with a tracked one.

The film's recommended for all kinds of units concerned with maintenance and operation of tactical vehicles.

TF 17-3014 is available from your film and equipment exchange.

Shorten the backswing



The more backswing you've got, the harder you can hit... if you want to score a knockout.

But that's just what you don't want with those safety catches under your hoods on G742 and G744-series trucks.

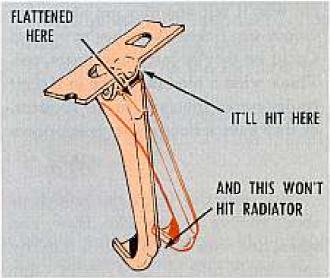


Safety catches on early production models swing back too far...unless their tops have been flattened. And when a catch swings too far, it'll hit the top bar of the radiator guard as it comes down... then rebound into the core of the radiator, chewing it to a fare-you-well.

So, if your hood safety catch has too much backswing, shorten its swing like para 332d of TM 9-8022 (17 Dec 54) tells you for the G742-scries or like it says in TB 9-837-11 (14 Oct 55) for the G744-scries.

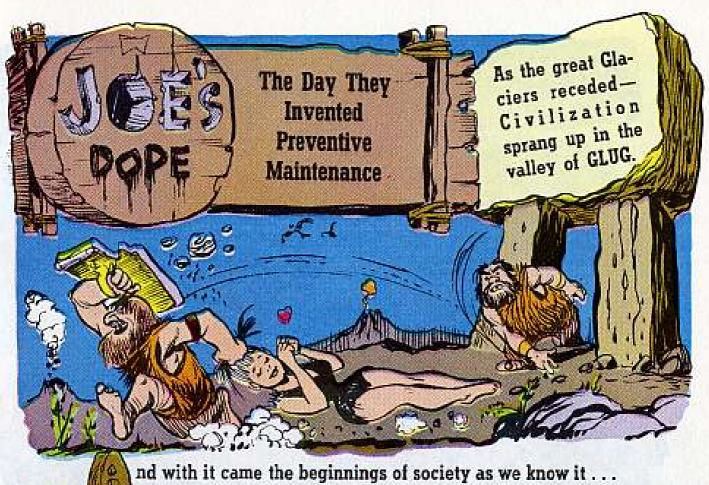
Here's how. Take the catch off the hood and put it in a vise. Tap it with a ball-peen hammer till you flatten the

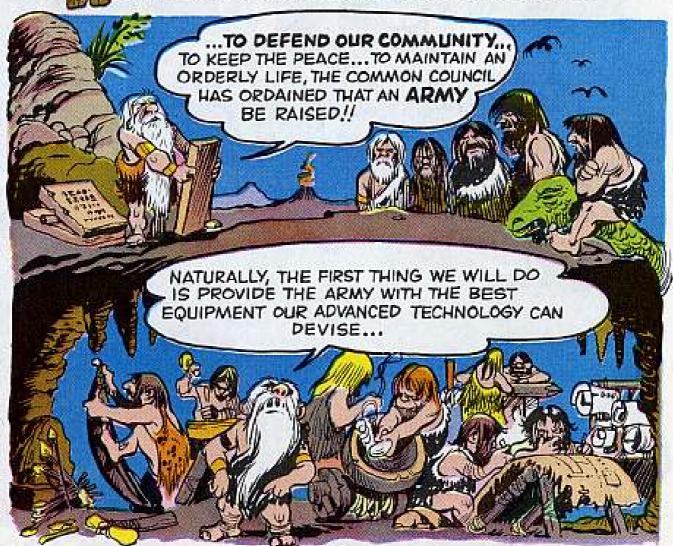


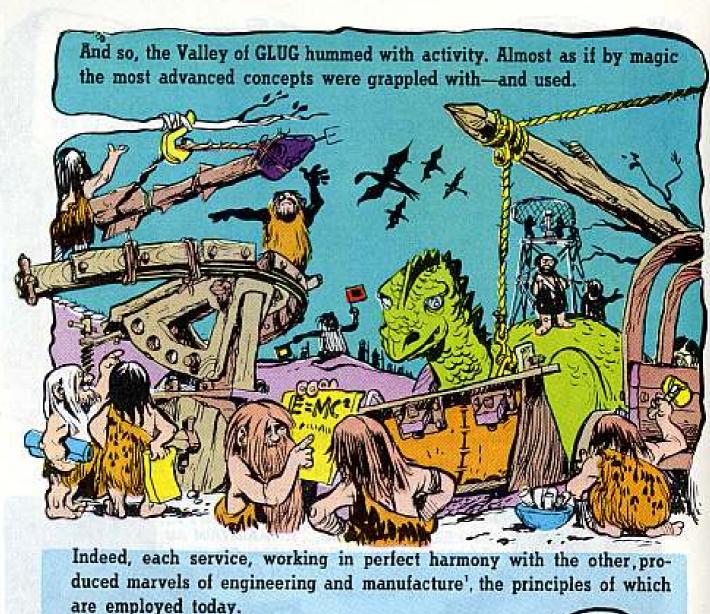


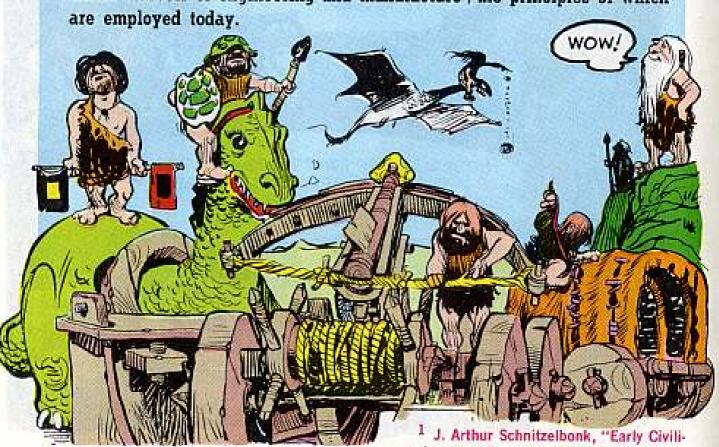
moulded top near the hinge so it'll swing back against the center bend in the bracket. Squeeze the hinge in the vise till it opens with a smooth swing. Then replace the catch on the hood.

This'll stop a lot of chewing.









30

zations and their counterparts". 1961.

It was not long before the ARMY of the Valley of GLUG stood fully equipped, probably to the great relief of the GLUGNIKS whose taxes paid



The troops thus in garrison, settled down for a few years' while the Valley Folk tilled the rich glacial silt' and prospered.

Rainy seasons came and went. And after each the snows...and winds.

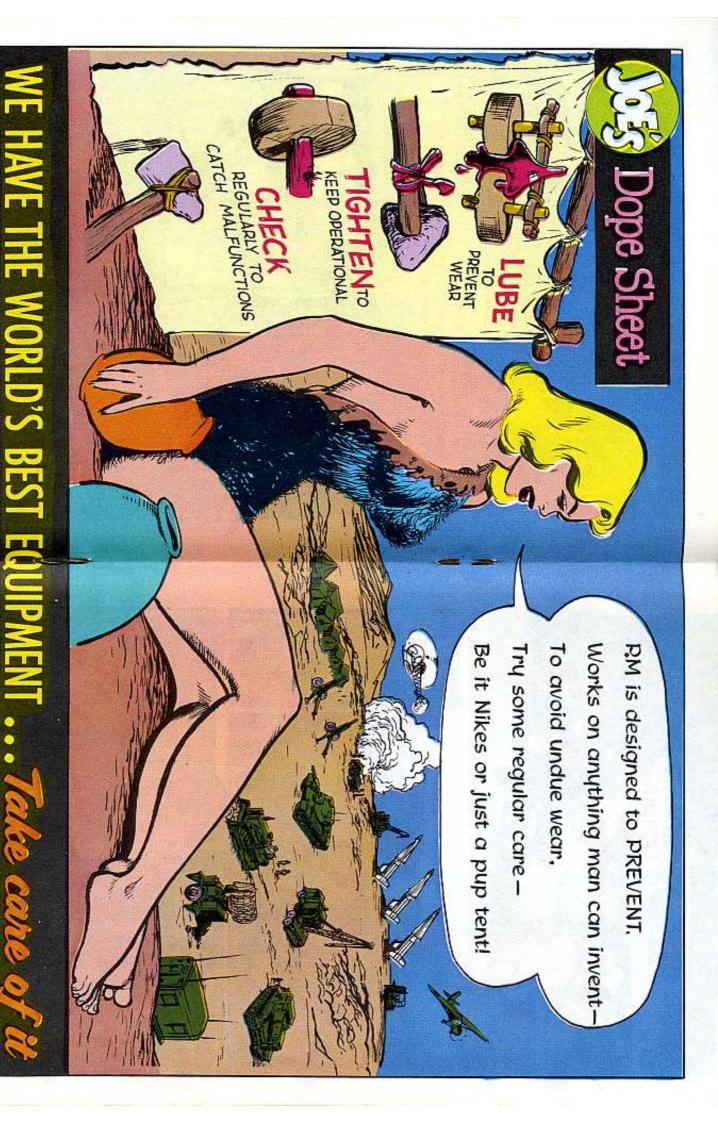


It was not until the hot sun of a dry summer began to wane that the first sign of trouble appeared.



Wolfgang Von Smirk in his "Glug Revisited" claims the enemies were in awe of their weapons and hesitated to attack.

3 Siegfried Aardvark: "Peacetime Activities of Early Armies."





defeat by a poorly-equipped army against one so advanced has been studied by military men thruout history...





⁴ See Gen. Rimfire, Vol. 1 "Goof-offs in History"







⁵ Oscar Spelunker: Vol. IV"Cavement Have Known."See also "Letters of Hans Leedercanz".

PRACTICALLY APPLIED, THE PRINCIPLE WORKS THUS: 1. A LITTLE BEAR GREASE ON ALL LEATHER PARTS REGULARLY APPLIED. 2. A PROGRAM OF TIGHTENING JOINTS FROM TIME TO TIME...



REQUIRE EACH MAN TO TIGHTEN, LUBE, AND CHECK FOR WEAR OR REPLACEMENT ON HIS **OWN** EQUIPMENT... ON BIG THINGS WE CAN DEVELOP AN ECHELON SYSTEM.







The following Spring, when the Cliffmen attacked again...the Glugniks scored a smashing victory!





Dear Half-Mast,

Is it necessary to tear down 105-mm and 155-mm howitzers annually if there's nothing wrong with them?

I've been told that they should be completely torn down, inspected and reassembled annually, whether they need it or not. I can't see this being done unless Ordnance maintenance personnel thinks it's necessary.

It sure seems like a waste of time and man hours unless the equipment really needs to be repaired. Can you give me some authority to back me up, if I'm right? SFC E. F. F.

Dear SFC E. F. F.,

You'll never be more right if you live to be 106, Sarge.

Like you said, tearing down a howitzer, or any equipment for that matter, that's in good shape is a waste of time and money and is strictly for the birds.

Army policy now calls for tearing down equipment only when inspections and tests point out you've gotta disassemble it to make needed repairs. And, any equipment that's in good working order doesn't get torn down or disassembled for preventive maintenance reasons unless it's spelled out that way loud and clear in the TM.

The policy is based on the idea of IROAN—Inspect, Repair Only As Necessary—and it applies to all echelons of maintenance.

Para 3b AR 750-5 (14 Sep 61) gives you the official word on IROAN.

Half-Mast

GAS TANKER VARIETIES

Dear Half-Mast,

How many types of G742-series gas tankers does the Army have? And how can we tell which we've got?

It seems the M49's and M49C's with winches got different FSN's from those that don't have 'em. But how can you tell which tankers are supposed to have pintles, air and electrical connections, and gas segregator units?

Sometimes they're different, even when they have the same FSN.

M/Sgt. F. K. R.

Dear Sergeant F. K. R.

Maybe this'll give you the score if you check it against your tanker data plates . . . and TM 9-8022 (17 Dec 54).

First, the winch-equipped M49 is FSN 2320-835-8341. Without a winch, the M49 is FSN 2320-835-8545.

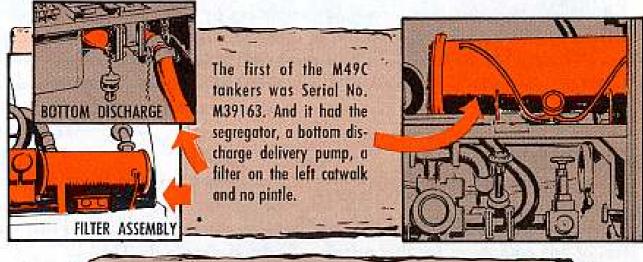
The M49C that's winch-equipped is FSN 2320-141-8237.
The M49C without a winch is FSN 2320-141-8235.

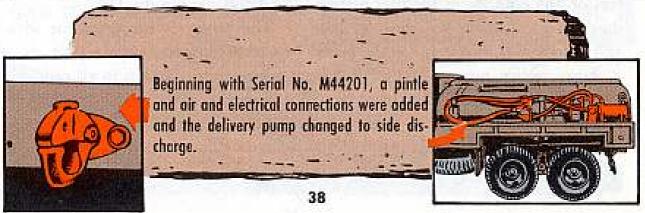
CHECK SERIAL NUMBER HERE.

M49's that were used to service aircraft had the gas segregator kit installed by MWO Ord G1-W59 (7 Feb 55), so you may find the M49 with or without the segregator, depending on how it's used.

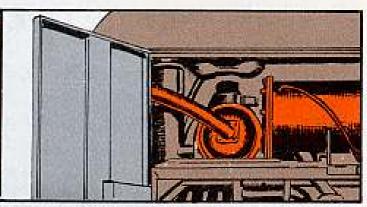
TB 9-2300-229-10/1 (19 July 1960), tells about maintenance on the gas segregator.

Here's the history of changes in the M49C tanker.





Starting with Serial No. M49265, the filter was removed from the left catwalk, a change made in the water separator element, and anodized aluminum used in the segregator meter and piping.



Maybe this, along with a look at TM 10-1113 (24 Sept 59) on tanker operation, will help to match up your tankers with the right parts.

Older model M49 and M49C gas tanker trucks still need the catwalk filter after you've had MWO 9-2300-217-30 (9 Jun 59) applied. Tankers starting with Serial No. M49265 (Studebaker or Curtiss-Wright) or No. 140700 (Reo) don't need the catwalk filter, 'cause they got factory-built changes in pipes and meters. Note this when you're using TB 9-2300-229-10/1 (19 Jul 60). Half-Mast

THAT SAFETY MANUAL

Dear Half-Mast,

Here in our artillery group we have a continuing reference to ORD M 7-224, the Ordnance Safety Manual, and yet we do not have this manual. And can't get it. We're in a bind.

We requisitioned it, but the answer came back, "Not authorized a unit of your type."

What can we do?

SPRUNNG

Lt. P. K. C.

Dear Lieutenant P. K. C.

Many outfits are having the same problem as yours and I think it's due to a misunderstanding.

That Ordnance Safety Manual is published by the Ordnance Corps for Ordnance technical outfits directly under the command of the Chief of Ordnance (like Ordnance arsenals, Ordnance depots, Ordnance proving grounds, etc.), and is not available for distribution outside the Ordnance Corps.

When a major unit commander in

the Field Army directs that the information in the Ordnance Safety Manual be used, he usually does it by a local SOP and provides copies or reproductions.

This same rule applies to safety manuals issued by other tech services.

Department of the Army safety instructions are published in AR's of the 385-series and TM's. TM 9-1903 specifically applies to ammunition and ex-Half-Mast plosives.

'DEAD' LIVE TRACK

Dear Half-Mast,

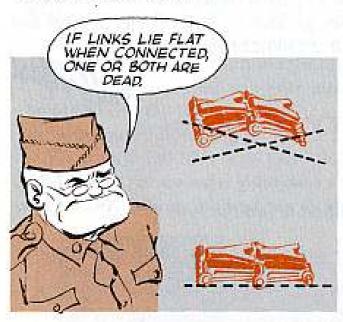
Can you get a "dead" track with the T91E3 type that's on our 105mm M52 howitzers?

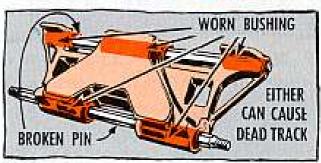
To settle a bet, where can we get the dope on this?

SSgt E. G.

Dear Sergeant E. G.,

That track's known as a "live link" type, but you sure can get a "dead" link or pad if you've got a worn rubber bushing or a broken track pin. It's unlikely that you'd keep going, tho, if the whole track is "dead."





You can read the scoop on this in paras 23f(1)(g) and 23h(1)(c) of TM 9-2630-200-14 (27 Aug 58).

And if you can scrounge a copy of the TM for the M41 tank, TM 9-2350-201-12 (29 Jul 58), you can check on how this live link track's built. Para 326e(6) tells you that links in this type o' track are connected at a 15-degree angle. If two links lie flat when connected, one's "dead"—maybe both.

TO EACH HIS OWN

Dear Half-Mast,

There seem to be several different opinions about the proper unit markings on trailers.

Some say give the trailer the same number as the towing vehicle; others say it gets a number all its own; and others say give it the same number as the towing vehicle but add a "T" to denote trailer. Which is the right way?

WO C.M.O.

Dear Mr. C. M. O.,

According to AR 746-2300-1, the vehicle number will be the sequence number of the vehicle in the normal order of march within the unit to which it is assigned.

Since your trailer is a vehicle, then you give it the next number after the number of the truck that's pulling it.

Half-Mast

A selected list of recent publications of interest to Organizational Maintenance Personnel. This is a list compiled from recent Adjutant General's Distribution Center Bulletine

TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 1-1H-23D-6 Aug.

TM 3-4240-226-15 Aug Vulcanizer, Pro-tective Mark Faceblank, MI.

TM 5-2815-200-20P Aug Engine, Die-

sel (Detroit Diesel GMC 71). TM 5-3805-225-15 Aug Loader, Scoop

Type: 1/4 Cu Yd Clark Mod 55A-M.

TM 5-3820-205-20/1 Aug Crusher, Roll, 75 Ton Per Hour Eagle Crusher Mod

TM 5-6115-248-20 Aug Generator Set, Diesel 30 KW, AC, US Molors Mod 30-US-16936.

TM 5-6675-204-15 Aug Mapping and Surveying: Svenska Mod NASM-3; Rellex Geodineter Svensko Mod Type A.

TM 5-6675-206-25P Jul Geodineter: Mapping and Surveying, Svenska Mod NASM-2A Geodinater Retrodirective Prisms: Svensko AB Mod Type A.

TM 5-6675-220-15P Jul Transit: Telescopic, Gurley Mods 132, 1328, 132 f-20, 137-20.

TM 9-1005-222-12P/2 Aug Coliber 30 US Rifle M1, M1C and M1D.

TM 9-1005-224-14P Aug Grenode Lounchers M7, M7A1, M7A2, M7A3 and M76

TM 9-1410-500-209-1 Aug Guided Missile M3 (Howk).

TM 9-1430-510-12/1 Aug Check Proc for Rodor Set AN/MPQ-37 (Howk). TM 9-2330-212-24P Jul Troiler, M243.

M261, M261A1, Low Bed: M260, M260A1, M406, M406EI, M259, M259C, M259AI, M259AIC, XM42A, M359, M359AI, XM382, XM383, M244AI, M242, M242AI, M262, M262AI, M262AIC, XM446, M258AI, XM428.

TM 10-1670-202-25P Cargo, Converted T-7A

TM 10-4110-206-25P Aug Belrig Unit,

US Army Mod SPE 10. TM 11-5805-234-20P Aug Central Of-

fice, Tele Man AN/TTC-7, AN/TTC-7A TM 11-5805-238-20P Aug Observing Set TA-49/FT.

TM 11-5805-265-20P Jul Repeater Tel-

egroph TH-18/FG. TM 11-5805-279-15 Jun Telegroph Terminel AN/FCC-3A and AN/FCC-7A.

TM 11-5805-282-20P Aug Repeater, Telegraph TH-18/FG.

TM 11-5815-278-12P Aug Faper Reci Rt-136/U.

TM 11-5820-222-20P Aug Rodio Set AN/VRC-24 and AN/TRC-88.

TM 11-5820-230-12P Aug group AN/GRA-14 Rodio Set Control group AN/GRA-14.

TM 11-5820-421-25P Aug Rodio AN/ FRR-38.

TM 11-5820-428-20P Aug Radio Sel AN/MRC-2, AN/MRC-2A, AN/MRC-2B, AN/MRC-2C and AN/MRC-2D.

TM 11-5820-431-15P Aug Con Boxes C-345/MRC-2 and C-345A/MRC. Control

TM 11-5820-436-20P Aug Radio Set ANI/PIC-21.

TM 11-5820-438-12P Avg Radio Sel AN/SEC-7.

TM 11-5826-200-20P Aug Receiver Group AN/ARA-54.

TM 11-5826-215-12 Aug Receiving Set, Radio AN/ARN-30D.

TM 11-5895-241-20P Aug Cantral Sal AN/FSW-B(V)

TM 11-5965-246-12P Aug Hondrets H-23/U, -23A/U, -23B/U, -23C/U. TM 11-5963-251-12P Aug Hondsel TS-

345/67

TM 11-6115-218-20P Aug Generator, D. C. G.43/G.

TM 11-6625-240-20P Aug Test Sets TS-27/TSM, TS-278/TSM.

TM 11-6625-246-20P Aug Test Set, Rodio AN/URM-94,

TM 11-6625-255-20P Aug Analyzer for Spectives TS-723/U, TS-723A/U, TS-7738/U T5-703C/U.

TM 11-6625-261-20P Apr Audio Ordilator TS-382A/U, -382B/U

TM 11-6625-269-12 Aug Calbrator, Crystal TS-810/U.

TM 11-6625-397-12P Aug Test Set,

Ballery TA-776/U. TM 11-6625-441-12, -20P Aug Test Set, Rodio TS-1588/AIC.

TM 11-6720-211-10 Aug Comero Set, Still Ficture X5-17A.

TM 11-6720-215-10 Aug Comero Set

Still Ficture KS-7A. TM:11-6730-205-20P Aug Projectors. Still Picture AP4(1) AP4(2):

TM-11-6740-225-20P Aug Printers PH-129, PH-129A.

TM 11-6740-233-12P Aug Splicer, Photographic Film FM-3(1)

TM 11-6780-204-20P Aug Comero Set, Still Preture KS-6[1].

TM 11-6780-208-20P Aug Identifica-tion Sets AN/TFQ-1, AN/TFQ-1A, AN/ TFQ-FIL

TM 55-2210-204-20P Aug Loco Dies Elec, 561/j in Gage 44 Ton & 45 Ton, Call Eng D17000.

TM 55-2230-205-20P Aug Reil Motor Cor, Maint 42-In Goge, Herc Motor Corp. Eng 1885, 45 Hp, Kolomoroo Mod 27AW-TC, Type II 56Yr in Goge Type I, Dom Type II, Foreign.

TECHNICAL BULLETINS

TB 9-1410-250-12/12 Aug Alloching Hardware for Replacing tools or Damoged Nutplates in Warhead-Section Hera.

TB 9-2320-210-20/1 Sep 2½ Ton; M133, M207, M207C, M209, Trucks M238, M135, M211- M215: M217, M317C, M222; M221, M220, M220Cr Inspection of stees-

ing Pitman Arm Shalts. TB: 9-2320-212-20/1 Sep Truck W. Ton

Difference: Between Trammasions. 78 9-2320-212-20/2 Aug Trock, Cargo: M37 and M3781 Replacement of 45 Ampere-Hour Batteries.

TB 11-6730-201-45/1 Sep Projection Sal, Motion Picture, Sound A5-2(1).

TB CML 85 Sep Calculator, Radiac, Ml. 78 EMG 303 Aug Identification, Surveying Instruments, Federal Class 6675.

TB ENG 360 Aug Int Comb Engine Application.

TB ORD 1031 Sep Cleaning, Pointing Interior of Gosoline Tank Trucks and Troubers:

TB OM 13 Aug Jungle Clothing, Equipment and Rations.

LUBRICATION ORDERS

LO 5-3655-204-20-1, -2 Aug Generating Plans, Oxy-Mit Ale Products Model LONGS

LO 5-3825-219-20-1, -2, -4 All Mounted on Oshkosh Model W12206 Prime Movers Snowplaws WAUSAU Mod M1123 and Frink Mod RO-10.

LO 5-4310-221-15 Aug Compressor, Rot Air, 125 CFM, 100 PSI Ingersall-Rand Mad GER-125

LO 5-4320-216-15 Aug Fump, Cent Carver Mode 4 Whis and 4 Whisa,

LO 5-4940-201-12 Aug Shop Equip-ment, Org Set No. 2 Southwest Mod

LO 5-6115-297-15 Aug Generator Sel, Gos Eng. 2KW, DC, 12V, Skid Mounted Leland Ohio Electric Co. Mod LOE-660. LO 5-8120-201-12 Aug Tank, Storage. Las, Combridge Carp Mod 217-30.

MODIFIED WORK ORDERS

MWO 5-6115-213-35/2 Aug Generalor Set, 45 KW, Kurz and Root Model Alex-1. MWO 9-1450-500-20/3 Sep Loader-Trom Inst of Ref Rear Fender Sup Br. MWO 9-1450-500-20/5 Sep Ldr-Trama

Inst Bot Box Cover (Howk).

MWO 9-1450-500-20/6 Sep Ldr-Trans inst Cover on Index Arm Lt Switch. MWO 9-2300-224-30/2 Sep Carrier,

Personnel, Annored, M113: Refr of Rdwhl Arm Bumper Br.

MWO 9-2350-212-20/18 Aug Rille Self-Propelled, 104-MM, M50- Inst of Winteripotion Kir.

MWO 9-2350-214-20/1 Aug Tonk, 120-MM Gen, M103A1; Relocating Radio

MWO 10-3930-415-30/1 Aug Tractor, Watehouse, 4000Lb DBP, 162, Install/ Modify Gear Cover, Fuel Cap, Filter, Tow Couplet Generator, Hood, Steering Gear, Hom, Clutch Howing and Battery Compt. MWO 11-5821-205-45/1 Aug Fre-quency Converter-Transmitter CV-431/AR and Oscillator Relay 0-423/AR.

SUPPLY MANUALS

SM SIG 788-CV-424/PSQ Aug Field and Depot Guide Digital, Data CV-424/PSQ. SM 516 788 MX-2389/FSG-1 Aug. SM 51G 748 OA-1776/F5G-1 Aug.

DA FORMS

DA Form 9-31 Aug Herc and Impr Herc Doily Creck Sheet.

DA Form 9-32 Aug Herc and Impr Herc Weekly Check Sheet.

DA Form 9-33 Aug Here and Impr Here Monthly Check Sheet

DA Form 9-54 Aug Herr Check Sheet Ausy Missile Má for Elec Checkout. DA Form 9-57 Aug Herc Check Sheet

Her Checkout Using Test Set-8166454. DA Form 9-59 Jun Here Chack Sheet,

Uncrating and Inst Rocker Mater. DA Form 9-90 Jun Herr Weekly Check

DA Form 9-93 Jun Heir Weekly Check Sheet Lounching Set, Cut Sheet, Prescribed

by TM 9-1440-250-12. Revision of DA Form 9.93, Mar, which is absolere. DA Form 9-100 Jun Ajax Daily Check Sheet Track Radar.

DA Form 9-102 Jun Ajax Monthly Check Sheet,

DA Form 9-112 Jun Here Monthly Check Sheet Lounching Set.

DA Form 9-113 Jun Herc Monthly Check Sheet Using Test Set-9025325.

DA Form 9-119, -125 Aug Herc Check Sheet.

DA Form 9-121 Aug Herc System Check Sheet Missile Flect Checkout,

DA Form 9-127 Aug Herc Check Sheet-Musile Body and Rocket Motor Cluster. DA Form 9-156 Jun Test Shop Check Fro-



you can order a repair kit. tem, and you've been wondering how equipment's waterproof electrical sys-Packard electrical connectors on your Maybe you've had a run in with those

can't. The individual parts hafta be ordered as separate items. To make a long story short-you

connectin' business. to check through that'll help with the out the part needed, here are a few hints Before going through the list to pick

- 1. Pick out the right parts to go with the gage wire to be used (12, 14, or 16 AWG wire).
- 2. Working on 12-gage wire? Then don't use the FSN 5310-298-8903 instead plastic sleeve with the male shell, but use washer,

or solder 'em in place. through the male shell and strip off the through the small hole in the washer, insulation. Then the stripped wire is put wire . . . and just snug 'em up and crimp Now, slip a terminal on the stripped It works like this . . . shove the wire

- 3. The two types of male shells (ribbed & plain veron polarized units. sion) are to be used for identifying the hookups
- 4. Knowing that earlier produced female (metal) terminals had a habit of spreading so the male terminal had poor or NO contact at all, a "hog ring" was added to the female.

the terminal from spreading and insures The hog-ring does two jobs. It keeps



mains round.

SEE IF THE TERMINAL IS THE LATER VERSION WITH RUBBER SHELLS TO GET A GOOD CONTACT TILL YOU SO-O-O-O, NEVER, NEVER, MASH DOWN ON THE FEAT THE PURPOSE OF THE RING. THE HOG-RING . . . MASHING DOWN'LL RUIN AND DE-

5. You'll find two female metal terminals floating around in the system. They both have hog-rings and'll do the job.

attaching the wire to them. The difference lies in the manner of

around the insulated part of the wire wire gets crimped to the terminal. With and the small tabs bent around the the other, the larger tabs are bent On the one with the solid sleeve, the

to the terminal,

when playing with the 12-gage stuff, wire, but the crimped version is better sion can be used with 14 or 16 AWG than the soldered-on-type. Either the solder or crimp type ver-

over the tabs (washer hrst) and solder tween the insulation and terminal. the wire in place. The washer goes bebe used. So peel off the insulation far latch onto the insulation because the enough to take the washer and bend small washer FSN 5310-298-8903 must 12-gage wire, the tabs can't be used to If you hafta use the solder type for

simplify this connectin' up business. Tie this info in with the following list and it should



GAGE WIRE

3Sn NI

17, 14, 16

6

#

7

17

6

7

NOMEN-

Shell, Male (Rubber)

Assy Y Connector

(Rubber) Ribbed (Rubber) (Rubber)

(Rubber)

(Rubber)

ESN

5975-660-5962

5935-399-6673

5935-691-5591

5935-833-8561

2590-695-9076

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ORD PART

NO.

7982404

8724494

8338561

7982401

8338569

8724495

8338566

SERVICE

HOT

ORD

915

ORD

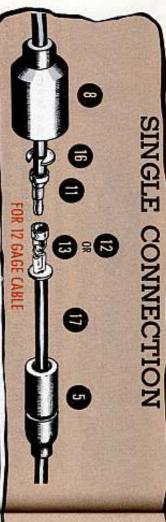
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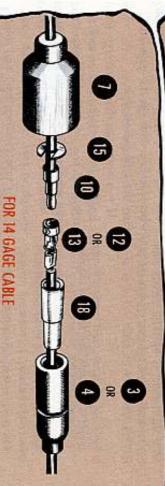
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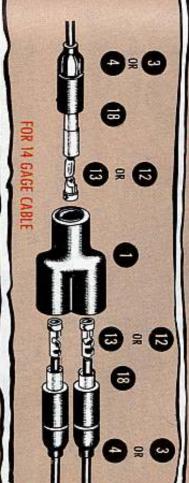
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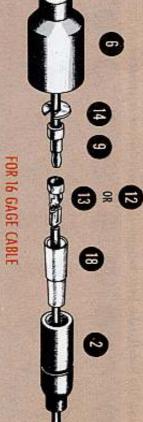
MORE

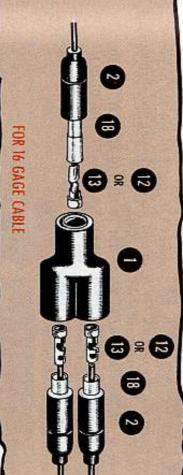












Same of the poop in PS *77, pages 14-15 still halds up. The use of DC4 compound, more formally known as Insulating Compound, Electrical; (Spec MIL-1-8660), far example.

The stuff comes in mighty handy when putting on or taking off the shells. The wire'll slip through the shell casier and makes for a more waterproof setup. With a bit smeared around the male

shell before it's mated to the female shell makes much easier connecting up and when it comes to disconnecting them it's also great stuff.

The compound is found in the supply system and is still Ordnance responsibility. Here's how you get 'em.

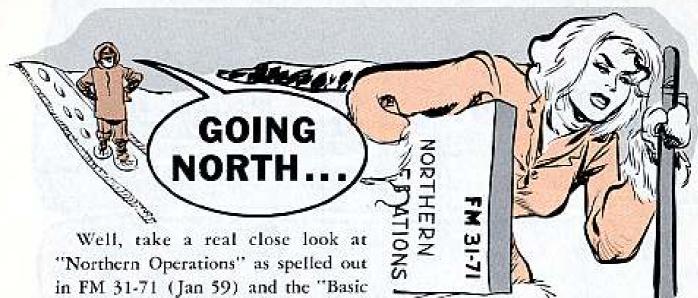
FSN 5970-224-5277...2-0z Tube (CHEM)
FSN 5970-224-5276...8-0z Tube (CHEM)

Case you don't have the insulating compound around, might try the cut-ting oil FSN 9150-234-5198 (QMC), to found in the Douglas repair kit.



If pulling on the wires won't do the trick of separating the shells, don't get to bending 'cm up and down, but, rather try inserting something down between the two shells—careful like—and pry gently until they can be pulled apart. Handle 'cm with care is a good motto to follow when these quick-disconnects are in the picture.

44



Well, take a real close look at "Northern Operations" as spelled out in FM 31-71 (Jan 59) and the "Basic Cold Weather Manual" FM 31-70 (Feb 59). They've got a lot of info for you on cold weather care of all your gear... from your M14 rifle to your cotton-pickin' skis.



You might also like to check TM 9-207 (Sept 59) on "Operation and Maintenance of Ordnance Materiel in Extreme Cold Weather" and TM 5-560 (June 52) on "Arctic Construction." Not to mention "Winterization Techniques for Engineer Equipment" in TB ENG 347 (4 Dec 59) and TB ORD 651 (9 Oct 59), explaining use of antifreeze in your vehicles.

Then of course your TM's on each piece of equipment will include some useful info on cold weather operations.

Take a long peck at some of these personal gear pubs:

TB QM 21 (24 Dec 59) and TB QM 107 (8 Jul 60) on load-carrying equipment, TB QM 78 (26 Nov 57) on parkas and trousers, TB QM 96 (10 Aug 59) on sleeping bags, TB QM 100

(23 Sept 59) on climbing equipment and TB QM 120 (28 Feb 60) on skis, snowshoes and other snow-country equipment.

Backing up your clothing and equipment TB's are TA 21 (Peace) (14 Dec 60) and FM 21-15 (23 May 56). Then there's TM 10-275 (9 Apr 56) on use of cold weather clothing and sleeping equipment.

TM 10-725 (19 Mar 52), TM 10-735 (14 Feb 52) and TM 10-701 (9 Jul 57) cover your tent stoves and field ranges... FM 20-15 (9 Jan 56) is the story on tents and tent pitching.



For some really deep reading on the entire subject, you can look around for DA Pams 70-1 (15 Aug 56), 70-2 (15 Mar 57) and 70-3 (15 Aug 59), which are Volumes 1 to 3 of "The Polar Bibliography" containing cold weather info on equipment performance, operational techniques, experiments and tests.

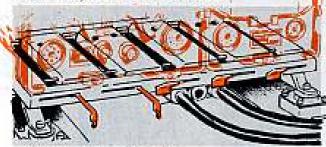


NO DULL, SICKENING THUDS

Flying comm equipment?

Not really, but sometimes your set will take off by itself.

This happens when you forget to lock the handles on the set's mounting ... whether it's an MT-297/GR, MT-299/GR, or MT-327/GR.



Then, the first time you run your jeep or tank cross-country or stand on the brakes, off flies the radio set. It's not a very pleasant flight because you know it'll end with a crash . . . on the floor or over the side. And sometimes somebody gets clobbered before the landing.

In any event, you can count on something going shopside for awhile. Either the mounting's power cables or cords or the set's receptacles will be aburtin'. It's easy to make sure your set keeps its place. As the TM's say:

Just pull the locking levers (nine of 'em on the "297", five on the "299" and seven on the "327") out and to the right in a circular motion.

And, when hooking the receivertransmitter RT-70/GRC to the interphone amplifier, just snap the catches and hooks on both units.





SAD BEGINNING- GLAD ENDING

THE RIGHT ... WAIT ... WAIT ... "LOOK OUT ... HOLD IT ... TO

&%&\$&#'&(&\$&#'\$&# (& \$&\$&\$' All right. It's too late, now. Get the

of our story. And so much for the sad beginning

damage in one of many other ways. into their deuce-and-half . . . or suffer a knobby tree while being swung up vers. Happens when they bump against skin punctures during routine maneuelectrical equipment shelters that suffer It's all about S-141/G and S-144/G

which can-and should-be fixed. Which can't be helped, of course, but



Shelter, Electrical Equipment, FSN you have to requisition them separately. are ready and handy. And since they weren't included with the new shelters. 5410-783-6250 (SIG) The formal name is: Patch Kit, for So always be sure your patching kits

5-141/G S-141/G 5-144/6 S-141/6 5-141/6 S-141/6 S-141/6 S-141/6 S-141/G one-kit-per-configuration basis: They're authorized on a Configurations Corps and Arm) AN/MTC-9 AN/MIC-AN/MSM-16 AN/MCC-6 AN/MCC-3 AN/MSC-32 AN/MSC-31 AN/MRC-73 AN/MGC-19 AN/MGC-S CONCERNING THE HERE'S A CHART



5-141/6 5-141/6 5-141/6 S-144/6 5-141/G S144/6 SB-611/MRC AN/MTC-7 AN/MTC-3 AN/MSC-29 AN/MRC-69[V] AN/MRC-54(V) AN/MGC-17

> dries to an OD color. need to paint it, either, since the patch maybe tougher than the wall itself. No wall of his hut that'll provide a surface weather-proof patch on the aluminum With it, a man can slap a ruggeo

to keep the kit as cool as possible since the liquids used in the kit. heat cuts way, way down on the life of there in the kit, Naturally, you'll want All instructions, of course, are right

TAUT FOR TODAY

and-a-half truck. a comm shelter to its 3/4-ton or deucemorrow, and any time you're securing And it suits the purpose today, to-Yep, that's the thought: taut!

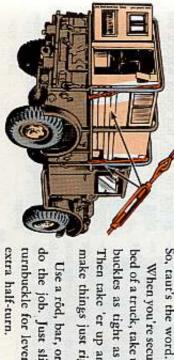
or S-89/G shelter-or any of the others. sit tight on the vehicle. And the turn-Naturally, a crew wants the hut to Whether it's an S-144/G or S-141/G

matter of making the cables too tight. to provide a good ht. But there's a little buckles on the sling are just the thing

pounds of pressure to bend the beams It's possible to crank on enough foot the frame of the shelter. That's right. ror the worse . . . by actually buckling to the turnbuckles will produce a turn Seems that too much muscle applied

make things just right. Then take 'er up another half-turn to buckles as tight as possible by hand. bed of a truck, take up on the four turn-When you're securing a shelter to the

extra half-turn. do the job. Just slip it through each turnbuckle for leverage, and make the Use a rod, bar, or what have you, to



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PROPER PLUG PRESSURE, PLEASE

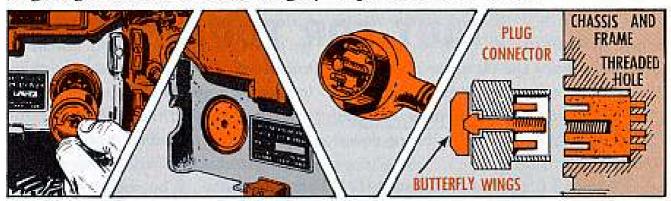


POWER-IN or POWER-OUT.

Well, whichever way your plug connector is carrying the current—in or out—it's got one thing in common with just about every similar plug in just about every other piece of commo equipment.

It has to be screwed up just right. Not too loose . . . not too tight.

The threaded hole in the center of those plugs is put there to accept the screw in the center of the cable connector. And when the connector is snugged up finger-tight with the butterfly wings, your power is ready to flow.



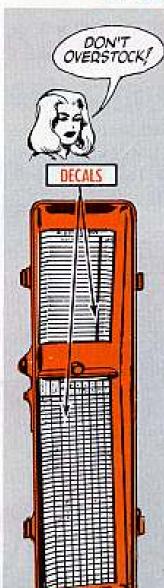
But sort of bear one thing in mind. Those plug connectors are not as solid a part of the control panel and chassis as they might look. In fact, they themselves are plugged in. And serve, so to speak, as a connecting link 'twixt cable and chassis.

So when you screw in the cable connector, you're only screwing into the plug connector—and not directly into the chassis itself. That threaded hole does not end inside the chassis, but inside the plug. Any strong-arm technique in tightening the two will serve one purpose but defeat another. It'll put them together for sure, but could wrench the plug connector loose from the chassis.

Too much muscle when you tighten could easily bend and break inside connections . . . rupture wiring circuits . . . and lead to a loose and maybe missing plug.

Firm but not too firm, then, is the PM message for tightening up on those plugs.

STICKY OR NO STICKY



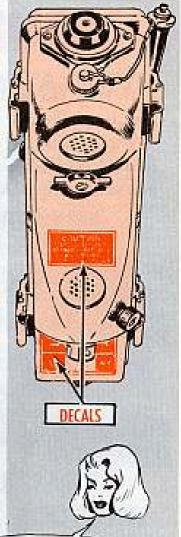
Getting stuck with a sticky problem isn't unusual for some people.

But some of the Perk-6 Joe's are muttering to themselves about "unsticky" problems.

The modification and calibration decals inside their Receiver-Transmitter RT-196 (*)'s just don't stick. It seems the decals—FSN's 7690-257-4855 and 5820-537-3684—can't be stored much more than a year. After that their adhesive backing breaks down.

The best way to keep this from happening is to requisition only as many as you figure you can use right away.

Those decals on the outside don't always get TLC (tender loving care) so they must be kept from peeling, scratching, or being torn off. You can give 'em the protection with a light coat of Varnish, moisture and fungus-resistant (MIL-V-173) FSN 8010-664-4747 (Eng).



VOU CAN PROTECT OUTSIDE DECALS WITH A LIGHT COAT OF VARNISH,

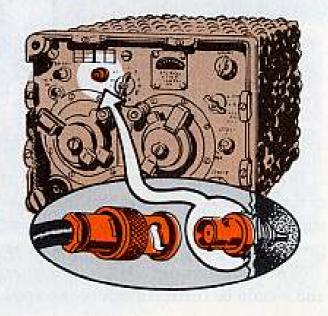
GO EASY

RT-66's through 68's have a lot of sensitive parts that must be treated with kid gloves.

But there's one—the antenna connector (J-307)—that demands even more.

It's made of brass, and it can be knocked out of line by the slightest bump. And you won't be able to hook up the antenna.

The only way to guard against this is by being real careful and treating that little connector as if it were your very own.



YOUR SB-86/P

sage is coming through your SB-86/P manual telephone switchboard Hold it! No need to run for cover. That bee-like sound tells you another mes-

through only as long as your switchboard gets its share of PM. This list of check-Top priority or just routine, as the case may be, these calls will keep coming

points can help handle that chore. HANDSET-HEADSET H-91/U dirty, scratched LOG PLATE - Loose,

dirty; mildewed. CASE—Cracked: mildewed. cracked; Bent; dirty; frayed; cracked; wire exposed; dirty; mil-HEADBAND CORD - Insulation POSTS-Missing: PHONE BINDING EMERGENCY TELEusty; dirty CONNECTOR RECEPTACLE Dirty; tips flat; moist. POWER CORDS—Bent cut; trayed; spliced

gets caught in an unexpected downpour. slight they may appear, they can let water reach the inside if your switchboard at the outside of its cover assembly. Check for any dents or bends. No matter how Before casting your eyeballs at the switchboard's inside parts, take a gander

and should be corrected before you start pushing plugs again. While making the checks, remember the items in **bold** type are real scrious

ELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD

SWITCHBOARD SIGNAL ASSEMBLY TA-207/P (FIELD JACK SECTION)



LINE SELECTOR SWITCHES-Stuck

missing.

MOUNTING SCREWS-Loose;

burned out PANEL LAMPS-Bulbs

to operate.

LAMPS SWITCH—Fails

dirty; mutilated DESIGNATION STRIPS -Writing obscure

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operate LINE SIGNALS—Fail to

JACKS - Rusty; dirty;

SECTION SB-248/P MANUAL TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD (KEYSHELF SECTION)

spliced. Curt; frayed; ANSWER CORD-

> frayed; spliced. CALL CORD-Cut

VISORY SIGNALS—Fail to operate.

operator's headset. n't send sidetone SWITCH-Loose; does-TALK BATTERY



broken; fails to turn free! when not connected; doesn' HAND GENERATOR—Handle

PLUGS - Tarnished;

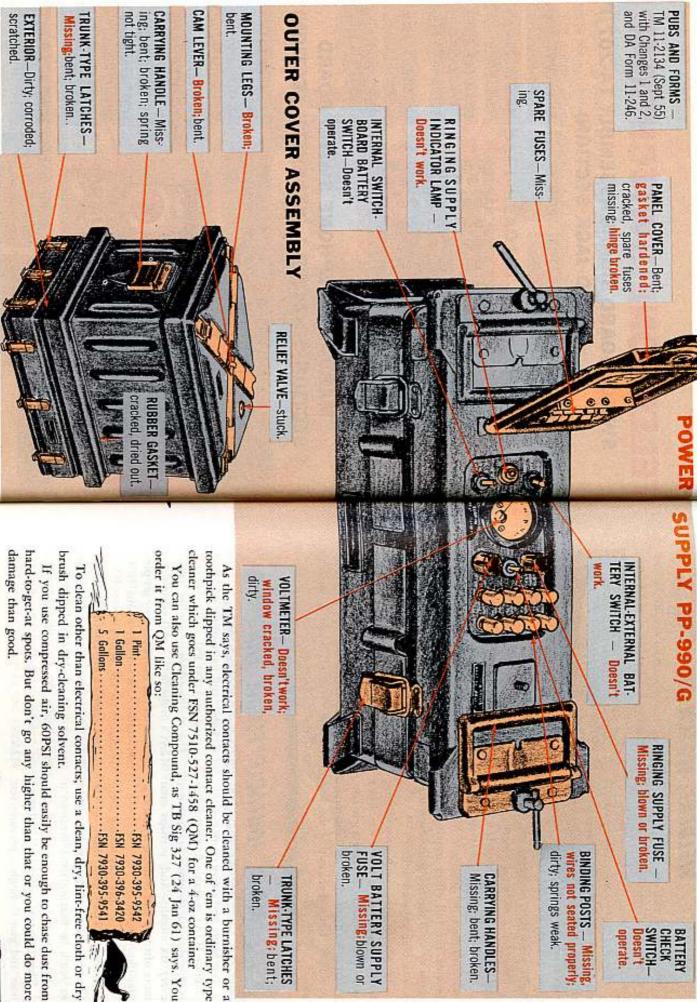
CONF SUPV-TRK SIG SWITCH—Bent.

RINGING CIRCUIT
SWITCH-Fails to send inging current

SWITCHES—Bent.

CALL SUPERVISORY
SIGNALS — Fall to op-

Loose; missing. MOUNTING SCREWS-



WELDERS, WATCH IT!

Maybe you welders don't know it, but you should keep an eye on the location of your electric arc welder when you're using it. Could be that it's doing

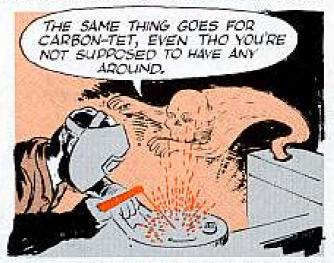
you dirt without your knowing it.

How so? If there are chlorinated solvents such as earbon tetrachloride trichloroethylene near by, the ultraviolet rays from the arc can act on the vapor from the chlorinated solvent to form highly poisonous phosgene gas.

Phosgene is irritating to the lungs and can cause serious lung damage.

You can't tell right away just how much damage the phosgene has done because the full effect usually won't show up until three or four hours after you've been exposed to it.

To play it safe, keep solvent containers closed and out of the way when you do any welding. It's best not to take a chance with cans that you think might be empty. Keep them out of the way too.



Any material that has been degreased with that type of solvent should be cleaned to remove any trace of it before welding.

And keep the welding away from any degreasing operations. If it's a large scale degreasing operation, the electric arc welder should be at least 50 feet away from it.

M2A1 PORTABLE FLAME THROWER

Test Notes and safety caution-

Your M2A1 portable flame thrower is now due a hydrostatic pressure test every six months. And, perhaps even more often—if you're using it real regular-like.

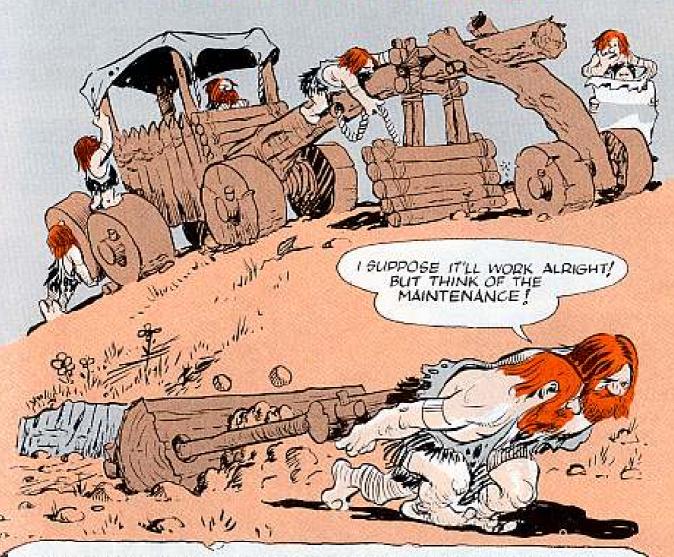
This kind of pressure-testing business, as you know, is a chore for the Chemical maintenance support people, so you'll be hearing from them on it real soon.

They'll put your portable's fuel tank, hose and gun through a pressure test of 625 PSI, and its pressure tank will be tested to 3,000 PSI.

The six-month test applies to all M2A1's in the field, and those in depot stocks won't be issued till they get pressure-tested. Read all about it in Change 3 to TM 3-376.

And, here's a fire-guard reminder: When you're getting set-up for a practice run with the M2A1, always check your standby CO: fire extinguishers... try 'em out... before you fire the M2A1.

YOUR ROAD GRADER



Your motorized road grader is a right handy item of equipment to have at your command.

Come summer or winter, it's your answer to road clearing chores . . . whether it's smoothing out a washboard road, cutting a drainage ditch, setting up a bridge approach, or clearing the way through a snow-blocked highway.

Keeping it in ready-to-go shape is the first step in getting your job done. And, your PM services should take care of that.

At the same time, this regular preventive maintenance will keep you a couple of jumps ahead of the inspector and will give you gig-proof rig.

The real serious conditions—in **bold** type—will make your equipment unsafe to operate or will cause additional damage to your rig when it's operated.

Here's a rundown on your Huber-Warco grader, Model 4D. You can use it to check out the graders in your outfit.



mounted. Unserviceable. Oil cleaner dirty. Connections level too high, too low. Pre-

Flutter valve sticks. Excessive rust, corresion. MUFFLER, EXHAUST PIPE -Holes, dents, cracks. Loose.

> ing bolts loose, miss-ing. Filler cap loose, poor fit. Gasket strainer dirty. Glass cracked, broken. Air FUEL-HYDRAULIC gage. Gage defective. broken, missing on venthole clogged. Fuel TANK - Leaks, Mount-

> > broken lenses. Lamp burned out, BLACKOUT) — Cracked, missing, rim damaged. Wires broken, loose. defective, missing. Molding, inner

U. S. ARMY, UNIT MARKINGS -Missing, incorrect, not read

SEAT—Cushions

HYDRAULIC FLUID-Level too

from top of tank). Contami-

low. (Should be three inches

torn, ripped.

HOOD, SIDE PANELS, REAR PANELS, SKIRTS, FILLER PLATES—Dents, cracks,

breaks, elongated mounting

holes. Missing, loose assem-

chipped, flaked. Metal rusty bly bolts, nuts, screws. Paint

corroded. Insulation oil-soaked. nections loose, broken trayed, cracked, Con-WIRING-Badly worn.

clogged. Loosely mounted. STARTING AID-Lines, con-Lever broken.

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ANTI-FREEZE (When required)

Not enough for tempera-

FIRE EXTINGUISHER—Missing. Insufficient charge. (Judge by sound and weight). Corrosion. insecure mounting. Defective

sive oil, dirt, grease on engine objects on cab floor, Excesoperation). Grease, oil slicks, caked on. (Could interfere with CLEANLINESS-Mud, crum

I. D., MANUFACTURER'S, IN-STRUCTION PLATES-Missing, able, painted over. loose, wrong into, not read-

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT — Missing, rusty, unserviceable. You should have one each

5120-277-9818. Wrench, Open End, Fixed 5120-234-8910 5120-223-7397 4910-273-3662 5120-264-5211 5120-184-8679 5120-224-4047 5120-264-3796 1930-273-3644 1930-360-2801 1930-141-8311 Wrench, Open End, Adj. Wrench, Box Wrench, Box, Offset Screwdriver, Flat Tip Pliers, Slip Joint Oiler, Hand Hammer, Hand Gage, Tire Grease Gun, Hand Hose Assy, Grease Gun

rosion. Hinge broken. FOOL BOX - Cracks, dents, cor-

TM 5-3805-210-10, -20, -20P, LO 5-3805-210-1, -2; Standard PUBLICATIONS — Missing, un-serviceable. (You should have: Form 91.



source of grease, oil sicks on ground underneath equipment.

breaks. Missing, loose Broken welds. Out of nuts, bolts, screws. FRAME_Bent, cracks alinement

(Should be 25 pounds). breaks, missing valve Excessivelyworn. Cuts, TIRES — Air pressure



ONDARY FILTERS-Housing, ged. Water, sediment in hous pressure). Filters dirty, clog (Should have 40-60 pounds Leaks. Fuel pressure too low lines, connections loose DIESEL FUEL PRIMARY, SEC-

FUEL LINES, FIT

TINGS-Leaks.

connections. Damaged, loose

minals dirty, corroded. tension, brushes loose. Terbrushes worn, dirty. Spring GENERATOR-Loose mount-

tions. Commutators, ing, Loose wiring, connec-

cessive tappet noise, loss of ance). Rocker arms, out of VALVE MECHANISM-Exdefective. adjustment. Cover gasket (Should have 0.009-in clearpower, incorrect gapping

ing. Fuel passages - Leaks. Dirty. Stick-NOZZLES, INJECTORS

bolts. Defective. HERMOSTAT-

> CYLINDER HEAD, MANIFOLD, GASKETS— Leaks, breaks, cracks. Missing, loose mounting bolts. Damaged threads. Defective gas-

GENERATOR REGU-LATOR - Loose mounting. Wiring, connec-tions loose. Not ad-

kets. Cracks, breaks in

mounting. Defective gas-Leaks, Dirty, Clogged, Loose

FILTERS, OIL COOLER -

justed property.

GOVERNOR, LINKAGE mounting, Leaks Not properly adjusted. —Linkage bent, binds. Defective gasket

mounting. Broken, loose wir-Spring tension, brushes loose tors, brushes worn, dirty ing, connections. Commuta-CRANKING MOTOR - Loose Terminals corroded

clogged. fits loosely. Filler tube cap CRANKCASE-Leaks. Oil level loose, dirty. Strainer dirty

cessively worn, cor bolts, capscrews. Ex Cracks, breaks. Loose WATER PUMP—Leaks. roded. Damaged seal

> too high, too low. Cool ing mounting bolts. Coolant temperature Clogged. Loose, miss-Coolant level low RADIATOR - Leaks.

ant dirty, rusty, con

is running). Clamps missing, broken, loose. Loosely mounted. Hose spongy, swelled. (When engine HOSES, FITTINGS - Leaks. out of alinement. cracked, chipped PULLEYS-Bent, Blade not alined. loose bolts, capscrews -Bent, loose, Missing FAN, SHROUD, GUARD Worn, cracked, frayed. Out of alinement. Tension too tight, too loose. (Should have 3/4-in deflection). Not FAN, GENERATOR BELTS cups. Defective oll, grease seals tings, grease connections, fit-OIL LINES, FIT-Loose, damaged TINGS_Leaks.

PUMP-Loose

FUEL TRANSFER

60

6

matched.





UNIVERSAL, BALL JOINTS-Exces



worn, damageo Excessively

> steering. pins, bolts loose, missing. Shimmy, hard cessively worn. Mounting nuts, cotter STEERING GEAR ASSEMBLY - Steering link ball joint, steering knuckle pins exgear, tie rod ends, steering arms, drag



loose rim lug nuts. Wheel bearing excessively worn, dam-FRONT WHEELS - Missing, toe-in. (Should be %-in). aged. Rim damaged. Excessive



HYDRAULIC HOSES, LINES, FITTINGS threads. Leaks, Loose lines, fittings, Damaged

lift cylinder, side shift cylinder, leaning HYDRAULIC CYLINDERS, VALVES ing cylinder and valve defective. wheel cylinder, scarifier cylinder, steer Leaks. Loose lines, fittings. Hydraulic



gravity low. (Should be 1.225 or above). cover). Loosely mounted. Filler cap: BATTERIES, CABLES, BOXES-Cracked missing, cracked. Vent holes plugged the plates and slightly below the cell Electrolyte level low. (Should be above eaking cases. Cables, terminals, strips



aged, missing receptacle cover. Broken cable leads. Frayed insulation, cable leads.

TACLE-Cracks, breaks. Dam-BATTERY CHARGING RECEP Clogged with sludge.

HYDRAULIC OIL FILTER - Dirty

leak, damaged. Loose mount-PRIMER - Lines, connections

CYLINDER — Fluid level low HYDRAULIC BRAKE MASTER

HYDRAULIC PUMP, DRIVE-

lines, fittings. Loose mount-Missing, loose hardware





TRANSMISSION—Missing or loose mounting and assembly bolts. Oil leaks. Breather pipe dirty, cracked (Should be at least half-full). REAR AXLE



loose.

Missing, loose nuts, bolts, lock. REAR WHEELS

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screvs. Cracked gasket Missing, loose cover-cap TANDEM DRIVE - Oil leaks

CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS

PANEL LIGHT— Cover, missing, cracked, dented. Defective, burned out.

WIRING, SWITCHES— Contacts, connections loose, corroded, loosely mounted, broken.

GAGES — Cracked, broken, missing glass. Loose mounting. Wrong reading. (Oil Pressure Gage — Should read 30-60 PSI when operating. Water Temperature Gage — Should show 160°-180° F when operating. Fuel Pressure Gage — Needle should move to "Green" idle when started, then move to "Run").

METERS — Cracked, broken, missing glass. Loose mounting. Wrong reading. (Hourmeter—should record hours of operation. Ammeter — should show reading in "Charge" range).

HANDBRAKE—Fails to hold, Drags. Worm lining. Broken, bent linkage. Improper adjustment.

SERVICE BRAKE — Grabs, squeals, fails. Leak in hydraulic system. Greasy, worn, dirty lining. Not adjusted properly.

MASTER CLUTCH

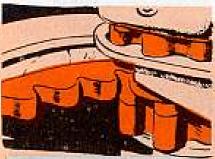
Slips. Connecting pins, bolts in pedal linkage loose, bind.

LEVERS, PEDALS

--Worn, damaged. Missing,
loose pins, nuts,
bolts, cotter pins.

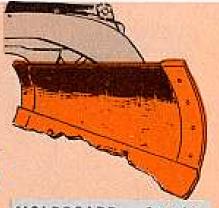
Worn excessively. Damaged.
Missing, loose pins, clevises, nuts, bolts, cotter pins, locks. Linkages bind, bent.

EARTH-WORKING ATTACHMENTS



CIRCLE — Defective hydraulic motor. Defective circle turn gearcase. Improper adjustment of wear pivots. Not lubed properly. Excessive side, vertical play. Cracks, breaks, distortion. SCARIFIER—Loose, missing mounting bolts. Cracks, breaks. Excessively worn, damaged teeth. Defective drawbar cylinder, lift shift assembly.





MOLDBOARD — Cracks, dents. Cutting edge, end bits cracked, excessively worn, loosely mounted.





No sweat with C73Br's

If you've been babying your CF 3Br fire extinguisher (as per PS 106), you can relax now. The cylinders are NOT shatterable and they can stand up to heat as good as any other extinguisher. But you DO want to make sure they're not re-charged with CO₂ by mistake . . . and they should not be re-charged by CO₂ facilities. Later tests seem to indicate that's what caused the earlier trouble. And remember the safety disc designed for the CF 3Br is the **only** one to be used.

Same story-new 58

PS 106 explained the aircraft modification kit story, according to SB 1-15-9, dated **28 February** 1961. The story hasn't changed much, but it's spelled out much clearer in the latest SB of the same number. This one's dated **18 August** 1961.

Useless periscope

Some recently issued M8 tank bulldozer kits, FSN 2590-838-1800, for M48 series tanks, included the M14A1 periscope. If you got one of these scopes, give it back. You need it like a third head. The M14A1 periscope won't fit your tank. Use the M27 periscope which is in your M48 OEM.

M103 Al tank topic

On the M103A1 120-mm gun tank you don't use the commander's control handle if the gunner's control handle wiring harness is disconnected. If you tried it you couldn't control the movement of the gun or turret. TM 9-2350-214-10 (Dec 60) has the dope on this on page 66.

Frozen batteries?

Frozen batteries on a vehicle spell T-R-O-U-B-L-E. Gradually thawing them out like it says to in TM 9-6140-200-15 (July 58) might save them. A better way is to keep them charged. A fully charged battery can take 90-degree-below-zero weather without freezing, but a rundown battery might freeze at 32° above zero. Check the charge in your batteries now...it might save you some real grief.

Repair limits

Repair limits based on age now are found in AR 750-2300-7 (23 Jun 61) for most military transport vehicles. AR 750-2300-11 covers the new M151 ¼-ton truck, and limits for towed vehicles are in AR 750-2300-9. And, to get the full story, you'll need AR 742-2300-1 w/changes thru Change 4 (6 Jun 61).

Would You Stake Your Life on the Condition of Your Equipment?

